

#SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

Data Ingestion LAYER 1

DATA ACCUMULATION

- Kaggle public datasets
- Transaction & credit behavior data
- MSME loan data



DATA Loading

- Read csv files .
- Input From users.
- Give Me Some Credit (individual borrowers)
- German Credit Dataset



DATA Cleaning

- Handle Missing Values
- Remove Duplicates
- Fix Invalid & Impossible Values
- Outlier Treatment

Feature Engineering LAYER 2

Feature Discovery

- Raw Data itself is not enough .
- You derive new features that describe risk behavior.
- for Eg-Credit Utilization Ratio, Payment Stability.

Feature Validation

- Check missing value percentage
- Remove constant / low-variance features
- Validate logical bounds and skewed features. e.g. Utilization $\in [0,1]$
- $EMI \leq \text{Income}$

Feature Selection & Bias Screening

- Select predictive, stable, and fair features

Machine Training LAYER 3

Foundation

SMOTE

Train
80%

Test
20%

Models

Logistic regression = baseline model

Random Forest = "Which features actually drive risk?"

KNN = Sanity Check Model

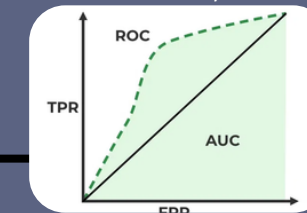
XGBoost = High accuracy + controllable overfitting



Model evaluation LAYER 4

ROC-AUC

- Ability to distinguish from odds, >0.79 .



SHAP

- Why did model give this prediction.



Explainability

- F1 Score
- Accuracy
- Confusion matrix
- Recall
- Precision

		Predicted Values	
		Positive	Negative
Actual Values	Positive	TP	FN
	Negative	FP	TN

Feedback LAYER 5

Dashbaord

"We collect loan outcomes, repayment behavior, financial changes, and user feedback to continuously improve model accuracy and fairness."



Testing and Feedback

Taking user input and testing rest 20%

Future scope

- Adding features of AI recommendations.
- API calling.
- Govt.implementation