

# AI 1103 - Assignment 1

T. Rohan  
CS20BTECH11064

Download all python codes from

[https://github.com/rohanthota/Assignment\\_1/codes/Assignment\\_1.py](https://github.com/rohanthota/Assignment_1/codes/Assignment_1.py)

and latex codes from

[https://github.com/rohanthota/Assignment\\_1/Assignment\\_1.tex](https://github.com/rohanthota/Assignment_1/Assignment_1.tex)

## Question

A class has 15 students whose ages are 14, 17, 15, 14, 21, 17, 19, 20, 16, 18, 20, 17, 16, 19 and 20 years. One student is selected in such a manner that each has the same chance of being chosen and the age  $X$  of the selected student is recorded. What is the probability distribution of the random variable  $X$ ? Find the mean, variance and standard deviation of  $X$ .

## Solution

There are a total of 15 students in the class, each equally likely to be selected. Hence, we could say that the probability of each student to be chosen is  $\frac{1}{15}$ .

Number of students of age 14 = 2

Number of students of age 15 = 1

Number of students of age 16 = 2

Number of students of age 17 = 3

Number of students of age 18 = 1

Number of students of age 19 = 2

Number of students of age 20 = 3

Number of students of age 21 = 1

We are assigning

$X=0$  for the case when a student of age 14 is picked,

$X=1$  for the case when a student of age 15 is picked,

$X=2$  for the case when a student of age 16 is picked,

$X=3$  for the case when a student of age 17 is picked,

$X=4$  for the case when a student of age 18 is picked,

$X=5$  for the case when a student of age 19 is picked,

$X=6$  for the case when a student of age 20 is picked,

$X=7$  for the case when a student of age 21 is picked,

Since we know that probability of an outcome to happen is  $P(\text{outcome}) =$

$\frac{\text{No. of favourable outcomes}}{\text{Total No. of outcomes}}$

The probabilities of choosing are :

$$\Pr(X = 0) = \frac{2}{15} = 0.13333334$$

$$\Pr(X = 1) = \frac{1}{15} = 0.06666667$$

$$\Pr(X = 2) = \frac{2}{15} = 0.13333334$$

$$\Pr(X = 3) = \frac{3}{15} = 0.20000000$$

$$\Pr(X = 4) = \frac{1}{15} = 0.06666667$$

$$\Pr(X = 5) = \frac{2}{15} = 0.13333334$$

$$\Pr(X = 6) = \frac{3}{15} = 0.20000000$$

$$\Pr(X = 7) = \frac{1}{15} = 0.06666667$$

X	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No. of students	2	1	2	3	1	2	3	1
P(X)	$\frac{2}{15}$	$\frac{1}{15}$	$\frac{2}{15}$	$\frac{3}{15}$	$\frac{1}{15}$	$\frac{2}{15}$	$\frac{3}{15}$	$\frac{1}{15}$

The mean  $E(X)$  of the distribution is given by

$$E(X) = \sum_{i=1}^n x_i \Pr(X = i)$$

$$= 14 \times \frac{2}{15} + 15 \times \frac{1}{15} + 16 \times \frac{2}{15} + 17 \times \frac{3}{15} + 18 \times \frac{1}{15} + 19 \times \frac{2}{15} + 20 \times \frac{3}{15} + 21 \times \frac{1}{15} = \frac{28+15+32+51+18+38+60+21}{15} = \frac{263}{15} \therefore E(X) = 17.53$$

The variance of  $X$  is given by  $\text{Var}(X) = E(X^2) - [E(X)]^2$ .

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Here, } E(X^2) &= \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 \Pr(X = i) \\
 &= 14^2 \times \frac{2}{15} + 15^2 \times \frac{1}{15} + 16^2 \times \frac{2}{15} + 17^2 \times \frac{3}{15} + 18^2 \times \frac{1}{15} + 19^2 \times \frac{2}{15} + 20^2 \times \frac{3}{15} + 21^2 \times \frac{1}{15} \\
 &= \frac{392+225+512+867+324+722+1200+441}{15} = \frac{4683}{15}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Hence, } Var(X) &= \frac{4683}{15} - \left(\frac{263}{15}\right)^2 = \frac{4683}{15} - \frac{69169}{225} \\
 \therefore Var(X) &= 4.78
 \end{aligned}$$

Standard deviation is given by  $\sigma_x = \sqrt{Var(X)}$

$$\sigma_x = \sqrt{4.78}$$

$\therefore$  Standard Deviation,  $\sigma_x = 2.18$

Drawing the comparison graph with ages on x-axis, probabilities on y-axis, blue bar representing simulations and orange bar representing theoretical value, we get

Comparison plot between simulated and theoretical estimations.

