Tutorial-3 IIIT Delhi Instructor: Debarka Sengupta

Problem 1.

There are n balls of identical weights except one, means n-1 balls of 1 kg and one ball of 2 kg, there is one scale to measure balls as shown in figure. But every time when you will compare the balls using scale than it will count 1 step.

- 1. Calculate the minimum number of steps required to find out that heavy ball.
- 2. Write algorithm for above mentioned problem using recursion and analyze complexity. Prove the correctness of your algorithm.



Problem 2.

Solve the following recurrences using the master method where possible:

- a. T(n) = 9*T(n/3) + n
- b. T(n) = 2*T(n/2) + nlog(n)
- c. 2. T(n) = 16T(n/4) + n!

Problem 3.

Analyze the recurrence function and find its time complexity via master's theorem. (Assume constant time taken for comparing and returning the value = 1)

```
A(n)
{
    if(n<=1)
T (n) = (0.5)T (n/2) + n^n
        return 1;
    else</pre>
```

```
return A(\sqrt{n});
```

Problem 4.

You are given a sorted array A with n integers and an integer w and you want to determine whether there exists two distinct indices i, j in the array such that A[i] + A[j] = w. Design a recursive algorithm for this problem. Analyze the running time of your algorithm.

Problem 5.

Master's theorem is not applicable in the following cases. Explain why?

```
• T(n) = (2^n)T(n/2) + n^n
```

• f(n) is smaller than $n^{\Lambda}\log_{b}a$ but not polynomially smaller.

```
• T (n) = 2T (n/2) + n/\log n
```

```
• T (n) = 64T (n/8) - 2nlog n
```

```
• T(n) = (0.5)T(n/2) + n^n
```