

UNIVERSITY OF PETROLEUM & ENERGY STUDIES, DEHRADUN

Program:	IOT, Block chain, OGI, OSS, CSF, Big	Semester	I
B.Tech	Data, AI+ML, Devops		
Course	PHYSICS-I	Course Code	PHYS1008
Session	July - Dec , 2019	Topic	LASERS,
			Holography &
			Fiber Optics

- 1. What is the principle of LASER?
- 2. Explain the terms absorption, spontaneous emission and stimulated emission of radiation. Obtain a relation between transition probabilities of spontaneous and stimulated emission.
- 3. Explain the term population inversion in connection with the laser. How is it achieved in practice?
- 4. Discuss the essential requirements for producing laser beam.
- 5. What are the characteristics of a laser beam? Discuss its important applications.
- 6. Describe the energy level diagram of a He-Ne LASER. How is it superior to the Ruby LASER?
- 7. The ruby laser has two states at 27 and 227°C. If it emits radiation of wavelength 7000Å then calculate the relative population.
- 8. Distinguish between photography and holography.
- 9. Discuss various kinds of losses that an optical signal suffer while propagating through fiber. Which is most important one?
- 10. Calculate the refractive indices of core and cladding materials of an optical fiber if its numerical aperture is 0.22 and relative refractive index difference is 0.012.
- 11. Derive the expression for Numerical Aperture (NA) of an optical fibre. Also state the physical significance of the NA.