

Module 07

Partha Pratin Das

Objectives & Outlines

Reference variable

Call-by-

Swap in C Swap in C++ const Reference

Return-by-

I/O of a

References vs Pointers

Summar

Module 07: Programming in C++

Reference & Pointer

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Module Objectives

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Objectives & Outlines

Referenc variable

Call-by-

Swap in C Swap in C++ const Reference

Return-by

I/O of a Function

References v Pointers

- Understand References in C++
- Compare and contrast References and Pointers



Module Outline

Module 07

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Objectives & Outlines

Referenc variable

Call-byreferenc

Swap in C Swap in C++ const Reference Parameter

Return-byreference

I/O of a Function

References vs Pointers

- Reference variable or Alias
 - Basic Notion
 - Call-by-reference in C++
- Example: Swapping two number in C
 - Using Call-by-value
 - Using Call-by-address
- Call-by-reference in C++ in contrast to Call-by-value in C
- Use of const in Alias / Reference
- Return-by-reference in C++ in contrast to Return-by-value in C
- Differences between References and Pointers



Module 07: Lecture 10

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Reference

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Objectives of Outlines

Reference variable

Call-byreference

> Swap in C Swap in C++ const Reference

Return-byreference

I/O of a Function

References v Pointers

Summar

A reference is an alias / synonym for an existing variable

```
int i = 15; // i is a variable
int &j = i; // j is a reference to i
```

 $i \leftarrow variable$

15 ← memory content

 $200 \leftarrow address$

j ← alias or reference



Program 07.01: Behavior of Reference

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Objectives &

Reference variable

Call-byreference

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I/O of a Function

References vs Pointers

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    int a = 10. &b = a: // b is reference of a
    // a and b have the same memory
    cout << "a = " << a << ", b = " << b << endl:
    cout << "&a = " << &a << ", &b = " << &b << endl;
    ++a: // Changing a appears as change in b
    cout << "a = " << a << ". b = " << b << endl:
    ++b; // Changing b also changes a
    cout << "a = " << a << ", b = " << b << endl;
    return 0:
a = 10, b = 10
&a = 002BF944, &b = 002BF944
a = 11, b = 11
a = 12, b = 12
```

- \bullet a and b have the same memory location and hence the same value
- Changing one changes the other and vice-versa



Pitfalls in Reference

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References v Pointers

Wrong declaration	Reason	Correct declaration	
int& i;	no variable to refer to – must be initialized	int& i = j;	
int& j = 5;	no address to refer to as 5 is a constant	<pre>const int& j = 5;</pre>	
int& i = j + k;	only temporary address (result of $j + k$) to refer to	<pre>const int& i = j + k;</pre>	



C++ Program 07.02: Call-by-reference

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Objectives & Outlines

Reference variable

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> Swap in C Swap in C++ const Referenc Parameter

Return-byreference

I/O of a Function

References vs Pointers

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
void Function_under_param_test(// Function prototype
    int &b, // Reference parameter
    int c): // Value parameter
int main() {
   int a = 20:
    cout << "a = " << a << ". &a = " << &a << endl << endl:
    Function_under_param_test(a, a); // Function call
    return 0:
}
void Function under param test(int &b. int c) { // Function definition
    cout << "b = " << b << ". &b = " << &b << endl << endl:
    cout << "c = " << c << ". &c = " << &c << endl << endl:
----- Output -----
a = 20, &a = 0023FA30
b = 20, \&b = 0023FA30
c = 20, &c = 0023F95C
```

- Param b is call-by-reference while param c is call-by-value
 Actual param a and formal param b get the same value in called function
- Actual param a and formal param c get the same value in called function
- Actual param a and formal param b get the same value in called function
- However, actual param a and formal param c have different addresses in called function



C Program 07.03: Swap in C

Module 07

Call-bvreference

Call-by-value

Call-by-address

```
#include <stdio.h>
                                                  #include <stdio.h>
void swap(int, int); // Call-by-value
                                                  void swap(int *, int *): // Call-by-address
int main() {
                                                  int main() {
    int a = 10, b = 15;
                                                      int a=10, b=15;
    printf("a= %d & b= %d to swap\n", a, b):
                                                      printf("a= %d & b= %d to swap\n", a, b):
    swap(a, b):
                                                      swap(&a, &b);
    printf("a= %d \& b= %d on swap\n", a, b);
                                                      printf("a= %d \& b= %d on swap\n", a, b);
    return 0:
                                                      return 0:
}
void swap(int c, int d){
                                                  void swap(int *x, int *y){
    int t:
                                                      int t:
    t = c:
                                                      t = *x:
    c = d:
                                                      *x = *y;
   d = t:
                                                      *v = t:
                                                  }

 a= 10 & b= 15 to swap

 a= 10 & b= 15 to swap

• a= 10 & b= 15 on swap
                                                  • a= 15 & b= 10 on swap
```

- Passing values of a=10 & b=15 In callee: c = 10 & d = 15
- Swapping the values of c & d
- No change for the values of a & b in caller
- Swapping the value of c & d instead of a & b

- Passing Address of a & b
- In callee x = Addr(a) & y = Addr(b)
- Values at the addresses is swapped
- · Changes for the values of a & b in caller • It is correct, but C++ has a better way out



Program 07.04: Swap in C & C++

Module 07

Call-bvreference

Swap in C++

```
C Program: Call-by-value - wrong
```

C++ Program: Call-by-reference - right

```
#include <stdio.h>
                                             #include <iostream>
                                             using namespace std;
void swap(int, int); // Call-by-value
                                             void swap(int&, int&): // Call-by-reference
int main() {
                                             int main() {
    int a = 10, b = 15;
                                                  int a = 10, b = 15;
    printf("a= %d & b= %d to swap\n".a.b):
                                                  cout<<"a= "<<a<<" & b= "<<b<<"to swap"<<endl:
    swap(a, b):
                                                 swap(a, b):
    printf("a= %d & b= %d on swap\n",a,b);
                                                 cout<<"a= "<<a<<" & b= "<<b<<"on swap"<<endl;
    return 0:
                                                 return 0:
}
void swap(int c, int d) {
                                             void swap(int &x, int &y) {
    int t:
                                                  int t:
                                                  t = x :
    c = d:
                                                  x = y;
   d = t:
                                                 v = t:
• a= 10 & b= 15 to swap

    a= 10 & b= 15 to swap
```

- a= 10 & b= 15 on swap
- Passing values of a=10 & b=15 In callee: c=10 & d=15
- Swapping the values of c & d
- No change for the values of a & b
- Here c & d do not share address with a & b

- a= 15 & b= 10 on swap
- Passing values of a = 10 & b = 15
- In callee x = 10 & y = 15
- Swapping the value x & y
- Changes the values of a & b
- x & y having same address as a & b respectively



Module 07: End Of Lecture 10

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Objectives &

Referenc variable

Call-byreference

Swap in C++
const Reference

Return-by

I/O of a Function

References v Pointers

- Reference variable or Alias
 - Basic Notion
 - Call-by-reference in C++
- Example: Swapping two number in C
 - Using Call-by-value
 - Using Call-by-address
- Call-by-reference in C++ in contrast to Call-by-value in C



Module 07: Lecture 11

Module 07

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Objectives & Outlines

Reference variable

Call-byreference

> Swap in C Swap in C++ const Reference

Return-by

I/O of a Function

References vi Pointers

- Use of const in Alias / Reference
- Return-by-reference in C++ in contrast to Return-by-value in C
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Program 07.05: Reference Parameter as const

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Objectives &

Reference variable

reference
Swap in C
Swap in C++
const Reference
Parameter

Return-byreference

I/O of a Function

References vs Pointers

Summary

 A reference parameter may get changed in the called function

Use const to stop reference parameter being changed

```
const. reference - had
                                                           const reference - good
#include <iostream>
                                                 #include <iostream>
using namespace std:
                                                using namespace std:
                                                int Ref_const(const int &x) {
int Ref_const(const int &x) {
                 // Not allowed
    ++x:
    return (x):
                                                     return (x + 1):
int main() {
                                                int main() {
    int a = 10, b;
                                                     int a = 10, b;
    b = Ref const(a):
                                                     b = Ref const(a):
    cout << "a = " << a <<" and"
                                                     cout << "a = " << a << " and"
         << " b = " << b:
                                                          << " b = " << b:
    return 0:
                                                     return 0;
· Error:Increment of read only Reference 'x'
                                                a = 10 and b = 11

    Compilation Error: Value of x can't be changed

    No violation

• Implies, 'a' can't be changed through 'x'
```



Program 07.06: Return-by-reference

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Objectives & Outlines

Reference variable

reference

Swap in C Swap in C++ const Reference Parameter

Return-byreference

I/O of a Function

References vs Pointers

Summary

A function can return a value by reference

C uses Return-by-value

Return-by-reference Return-by-value #include <iostream> #include <iostream> using namespace std; using namespace std; int Function_Return_By_Val(int &x) { int& Function_Return_By_Ref(int &x) { cout <<"x = "<<x<" &x = "<<&x<<endl: cout <<"x = "<<x<<" &x = "<<&x<<endl: return (x): return (x): int main() { int main() { int a = 10int a = 10: cout <<"a = "<<a<<" ka = "<<ka<<endl: cout <<"a = "<<a<<" ka = "<<ka<<endl: const int& b = // const needed. Why? const int& b = // const optional Function Return By Val(a): Function Return By Ref(a): cout <<"b = "<<b<<" &b = "<<&b<<endl: cout <<"b = "<<b<<" &b = "<<&b<<endl: return 0: return 0: a = 10 & a = 00DCFD18a = 10 & a = 00A7F8FCx = 10 & x = 000CFD18x = 10 & x = 00A7F8FCb = 10 & b = 00DCFD00 Returned variable is temporary Returned variable is an alias of a Has a different address Has the same address



Program 07.07: Return-by-reference can get tricky

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Objectives &

Reference variable

Call-byreference

Swap in C Swap in C++ const Reference Parameter

Return-byreference

I/O of a Function

References vs Pointers

Summary

Return-by-reference

Return-by-reference - Risky!

```
#include <iostream>
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
                                              using namespace std;
int& Return ref(int &x) {
                                              int& Return ref(int &x) {
                                                  int t = x:
                                                  t.++:
    return (x):
                                                  return (t):
int main() {
                                              int main() {
    int a = 10, b:
                                                  int a = 10, b:
    b = Return ref(a):
                                                  b = Return_ref(a);
    cout << "a = " << a << " and b = "
                                                  cout << "a = " << a << " and b = "
         << b << endl:
                                                       << b << endl:
    Return_ref(a) = 3; // Changes
                                                  Return_ref(a) = 3;
                        // reference
    cout << "a = " << a:
                                                  cout << "a = " << a:
    return 0:
                                                  return 0:
a = 10 and b = 10
                                              a = 10 and b = 11
a = 3
                                              a = 10
```

This can change a local variable
 NPTEL MOOCs Programming in C++

Note how a value is assigned to function call

• We expect a to be 3, but it has not changed

It returns reference to local. This is risky



I/O of a Function

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Objectives & Outlines

Reference variable

Call-byreference

Swap in C Swap in C++ const Reference Parameter

reference

I/O of a Function

References v Pointers

Summar

• In C++ we can changes values with a function as follows:

Orifice	Purpose	Mechanism	
Value Parameter	Input	Call-by-value	
Reference Parameter	In-Out	Call-by-reference	
const Reference Parameter	Input	Call-by-reference	
Return Value	Output	Return-by-value	
		Return-by-reference	



Recommended Mechanisms

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Objectives & Outlines

Referenc variable

Call-byreference
Swap in C
Swap in C++
const Reference
Parameter

Return-byreference

I/O of a Function

References vs Pointers

Summary

Call

- Pass parameters of built-in types by value
 - Recall: Array parameters are passed by reference in C
- Pass parameters of user-defined types by reference
 - Make a reference parameter const if it is not used for output

Return

- Return built-in types by value
- Return user-defined types by reference
 - Return value is not copied back
 - May be faster than returning a value
 - Beware: Calling function can change returned object
 - Never return a local variables by reference



Difference between Reference and Pointer

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Objectives & Outlines

Reference variable

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Swap in C++
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Return-byreference

I/O of a Function

References vs. Pointers

References	
Refers to an address	
References cannot be NULL	
int &j //wrong	
For a reference, its referent is fixed	
int a, c, &b = a; // Okay	
&b = c // Error	
Makes code faster	
Does not require NULL checking	
Does not allow users to operate	
on the address. All operations are interpreted for the referent	
Array of references not allowed	



Module Summary

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Objectives & Outlines

Reference variable

reference
Swap in C
Swap in C++
const Reference
Parameter

Return-byreference

I/O of a Function

References v Pointers

- Introduced reference in C++
- Studied the difference between call-by-value and call-by-reference
- Studied the difference between return-by-value and return-by-reference
- Discussed the difference between References and Pointers



Instructor and TAs

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Objectives & Outlines

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> Swap in C Swap in C++ const Reference

Return-by reference

I/O of a Function

References v

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