## **Rohan Nyati**

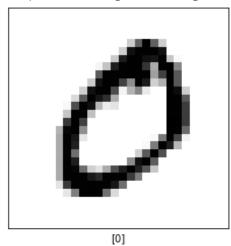
### 500075940

#### R177219148

## Batch - 5 (Ai & MI)

```
# Show one of the images from the training dataset
plt.xticks([])
plt.yticks([])
plt.xlabel([y_train[1]])
plt.imshow(x_train[1],cmap=plt.cm.binary)
```

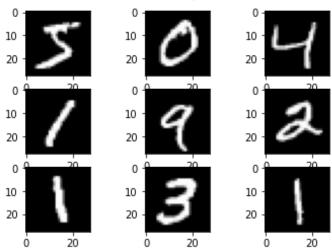
# <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f6fa74f8490>



```
from tensorflow.keras.datasets import mnist
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
# load dataset
(trainX, trainy), (testX, testy) = mnist.load_data()
# summarize loaded dataset
print('Train: X=%s, y=%s' % (trainX.shape, trainy.shape))
print('Test: X=%s, y=%s' % (testX.shape, testy.shape))
```

```
# plot first few images
for i in range(9):
   plt.subplot(330 + 1 + i)
   plt.imshow(trainX[i],cmap=plt.get_cmap('gray'))
# show the figure
plt.show()
```

```
Train: X=(60000, 28, 28), y=(60000,)
Test: X=(10000, 28, 28), y=(10000,)
```



```
x_train = x_train.astype('float32') / 255
x_test = x_test.astype('float32') / 255
```

```
model = tf.keras.Sequential()
# Must define the input shape in the first layer of the neural network
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=64, kernel_size=(2,2),strides=(1, 1), padding='s
model.add(tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dropout(0.3))
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Conv2D(filters=32, kernel_size=(2,2),strides=(1, 1), padding='s
model.add(tf.keras.layers.MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2)))
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dropout(0.3))
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Flatten())
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(256, activation='relu'))
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dropout(0.5))
model.add(tf.keras.layers.Dense(10, activation='softmax'))
# Take a look at the model summary
model.summary()
```

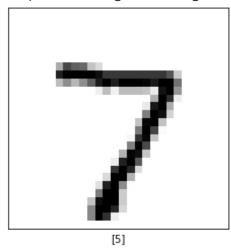
Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 28, 28, 64)	320
<pre>max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D )</pre>	(None, 14, 14, 64)	0

```
dropout (Dropout) (None, 14, 14, 64)
                               0
   conv2d 1 (Conv2D) (None, 14, 14, 32)
                               8224
   max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling (None, 7, 7, 32)
                               0
   2D)
   dropout_1 (Dropout) (None, 7, 7, 32)
                               0
   flatten (Flatten)
                 (None, 1568)
                               0
   dense (Dense)
                 (None, 256)
                               401664
   dropout_2 (Dropout)
                 (None, 256)
   dense_1 (Dense)
                  (None, 10)
                               2570
  ______
  Total params: 412,778
  Trainable params: 412,778
  Non-trainable params: 0
model.compile(loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy',
      optimizer='adam',
      metrics=['accuracy'])
x_train = x_train.reshape(-1,28, 28,1)#Reshape for CNN
x_{test} = x_{test.reshape}(-1,28, 28, 1)
model_log=model.fit(x_train, y_train,
     batch_size=60,
     epochs=10,
     verbose=1,
     validation split=.3)
  Epoch 1/10
  Epoch 2/10
  Epoch 3/10
  Epoch 4/10
  Epoch 5/10
  Epoch 6/10
  Epoch 7/10
  Epoch 8/10
```

```
Epoch 9/10
    Epoch 10/10
    700/700 [================ ] - 50s 71ms/step - loss: 0.0527 - accuracy:
# Evaluate the model on test set
score = model.evaluate(x_test, y_test, verbose=0)
# Print test accuracy
print('\n', 'Test accuracy:', score[1])
     Test accuracy: 0.9905999898910522
predictions = model.predict(x_test)
predictions[0]
    array([5.1499034e-13, 1.4007135e-09, 5.1558011e-09, 2.6321667e-08,
          1.6978053e-12, 1.6660723e-12, 5.8933968e-18, 9.9999988e-01,
          2.5531477e-10, 1.3288975e-07], dtype=float32)
np.argmax(predictions[0])
    7
x_{\text{test}} = x_{\text{test.reshape}}(-1,28, 28)
x_test.shape
    (10000, 28, 28)
# Show one of the images from the test dataset
plt.xticks([])
plt.yticks([])
plt.xlabel([y_train[0]])
plt.imshow(x_test[0],cmap=plt.cm.binary)
```

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7f6fa2d74450>



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