✓ **Congratulations! You passed!** Next Item

1. In this quiz you will put into practice how to calculate the Jacobian from the lecture video.

1 / 1 point

For $f(x, y) = x^2 y + \frac{3}{4}xy + 10$, calculate the Jacobian row vector J.

- ⦿ $J = [2xy + \frac{3}{4}y, x^2 + \frac{3}{4}x]$

  Correct
  Well done!

- ○ $J = [2xy + \frac{3}{4}y + 10, x^2 + \frac{3}{4}x + 10]$

- ○ $J = [xy + \frac{3}{4}y + 10, x^2 + \frac{3}{4}xy + 10]$

- ○ $J = [xy + \frac{3}{4}y, x^2 + \frac{3}{4}xy]$

2. For $f(x, y) = e^x cos(y) + xe^{3y} - 2$, calculate the Jacobian row vector J.

1 / 1 point

- ⦿ $J = [e^x cos(y) + e^{3y}, -e^x sin(y) + 3xe^{3y}]$

  Correct
  Well done!

- ○ $J = [e^x cos(y) + e^{3y} - 2, e^x sin(y) + xe^{3y} - 2]$

- ○ $J = [e^x cos(y) + e^{3y}, e^x sin(y) + xe^{3y}]$

- ○ $J = [e^x cos(y) + e^{3y} - 2, -e^x sin(y) + 3xe^{3y} - 2]$

3. For $f(x, y, z) = e^x cos(y) + x^2 y^2 z^2$, calculate the Jacobian row vector J.

1 / 1 point

- ○ $J = [e^x cos(y) + xy^2 z^2, -e^x sin(y) + x^2 yz^2, x^2 y^2 z]$

- ⦿ $J = [e^x cos(y) + 2xy^2 z^2, -e^x sin(y) + 2x^2 yz^2, 2x^2 y^2 z]$

  Correct
  Well done!

- ○ $J = [e^x cos(y) + 2xy^2 z^2, e^x sin(y) + 2x^2 yz^2, 2x^2 y^2 z^2]$

- ○ $J = [e^x sin(y) + 2xy^2 z^2, -e^y sin(x) + 2x^2 yz^2, 2x^2 y^2 z^2]$

4. For $f(x, y, z) = x^2 + 3e^y e^z + cos(x)sin(z)$, calculate the the Jacobian row vector and evaluate at the point $(0, 0, 0)$.

1 / 1 point

- ⦿ $J(0, 0, 0) = [0, 3, 4]$

  Correct
  Well done!

- ○ $J(0, 0, 0) = [0, 2, 3]$

- ○ $J(0, 0, 0) = [2, 3, 0]$

- ○ $J(0, 0, 0) = [3, 0, 2]$

5. For $f(x, y, z) = xe^y cos(z) + 5x^2 sin(y)e^z$, calculate the the Jacobian row vector and evaluate at the point $(0, 0, 0)$.

1 / 1 point

- ○ $J(0, 0, 0) = [0, 0, 1]$

- ○ $J(0, 0, 0) = [1, 0, -1]$

- ○ $J(0, 0, 0) = [-1, 0, 1]$

- ⦿ $J(0, 0, 0) = [1, 0, 0]$

  Correct
  Well done!