

# Software Requirements Specification

TRIP PLANNER

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# Introduction

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# Problem statement.

Problems faced while planning the trip, namely meeting time constraint requirements, budget constraints.

Difficulties faced while manually finding out the visiting places in the area within the required proximity and then scheduling the times of visit.

# Why this app?

To make your journey smooth by guiding you to overcome the problems while you are travelling .

To give the confused user the idea about the journey and give them a proper plan to make their journey successful.

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# Scope

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- Software application that generates feasible travel paths for users who want to visit tourist places within a specified budget and time duration.
- Targeted audiences anyone who'd love to travel.
- Travelers interested in spontaneity can use the application.
- Application accessible through a web application

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# Stakeholder identification

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- Primary Stakeholders:
  - Tourists
  - Tour planning companies
  - Service Providers
- Secondary Stakeholders:
  - Government agencies
  - NGO
  - Media

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# Requirement Gathering Methodologies

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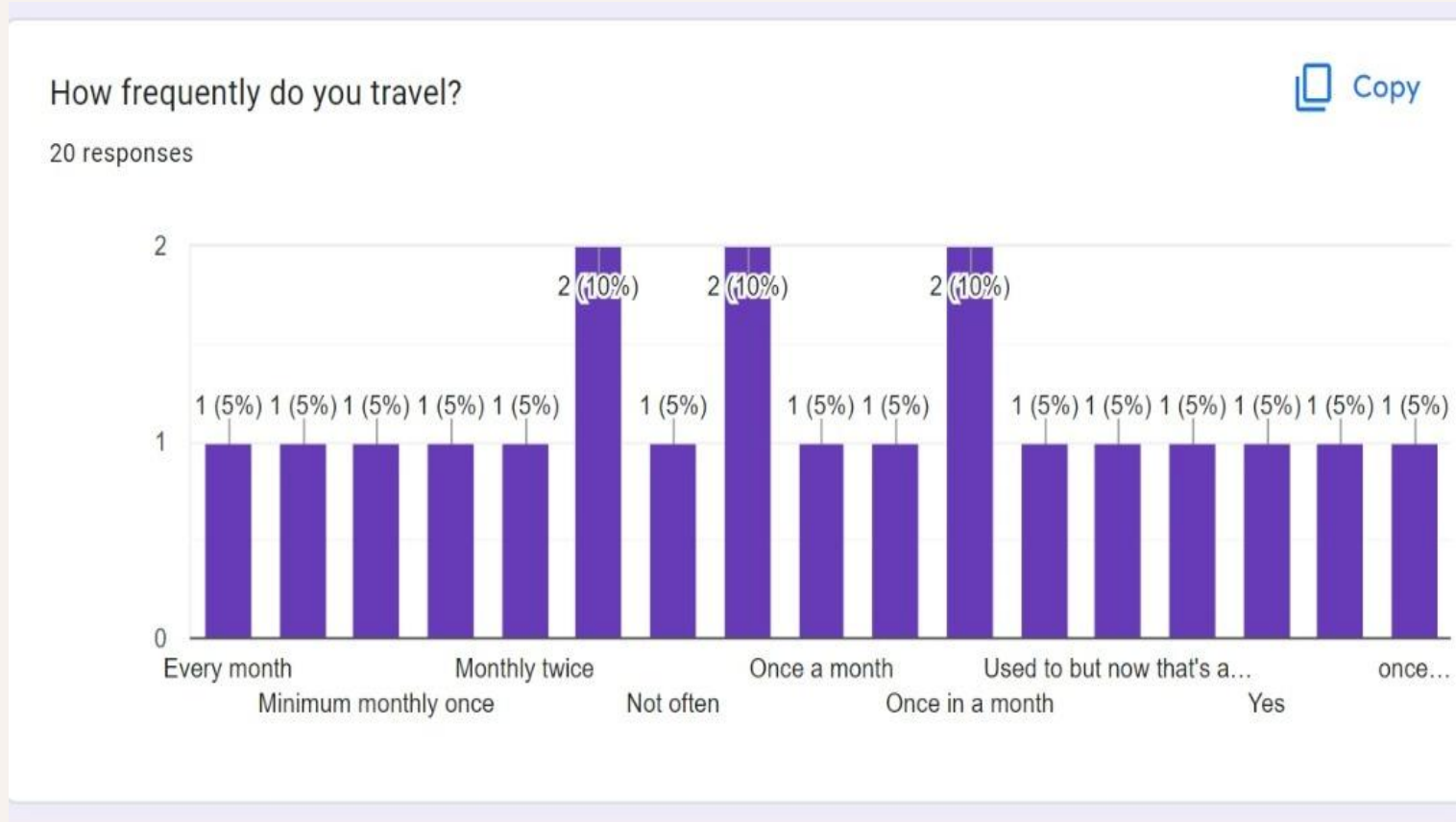
- Contacting tour operators

Connected professionals through LinkedIn, email

- Google Forms Survey

Public opinion was gathered from TKMCE, the problems faced while trip organizing

# Let's have a survey.





Which is your priority?

20 responses

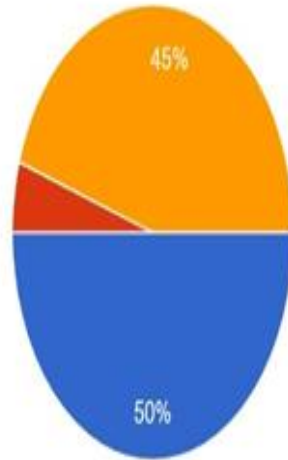
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 time  
 distance

Are you okay with normal food while travelling?

20 responses



- yes
- no
- importance to taste of food

Which is your preferred mode of transportation?

20 responses

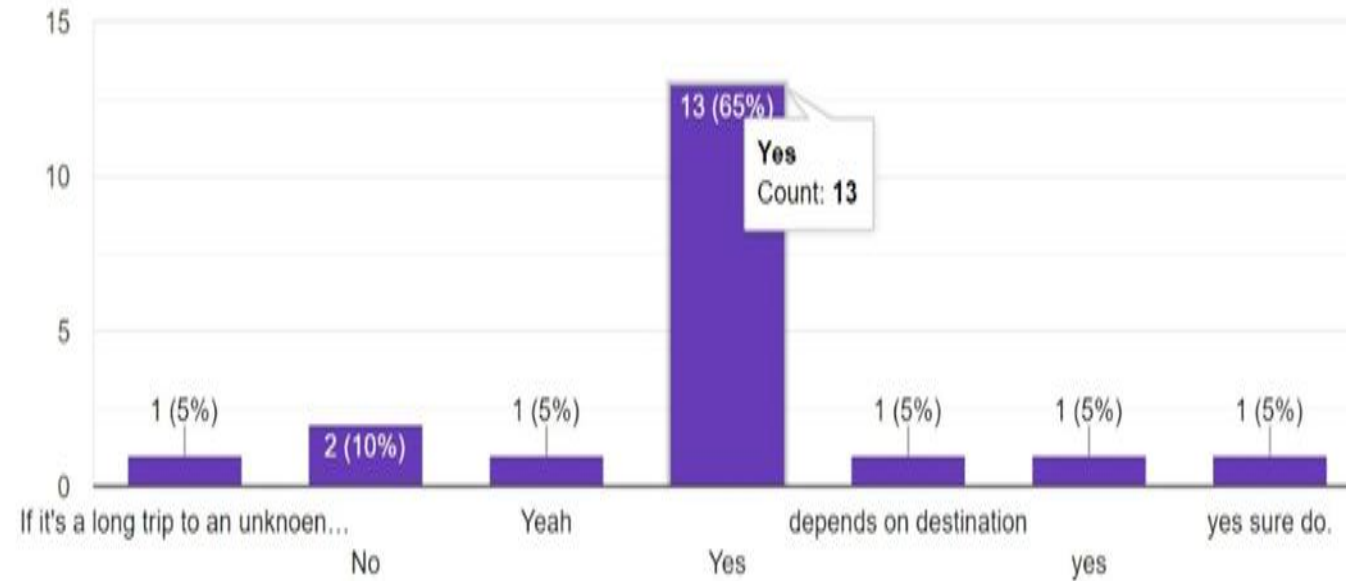


- Public mode
- private
- Train
- Flight

## Do you prefer to book accommodation before travelling?



20 responses



# Project Plan

SURVEY

DETAIL GATHERING

IDEA CREATION

GUI FRAMEWORK

HARDWARE REQUIREMENT

SOFTWARE REQUIREMENT

PRODUCT TESTING

DEPLOYEMENT

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# Literature Review

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- [Algorithm for cost constrained shortest path](#)

A directed graph is given whose arcs have an associated cost, and associated weight, the weight constrained shortest path problem (WCSP) consists of finding a least-cost path between two specified nodes

- [Effective indexing for approximate constrained shortest path on large road network](#)

In a constrained shortest path (CSP) query, each edge in the road network is associated with both a length and a cost.

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# Functional Requirements

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- Input Requirements

The software application will require the following input from the user:

- Starting point: the user's current location
- Visiting area: the area that the user wants to visit.
- Budget: the maximum amount of money the user is willing to spend, including
- transportation and accommodation. Time duration: the amount of time the user has to
- visit the area

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# Functional Requirements

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- Output Requirements
  - The software application will generate the following output for the user: 4-5 different
  - paths for the user to visit the tourist places in the visiting area.
  - The cost of each path, including transportation and accommodations
  - The time required to complete each path.

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# Functional Requirements

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- Processing Requirements
- The software application will perform the following processing steps:
  - Retrieve information about tourist destinations, transportation options, and accommodations from external data sources.
  - Calculate the distance and time required to travel between each destination.
  - Generate multiple paths based on the user's input, ensuring that each path does not exceed the user's budget or time duration.



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# Non-Functional Requirements

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- Performance Requirements
  - The software application must be able to generate 4-5 different paths for the user
  - to visit the tourist places in the visiting area within 5 seconds. The application must be
  - 4-5 paths generated based on the user inputs and google maps API input
- Security Requirements
  - Strong authorization and authentication done using JWT token.
  - Passwords hashed using sha256
  - https implementation to prevent MITM attacks

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# App Interface and Requirements

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- Login and authentication
- User Route Dashboard
- User Route Input
- Route Results
- Route detailed view

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# Login and Authentication

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- The user should be able to log into the application using his email and password.
- Once logged, the user will be greeted with a dashboard that he can use to find the
- routes to his desired destination

## Login Interface Requirements:

1. Single user should have a single account only
2. The user's password should contain at least 8 characters

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# Login and Authentication

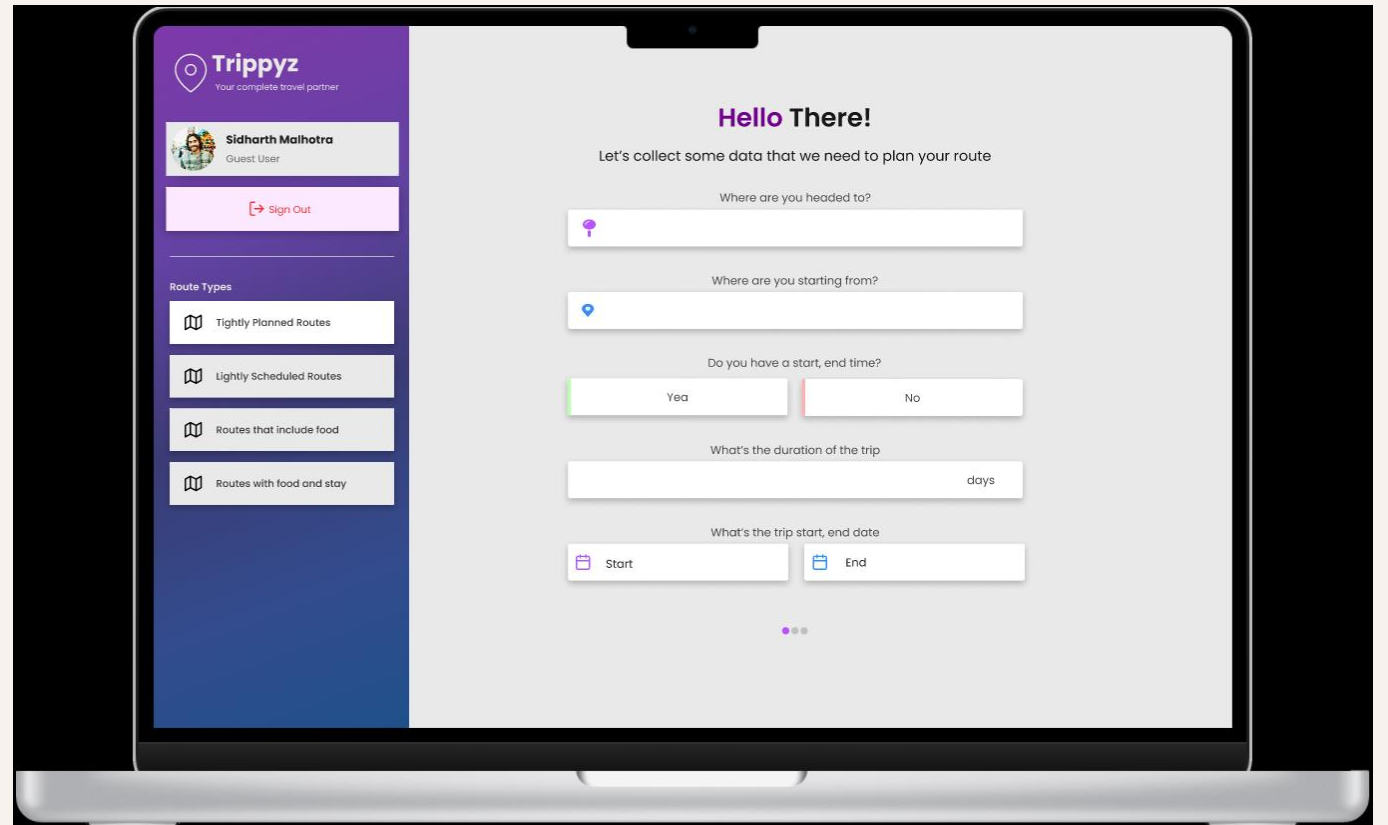
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- Login nonfunctional Requirements
  - Secure authentication using JWT tokens
  - Security enforced by hashing the user passwords and storing in mongo DB
  - Login should be fast, using Indian servers rather than servers abroad

# User Route Dashboard

The user route dashboard allows the user to select between the different types of route configurations.

The route configurations are set by the development team itself



The screenshot shows a laptop displaying the Trippyz user route dashboard. The interface is divided into a left sidebar and a main content area.

**Left Sidebar:**

- Trippyz** logo with the tagline "Your complete travel partner".
- User profile: **Sidharth Malhotra**, Guest User, with a "Sign Out" button.
- Route Types** section with four buttons:
  - Tightly Planned Routes
  - Lightly Scheduled Routes
  - Routes that include food
  - Routes with food and stay

**Main Content Area:**

- Greeting: **Hello There!**
- Instruction: "Let's collect some data that we need to plan your route"
- Form fields for route planning:
  - "Where are you headed to?" with a location pin icon.
  - "Where are you starting from?" with a location pin icon.
  - "Do you have a start, end time?" with radio buttons for "Yea" (selected) and "No".
  - "What's the duration of the trip" with a text input field and a "days" label.
  - "What's the trip start, end date" with two date pickers labeled "Start" and "End".
- Progress indicator: Three dots, with the first dot highlighted.

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# User Route Dashboard

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- Functional Requirements
  - Give route ideas based on commonly used routes
  - Tightly planned routes should schedule the whole trip in a tight schedule, like 1 hour per visiting place and 30 mins for food
  - Lightly planned routes takes a different approach by reducing the number of places visited to 2-3 places per day.
  - Decision made for lightly planned routes depend on journey time and reviews of the visiting place.
- Non functional Requirements
  - Easy to understand UI that lets the user select between the route configurations

# User Route Constraints Input

The screenshot displays the Trippyz app interface on a laptop screen. The app has a purple header with the logo and tagline "Your complete travel partner". Below the header, the user's name "Sidharth Malhotra" and "Guest User" are shown, along with a "Sign Out" button. The "Route Types" section lists four options: "Tightly Planned Routes", "Lightly Scheduled Routes", "Routes that include food", and "Routes with food and stay". The main content area is titled "Budget Details" with the subtitle "Let's talk money!". It contains three input fields: "What is your total trip budget?" (with a dollar sign icon), "Number of people coming for the trip" (with a group of people icon), and "What all should we add for the budget?". Below these are four horizontal sliders for "Food Price (Average)", "Stay Price", "Ticket Price", and "Petrol Budget (Average mileage to be input by user)". The sliders for "Stay Price", "Ticket Price", and "Petrol Budget" are currently set to the maximum value, indicated by green bars. A purple dot indicator is visible at the bottom of the screen.

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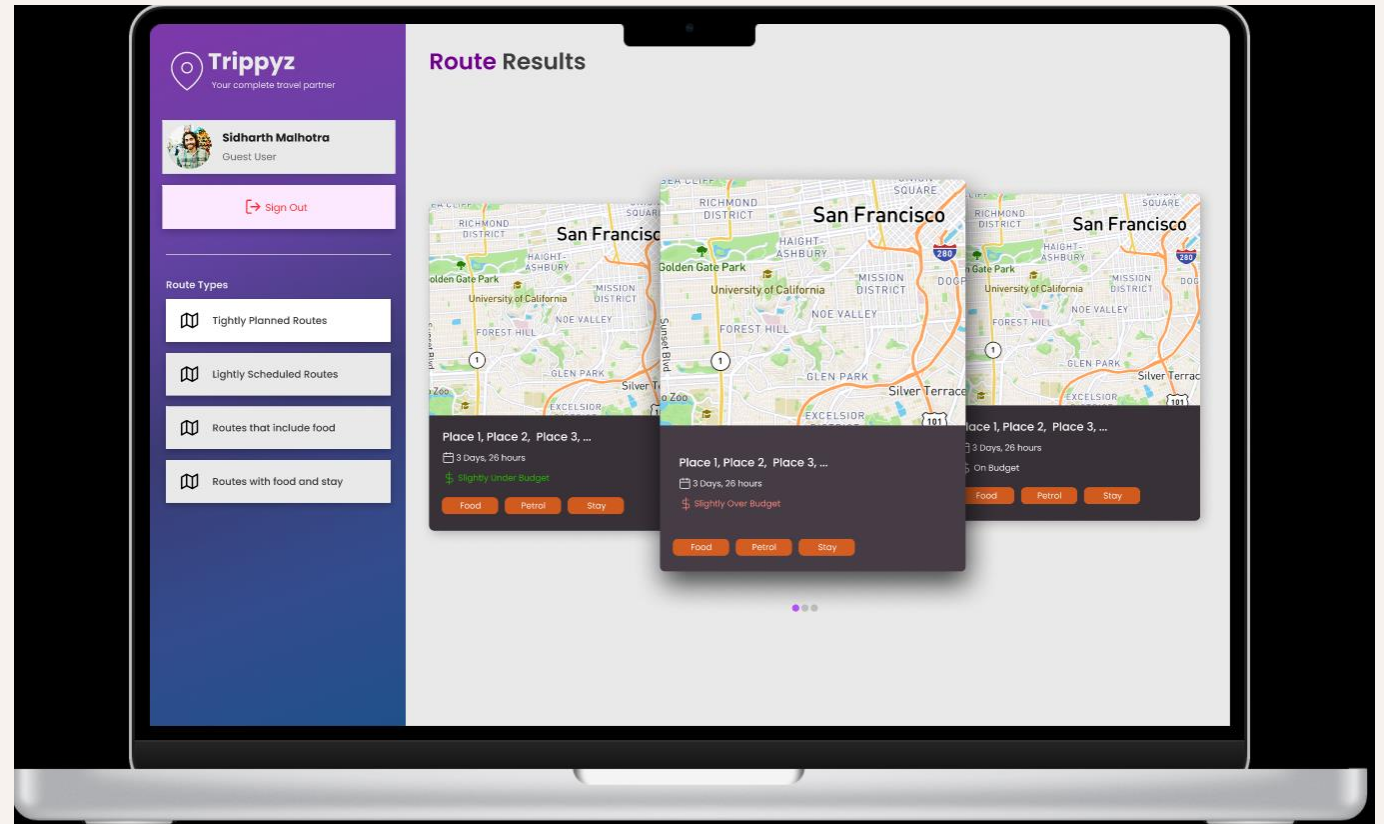
# User Route Constraints Input

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- Functional Requirements
  - User starting point will be the place name that the user is going to start their journey from.
  - Destination should be a district
  - Budget Input should be less than 1 lakh
  - Number of people input should be less than 40
  - Duration of the trip should be taken as [Days, hours] format
  - Max duration set as 10 Days,0 hours
  - Start time, end time will be a date-time picker



# Route Results



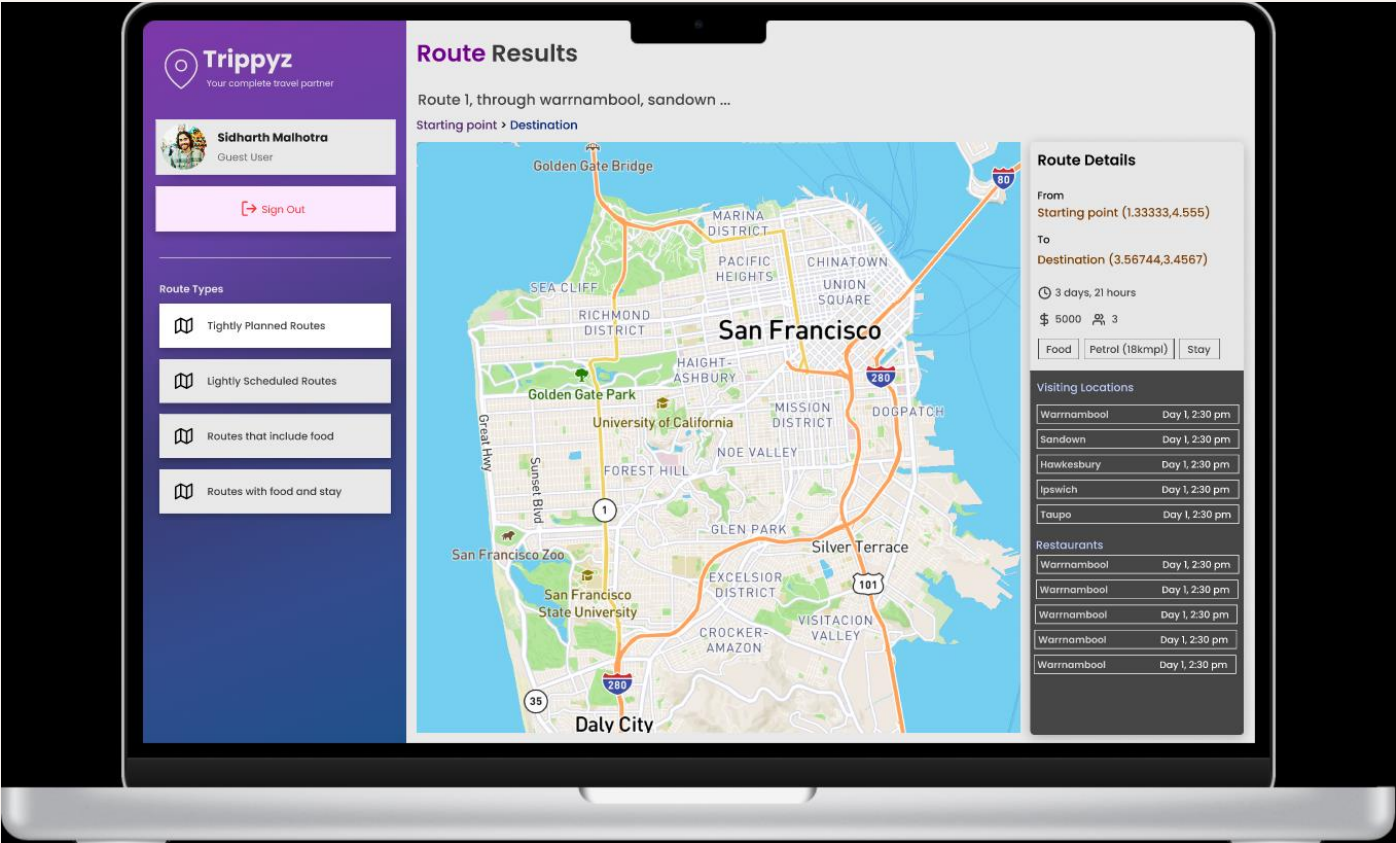
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# Route Results

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- Functional Requirements
  - 4 Routes will be generated based on the given user inputs
  - 2 routes will be approximately same budget as the user
  - One of the routes will be slightly above budget (+10%)
  - One of the routes will be slightly below budget (-10%)
- Non Functional Requirements
  - UI that can select the routes easily
  - Basic info about the budget should be given on the route card

# Route Detailed view



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# Route Detailed view

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- Functional Requirements
  - Route should be drawn using google maps API
  - Show visiting places
  - Show the restaurants chosen
  - Show the budget calculations (Not currently shown in the UI)
- Non functional Requirements
  - UI should load swiftly
  - Large number of data should be organized in an easy to understand manner.

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# Tools used

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- Figma
  - The UI designs will be done through figma
  - All the planning and development documents made using figma
- ReactJS
  - ReactJS framework used for creating the user interface of the web application.
  - ReactJS provides easy to use tools for building complex UI
- ExpressJS
  - The backend framework used for the application will be expressJS.
  - ExpressJS helps build a REST API backend using on top of nodejs

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# Tools used

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- MongoDB
  - MongoDB database hosted on MongoDB atlas will be used
  - Mongoose driver used for interfacing NodeJS and MongoDB atlas.
- Google Maps API
  - The google maps API provided by google cloud platform will be used as primary input for the route calculations

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# Conclusion

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- Software that is planned will help tourists plan their journey within a couple of minutes
- Software reduces planning time from hours to minutes
- Software that is planned will allow the users to make their journey very ease.
- This Software provide the user with a proper plan of the entire journey.

THANK  
YOU :)