

Status	Finished
Started	Wednesday, 10 December 2025, 8:35 AM
Completed	Wednesday, 10 December 2025, 9:41 AM
Duration	1 hour 5 mins

Question **1**

Correct

Given a string, **s**, consisting of alphabets and digits, find the frequency of each digit in the given string.

Input Format

The first line contains a string, **num** which is the given number.

Constraints

$$1 \leq \text{len}(\text{num}) \leq 1000$$

All the elements of num are made of English alphabets and digits.

Output Format

Print ten space-separated integers in a single line denoting the frequency of each digit from **0** to **9**.

Sample Input 0

a11472o5t6

Sample Output 0

0 2 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0

Explanation 0

In the given string:

- **1** occurs two times.
- **2, 4, 5, 6** and **7** occur one time each.

The remaining digits **0, 3, 8** and **9** don't occur at all.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1  #include<stdio.h>
2  #include<string.h>
3
4  int main() {
5      char s[1001];
6      int freq[10]= {0};
7
8      scanf("%s",s);
9
10     for(int i=0;s[i]!='\0';i++){
11         if(s[i]>='0' && s[i]<='9'){
12             freq[s[i]-'0']++;
13         }
14     }
15
16     for(int i=0;i<10;i++){
17         printf("%d",freq[i]);
18         if(i<9) printf(" ");
19     }
20     return 0;
21 }
```

⌂

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	a11472o5t6	0 2 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0	0 2 1 0 1 1 1 1 0 0	✓
✓	lw4n88j12n1	0 2 1 0 1 0 0 0 2 0	0 2 1 0 1 0 0 0 2 0	✓
✓	1v888861256338ar0ekk	1 1 1 2 0 1 2 0 5 0	1 1 1 2 0 1 2 0 5 0	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Question **2**

Correct

Given a sentence, s , print each word of the sentence in a new line.

Input Format

The first and only line contains a sentence, s .

Constraints

$$1 \leq \text{len}(s) \leq 1000$$

Output Format

Print each word of the sentence in a new line.

Sample Input 0

This is C

Sample Output 0

This

is

C

Explanation 0

In the given string, there are three words ["This", "is", "C"]. We have to print each of these words in a new line.

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1  #include<stdio.h>
2  int main()
3  {
4      char s[1001];
5
6      fgets(s, sizeof(s), stdin);
7
8      for(int i=0;s[i]!='\0';i++){
9          if(s[i]==' '){
10             printf("\n");
11         }else {
12             printf("%c",s[i]);
13         }
14     }
15
16 }
17
```



	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	This is C	This is C	This is C	✓
✓	Learning C is fun	Learning C is fun	Learning C is fun	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Question **3**

Correct

Input Format

You are given two strings, ***a*** and ***b***, separated by a new line. Each string will consist of lower case Latin characters ('a'-'z').

Output Format

In the first line print two space-separated integers, representing the length of ***a*** and ***b*** respectively.

In the second line print the string produced by concatenating ***a*** and ***b*** (***a + b***).

In the third line print two strings separated by a space, ***a'*** and ***b'***. ***a'*** and ***b'*** are the same as ***a*** and ***b***, respectively, except that their first characters are swapped.

Sample Input

```
abcd
ef
```

Sample Output

```
4 2
abcdef
ebcd af
```

Explanation

`a = "abcd"`

`b = "ef"`

`|a| = 4`

|b| = 2

a + b = "abcdef"

a' = "ebcd"

b' = "af"

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1  #include<stdio.h>
2  int main()
3  {
4      char str1[10],str2[10],t;
5      int i=0,j=0;
6      int count1=0,count2=0;
7      scanf("%s",str1);
8      scanf("%s",str2);
9      while(str1[i]!='\0')
10     {
11         count1++;
12         i++;
13     }
14     while(str2[j]!='\0')
15     {
16         count2++;
17         j++;
18     }
19     printf("%d %d\n",count1,count2);
20     printf("%s%s\n",str1,str2);
21     t=str1[0];
22     str1[0]=str2[0];
23     str2[0]=t;
24     printf("%s %s",str1,str2);
25     return 0;
26 }
```



	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	abcd ef	4 2 abcdef ebcd af	4 2 abcdef ebcd af	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

