

# NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE

**GRADE 12** 

**INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY P1** 

**FEBRUARY/MARCH 2016** 

**MEMORANDUM** 

**MARKS: 150** 

This memorandum consists of 31 pages.

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION:**

- These marking guidelines must used as the basis for the marking session. They
  were prepared for use by markers. All markers are required to attend a rigorous
  standardisation meeting to ensure that the guidelines are consistently
  interpreted and applied in the marking of candidates' work..
- Note that learners who provide an alternate correct solution to that given as example of a solution in the marking guidelines will be given full credit for the relevant solution, unless the specific instructions in the paper was not followed or the requirements of the question was not met
- **Annexures A, B and C**(pages 3–9) include the marking grid for each question for using either one of the two programming languages.
- Annexures D, E and F (pages 10–19) contain examples of solutions for Java for Questions 1 to 3 in programming code.
- Annexures G, H and I (pages 20–31) contain examples of solutions for Delphi for Questions 1 to 3 in programming code.
- Copies of **Annexures A, B and C** (pages 3–9) should be made for each learner and completed during the marking session.

# **ANNEXURE A**

# **SECTION A**

# **QUESTION 1: MARKING GRID - GENERAL PROGRAMMING SKILLS**

CENTRE NUMBER:		EXAMINATION NUMBER:		
QUESTION	TION DESCRIPTION		MAX. MARKS	LEARNER' S MARKS
	If a learner has a problem re penalise only once for the e			
1.1	Button - [Question 1.1]  Extract the distance from the text box as an integer ✓ Formula: Distance = Miles * 1.6 ✓ Display distance in textbox with labels ✓		3	
1.2	Button - [Question 1.2]  Set temperature = 18 and Set height = 1000 ✓ Extract the height of mountain from the text box and convert to number ✓ Validate height <>1000 ✓ Display message ✓, Clear text box ✓ and set Focus ✓ Display the heading ✓ Loop with correct condition ✓ Display height and temperature inside loop ✓ Increase height by 100 ✓ Decrease temperature by 1 ✓		11	
1.3	Button - [Question 1.3]  Set lowest to value at first ind Loop through heights array  If height at loop index < lower lowest = height at loop index lowestName = name at loop index loop	ex√ op index√	6	

1.4	Button - [Question 1.4]		
	Extract the number of persons from text box as an integer		
	Extract type of accommodation selected from combo box Case / Switch / If (accommodation type) and allocate correct cost per person to cost variable Multiply cost number of persons		
	Check if Wi-Fi has been selected✓ and add R150 to total cost✓		
	Check if radio button for Card is selected  Use a dialog box to enter a card number  Set valid flag to True  If length of card number is Not 9  Check if all characters are digits:  Loop through ckaracters of card number  Use method/function to check if each char is a digit  If Not digit − set valid flag to False  If the card number is valid  Add 3% of cost to total cost  ✓	19	
	If card number Not Valid✓ Use a dialog box to display "Invalid card number"✓ Set radio button selection to cash option✓		
	Show formatted total cost per night in the text box✓		
1.5	<ul> <li>Button - [Question 1.5]</li> <li>Extract transaction number from text box as integer</li> <li>Set prime flag to True ✓</li> <li>Loop from 2 ✓ to transaction number / 2 ✓ (or ticket number -1)</li> <li>If transaction number is divisible by loop counter ✓</li> <li>Set prime flag to False ✓</li> <li>If prime is True ✓</li> <li>Generate random number in range 1 to 4 ✓</li> <li>Else Set random number = 0 ✓</li> <li>Set the value in the list box ✓ to highlight the position of the random number</li> </ul>	9	
	TOTAL:	48	

# **ANNEXURE B**

# **SECTION B**

# **QUESTION 2: MARKING GRID - OBJECT-ORIENTED PROGRAMMING**

CENTRE NUMBER:		EXAMINATION NUMBER:		
QUESTION	DESCRIPTION		MAX. MARKS	LEARNER'S MARKS
2.1.1	Constructor:			
	Definition with four correct parameters and data types✓ Initialise all four attributes using the parameters✓		2	
2.1.2	setDangerLevel method:			
	Method definition with parame Assign the parameter value to		2	
2.1.3	calculateFine method:			
	Divide by 3√ Multiply by 100√ Return fine as decimal va	√ divide by 60√ or equal to√ speedl imit od limit – 10)√ Rounded up√	13	
2.1.4	Set level to value of danger let Test if Gradient > 10 ✓ AND average If dangerLevel = "Low" Change level to "Mediu Else If danger Level = "Mediu Change level to "High Else Ievel = "High" ✓	t parameter for average rainfall evel attribute  de rainfall >= 10  m"  um"	8	
	Return level√			

2.2.1	Button – [Question2.2.1]		
	Read selected mountain pass from radio button and assign to correct pass name variable.  Read distance from text box as integer value.  Read danger level from text box as String.  Read gradient from text box as String.  Instantiate object using correct values. in correct order.  Display message to indicate object was created.	7	
2.2.2	Button – [Question2.2.2]		
	Use object to get mountain pass name, distance, ✓ danger level and gradient ✓ Assign mountain pass name, distance, danger level and gradient ✓ to correct textfields ✓  Get the correct filename for the pass (name of the pass) ✓ Compile filename using pass name and .jpg ✓ Test if file exist ✓ If exist – display correct image on component provided ✓	8	
2.2.3	Button – [Question2.2.3]  Get speedlimit and travelTime from text boxes✓ in the correct format✓ Get the fine amount by calling the calculateFine method of the object and✓ sending the correct arguments✓ Display the fine✓ in the correct format✓ (Currency to 2 decimal places)	6	

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2.2.4	Button – [Question2.2.4]		
2.2.4	Button – [Question2.2.4]  Use toString method to display the data of the mountain pass in the output area✓ Initialise sum to 0✓ Get row value of pass selected✓✓  Get the rainfall from array elements from the row✓ Add each value to sum✓ Calculate the average rainfall (/7)✓ Call the determineDangerLevel method of the object✓ If return value not the same as object's current danger level✓ Ask if the danger level should be updated✓ If answer = "Yes"✓ Call the setDangerLevel met with argument to change the danger level of the object✓ Set the danger level in the text field to the changed value✓ Display a message to indicate what the danger level was changed to in the output area✓ else if answer = "No"	16	
	Display a message to indicate that the suggestion has been rejected and the current danger level that will remain in the output area ✓		
	else		
	Display a message to indicate that no change was		
	suggested and the current danger level that will		
	remain in the output area ✓	60	
	TOTAL:	62	

# **ANNEXURE C**

# **SECTION C**

# QUESTION 3: MARKING GRID - PROBLEM SOLVING PROGRAMMING

Direct route:  Open the text file to read from file: ✓✓ Delphi: AssignFile, RESET Java: Create object to read from file Set flag to False✓ Loop through the file ✓ Read line of text ✓ Test if town of departure AND destination ✓has been found in the line of text ✓ but are not the same✓ then Flag = True✓ Find position of '#'✓, Find position of '"'✓ Extract the Distance from the line of text✓ If mountain pass exists (test)✓ "Pass on route" message✓ else "No pass" message✓ else "No pass" message✓ Display all information regarding the route✓ If flag = False Display message "Not Found" ✓ Close File✓  3.2 List of towns that can be visited:  Declare appropriate data structures (2 arrays)✓✓ Set counter to O✓ (or 1 for Delphi) Get the town that was selected from the combo box Open file for reading data from file ✓ Loop through file✓ Read line of text, extract depart town✓ and destination✓ Test whether town = destination town✓ Store name of destination in names array✓ Extract distance and store in distances array✓ Increment counter✓ Test whether town = depart town in names array✓ Extract distance and store in distances array Increment counter✓ Two nested loops through distances array✓ Two nested loops through distances array✓ Comparing values✓  Two nested loops through distances array✓ Comparing values✓	CENTRE NUMBER:		EXAMINATION NUMBER:		
Open the text file to read from file:  Delphi: AssignFile, RESET Java: Create object to read from file Set flag to Falsev Loop through the file  Read line of text  Test if town of departure AND destination  Test if town of departure AND destination  has been found in the line of text  but are not the same  find position of '#' Find pos	QUESTION	DESCRIPTION			LEARNER'S MARKS
Delphi: AssignFile, RESET Java: Create object to read from file  Set flag to False✓ Loop through the file ✓ Read line of text ✓ Test if town of departure AND destination ✓has been found in the line of text✓but are not the same✓ then Flag = True✓ Find position of '#'✓, Find position of '*'✓ Extract the Distance from the line of text✓ If mountain pass exists (test)✓ "Pass on route" message✓ else "No pass" message✓ else "No pass" message✓ else "No pass" message✓ Olsejay all information regarding the route✓ If flag = False Display message "Not Found" ✓ Close File✓  3.2 List of towns that can be visited:  Declare appropriate data structures (2 arrays)✓✓ Set counter to 0✓ (or 1 for Delphi) Get the town that was selected from the combo box Open file for reading data from file ✓ Loop through file✓ Read line of text, extract depart town✓ and destination✓ Test whether town = destination town✓ Store name of destination in names array✓ Extract distance and store in distances array✓ Increment counter✓ Test whether town = depart town✓ Store name of depart town in names array✓ Extract distance and store in distances array Increment counter✓ Test whether town = depart town in names array✓ Extract distance and store in distances array Increment counter✓ Two nested loops through distances array✓ Comparing values✓	3.1	Direct route:			
Declare appropriate data structures (2 arrays) ✓ ✓ Set counter to 0 ✓ (or 1 for Delphi) Get the town that was selected from the combo box Open file for reading data from file ✓ Loop through file ✓ Read line of text, extract depart town ✓ and destination ✓ Test whether town = destination town ✓ Store name of destination in names array ✓ Extract distance and store in distances array ✓ Increment counter ✓ Test whether town = depart town ✓ Store name of depart town in names array ✓ Extract distance and store in distances array Increment counter ✓ Two nested loops through distances array ✓ Comparing values ✓		Delphi: AssignFile, RESET Java: Create object to read from file  Set flag to False✓ Loop through the file ✓ Read line of text ✓ Test if town of departure AND destination ✓ has been found in the line of text✓ but are not the same✓ then Flag = True✓ Find position of '#'✓, Find position of '*'✓ Extract the Distance from the line of text✓ If mountain pass exists (test)✓ "Pass on route" message✓ else "No pass" message✓ Display all information regarding the route✓  If flag = False Display message "Not Found" ✓ Close File✓		18	
Swapping names ✓✓ also swapping distances✓ Loop for display ✓ and displaying towns and distances from arrays neatly in columns✓  TOTAL 40	3.2	Declare appropriate data a Set counter to 0 ✓ (or 1 for Get the town that was seled Open file for reading data Loop through file ✓ Read line of text, extra destination ✓ Test whether town = destination ✓ Test whether town = destinated distance a lincrement counter Test whether town = destinated distance a lincrement counter Two nested loops through Comparing values ✓ Swapping names ✓ Loop for display ✓ and distance of the Store of the Swapping names ✓ Loop for display ✓ and display of the Set Counter Text of th	structures (2 arrays)  r Delphi) ected from the combo box from file  ct depart town and estination town estination in names array end store in distances array exact town and eart town distances array exact town in names array exact town in names array exact town in distances array exact town in distances array exact town distances exact town distanc		

# **SUMMARY OF LEARNER'S MARKS:**

CENTRE NUMBER:		EXAMINATION NUMBER:		
	SECTION A	SECTION B	SECTION C	
	QUESTION 1	QUESTION 2	QUESTION 3	GRAND TOTAL
MAX. MARKS	48	62	40	150
LEARNER'S MARKS				

### **ANNEXURE D: SOLUTION FOR QUESTION 1: JAVA**

```
package Question1Package;
import java.text.DecimalFormat;
import javax.swing.JOptionPane;
public class Question1 Memo extends javax.swing.JFrame {
//Supplied code
String arrPassNames[] = {"Barkly Pass", "Baviaanskloof Pass",
    "Katberg Pass", "Baster Voetslaan Pass", "Felton Pass", "Chapmans
         Peak Pass"};
 double arrPassHeights[] = {1560, 986, 2341.5, 1268, 987, 1258.9};
 DecimalFormat df = new DecimalFormat("0.00");
 public Question1 Memo() {
      initComponents();
      this.setLocationRelativeTo(this);
//-----
// Question 1.1
private void btnQuestion1 1ActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) {
      String distanceValue = txfInfo.getText();
      txfDistance.setText(df.format(Double.parseDouble(distanceValue)
      * 1.60) km");
______
// Question 1.2
private void btnQuestion1_2ActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) {
      int temperature = 18;
      double height = 1000;
      double heightTopOfMountain =
            Double.parseDouble(txfHeight.getText());
     if(heightTopOfMountain <=1000){</pre>
        JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Enter a valid height");
        txfHeight.setText("");
     }
       else
      txaOutput.setText(String.format("%-20s%-
      10s%n", "Metres", "Temperature"));
         txaOutput.append(String.format("%-28s%-
         10s%n", height, temperature));
           height += 100;
           temperature -= 1;
      while (height <= heightTopOfMountain);</pre>
     }
// Question 1.3
private void btnQuestion1 3ActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) {
      double lowest = arrPassHeights[0];
```

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```
String name = arrPassNames[0];
       for (int i = 1; i < arrPassHeights.length; i++) {</pre>
           if (arrPassHeights[i] < lowest) {</pre>
              lowest = arrPassHeights[i];
              name = arrPassNames[i];
           }
       }
       txaLowestHeight.setText("");
       txaLowestHeight.append("The lowest mountain pass is " + name +
           ".\n The height of the pass is " + lowest + " m.");
       }
// Question 1.4
private void btnQuestion1 4ActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) {
       String accommType = (String) (cmbAccommType.getSelectedItem());
       int numPersons = Integer.parseInt(txfNumPersons.getText());
       double cost = 0;
       switch (accommType) {
           case "Hotel":
              cost = 1200;
              break;
           case "B&B":
              cost = 1000;
              break;
           case "Self-catering unit":
              cost = 750;
              break;
           case "Camping site":
              cost = 300;
              break;
       }
       cost *= numPersons;
       if (chbWiFi.isSelected()) {
          cost += 150;
       boolean flag = false;
       if (rbnCash.isSelected()) {
           txfPayment.setText("R " + df.format(cost));
       } else {
        String cardNumber = JOptionPane.showInputDialog("Enter card
        number");
           if (cardNumber.length() == 9) {
              flag = true;
              for (int i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
                  if (!Character.isDigit(cardNumber.charAt(i))) {
                      flag = false;
              }
           if (!flag) {
          JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Invalid card number");
              rbnCash.setSelected(true);
               txfPayment.setText("R " + df.format(cost));
           } else {
                cost = cost * 1.03;
              txfPayment.setText("R " + df.format(cost));
     }
 }
```

```
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//-----
// Question 1.5
//-----
private void btnQuestion1_5ActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) {
      int transactionNumber =
             Integer.parseInt(txfNumber.getText());
      Boolean prime = true;
      for (int i = 2; i <= transactionNumber / 2; i++) {</pre>
         if (transactionNumber % i == 0) {
            prime = false;
         }
      }
      int randNum = 0;
      if (prime) {
         randNum = (int) (Math.random() * 4) +1;
     lstPrizes.setSelectedIndex(randNum);
```

#### **ANNEXURE E: SOLUTION FOR QUESTION 2: JAVA**

```
package Question2 Package;
// Solution for Object class
//----
//Supplied code
private String name;
  private int distance;
  private String dangerLevel;
  private int gradient;
  public String getName() {
     return name;
  public int getDistance() {
     return distance;
  public String getDangerLevel() {
     return dangerLevel;
  public int getGradient() {
     return gradient;
//-----
// Question 2.1.1
public MountainPass(String name, int distance, String dangerLevel,
             int gradient) {
     this.name = name;
     this.distance = distance;
     this.dangerLevel = dangerLevel;
     this.gradient = gradient;
  }
          ______
// Question 2.1.2
//----
  public void setDangerLevel(String dangerLevel) {
     this.dangerLevel = dangerLevel;
   }
// Question 2.1.3
public double calculateFine(int travelTime, int speedlimit) {
     double speed = distance / (travelTime / 60.0);
     double fine = 0;
     if (speed >= (speedlimit + 10)){
     fine = 500 + (Math.ceil((speed - speedlimit - 10) / 3.0)) * 100;
     return fine;
  }
```

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```
//----
// Question 2.1.4
//-----
 public String suggestedDangerLevel(double avgRain) {
    String level = dangerLevel;
    if (gradient > 10 && avgRain >= 10) {
      if (dangerLevel.equalsIgnoreCase("Low")) {
      level = "Medium";}
      else if(dangerLevel.equalsIgnoreCase("Medium")){
      level = "High";
      else{
        level = "High";
    return level;
  }
//----
// Supplied toString method
//----
public String toString() {
    return name+" with a maximum gradient of "+
      gradient +" degrees has a danger level rating of "+
      dangerLevel +".\nThe distance of the pass is "+ distance+"
                km.";
}
```

# **GUI CLASS: QUESTION2 SOLUTION**

```
package Question2 Package;
import java.io.File;
import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
import javax.swing.JOptionPane;
public class Question2 Memo extends javax.swing.JFrame {
//-----
//Supplied code
//----
int[][] arrRain = {{0, 23, 13, 1, 2, 0, 14},
               {33, 3, 11, 35, 3, 0, 21},
               {50, 0, 0, 1, 20, 0, 2}};
MountainPass mountainPassObj;
String name = "";
public Question2 Memo() {
      initComponents();
      setLocationRelativeTo(this);
      pnlDisplay.setVisible(false);
______
// Ouestion 2.2.1
______
private void btnQuestion2 1 1ActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) {
      if (rbtPass1.isSelected()) {
         name = rbtPass1.getText();
      if (rbtPass2.isSelected()) {
          name = rbtPass2.getText();
      if (rbtPass3.isSelected()) {
         name = rbtPass3.getText();
      int distance =
          Integer.parseInt(JOptionPane.showInputDialog("Enter the
                   distance for the mountain pass.", "110"));
      String dangerLevel = JOptionPane.showInputDialog("Enter the
          danger level of the pass (Low/Medium/High)", "Medium");
      int gradient =
          Integer.parseInt(JOptionPane.showInputDialog("Enter the
              maximum gradientT in degrees", "12"));
      mountainPassObj = new MountainPass(name, distance, dangerLevel,
              gradient);
      JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(rootPane, "The object for " + name
              + " has been instantiated.");
      pnlDisplay.setVisible(true); }
```

```
// Question 2.2.2
private void btnQuestion2 2 2ActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) {
txfMountainPass.setText(mountainPassObj.getName());
      txfDistance.setText(mountainPassObj.getDistance() + "");
      txfDangerLevel.setText(mountainPassObj.getDangerLevel());
      txfGradient.setText("" + mountainPassObj.getGradient());
      String fName = mountainPassObj.getName() + ".jpg";
      File mapFile = new File(fName);
      if (mapFile.exists()) {
          lblMap.setIcon(new
          javax.swing.ImageIcon(getClass().getResource(fName)));
//----
// Question 2.2.3
//----
private void btnQuestion2_2_3ActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) {
      int speedLimit = Integer.parseInt(txfSpeedLimit.getText());
      int travelTime = Integer.parseInt(txfTravelTime.getText());
      double fine = mountainPassObj.calculateFine(travelTime,
                  speedLimit);
      txfFine.setText(String.format(" R%.2f", fine));
// Question 2.2.4
//-----
private void btnQuestion2 2 4ActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) {
      int sum = 0;
      txaOutput.setText("");
      txaOutput.append(mountainPassObj.toString());
      int row = 0;
      if (rbtPass1.isSelected()) {
          row = 0;
       } else if (rbtPass2.isSelected()) {
          row = 1;
       } else {
          row = 2;
      for (int i = 0; i < 7; i++) {
          sum += arrRain[row][i];
      double averageRainfall = (double) sum / 7.0;
      String dangerLevel =
      mountainPassObj.suggestedDangerLevel(averageRainfall);
      if
          (!dangerLevel.equalsIgnoreCase(mountainPassObj.getDangerLevel
               ())) {
          String answer = JOptionPane.showInputDialog("Must danger
               level be changed to " + dangerLevel);
          if (answer.equalsIgnoreCase("Yes")) {
             mountainPassObj.setDangerLevel(dangerLevel);
             txfDangerLevel.setText(dangerLevel);
             txaOutput.append("\n\nPass danger level rating changed
               to " + mountainPassObj.getDangerLevel().toUpperCase());
          } else {
             \verb|txaOutput.append("\n\nSuggestion rejected. Pass danger| \\
               level rating kept at " +
                     (mountainPassObj.getDangerLevel().toUpperCase()));
```

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#### **ANNEXURE F: SOLUTION FOR QUESTION 3: JAVA**

```
package Question3Package;
import java.io.FileNotFoundException;
import java.io.FileReader;
import java.util.Scanner;
import javax.swing.JOptionPane;
public class Question3 Memo extends javax.swing.JFrame {
   public Question3 Memo() {
       initComponents();
       setLocationRelativeTo(this);
   }
______
//Question 3.1
______
private void btnDirectRoutesActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) {
       String startTown = "" + cmbStart.getSelectedItem();
       String destTown = "" + cmbDestination.getSelectedItem();
       boolean found = false;
       try {
           int cnt = 0;
           Scanner scFile = new Scanner(new FileReader("Q3Data.txt"));
           while (scFile.hasNext() && !found) {
              String line = scFile.nextLine();
              String[] temp = line.split("; |#| \ *");
              int p1 = line.indexOf(startTown);
              int p2 = line.indexOf(destTown);
              int distance = Integer.parseInt(temp[2]);
              String pass = "Route includes a mountain pass.";
               if (p1 >= 0 \&\& p2 >= 0 \&\& p1 != p2) {
                  found = true;
                  if (temp[3].equals("No")) {
                      pass = "The route does not include a mountain
                           pass.";
                  }
                  txaOutput.setText("The distance from " + startTown +
                      " to " + destTown + " is " + distance + " km.\n" +
                           pass);
               }
           }
           scFile.close();
       } catch (FileNotFoundException e) {
           JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(rootPane, e);
       if (!found) {
           txaOutput.setText("No possible route provided between " +
                startTown + " and " + destTown + ".");
       }
   }
```

```
//Ouestion 3.2
______
private void btnAllRoutesActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) {
       String startTown = "" + cmbStart.getSelectedItem();
       txaOutput.setText("Towns to visit when staying in: " +
                 startTown);
       // Determine all destinations
       int numTowns = 0;
       try {
           int cnt = 0;
           Scanner sc = new Scanner(new FileReader("Q3Data.txt"));
           while (sc.hasNext()) {
               String line = sc.nextLine();
               String[] temp = line.split(";|#|\\*");
               if (startTown.equals(temp[0])) {
                   visitTowns[numTowns] = temp[1];
                   visitDistance[numTowns] = Integer.parseInt(temp[2]);
                   numTowns++;
                 if (startTown.equals(temp[1])) {
                   visitTowns[numTowns] = temp[0];
                   visitDistance[numTowns] = Integer.parseInt(temp[2]);
                   numTowns++;
                }
           }
       } catch (FileNotFoundException e) {
           JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(rootPane, e);
       sortTowns(numTowns);
       txaOutput.setText("Towns that can be directly reached from " +
           startTown
                 + "\n");
       for (int cnt = 0; cnt < numTowns; cnt++) {</pre>
           txaOutput.append(visitTowns[cnt] + "\t" + visitDistance[cnt]
           + "km\n");
       }
    }
   public void sortTowns(int numTowns)
    {
       for (int outside = 0; outside < numTowns - 1; outside++) {</pre>
          for (int inside = outside + 1; inside < numTowns; inside++) {</pre>
              if (visitDistance[outside] > visitDistance[inside]) {
                   int dist = visitDistance[outside];
                   visitDistance[outside] = visitDistance[inside];
                   visitDistance[inside] = dist;
                   String town = visitTowns[outside];
                   visitTowns[outside] = visitTowns[inside];
                   visitTowns[inside] = town;
               }
           }
       }
   }
```

#### ANNEXURE G: SOLUTION FOR QUESTION 1: DELPHI

```
unit Ouestion1U;
// A solution for Ouestion 1
interface
uses
  Windows, Messages, SysUtils, Variants, Classes, Graphics, Controls,
      Forms, Dialogs, StdCtrls, Buttons, ComCtrls, ExtCtrls;
type
  TfrmQuestionONE = class(TForm)
    bmbClose: TBitBtn;
    gpbQuest1_1: TGroupBox;
    gpbQuest1_4: TGroupBox;
    gpbQuest1_2: TGroupBox;
    gpbQuest1_3: TGroupBox;
    gpbQuest1_5: TGroupBox;
    lblGPS: TLabel;
    lblDistance: TLabel;
    edtInfo: TEdit;
    btnQuest1_1: TButton;
    edtHeight: TEdit;
    x: TLabel;
    lblTemperature: TLabel;
    btnQuest1 2: TButton;
    btnQuest1 3: TButton;
    redQ1 3: TRichEdit;
    lblHeight: TLabel;
    lblAccommodation: TLabel;
    cboType: TComboBox;
    rbgPayment: TRadioGroup;
    lblPaymentRequired: TLabel;
    edtPayment: TEdit;
    chbWiFi: TCheckBox;
    lblTicketNumber: TLabel;
    lblPrize: TLabel;
    btnQuest1 5: TButton;
    btnQuest1_4: TButton;
    edtNumber: TEdit;
    lblNumPersons: TLabel;
    edtNumPersons: TEdit;
    redOut: TRichEdit;
    lstPrizes: TListBox;
    edtDistance: TEdit;
    procedure btnQuest1 1Click(Sender: TObject);
    procedure btnQuest1 2Click(Sender: TObject);
    procedure btnQuest1 3Click(Sender: TObject);
    procedure btnQuest1 4Click(Sender: TObject);
    procedure btnQuest1_5Click(Sender: TObject);
  private
    { Private declarations }
  public
    { Public declarations }
  end;
  frmQuestionONE: TfrmQuestionONE;
implementation
{$R *.dfm}
```

```
{$R+}
uses Math;
const
 arrPassHeights: array [1..6] of Real =
        (1560, 986, 2341.5, 1268, 986,1258.9);
 arrPassNames: array [1..6] of String = ('Barkly Pass',
   'Baviaanskloof Pass', 'Katberg Pass', 'Baster Voetslaan Pass',
   'Felton Pass', 'Chapmans Peak Pass');
// Question 1.1
procedure TfrmQuestionONE.btnQuest1_1Click(Sender: TObject);
 sDistance : String;
 rDistance : Real;
begin
 sDistance := edtInfo.text;
 rDistance := StrToFloat(sDistance) * 1.60;
 edtDistance.Text:= FloatToStrF(rDistance, ffFixed, 8,2)+' km';
// Question 1.2
procedure TfrmQuestionONE.btnQuest1 2Click(Sender: TObject);
 rHeight : Real;
 iTemperature, iHeight : Integer;
begin
 iHeight := 1000;
 iTemperature := 18;
 rHeight := StrToFloat(edtHeight.Text);
 if rHeight >= 1000 then
  begin
   redOut.Lines.Add('Metres' + #9 + ' Temperature');
   while iHeight < rHeight do</pre>
     begin
      redOut.Lines.Add(IntToStr(iHeight) + #9#9 +
        IntToStr(iTemperature));
      Inc(iHeight, 100);
      Dec(iTemperature);
     end;
   end
  else
    showmessage('Value must be at least 1000');
    edtHeight.clear;
    edtHeight.setFocus;
   end;
end;
// Ouestion 1.3
procedure TfrmQuestionONE.btnQuest1 3Click(Sender: TObject);
var
 iLoop : Integer;
 rLow : Real;
 sName : String;
begin
 rLow := arrPassHeights[1];
```

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```
sName := arrPassNames[1];
 for iLoop := 2 to length(arrPassNames) do
   if arrPassHeights[iLoop] < rLow then</pre>
    begin
     rLow := arrPassHeights[iLoop];
     sName := arrPassNames[iLoop];
 redQ1 3.Lines.Add('The lowest mountain pass is ' + sName);
 redQ1 3.Lines.Add('The height of the mountain pass is ' +
           FloatToStr(rLow) + ' m');
end:
// Question 1.4
procedure TfrmQuestionONE.btnQuest1 4Click(Sender: TObject);
 iCost, iNumPersons, A: Integer;
 rTotal : Real;
 sCardNumber : String;
 bValid : Boolean;
 iCardNumber, iError : Integer;
begin
 iNumPersons := StrToInt(edtNumPersons.Text);
 case cboType.ItemIndex of
   0: iCost := 1200;
   1: iCost := 1000;
   2: iCost := 750;
   3: iCost := 300;
 end;
 if chbWiFi.Checked then
   rTotal := iCost * iNumPersons + 150
 else
   rTotal := iCost * iNumPersons;
 if rbgPayment.ItemIndex = 1 then
 begin
  sCardNumber := inputbox('Card Number', 'Enter your card number', '');
  bValid := length(sCardNumber) = 9;
  Val(sCardNumber, iCardNumber, iError);
   //Alternative validation
   // For A := 1 to length(sCardNumber) do
        if NOT(sCardNumber[A] in ['0'..'9']) then
   //
   //
           bValid := false;
  if (iError = 0) AND bValid then
    begin
       rTotal := rTotal * 1.03;
    end
  else
       MessageDlg('The card number is invalid', mtError, [mbOk], 0);
       rbgPayment.ItemIndex := 0;
    end;
 end; //if
 edtPayment.Text := FloatToStrF( rTotal, ffCurrency, 7, 2);
end:
```

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```
// Question 1.5
procedure TfrmQuestionONE.btnQuest1_5Click(Sender: TObject);
var
 iTransactionNum : Integer;
 iNumber, iLoop, iRandom : Integer;
 sPrime : Boolean;
begin
 iTransactionNum := StrToInt(edtNumber.Text);
 sPrime := true;
 for iLoop := 2 to iTransactionNum div 2 do
   if iTransactionNum mod iLoop = 0 then
    sPrime := false;
 if (sPrime) then
    iRandom := random(4) + 1
  else iRandom := 0;
 lstPrizes.ItemIndex := iRandom;
end.
```

#### **ANNEXURE H: SOLUTION FOR QUESTION 2: DELPHI**

#### **OBJECT CLASS: MOUNTAINPASS**

```
unit MountainPassU;
// Solution Question 2 object file
interface
type
 TMountainPass = class(TObject)
 private
   fName : String;
fDistance : Integer;
   fDangerLevel : String;
   fGradient : Integer;
 public
   function GetName: String;
   function GetDistance: Integer;
   function GetDangerLevel: String;
   function GetGradient: Integer;
   constructor Create(sName: String; iDistance: Integer; sDangerLevel:
                   String; Gradient: Integer);
   procedure SetDangerLevel(sDanger: String);
   function CaldulateFine(iTravelTime: Integer; rSpeedLimit: Real):
                                                       Real;
   function SuggestedDangerLevel(iAvgRain: Integer): String;
   function toString: String;
 end;
implementation
uses SysUtils;
{ TMountainPass }
// Supplied code
function TMountainPass.GetDistance: Integer;
begin
 Result := fDistance;
function TMountainPass.GetGradient: Integer;
begin
 Result := fGradient;
end;
function TMountainPass.GetName: String;
begin
 Result := fName;
function TMountainPass.GetDangerLevel: String;
begin
 Result := fDangerLevel;
end:
//Question 2.1.1
            constructor TMountainPass.Create(sName: String; iDistance: Integer;
    sDangerLevel: String; iGradient: Integer);
```

```
begin
      := sName;
 fName
 fDistance := iDistance;
 fDangerLevel := sDangerLevel;
 fGradient := iGradient;
end:
//Question 2.1.2
procedure TMountainPass.SetDangerLevel(sDanger: String);
beain
 fDangerLevel := sDanger;
end;
//Question 2.1.3
function TMountainPass.CalculateFine(iTravelTime: Integer;
                            iSpeedLimit: Integer): Real;
 rSpeed : Real;
begin
 rSpeed := fDistance / (iTravelTime / 60);
 Result := 0; // init
 if (rSpeed >= (iSpeedLimit + 10)) then
 Result := 500 + (Round((rSpeed - iSpeedLimit - 10) / 3 + 0.5) * 100);
end:
//Question 2.1.4
function TMountainPass.suggestedDangerLevel(iAvgRain: Integer): String;
begin
  Result := fDangerLevel;
  if (fGradient > 10) AND (iAvgRain >= 10) then
     if (fDangerLevel = 'Low') then
      result := 'Medium'
     else
      if (fDangerLevel = 'Medium') then
       result := 'High'
     else
       result := 'High';
end:
//Supplied toString method
function TMountainPass.toString: string;
begin
  Result := fName + ' with a maximum gradient of '
      + IntToStr(fGradient) + ' degrees has a danger level
            rating of '+ fDangerLevel +'. ' + #13
      + 'The distance of the pass is ' + IntToStr(fDistance) + ' km.'
end:
end.
```

## MAIN FORM UNIT: QUESTION2\_U.PAS

```
unit Ouestion2U;
//A solution for Ouestion 2
interface
  Windows, Messages, SysUtils, Variants, Classes, Graphics, Controls, Forms,
  Dialogs, StdCtrls, Buttons, ExtCtrls, ComCtrls, JPEG, MountainPassU;
type
  TQuestionTWO = class(TForm)
    pnlCloseBtn: TPanel;
    bmbClose: TBitBtn;
    pnlDisplay: TPanel;
    lblMountainPass: TLabel;
    lblDistance: TLabel;
    lblSurface: TLabel;
    lblGradient: TLabel;
    Label5: TLabel;
    edtMountainPass: TEdit;
    edtDistance: TEdit;
    edtDangerLevel: TEdit;
    edtGradient: TEdit;
    imgMap: TImage;
    btnQuest2 2 3: TButton;
    btnQuest2 2 4: TButton;
    redQ2: TRichEdit;
    pnlInput: TPanel;
    rgpMPass: TRadioGroup;
    btnQuest221: TBitBtn;
    btnQuest2 2 2: TButton;
    pnlSpeed: TPanel;
    lblSpeedLimit: TLabel;
    lblSpeed: TLabel;
    Label1: TLabel;
    lblMinutes: TLabel;
    edtSpeedLimit: TEdit;
    edtTime: TEdit;
    Label2: TLabel;
    edtFine: TEdit;
    procedure btnQuest2 2 3Click(Sender: TObject);
    procedure btnQuest2 2 4Click(Sender: TObject);
    procedure btnQuest2_2_2Click(Sender: TObject);
    procedure btnQuest221Click(Sender: TObject);
  private
    { Private declarations }
  public
    { Public declarations }
  end;
var
  QuestionTWO: TQuestionTWO;
  MountainPass: TMountainPass;
   sFileName:string;
const
  arrRain : array[1..3,1..7] of Integer =
            ((0,23,13,1,2,0,14),
```

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(33,3,11,35,3,0,21),

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Information Technology/P1 27 NSC - Memorandum (50,0,0,1,20,0,2));implementation {\$R \*.dfm} {\$R+} //Question 2.2.1procedure TQuestionTWO.btnQuest221Click(Sender: TObject); sDangerL, sName : String; iDistance, iGradient : Integer; begin sName := rgpMPass.Items[rgpMPass.ItemIndex]; iDistance := StrToInt(InputBox('Question 2', 'Enter the distance for the mountain pass in metres', '110')); sDangerL := InputBox('Question 2', 'Enter the danger level for the pass (Low/Medium/High)', 'Medium'); iGradient := StrToInt(InputBox('Question 2', 'Enter the maximum gradient for the in degrees', **'**12**'**)); MountainPass := TMountainPass.Create(sName, iDistance, sDangerL, iGradient); MessageDlg('The object for '+ sName + ' has been instantiated.', mtInformation, [mbOk], 0); pnlDisplay.Show; end; //----//Question 2.2.2procedure TQuestionTWO.btnQuest2 2 2Click(Sender: TObject); begin edtMountainPass.Text := MountainPass.GetName; edtDistance.Text := IntToStr(MountainPass.GetDistance); edtDangerLevel.Text := MountainPass.getDangerLevel; edtGradient.Text := IntToStr(MountainPass.GetGradient); sFileName := MountainPass.GetName + '.jpg'; if FileExists(sFileName) then imgMap.Picture.LoadFromFile(sFileName) imgMap.Picture.LoadFromFile('NoMap.jpg'); pnlSpeed.Show; end; //Question 2.2.3

```
iSpeedLimit, iTravelTime : Integer;
```

procedure TQuestionTWO.btnQuest2 2 3Click(Sender: TObject);

var

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```
rFine : Real;
begin
 pnlSpeed.Show;
 iSpeedLimit := StrToInt(edtSpeedLimit.Text);
 iTravelTime := StrToInt(edtTime.Text);
 rFine := MountainPass.DetermineFine(iTravelTime, iSpeedLimit);
 edtFine.Text := FloatToStrF(rFine, ffCurrency, 8,2);
end;
//Question 2.2.4
//-----
procedure TQuestionTWO.btnQuest2_2_4Click(Sender: TObject);
  indx,iTotal,iPass, iNumMonths : Integer;
  iAvgRainfall : Integer;
  sDangerLevel : String;
begin
  redQ2.Clear;
  redQ2.Lines.Add (MountainPass.toString);
  redQ2.Lines.Add(' ');
  iPass:= rgpMPass.ItemIndex + 1;
  iTotal := 0;
  for indx := 1 to 7 do
      inc(iTotal, arrRain[iPass,indx]);
  iAvgRainfall := Trunc(iTotal / 7);
  sDangerLevel := MountainPass.SuggestedDangerLevel(iAvgRainfall);
  if sDangerLevel <> MountainPass.getDangerLevel then
     begin
       if MessageDlg('Must danger level be changed to ' +
           sDangerLevel, mtWarning, [mbYES, mbNO], 0) = mrYES
                                                       then
          begin
           MountainPass.SetDangerLevel(sDangerLevel);
            edtDangerLevel.Text := sDangerLevel;
            redQ2.Lines.Add('Pass danger level rating changed to '
                       + UpperCase (MountainPass.GetDangerLevel));
         else redQ2.Lines.Add('Suggestion rejected. Pass danger level
           rating kept at '+ UpperCase(MountainPass.GetDangerLevel));
      end
     else redQ2.Lines.Add('No suggested change. Danger level remains '
                       + UpperCase (MountainPass.GetDangerLevel));
end;
end.
```

#### ANNEXURE I: SOLUTION FOR QUESTION 3: DELPHI

```
unit Question3UMemo;
//A solution for Question 3
interface
uses
 Windows, Messages, SysUtils, Variants, Classes, Graphics, Controls,
     Forms, Dialogs, StdCtrls, ComCtrls, ExtCtrls, Buttons;
type
 TfrmQuestionThree = class(TForm)
   pnlHeading: TPanel;
   cboStartTown: TComboBox;
   cboDestinationTown: TComboBox;
   grpTowns: TGroupBox;
   lblStart: TLabel;
   lbldestination: TLabel;
   bmbClose: TBitBtn;
   redQ3: TRichEdit;
   btnDirectRoute: TButton;
   btnAllRoutes: TButton;
   procedure btnDirectRouteClick(Sender: TObject);
   procedure btnAllRoutesClick(Sender: TObject);
   function extractDistance(line: string): integer;
 private
   { Private declarations }
 public
   { Public declarations }
 end;
 frmOuestionThree: TfrmOuestionThree;
implementation
{$R *.dfm}
{$R+}
//Question 3.1
//-----
procedure TfrmQuestionThree.btnDirectRouteClick(Sender: TObject);
var
  TFile
                  : TextFile;
  sLine, sStartTown, sDestTown, sDistance, sPass : String;
  bFound
                   : Boolean;
  p1, p2
                   : integer;
begin
 //Display direct route information between towns
 sStartTown := cboStartTown.Text;
 sDestTown := cboDestinationTown.Text;
 redQ3.Lines.Clear;
 AssignFile(TFile, 'Q3Data.txt');
 Reset (TFile);
 bFound := False;
 While NOT EOF(TFile) AND NOT bFound do
  begin
```

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```
Readln(TFile, sLine);
     p1 := pos(sStartTown, sLine);
     p2 := pos(sDestTown, sLine);
     if (p1 > 0) AND (p2 > 0) AND (p1 <> p2) then
      begin
        bFound := True;
        sDistance := IntToStr(extractDistance(sLine));
        if pos('*Yes', sLine) > 0 then
           sPass := 'The route includes a mountain pass.'
        else
           sPass := 'The route does not include a mountain pass.';
     redQ3.Lines.Add('The distance from ' + sStartTown + ' to ' +
            sDestTown + ' is ' + sDistance + ' km. ' + #13+sPass);
      end; //if
   end; //while
   if NOT bFound then
   begin
     redQ3.Lines.Clear;
     redQ3.Lines.Add('No possible route provided between ' + sStartTown +
                        ' and ' + sDestTown + '.');
  CloseFile (TFile);
//Question 3.2
procedure TfrmQuestionThree.btnAllRoutesClick(Sender: TObject);
var
  arrDestinations : Array[1..50] of String;
  arrDistance : Array[1..50] of Integer;
  iCount, A, B, iTemp, iPos : Integer;
                : TextFile;
  TFile
  sStartTown, sDestinationTown, sDistance,
  sLine, sTemp : String;
begin
  sStartTown := cboStartTown.Items[cboStartTown.ItemIndex];
  redQ3.Lines.Clear;
 redQ3.Paragraph.TabCount := 1;
  redQ3.Paragraph.Tab[0] := 150;
 redQ3.Lines.Add('Towns that can be directly reached from ' + sStartTown);
//Determine ALL destinations
 AssignFile(TFile, 'Q3Data.txt');
  Reset (TFile);
  iCount := 0;
 While NOT EOF(TFile) AND (iCount < 50) do
     Readln(TFile, sLine);
     iPos:= pos(sStartTown, sLine);
     if iPos > 0 then
      begin
        inc(iCount, 1);
        Delete(sLine, iPos, length(sStartTown));
        Delete(sLine, pos(';',sline),1);
        arrDestinations[iCount] := Copy(sLine, 1, pos('#', sLine)-1);
        arrDistance[iCount] := extractDistance(sLine);
      end; //if
  end; //while
  CloseFile(TFile);
```

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```
//Sort towns according to distance
  for A := iCount downto 2 do
    for B := 1 to (A-1) do
      if arrDistance[B] > arrDistance[B+1] then
      begin
         iTemp
                           := arrDistance[B];
         arrDistance[B] := arrDistance[B+1];
         arrDistance[B+1] := iTemp;
                              := arrDestinations[B];
         arrDestinations[B] := arrDestinations[B+1];
         arrDestinations[B+1] := sTemp;
       end; //sort
  //Display the list of towns
  for A := 1 to iCount do
   redQ3.Lines.Add(arrDestinations[A] + #9 + IntToStr(arrDistance[A]) + '
            km');
end;
function TfrmQuestionThree.extractDistance(line: string): integer;
  iPosHash1, iPosStar: Integer;
begin
     iPosHash1 := pos('#', line);
iPosStar := pos('*', line);
     result := StrToInt(copy(line, iPosHash1+1, iPosStar - iPosHash1-1));
end;
end.
```