

RESULT LINKERS

► Practice 4. Cause and effect: using *therefore*, *consequently*, and *so*. (Chart 19-2)

Punctuate the sentences in Column B. Add capital letters if necessary.

Column A	Column B
1. <i>adverb clause</i> :	Because she had a headache she took some aspirin.
2. <i>adverb clause</i> :	She took some aspirin because she had a headache.
3. <i>prepositional phrase</i> :	Because of her headache she took some aspirin.
4. <i>prepositional phrase</i> :	She took some aspirin because of her headache.
5. <i>transition</i> :	She had a headache therefore she took some aspirin.
6. <i>transition</i> :	She had a headache she therefore took some aspirin.
7. <i>transition</i> :	She had a headache she took some aspirin therefore.
8. <i>conjunction</i> :	She had a headache so she took some aspirin.

► Practice 5. Cause and effect: using *therefore*, *consequently*, and *so*. (Chart 19-2)

Each sentence in *italics* is followed by sentences that refer to it. Circle the letter of the word that logically completes each sentence. Notice the punctuation and capitalization.

SENTENCE 1. *Water boils when its temperature reaches 212 degrees Fahrenheit* (100 degrees Celsius).

- The water in the pot had reached 212 degrees Fahrenheit. ____, it started to boil.
a. Therefore b. So c. Because
- The water in the pot started to boil ____ it had reached 212 degrees Fahrenheit.
a. so b. because c. therefore

3. The water in the pot had reached 212 degrees Fahrenheit, ____ it started to boil.
 a. because b. therefore c. so

SENTENCE 2. *The main highway is closed.*

1. The main highway is closed. ____ , we are going to take another road.
 a. Therefore b. Because c. so
2. We are going to take another road ____ the main highway is closed.
 a. so b. because c. therefore
3. The main highway is closed. We are going to take another road, ____.
 a. therefore b. Therefore c. so
4. The main highway is closed, ____ we are going to take another road.
 a. So b. so c. therefore

► **Practice 6. Cause and effect: using *therefore*, *consequently*, and *so*.**

(Chart 19-2)

Combine the two sentences in *italics* in four different ways. Notice the punctuation and capitalization.

1. *The store didn't have orange juice. I bought lemonade instead.*
 a. ____ *I bought lemonade* ____ because the store ____ *didn't have any orange juice* ____.
 b. Because _____, _____.
 c. _____. Therefore, _____.
 d. _____, so _____.
2. *Mel has excellent grades. He will go to a top university.*
 a. _____. Therefore, _____.
 b. _____. He, therefore, _____.
 c. _____. _____, therefore.
 d. _____, so _____.
3. *There had been no rain for several months. The crops died.*
 a. Because _____, _____.
 b. _____. Consequently, _____.
 c. _____. _____, therefore, _____.
 d. _____, so _____.

► **Practice 7. Showing cause and effect.** (Charts 17-3, 19-1, and 19-2)

Part I. Complete the sentences with *because of*, *because*, or *therefore*. Add any necessary punctuation and capitalization.

1. Because it rained, we stayed home.
2. It rained. Therefore, we stayed home.
3. We stayed home because of the bad weather.
4. The weather was bad. _____ we stayed home.
5. The typhoon was moving directly toward a small coastal town. _____ all residents were advised to move inland until it passed.
6. The residents moved inland _____ the typhoon.
7. _____ the typhoon was moving directly toward the town all residents were advised to move inland.
8. Giraffes, which are found in the African plains, are the tallest of all animals. Although their bodies are not extremely large, they have very long necks. _____ their long necks, they are tall enough to eat the leaves from the tops of the trees.

Part II. Complete the sentence with *due to*, *since*, or *consequently*. Add any necessary punctuation and capitalization.

9. _____ his poor eyesight John has to sit in the front row in class.
10. _____ John has poor eyesight he has to sit in the front row.
11. John has poor eyesight _____ he has to sit in the front row.
12. Sarah is afraid of heights _____ she will not walk across a bridge.
13. Sarah will not walk across a bridge _____ her fear of heights.
14. Mark is overweight _____ his doctor has advised him to exercise regularly.
15. _____ a diamond is extremely hard, it can be used to cut glass.

► **Practice 8. Periods and commas.** (Chart 19-3)

Punctuate the sentences properly, using periods and commas. Add capital letters if necessary.

1. Edward missed the final exam. ^Ttherefore, he failed the course.
2. Edward failed the course because he missed the final exam. (*no change*)
3. Edward missed the final exam. ^Hhe simply forgot to go to it.
4. Because we forgot to make a reservation we couldn't get a table at our favorite restaurant last night.
5. The waitress kept dropping trays full of dishes therefore she was fired.
6. The waiter kept forgetting customers' orders so he was fired.
7. Ron is an unpleasant dinner companion because of his terrible table manners.
8. The needle has been around since prehistoric times the button was invented about 2,000 years ago the zipper wasn't invented until 1890.

9. It is possible for wildlife observers to identify individual zebras because the patterns of stripes on each zebra are unique no two zebras are alike.
10. When students in the United States are learning to type, they often practice this sentence:
The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog because it contains all the letters of the English alphabet.

► **Practice 9. Summary of patterns and punctuation.** (Chart 19-3)

Combine the two sentences in *italics*. Use the words in parentheses in the new sentences.

SENTENCE 1. *Kim ate some bad food. She got sick.*

- a. (*because*) _____
- b. (*because of*) _____
- c. (*so*) _____
- d. (*due to*) _____

SENTENCE 2. *Adam was exhausted. He had driven for thirteen hours.*

- a. (*therefore*) _____
- b. (*since*) _____
- c. (*due to the fact that*) _____
- d. (*so*) _____

► **Practice 10. *Such ... that* and *so ... that*.** (Chart 19-4)

Write ***such*** or ***so*** to complete the sentences.

1. It was such a hot day that we canceled our tennis game.
2. The test was so easy that everyone got a high score.
3. The movie was _____ bad that we left early.
4. It was _____ a bad movie that we left early.
5. Professor James is _____ a demanding teacher that many students refuse to take his class.
6. The restaurant patron at the table near us was _____ angry that we became very frightened and left our meals unfinished.
7. The intricate metal lacework on the Eiffel Tower in Paris was _____ complicated that the structure took more than two and a half years to complete.
8. Charles and his brother are _____ hard-working carpenters that I'm sure they'll make a success of their new business.
9. The children had _____ much fun at the carnival that they begged to go again.
10. I feel like I have _____ little energy that I wonder if I'm getting sick.

► **Practice 11. *Such . . . that* and *so . . . that*.** (Chart 19-4)

Combine the two sentences. Use *so . . . that* or *such . . . that*.

1. We took a walk. It was a nice day.

It was such a nice day that we took a walk.

2. The weather was hot. You could fry an egg on the sidewalk.

The weather _____.

3. I couldn't understand her. She talked too fast.

She talked _____.

4. It was an expensive car. We couldn't afford to buy it.

It was _____.

5. There were few people at the meeting. It was canceled.

There were _____.

6. Ted couldn't fall asleep last night. He was worried about the exam.

Ted was _____.

7. The tornado struck with great force. It lifted automobiles off the ground.

The tornado _____.

8. I can't figure out what this sentence says. Joe's handwriting is illegible.

Joe's handwriting _____.

9. David has too many girlfriends. He can't remember all of their names.

David has _____.

10. Too many people came to the meeting. There were not enough seats for everyone.

There were _____.

PRACTICE 4, p. 188

1. ... headache,
2. No change
3. ... headache,
4. No change
5. ... headache. T
6. ... headache. She, therefore, ...
7. ... headache. She ... , therefore.
8. ... headache, ...

PRACTICE 5, p. 188

Sentence 1.

1. a
2. b
3. c

Sentence 2.

1. a
2. b
3. a
4. b

PRACTICE 6, p. 189

1. a. I bought lemonade ... didn't have any orange juice
b. the store didn't have any orange juice, I bought lemonade
c. The store didn't have any orange juice. ... I bought lemonade.
d. The store didn't have any orange juice. ... I bought lemonade.
2. a. Mel has excellent grades. Therefore, he will go to a top university.
b. Mel has excellent grades. He, therefore, will go to a top university.
c. Mel has excellent grades. He will go to a top university, therefore.
d. Mel has excellent grades, so he will go to a top university.
3. a. there had been no rain for several months, the crops died.
b. There had been no rain for several months. ... the crops died.
c. There had been no rain for several months. The crops, therefore, died.
d. There had been no rain for several months, so the crops died.

PRACTICE 7, p. 190

Part I.

1. Because
2. Therefore,
3. because of
4. Therefore,
5. Therefore,
6. because of
7. Because ... town,
8. Because of

Part II.

9. Due to
10. Since ... eyesight,
11. . Consequently,
12. ... heights. Consequently,
13. due to
14. . Consequently,
15. Since

PRACTICE 8, p. 190

1. ... Therefore, ...
2. No change.
3. ... He simply ...
4. ... reservation,
5. . Therefore, ...
6. ... orders, ...
7. No change.
8. The button ... years ago. The zipper ...
9. ... unique. No two zebras ...
10. No change.

PRACTICE 9, p. 191

Sentence 1.

- a. Because she ate some bad food, Kim got sick.
- b. Because of some bad food, Kim got sick.
- c. Kim ate some bad food, so she got sick.
- d. Due to some bad food, Kim got sick.

Sentence 2.

- a. Adam had driven for thirteen hours. Therefore, he was exhausted.
- b. Since Adam had driven for thirteen hours, he was exhausted.
- c. Due to the fact that Adam had driven for thirteen hours, he was exhausted.
- d. Adam had driven for thirteen hours, so he was exhausted.

PRACTICE 10, p. 191

- | | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|--------|
| 1. such | 4. such | 7. so | 10. so |
| 2. so | 5. such | 8. such | |
| 3. so | 6. so | 9. so | |

PRACTICE 11, p. 192

1. It was such a nice day that we took a walk.
2. The weather was so hot that you could fry an egg on the sidewalk.
3. She talked so fast that I couldn't understand her.
4. It was such an expensive car that we couldn't afford it.
5. There were so few people at the meeting that it was canceled.
6. Ted was so worried about the exam that he couldn't fall asleep last night.
7. The tornado struck with such great force that it lifted automobiles off the ground.
8. Joe's handwriting is so illegible that I can't figure out what this sentence says.
9. David has so many girlfriends that he can't remember all of their names.
10. There were so many people at the meeting that there were not enough seats for everyone.