```
In [1]:
```

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
```

In [2]:

```
df = pd.read_csv("online_shoppers_intention.csv")
```

In [3]:

df.head()

Out[3]:

	Administrative	Administrative_Duration	Informational	Informational_Duration	ProductRelated	ProductRelated_Duration	BounceRates	ExitRates	PageValı
0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.000000	0.20	0.20	
1	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	64.000000	0.00	0.10	
2	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.000000	0.20	0.20	
3	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	2.666667	0.05	0.14	
4	0	0.0	0	0.0	10	627.500000	0.02	0.05	

In [4]:

df.isnull().any()

Out[4]:

Administrative False ${\tt Administrative_Duration}$ False ${\tt Informational}$ False Informational_Duration False ${\tt ProductRelated}$ False ${\tt ProductRelated_Duration}$ False BounceRates False ExitRates False PageValues False SpecialDay False Month False OperatingSystems False Browser False Region False TrafficType False VisitorType False Weekend False Revenue False dtype: bool

In [5]:

revenue_df=pd.get_dummies(df['Revenue'],drop_first=True)
revenue_df

Out[5]:

	True
0	0
1	0
2	0
3	0
4	0
12325	0
12326	0
12327	0
12328	0
12329	0

12330 rows × 1 columns

```
In [6]:
```

```
print(revenue df)
       True
0
          0
1
2
          0
3
          0
4
          0
12325
          0
12326
          0
12327
12328
12329
[12330 rows x 1 columns]
In [7]:
df.drop(['Revenue'],axis=1,inplace=True)
```

Out[7]:

	Administrative	Administrative_Duration	Informational	Informational_Duration	ProductRelated	ProductRelated_Duration	BounceRates	ExitRates	Pag
0	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.000000	0.200000	0.200000	С
1	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	64.000000	0.000000	0.100000	С
2	0	0.0	0	0.0	1	0.000000	0.200000	0.200000	С
3	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	2.666667	0.050000	0.140000	С
4	0	0.0	0	0.0	10	627.500000	0.020000	0.050000	С
12325	3	145.0	0	0.0	53	1783.791667	0.007143	0.029031	12
12326	0	0.0	0	0.0	5	465.750000	0.000000	0.021333	С
12327	0	0.0	0	0.0	6	184.250000	0.083333	0.086667	С
12328	4	75.0	0	0.0	15	346.000000	0.000000	0.021053	С
12329	0	0.0	0	0.0	3	21.250000	0.000000	0.066667	С

12330 rows × 17 columns

```
In [8]:
```

```
df=pd.concat([df,revenue_df],axis=1)
df
```

Out[8]:

Weekend	VisitorType	TrafficType	Region	Browser	OperatingSystems	Month	SpecialDay	PageValues	ExitRates	BounceRates	ductRelated_Duration
False	Returning_Visitor	1	1	1	1	Feb	0.0	0.000000	0.200000	0.200000	0.000000
False	Returning_Visitor	2	1	2	2	Feb	0.0	0.000000	0.100000	0.000000	64.000000
False	Returning_Visitor	3	9	1	4	Feb	0.0	0.000000	0.200000	0.200000	0.000000
False	Returning_Visitor	4	2	2	3	Feb	0.0	0.000000	0.140000	0.050000	2.666667
True	Returning_Visitor	4	1	3	3	Feb	0.0	0.000000	0.050000	0.020000	627.500000
True	Returning_Visitor	1	1	6	4	Dec	0.0	12.241717	0.029031	0.007143	1783.791667
True	Returning_Visitor	8	1	2	3	Nov	0.0	0.000000	0.021333	0.000000	465.750000
True	Returning_Visitor	13	1	2	3	Nov	0.0	0.000000	0.086667	0.083333	184.250000
False	Returning_Visitor	11	3	2	2	Nov	0.0	0.000000	0.021053	0.000000	346.000000
True	New_Visitor	2	1	2	3	Nov	0.0	0.000000	0.066667	0.000000	21.250000

```
In [9]:
```

```
X = df.iloc[:, [5, 6,7]].values
X
```

Out[9]:

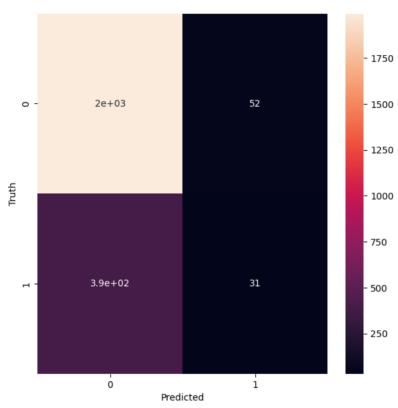
```
In [10]:
y = df.iloc[:, -1].values
У
Out[10]:
array([0, 0, 0, ..., 0, 0, 0], dtype=uint8)
In [11]:
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.20, random_state = 0)
# Training the Naive Bayes model on the Training set
from sklearn.naive bayes import GaussianNB
classifier = GaussianNB()
classifier.fit(X_train, y_train)
Out[12]:
▼ GaussianNB
GaussianNB()
In [16]:
y_pred = classifier.predict(X_test)
print('Predicted Value')
print(y_pred[:5])
print('Actual Value')
print(y_test[:5])
Predicted Value
[0 1 0 0 0]
Actual Value
[0 0 0 0 0]
In [14]:
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, accuracy_score
ac = accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)
ac
Out[14]:
0.8203568532035685
In [21]:
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
cm
Out[21]:
array([[1992,
                52],
       [ 391,
                31]])
```

In [22]:

```
%matplotlib inline
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sn
plt.figure(figsize=(7,7))
sn.heatmap(cm, annot=True)
plt.xlabel('Predicted')
plt.ylabel('Truth')
```

Out[22]:

Text(58.2222222222214, 0.5, 'Truth')



In []: