

#### Data Analysis

The project aims at analyzing the historical loan dataset and extract actionable insights

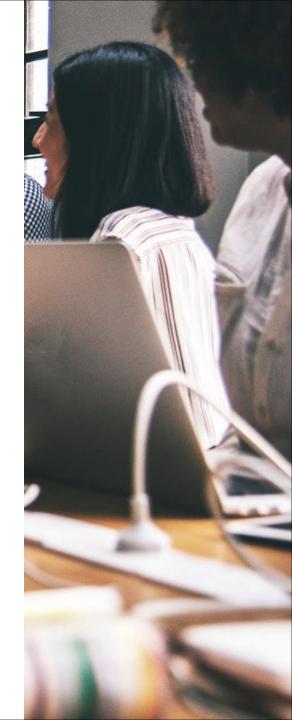
Dataset consists of all loan applications and its servicing related information from a leading lending company.

Total applications

35,365 (after cleaning)

Issue years

2007 to 2011



## Steps

Univariate Analysis

Bivariate - Busines Case

Distribution

Box plots

Histograms

Pivote table

Distribution of charge off

proportion

Step1

Step2

Step3

Step4

Step5

**Data Cleaning** 

**Bivariate Analysis** 

Conclusion

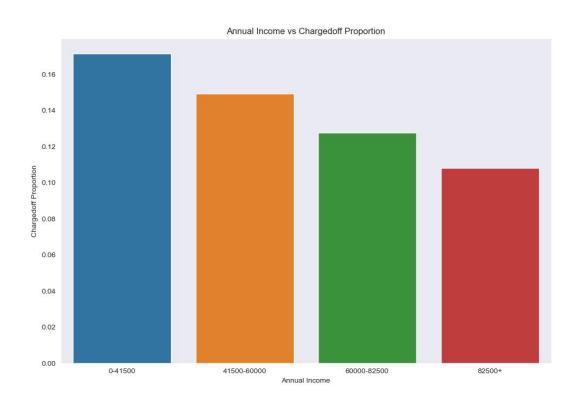
Null value treatment

Data type conversion

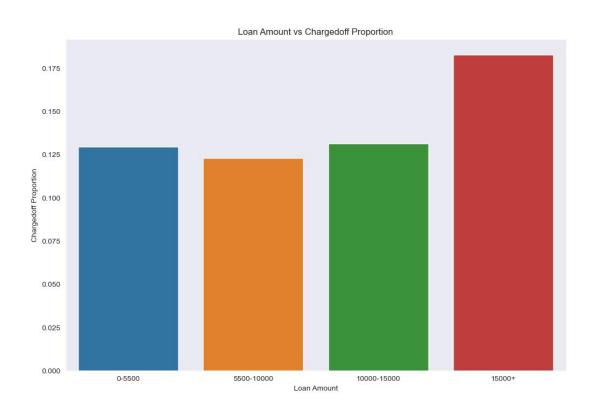
Remove unwanted characters

Outlier treatment

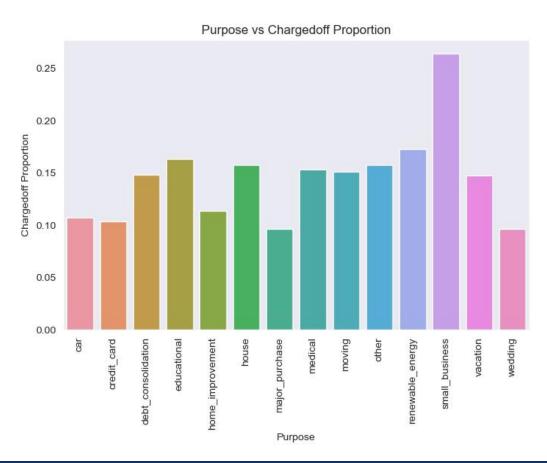
Distributions with respect to loan status



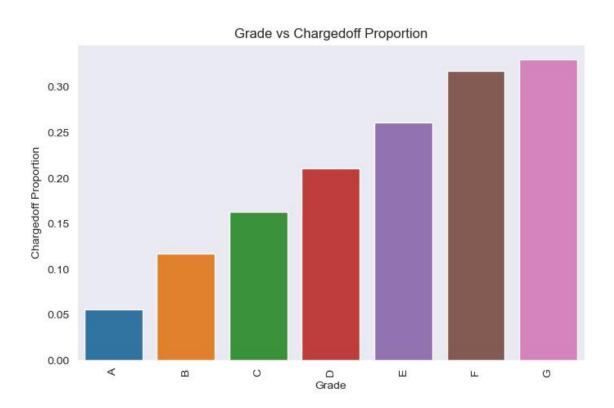
- As the annual income increases the charged off proportion decreases.
- Income range 82500+ has less chances of charged off.
- Income range 0-41500 has high chances of charged off.



• For higher loan amount i.e. 15000+ there are high chances of charge off.

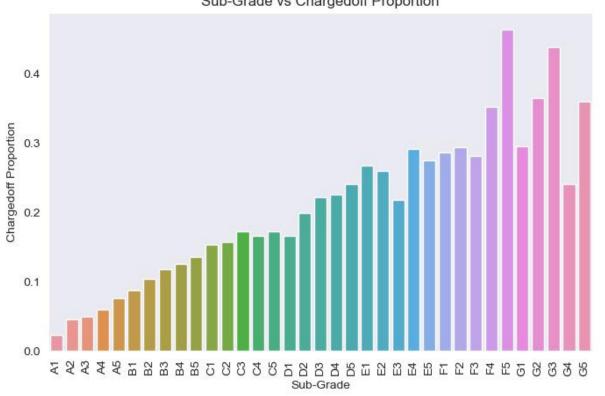


- Small Business loans have high chances of getting charged off.
- On the other hand, wedding and major purchases loans have low charge off rate.

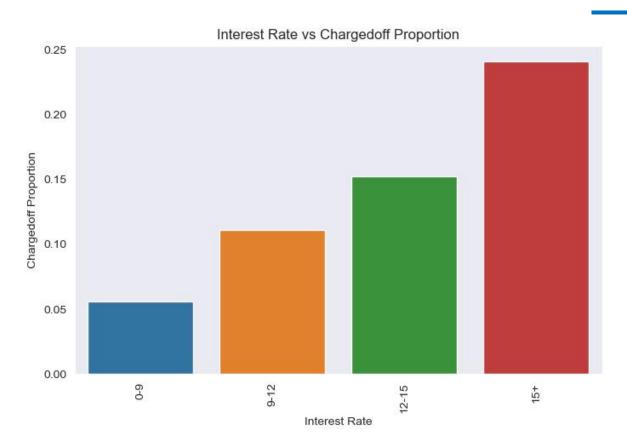


- Chances of charged off increases from "A" towards "G"
- Grade "A" has very less chances of charged off.
- Grade "F" and "G" have very high chances of charged off.

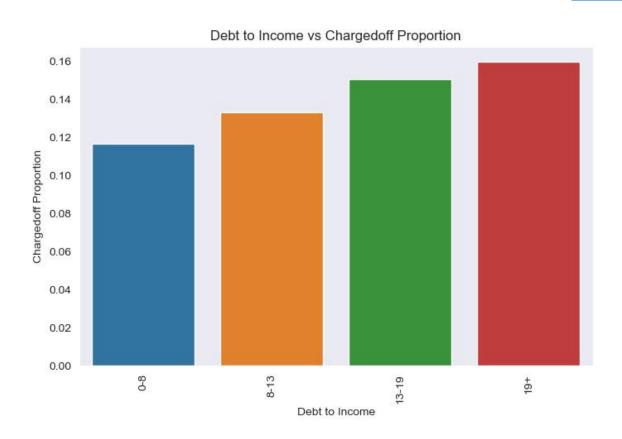




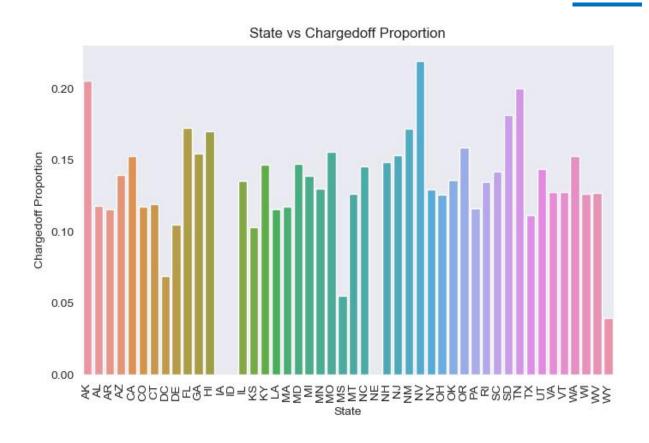
- Chances of charged off increases from sub grades "A" towards sub grades of "G"
- sub Grades of "A" has very less chances of charged off.
- sub Grades of "F" and "G" have very high chances of charged off.



- Charge off increases with increase in interest rate. Higher interest rate loans are more likely to charging off.
- interest rate less than 9% has very less chances of charged off.
- interest rate more than 15% has more chances of charged off.



- Charge off increases with increase in debt to income ratio. Higher dti customers are more likely to charging off.
- debt to interest ratio less than 8% has very less chances of charged off.
- debt to interest ratio more than 19% has more chances of charged off.



 States NV, AK and TN has very high chances of charged off.

# Conclusion

	Pass	Low Risk	High Risk
Annual Income	> \$60,000	\$41,500 - \$60,000	< \$41,500
Loan Amount	< 15,000	-	> \$15,000
Purpose	Others	-	Small Businesses
Grade	A - D	E	F,G
Interest Rate	< 12%	12% - 15%	> 15%
Debt to income	< 13%	13% to 19%	> 19%

