# **Experiment 1: Introduction To Numpy And Introduction To Pandas**

## 1.1 Introduction To Numpy

NUMPY: NumPy is a Python package. It stands for 'Numerical Python'. It is a library consisting of multidimensional array objects and a collection of routines for processing of array.

```
import numpy as np #importing numpy into notebook
a = np.arange(15).reshape(3, 5) #arranging numbers from 0-14 into 3*5 matrix
a.shape #displaying shape of array
     (3, 5)
        #no of dimensions of array
 a.ndim
 [→ 2
a.dtype.name #data types of array
     'int64'
 a.itemsize #size of element in an array
     8
         #no of elements in an array
a.size
     15
type(a)
         #type of matrix
     numpy.ndarray
 b = np.array([6, 7, 8]) #creating new array b
b #printing array b
```

```
array([6, 7, 8])
type(b) #type of array
     numpy.ndarray
b.dtype #datatype of b
     dtype('int64')
c = np.array([[1, 2], [3, 4]], dtype=complex) #creating a new array and converting dataty
    #printing array c
     array([[1.+0.j, 2.+0.j],
            [3.+0.j, 4.+0.j]
c.dtype.name #datatype of c
     'complex128'
np.zeros((3, 4)) #creating a matrix of 3 rows and 4 columns with all elements 0
     array([[0., 0., 0., 0.],
            [0., 0., 0., 0.]
            [0., 0., 0., 0.]])
np.ones((2, 3, 4), dtype=np.int16) #creating two arrays of 3*4 matrix containing all elem
     array([[[1, 1, 1, 1],
             [1, 1, 1, 1],
             [1, 1, 1, 1]],
            [[1, 1, 1, 1],
             [1, 1, 1, 1],
             [1, 1, 1, 1]]], dtype=int16)
np.empty((2, 3)) #creating an array of 2*3 with random numbers
     array([[4.6356993e-310, 0.0000000e+000, 0.0000000e+000],
            [0.0000000e+000, 0.0000000e+000, 0.0000000e+000]])
np.eye(7) #creating an identity matrix of 7*7
     array([[1., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0.],
            [0., 1., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0.]
```

```
[0., 0., 1., 0., 0., 0., 0.]
           [0., 0., 0., 1., 0., 0., 0.]
           [0., 0., 0., 0., 1., 0., 0.],
           [0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 1., 0.],
           [0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 0., 1.]]
np.arange(10, 30, 5) #arranges the given numbers with step of 5
    array([10, 15, 20, 25])
np.arange(0, 2, 0.3) #arranges the given numbers with step of 0.3
    array([0., 0.3, 0.6, 0.9, 1.2, 1.5, 1.8])
np.linspace(0, 2, 9) #9 equidistant values between 0-2
     array([0. , 0.25, 0.5 , 0.75, 1. , 1.25, 1.5 , 1.75, 2. ])
np.arange(0, 11, 1)**2 #arranging the square of numbers 0-10 in an array
    array([ 0, 1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81, 100])
print(a) #printing a matrix
     [[0 1 2 3 4]
     [5 6 7 8 9]
     [10 11 12 13 14]]
print(a.reshape(5, 3)) #printing matrix after reshaping
     [[0 1 2]
     [3 4 5]
     [6 7 8]
     [ 9 10 11]
     [12 13 14]]
print(np.arange(10000))
     [
                  2 ... 9997 9998 9999]
A = np.array([[1, 1], [0, 1]]) #arithmetic operation on matrix A & B
B = np.array([[2, 0], [3, 4]])
A+B
```

https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1klzl3Yttzs5ma9rGLj2MOJOTZfWMganJ#scrollTo=AnHX\_1gIVeWP&printMode=true

array([[3, 1],

```
[3, 5]])
```

A-B

```
array([[-1, 1],
[-3, -3]])
```

A\*B

```
array([[2, 0], [0, 4]])
```

A @ B

```
array([[5, 4], [3, 4]])
```

A/B

,

```
np.sin(np.arange(0, 2 * np.pi, np.pi / 6)) #sin of values in matrix
```

```
array([ 0.0000000e+00, 5.00000000e-01, 8.66025404e-01, 1.00000000e+00, 8.66025404e-01, 5.00000000e-01, 1.22464680e-16, -5.00000000e-01, -8.66025404e-01, -1.00000000e+00, -8.66025404e-01, -5.00000000e-01])
```

A.dot(B) #dot product of matrix

```
array([[5, 4], [3, 4]])
```

a[:6:2]

a[::-1]

a.T #transpose of matrix

### 

```
import pandas as pd #importing pandas in notebook
s = pd.Series([1,3, 5, np.nan, 6, 8]) #creates a new dataframe
S
     0
         1.0
     1
         3.0
     2
         5.0
     3
         NaN
     4
          6.0
          8.0
     dtype: float64
dates = pd.date range('20130101', periods=6) #creates database of dates
dates
     DatetimeIndex(['2013-01-01', '2013-01-02', '2013-01-03', '2013-01-04',
                    '2013-01-05', '2013-01-06'],
                   dtype='datetime64[ns]', freq='D')
df = pd.DataFrame(np.random.randn(6, 4), index=dates, columns=list('ABCD')) #creating new
df
```

```
C
                                                       D
                        Α
      2013-01-01 -0.897966 -0.085389
                                      0.519369 -0.728660
      2013-01-02 -0.897422 1.015018 -0.458587 -0.250734
      2013-01-03 1.532031 -0.805968 -0.249865 1.543362
      2013-01-04 -0.434921 -1.338483 -1.292154 -0.217500
      2013-01-05 -0.375160 -0.183049 -0.422201 1.439585
      0040 04 00 4 044004
                           4 4 5 0 0 0 0
#creating a new dataframe
df2 = pd.DataFrame({
'A' : 1.0,
'B' : pd.Timestamp('20130102'),
'C' : pd.Series(1, index=list(range(4)), dtype='float32'),
'D' : np.array([3] * 4, dtype='int32'),
'E' : pd.Categorical(['test', 'train', 'test', 'train']),
'F' : 'foo'
})
```

df2

	Α	В	С	D	E	F
0	1.0	2013-01-02	1.0	3	test	foo
1	1.0	2013-01-02	1.0	3	train	foo
2	1.0	2013-01-02	1.0	3	test	foo
3	1.0	2013-01-02	1.0	3	train	foo

#### df2.dtypes #datatypes of elements in database

```
A float64
B datetime64[ns]
C float32
D int32
E category
F object
dtype: object
```

df.head(5) #displaying first 5 rows of database

D

C

```
df.tail(3) #displaying last 3 rows of database
                         Α
                                   В
                                              C
                                                        D
      2013-01-04 -0.434921 -1.338483 -1.292154 -0.217500
      2013-01-05 -0.375160 -0.183049 -0.422201
                                                 1.439585
      2013-01-06
                 1.041061 -1.152620 -1.318065
                                                1.411205
df.index #displaying index
     DatetimeIndex(['2013-01-01', '2013-01-02', '2013-01-03', '2013-01-04', '2013-01-05', '2013-01-06'],
                   dtype='datetime64[ns]', freq='D')
df.columns #displaying column labels
     Index(['A', 'B', 'C', 'D'], dtype='object')
df.to numpy() #arranges database as an array
     array([[-0.89796604, -0.08538899, 0.51936876, -0.72865973],
            [-0.89742225, 1.01501784, -0.45858721, -0.25073413],
            [ 1.53203072, -0.80596786, -0.24986477, 1.54336186],
            [-0.43492127, -1.33848265, -1.29215393, -0.2175]
            [-0.37516031, -0.18304885, -0.42220108, 1.43958544],
            [ 1.0410614 , -1.1526203 , -1.31806496, 1.411205 ]])
df2.to_numpy()
     array([[1.0, Timestamp('2013-01-02 00:00:00'), 1.0, 3, 'test', 'foo'],
            [1.0, Timestamp('2013-01-02 00:00:00'), 1.0, 3, 'train', 'foo'],
            [1.0, Timestamp('2013-01-02 00:00:00'), 1.0, 3, 'test', 'foo'],
            [1.0, Timestamp('2013-01-02 00:00:00'), 1.0, 3, 'train', 'foo']],
           dtype=object)
df.describe() #displaying detailed statistics
```

	Α	В	С	D
count	6.000000	6.000000	6.000000	6.000000

#### df.T #transposes the database

	2013-01-01	2013-01-02	2013-01-03	2013-01-04	2013-01-05	2013-01-06
Α	-0.897966	-0.897422	1.532031	-0.434921	-0.375160	1.041061
В	-0.085389	1.015018	-0.805968	-1.338483	-0.183049	-1.152620
С	0.519369	-0.458587	-0.249865	-1.292154	-0.422201	-1.318065
D	-0.728660	-0.250734	1.543362	-0.217500	1.439585	1.411205

df.sort\_index(axis=1, ascending=False)

	D	С	В	Α
2013-01-01	-0.728660	0.519369	-0.085389	-0.897966
2013-01-02	-0.250734	-0.458587	1.015018	-0.897422
2013-01-03	1.543362	-0.249865	-0.805968	1.532031
2013-01-04	-0.217500	-1.292154	-1.338483	-0.434921
2013-01-05	1.439585	-0.422201	-0.183049	-0.375160
2013-01-06	1.411205	-1.318065	-1.152620	1.041061

df.sort\_values(by='B') #sorting the databases according to ascending of column B

	Α	В	С	D
2013-01-04	-0.434921	-1.338483	-1.292154	-0.217500
2013-01-06	1.041061	-1.152620	-1.318065	1.411205
2013-01-03	1.532031	-0.805968	-0.249865	1.543362
2013-01-05	-0.375160	-0.183049	-0.422201	1.439585
2013-01-01	-0.897966	-0.085389	0.519369	-0.728660
2013-01-02	-0.897422	1.015018	-0.458587	-0.250734

df['A'] #displaying column values of A

2013-01-01	-0.897966
2013-01-02	-0.897422
2013-01-03	1.532031
2013-01-04	-0.434921
2013-01-05	-0.375160

```
2013-01-06 1.041061
```

Freq: D, Name: A, dtype: float64

df[0:3] #displaying columns in given range

	Α	В	С	D
2013-01-01	-0.897966	-0.085389	0.519369	-0.728660
2013-01-02	-0.897422	1.015018	-0.458587	-0.250734
2013-01-03	1.532031	-0.805968	-0.249865	1.543362

df['20130102':'20130104'] #displaying data in given date range

	Α	В	С	D
2013-01-02	-0.897422	1.015018	-0.458587	-0.250734
2013-01-03	1.532031	-0.805968	-0.249865	1.543362
2013-01-04	-0.434921	-1.338483	-1.292154	-0.217500

df.loc[dates[0]] #values at index 0 in date columns

A -0.897966

B -0.085389

C 0.519369

D -0.728660

Name: 2013-01-01 00:00:00, dtype: float64

df.loc[:, ["A", "B"]] #displaying values of column A and B

	Α	В
2013-01-01	-0.897966	-0.085389
2013-01-02	-0.897422	1.015018
2013-01-03	1.532031	-0.805968
2013-01-04	-0.434921	-1.338483
2013-01-05	-0.375160	-0.183049
2013-01-06	1.041061	-1.152620

df.at[dates[0], 'A'] #displaying values of column A at index 0

-0.8979660412249537

df.iloc[3]

A -0.434921 B -1.338483 C -1.292154

D -0.217500

Name: 2013-01-04 00:00:00, dtype: float64

df[df['A'] > 0] #display rows where A>0

	Α	В	С	D
2013-01-03	1.532031	-0.805968	-0.249865	1.543362
2013-01-06	1.041061	-1.152620	-1.318065	1.411205

s1 = pd.Series([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6], index=pd.date\_range("20130102", periods=6)) #create ne

s1

2013-01-02 1 2013-01-03 2 2013-01-04 3 2013-01-05 4 2013-01-06 5 2013-01-07 6

Freq: D, dtype: int64

df['F'] = s1

df

	Α	В	С	D	F
2013-01-01	-0.897966	-0.085389	0.519369	-0.728660	NaN
2013-01-02	-0.897422	1.015018	-0.458587	-0.250734	1.0
2013-01-03	1.532031	-0.805968	-0.249865	1.543362	2.0
2013-01-04	-0.434921	-1.338483	-1.292154	-0.217500	3.0
2013-01-05	-0.375160	-0.183049	-0.422201	1.439585	4.0
2013-01-06	1.041061	-1.152620	-1.318065	1.411205	5.0

df.fillna(value=5)

	Α	В	С	D	F
2013-01-01	-0.897966	-0.085389	0.519369	-0.728660	5.0
2013-01-02	-0.897422	1.015018	-0.458587	-0.250734	1.0
2013-01-03	1.532031	-0.805968	-0.249865	1.543362	2.0
2013-01-04	-0.434921	-1.338483	-1.292154	-0.217500	3.0

pd.isna(df)

	Α	В	С	D	F
2013-01-01	False	False	False	False	True
2013-01-02	False	False	False	False	False
2013-01-03	False	False	False	False	False
2013-01-04	False	False	False	False	False
2013-01-05	False	False	False	False	False
2013-01-06	False	False	False	False	False

df.mean() #displays mean value of columns

```
A -0.005396
```

B -0.425082

C -0.536917

D 0.532876

F 3.000000

dtype: float64

#### df.mean(axis=1)

2013-01-01 -0.298161 2013-01-02 0.081655 2013-01-03 0.803912 2013-01-04 -0.056612 2013-01-05 0.891835 2013-01-06 0.996316 Freq: D, dtype: float64

df.apply(np.cumsum)

```
C
                                                             F
      2013-01-01 -0.897966 -0.085389
                                      0.519369 -0.728660 NaN
df.apply(lambda x: x.max() - x.min()) #displaying the difference of max and min values in
     Α
          2.429997
          2.353500
     В
     C
          1.837434
     D
          2.272022
          4.000000
     dtype: float64
s = pd.Series(["A", "B", "C", "Aaba", "Baca", np.nan, "CABA", "dog", "cat"]) #create new
s.str.lower() #converts all strings to lower case
     0
             а
     1
             b
     2
             C
     3
          aaba
     4
          baca
     5
           NaN
```

df = pd.DataFrame(np.random.randn(10, 4))

df

6

7

8

caba

dog

cat dtype: object

	0	1	2	3
0	0.588694	1.331366	1.207421	-0.270676
1	-0.036991	-0.367180	-0.098889	-0.391912
2	0.666960	1.131689	1.703514	-0.895154
3	0.566886	-0.103435	-0.062773	-0.304860
4	1.748775	-2.244922	1.071522	0.333791
5	0.911029	1.198571	2.054860	-0.791518
6	0.804183	-0.443459	0.196154	1.236847
7	-0.846512	0.804016	0.731116	-1.592932
8	0.203853	-0.326364	0.834151	0.381960
9	-0.335691	0.649013	-0.425492	0.560395

```
pieces = [df[:3], df[3:7], df[7:]]
```

#### pieces

```
      0
      1
      2
      3

      0
      0.588694
      1.331366
      1.207421
      -0.270676

      1
      -0.036991
      -0.367180
      -0.098889
      -0.391912

      2
      0.666960
      1.131689
      1.703514
      -0.895154,

      0
      1
      2
      3

      3
      0.566886
      -0.103435
      -0.062773
      -0.304860

      4
      1.748775
      -2.244922
      1.071522
      0.333791

      5
      0.911029
      1.198571
      2.054860
      -0.791518

      6
      0.804183
      -0.443459
      0.196154
      1.236847,

      0
      1
      2
      3

      7
      -0.846512
      0.804016
      0.731116
      -1.592932

      8
      0.203853
      -0.326364
      0.834151
      0.381960

      9
      -0.335691
      0.649013
      -0.425492
      0.5603951
```

#### pd.concat(pieces)

	0	1	2	3
0	0.588694	1.331366	1.207421	-0.270676
1	-0.036991	-0.367180	-0.098889	-0.391912
2	0.666960	1.131689	1.703514	-0.895154
3	0.566886	-0.103435	-0.062773	-0.304860
4	1.748775	-2.244922	1.071522	0.333791
5	0.911029	1.198571	2.054860	-0.791518
6	0.804183	-0.443459	0.196154	1.236847
7	-0.846512	0.804016	0.731116	-1.592932
8	0.203853	-0.326364	0.834151	0.381960
9	-0.335691	0.649013	-0.425492	0.560395

```
left = pd.DataFrame({"key": ["foo", "foo"], "lval": [1, 2]})
right = pd.DataFrame({"key": ["foo", "foo"], "rval": [4, 5]})
pd.merge(left, right, on="key")
```

	key	lval	rval
0	foo	1	4

df.groupby(1).sum()

	0	2	3
1			
-2.244922	1.748775	1.071522	0.333791
-0.443459	0.804183	0.196154	1.236847
-0.367180	-0.036991	-0.098889	-0.391912
-0.326364	0.203853	0.834151	0.381960
-0.103435	0.566886	-0.062773	-0.304860
0.649013	-0.335691	-0.425492	0.560395
0.804016	-0.846512	0.731116	-1.592932
1.131689	0.666960	1.703514	-0.895154
1.198571	0.911029	2.054860	-0.791518
1.331366	0.588694	1.207421	-0.270676

df.sort\_values(by=1)

	0	1	2	3
4	1.748775	-2.244922	1.071522	0.333791
6	0.804183	-0.443459	0.196154	1.236847
1	-0.036991	-0.367180	-0.098889	-0.391912
8	0.203853	-0.326364	0.834151	0.381960
3	0.566886	-0.103435	-0.062773	-0.304860
9	-0.335691	0.649013	-0.425492	0.560395
7	-0.846512	0.804016	0.731116	-1.592932
2	0.666960	1.131689	1.703514	-0.895154
5	0.911029	1.198571	2.054860	-0.791518
0	0.588694	1.331366	1.207421	-0.270676

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