Importing Data (Same in all notebooks)

In [1]:

from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB
import pandas as pd

In [2]:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import string
```

In [3]:

data = pd.read_csv('/users/rohanchitte/downloads/Dataset_lyrics.csv_lyrics.csv'

Data Preprocessing (Same in all notebooks)

In [4]:

```
filtered = data[data['lyrics'].notnull()]
filtered
```

Out[4]:

	index	song	year	artist	genre	lyrics
0	0	ego-remix	2009	beyonce- knowles	Pop	Oh baby, how you doing?\nYou know I'm gonna cu
1	1	then-tell-me	2009	beyonce- knowles	Рор	playin' everything so easy,\nit's like you see
2	2	honesty	2009	beyonce- knowles	Pop	If you search\nFor tenderness\nIt isn't hard t
3	3	you-are-my-rock	2009	beyonce- knowles	Pop	Oh oh oh I, oh oh oh I\n[Verse 1:]\nIf I wrote
4	4	black-culture	2009	beyonce- knowles	Pop	Party the people, the people the party it's po
362232	362232	who-am-i- drinking-tonight	2012	edens-edge	Country	I gotta say\nBoy, after only just a couple of
362233	362233	liar	2012	edens-edge	Country	I helped you find her diamond ring\nYou made m
362234	362234	last-supper	2012	edens-edge	Country	Look at the couple in the corner booth\nLooks
362235	362235	christ-alone-live- in-studio	2012	edens-edge	Country	When I fly off this mortal earth\nAnd I'm meas
362236	362236	amen	2012	edens-edge	Country	I heard from a friend of a friend of a friend

266557 rows × 6 columns

In [5]:

```
import nltk
from nltk . corpus import stopwords
```

In [6]:

```
cleaned = filtered.copy()
 2
 3
   # Remove punctuation
   cleaned['lyrics'] = cleaned['lyrics'].str.replace("[-\?.,\/\#!$%\^&\*;:{}=\ ~()]
 4
 5
   # Remove song-related identifiers like [Chorus] or [Verse]
 6
   cleaned['lyrics'] = cleaned['lyrics'].str.replace("\[(.*?)\]", ' ')
 7
   cleaned['lyrics'] = cleaned['lyrics'].str.replace("' | '", ' ')
 8
   cleaned['lyrics'] = cleaned['lyrics'].str.replace('x[0-9]+', '')
 9
10
11
   # Remove all songs without lyrics (e.g. instrumental pieces)
12
   cleaned = cleaned[cleaned['lyrics'].str.strip().str.lower() != 'instrumental']
13
   # Remove any songs with corrupted/non-ASCII characters, unavailable lyrics
14
   cleaned = cleaned[\crit{-cleaned}[\ilde{-cleaned}[\ilde{-cleaned}].str.contains(r'[\ilde{-x7F}]+')]
15
   cleaned = cleaned[cleaned['lyrics'].str.strip() != '']
16
17
   cleaned = cleaned[cleaned['genre'].str.lower() != 'not available']
18
19
   #Selecting Pop, Rock, Country, Jazz
   cleaned = cleaned.loc[(cleaned['genre'] == 'Pop') |
20
21
                (cleaned['genre'] == 'Country') |
                (cleaned['genre'] == 'Rock') |
22
23
                (cleaned['genre'] == 'Hip-Hop') |
                (cleaned['genre'] == 'Jazz') ]
24
25
   cleaned.reset_index(inplace = True)
26
27
   cleaned
28
   print(len(cleaned))
```

185493

In [7]:

```
1 stop = stopwords.words('english')
2 #removing stop words from lyrics
3
4 cleaned['lyrics'] = cleaned['lyrics'].apply(lambda x: ' '.join([word for word in 5)])
```

In [8]:

```
#lemmatizing lyrics
 1
 2
   import nltk
 3
 4
   w tokenizer = nltk.tokenize.WhitespaceTokenizer()
 5
   lemmatizer = nltk.stem.WordNetLemmatizer()
 6
 7
   def lemmatize text(text, flg lemm=True):
 8
        #Convert string to list (tokenize)
 9
        lst text = text.split()
10
        ## Lemmatisation (convert the word into root word)
11
        if flg lemm == True:
12
13
            lem = nltk.stem.wordnet.WordNetLemmatizer()
14
            lst text = [lem.lemmatize(word) for word in lst text]
15
        ## back to string from list
16
        text = " ".join(lst_text)
17
18
        return text
19
   #cleaned["lyrics"] = cleaned["lyrics"].apply(lemmatize text)
```

```
In [9]:
```

```
1 cleaned["lyrics"] = cleaned["lyrics"].apply(lambda x: lemmatize_text(x))
```

In [10]:

```
df = cleaned.drop(labels=["level_0", "index", "song", "year", "artist"], axis=1)
```

Splitting Data, One hot Encoding and Text Vectorization

In [11]:

```
1 from sklearn.model selection import train test split
```

In [12]:

```
df_train, df_test = train_test_split(df, test_size=0.33, random_state=42)
df_train.reset_index()
df_test.reset_index()
```

Out[12]:

	index	genre	lyrics
0	35835	Jazz	I dance ask I dance madame My hear
1	2538	Hip-Hop	Sonic boom head dread cause he's tread Upon Fl
2	63159	Rock	If I could turn page In time I'd rearrange Jus
3	6483	Rock	record stop stop skipping equipped stor ear fu
4	15496	Нір-Нор	Hey yeah ya know I like playersNo Diggity No d
61208	10254	Нір-Нор	We're never done found place belong Don't stan
61209	31630	Country	It's fake hoax nowhere road one go anywhere an
61210	107267	Rock	I've spent much time throwing rock window That
61211	67806	Rock	You're lookin fine long time I still remember
61212	23935	Pop	I I get creepin feelin' That might start belie

61213 rows × 3 columns

In [13]:

```
1 #train_test split
2 x_tr = df_train['lyrics'].values
3 x_val = df_test['lyrics'].values
```

In [14]:

```
1
   def genre_encode(genre):
 2
 3
        return one hot encoding for Y value
 4
        if genre == 'Pop':
 5
 6
            return 0
 7
        elif genre == 'Country':
 8
            return 1
        elif genre == 'Rock':
 9
10
            return 2
        elif genre == 'Hip-Hop' :
11
12
            return 3
13
        else:
14
            return 4
```

```
In [15]:
    genres = df train['genre'].tolist()
    y_tr = [ genre_encode ( genre ) for genre in genres ]
 3
    y tr = np . array ( y tr )
    genres = df test['genre'].tolist()
    y_val = [ genre_encode ( genre ) for genre in genres ]
 7
    y_val = np \cdot array (y_val)
In [16]:
    from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
   vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer()
In [17]:
   vectors = vectorizer.fit_transform(x_tr)
In [18]:
    vectors test = vectorizer.transform(x val)
In [19]:
 1 vectors.shape[1]
Out[19]:
204679
In [20]:
   vectors test.shape
Out[20]:
(61213, 204679)
    # MultionomialNB
In [21]:
   from sklearn import metrics
    clf = MultinomialNB(alpha=.03)
    clf.fit(vectors, y tr)
Out[21]:
MultinomialNB(alpha=0.03)
In [22]:
    pred = clf.predict(vectors_test)
```

```
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                                     NLP Final project other classifiers - Jupyter Notebook
 In [23]:
     metrics.accuracy score(y val, pred)
 Out[23]:
 0.6660023197686766
     # RandomForestClassifier
 In [24]:
     from sklearn . set import RandomForestClassifier
     model=RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=300)
     model=model.fit(vectors,y tr)
     pred rf = model.predict(vectors test)
 In [25]:
   1 pred rf
 Out[25]:
 array([4, 3, 2, ..., 2, 2, 2])
 In [26]:
     metrics.accuracy_score(y_val, pred_rf)
 Out[26]:
 0.691666802803326
     # Neural Network
 In [27]:
          keras . utils . np_utils import to_categorical
 In [28]:
   1
     y_tr
 Out[28]:
```

```
array([0, 2, 2, ..., 2, 2, 0])
```

```
y_tr = to_categorical ( y_tr )
y_val = to_categorical(y_val)
```

In [29]:

```
In [30]:
    y_val
Out[30]:
array([[0., 0., 0., 0., 1.],
       [0., 0., 0., 1., 0.],
       [0., 0., 1., 0., 0.],
       [0., 0., 1., 0., 0.],
       [0., 0., 1., 0., 0.],
       [1., 0., 0., 0., 0.]], dtype=float32)
In [31]:
    vectors.sort indices()
   vectors test.sort indices()
In [33]:
   vectors.shape
Out[33]:
(124280, 204679)
In [34]:
   vectors test.shape
Out[34]:
(61213, 204679)
In [35]:
    #deep learning library
   from keras.models import *
 2
    from keras.layers import *
 3
    from keras.callbacks import *
In [36]:
    # Defining the model
    model1 = Sequential()
 2
    model1.add(Dense(64, input_dim=vectors.shape[1], activation='relu'))
    model1.add(Dense(5, activation='softmax'))
    model1.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='categorical_crossentropy', metrics=['accu
```

In [37]:

```
batch_size = 128
# fitting the model
m1 = model1.fit(vectors, y_tr, batch_size=batch_size, epochs=5, validation_data=
```

Epoch 1/5

/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.8/site-packages/tensorflow/python/framewor k/indexed_slices.py:447: UserWarning: Converting sparse IndexedSlices (IndexedSlices(indices=Tensor("gradient_tape/sequential/dense/embedding_lookup_sparse/Reshape_1:0", shape=(None,), dtype=int32), values=Tens or("gradient_tape/sequential/dense/embedding_lookup_sparse/Reshape:0", shape=(None, 64), dtype=float32), dense_shape=Tensor("gradient_tape/sequential/dense/embedding_lookup_sparse/Cast:0", shape=(2,), dtype=int32))) to a dense Tensor of unknown shape. This may consume a large amount of memory.

warnings.warn(