

ME581 Homework 2
Due: 11:59pm, 09/22/2021

Instructions:

- The following problems are to be documented, solved, and presented in Jupyter notebooks.
- Save the notebooks as PDFs, then upload and submit the PDFs in Gradescope.
- Write your own codes for GE method

Problem 1

A system of equations is represented by the following augmented matrix

$$\left[\begin{array}{ccccc|c} -9 & 11 & -21 & 63 & -252 & -356 \\ -505 & 506 & -1008 & 3031 & -12117 & -17167 \\ -575 & 576 & -1149 & 3451 & -13801 & -19552 \\ 3891 & -3891 & 7782 & -23345 & 93365 & 132274 \\ 1024 & -1024 & 2049 & -6144 & 24572 & 34813 \end{array} \right]$$

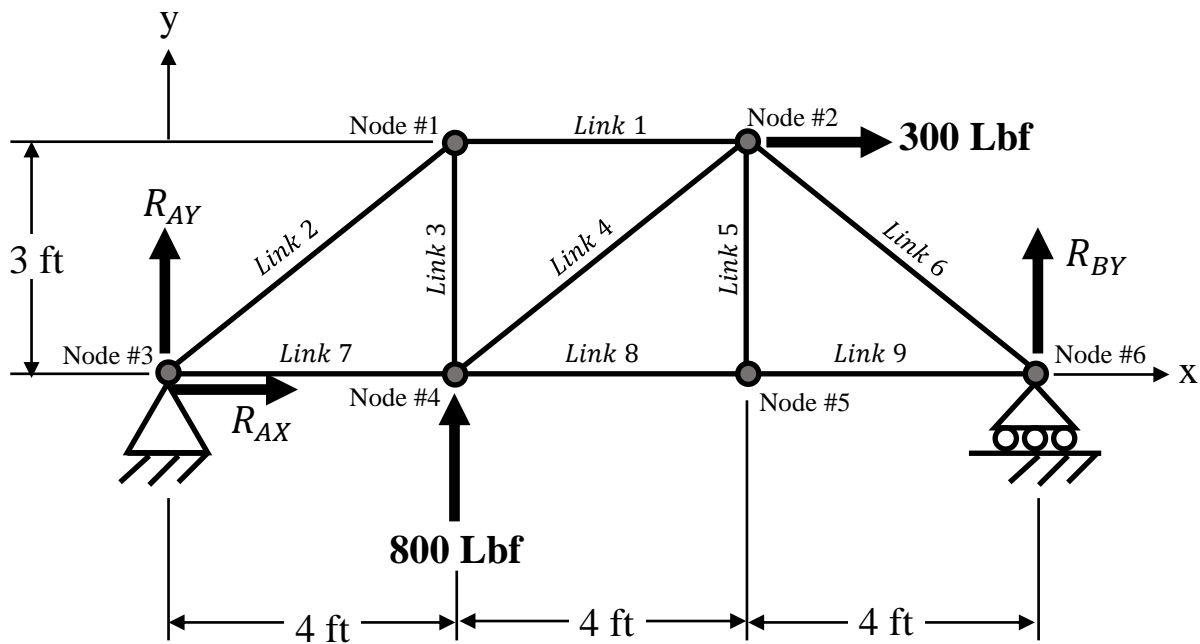
For this system of equations,

- Solve the system using Gaussian Elimination with *No* Pivoting,
- Solve the system using Gaussian Elimination with Scaled Partial Pivoting.
- Compare the solutions obtained in (a) and (b), and discuss.

Report a table with results to 15 significant figures. The exact solution is $[1 \quad -1 \quad 1 \quad -1 \quad 1]^T$.

Problem 2

A plane truss is shown:



Equilibrium requires that the x- and y-components of the forces at the nodes sum to zero. Sum these forces to develop a system of equations $AF = b$, where F is the member- and reaction-force vector defined as

$$\mathbf{F} = [F_1 \ F_2 \ F_3 \ F_4 \ F_5 \ F_6 \ F_7 \ F_8 \ F_9 \ R_{AX} \ R_{AY} \ R_{BY}]^T.$$

where F_1 - F_8 are the internal forces in links 1-8 respectively and where R_{AX} , R_{AY} , and R_{BY} are the reaction forces applied by the supports as shown in the figure.

- Print the resulting matrix A to at least two significant figures.
- Print the resulting right-hand vector \mathbf{b} to at least two significant figures.
- Use Gaussian Elimination with Scaled Partial Pivoting to determine the member and reaction forces \mathbf{F} when the truss is subjected to loading on Node 2 and Node 4 as shown in the figure.

Problem 3

Use Gaussian Elimination with Scaled Partial Pivoting in double precision to solve the following 10×10 system of equations

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & -1 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 7 & -1 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 7 & -1 & \cdots & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & -1 & 7 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & -1 & 7 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 & 0 & -1 & 7 \end{bmatrix}; \quad \mathbf{b} = \begin{Bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{Bmatrix}; \quad \mathbf{x} = \begin{Bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ \vdots \\ x_9 \\ x_{10} \end{Bmatrix}$$

Problem 4

A linear system of equations $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$ is given by

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 10 & 16 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

The exact solution \mathbf{x} and an approximate solution $\tilde{\mathbf{x}}$ are given by

$$\mathbf{x} = [5 \quad -3]^T$$

$$\tilde{\mathbf{x}} = [4 \quad -2]^T$$

- Compute the matrix inverse A^{-1} by any means.
- Compute the error $\mathbf{e} = \tilde{\mathbf{x}} - \mathbf{x}$.
- Compute the residual $\mathbf{r} = A\tilde{\mathbf{x}} - \mathbf{b}$.
- Using the L_∞ norm, compute the relative error $\|\mathbf{e}\|_\infty / \|\mathbf{x}\|_\infty$.
- Using the L_∞ norm, compute the condition number $\kappa_\infty(A) = \|A\|_\infty \|A^{-1}\|_\infty$.
- Using the L_∞ norm, compute the relative residual $\|\mathbf{r}\|_\infty / \|\mathbf{b}\|_\infty$.
- Compute the multiplicative product of the condition number and the relative residual.
- Does the relative error (calculated above) exceed the error bound given by the product of the condition number and relative residual (calculated above)?

Problem 5

Let

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 52 & 10 \\ 70 & 15 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- Find the inverse A^{-1} by any means, then calculate the condition number $\kappa_\infty(A) = \|A\|_\infty \|A^{-1}\|_\infty$.

(b) Let $\mathbf{b} = [4 \ 20]^T$. Solve the system $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$.

(c) Let the perturbation $\delta\mathbf{b} = [0.01 \ -0.01]^T$. Solve the perturbed system $A\tilde{\mathbf{x}} = (\mathbf{b} + \delta\mathbf{b})$.

(d) Compare the actual value of the relative change in the solution, $\|\delta\mathbf{x}\|_\infty/\|\mathbf{x}\|_\infty$, with its theoretical upper bound as predicted by the equation

$$\frac{\|\delta\mathbf{x}\|_\infty}{\|\mathbf{x}\|_\infty} \leq \frac{\kappa_\infty(A)}{1 - \kappa_\infty(A)(\|\delta A\|_\infty/\|A\|_\infty)} \left(\frac{\|\delta\mathbf{b}\|_\infty}{\|\mathbf{b}\|_\infty} + \frac{\|\delta A\|_\infty}{\|A\|_\infty} \right)$$

The matrix A is not perturbed here, meaning that $\delta A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$.

Problem 6

Let

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 4.5 \\ 6.6 & 1.1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } \mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 2.23 \\ 60.1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(a) Find the inverse A^{-1} by any means, then calculate the condition number $\kappa_\infty(A) = \|A\|_\infty \|A^{-1}\|_\infty$.

(b) Solve the system $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$.

(c) Let

$$\delta A = \begin{bmatrix} -0.011 & 0 \\ 0 & 0.018 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } \delta\mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.025 \\ -0.015 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Solve the perturbed system $(A + \delta A)\tilde{\mathbf{x}} = (\mathbf{b} + \delta\mathbf{b})$.

(d) Compare the actual value of the relative change in the solution, $\|\delta\mathbf{x}\|_\infty/\|\mathbf{x}\|_\infty$, with its theoretical upper bound as defined above.