

Transactions

Isolation Levels

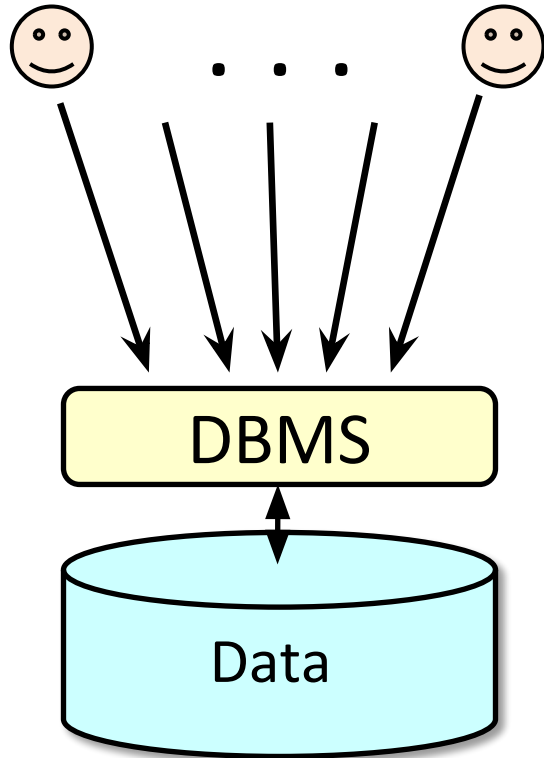
Solution for both concurrency and failures

Transactions

A transaction is a sequence of one or more SQL operations treated as a unit

- Transactions appear to run in isolation
- If the system fails, each transaction's changes are reflected either entirely or not at all

(ACID Properties) **Isolation**



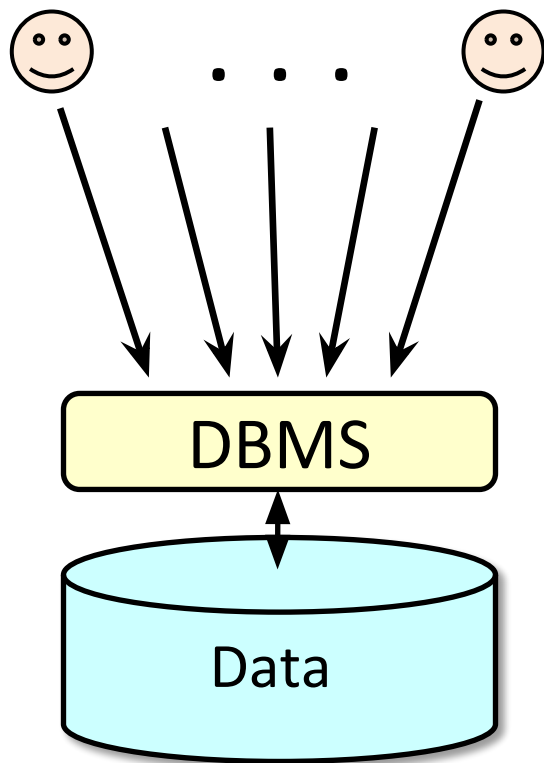
Serializability

Operations may be interleaved, but execution must be equivalent to *some* sequential (serial) order of all transactions

⇒ Overhead

⇒ Reduction in concurrency

(ACID Properties) **Isolation**



Weaker "Isolation Levels"

Read Uncommitted

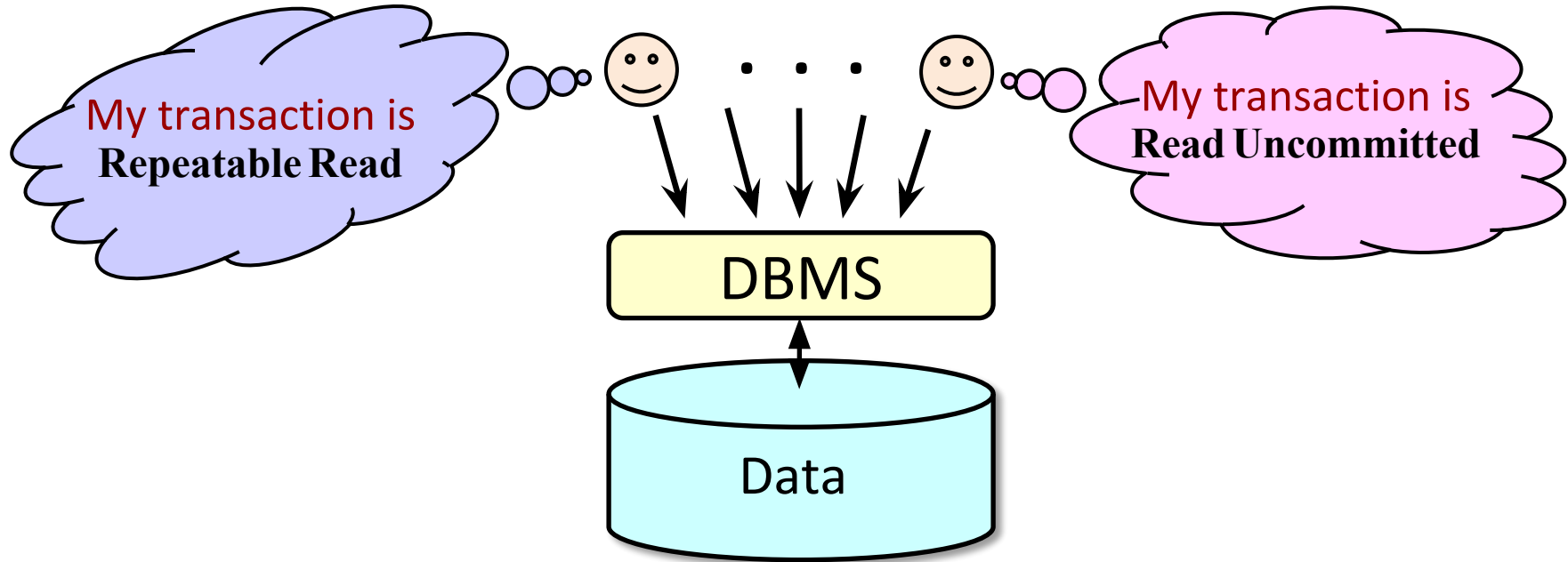
Read Committed

Repeatable Read

Overhead ↑
 ↓ Concurrency
 Consistency
 ↓ Guarantees

Isolation Levels

- Per transaction
- “In the eye of the beholder”



Dirty Reads

“Dirty” data item: written by an uncommitted transaction

```
Update College Set enrollment = enrollment + 1000  
Where cName = 'Stanford'
```

concurrent with ...

```
Select Avg(enrollment) From College
```

Dirty Reads

“Dirty” data item: written by an uncommitted transaction

Update **Student** Set **GPA = (1.1) * GPA** Where **sizeHS > 2500**

concurrent with ...

Select **GPA** From **Student** Where **sID = 123**

concurrent with ...

Update **Student** Set **sizeHS = 2600** Where **sID = 234**

Isolation Level **Read Uncommitted**

➤ A transaction may perform dirty reads

Update **Student** Set **GPA** = (1.1) * **GPA** Where **sizeHS** > 2500

concurrent with ...

Select Avg(**GPA**) From **Student**

Isolation Level **Read Uncommitted**

- A transaction may perform dirty reads

Update **Student** Set **GPA = (1.1) * GPA** Where **sizeHS > 2500**

concurrent with ...

Set Transaction Isolation Level **Read Uncommitted**;
Select Avg(**GPA**) From **Student**;

Isolation Level Read Committed

- A transaction may *not* perform dirty reads
Still does not guarantee global serializability

Update **Student** Set **GPA** = (1.1) * **GPA** Where **sizeHS** > 2500

concurrent with ...

Set Transaction Isolation Level Read Committed;
Select Avg(**GPA**) From **Student**;
Select Max(**GPA**) From **Student**;

Isolation Level Repeatable Read

- A transaction may not perform dirty reads
 - An item read multiple times cannot change value
- Still does not guarantee global serializability

Update **Student** Set **GPA = (1.1) * GPA;**

Update **Student** Set **sizeHS = 1500** Where **sID = 123;**

concurrent with ...

Set Transaction Isolation Level Repeatable Read;

Select Avg(**GPA**) From **Student**;

Select Avg(**sizeHS**) From **Student**;

Isolation Level Repeatable Read

- A transaction may not perform dirty reads
 - An item read multiple times cannot change value
- But a relation *can* change: “phantom” tuples

Insert Into **Student** [*100 new tuples*]

concurrent with ...

Set Transaction Isolation Level Repeatable Read;
Select Avg(**GPA**) From **Student**;
Select Max(**GPA**) From **Student**;

Isolation Level Repeatable Read

- A transaction may not perform dirty reads
 - An item read multiple times cannot change value
- But a relation *can* change: “phantom” tuples

Delete From Student [100 tuples]

concurrent with ...

Set Transaction Isolation Level Repeatable Read;
Select Avg(GPA) From Student;
Select Max(GPA) From Student;

Read Only transactions

- Helps system optimize performance
- Independent of isolation level

```
Set Transaction Read Only;  
Set Transaction Isolation Level Repeatable Read;  
Select Avg(GPA) From Student;  
Select Max(GPA) From Student;
```

Isolation Levels: Summary

	dirty reads	nonrepeatable reads	phantoms
Read Uncommitted	Yup	Yup	Yup
Read Committed	No	Yup	Yup
Repeatable Read	No	No	Yup
Serializable	No	No	No

Isolation Levels: Summary

- Standard default: **Serializable**
- Weaker isolation levels
 - Increased concurrency + decreased overhead = increased performance
 - Weaker consistency guarantees
 - Some systems have default **Repeatable Read**
- Isolation level per transaction and “eye of the beholder”
 - Each transaction’s reads must conform to its isolation level