## ECE451 Homework #8

4.9 (Multiplexer Logic) Implement the function:

$$F(A,B,C,D,E) = A + \bar{C}D + B\bar{D} + \bar{B}D + \bar{B}CE$$

using a multiplexer and no other logic. The constants logic 1, logic 0, and the variable (but not their complements) are available. Try to use the smallest possible multiplexer.

- 4.11 (Multiplexer Logic) Implement the 2-bit adder function (i.e., 2-bit binary number AB plus 2-bit binary number CD yields 3-bit result XYZ) using three 8:1 multiplexers. Show your truth table and how you derived the inputs to the multiplexers.
- 4.18 (Regular Logic Implementation Methods) Given the following function in sum of products form (not necessarily minimized):

$$F(A,B,C,D) = A\overline{B}C + AD + AC$$

Implement the function F using

- a. An 8:1 multiplexer
- b. A 4:16 decoder with a 16-input OR gate
- c. A 16-word ROM
- d. A PLA-like structure using the notation of Section 4.2
- e. A 4-input look-up table
- f. A multiplexer-based logic module, such as that of Figure 4.41