complexipy: A Deep Dive into Code Readability

A Hands-On Workshop for PyCon Colombia 2025

Led by @rohaquinlop





About the Speaker

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- Rust Enthusiast
- Creator & maintainer of complexipy
- Contributed to Rust , terraform-aws-gitlab-runner and other open-source projects
- Speaker at local meetups
- Passionate about developer experience, performance, and readable code

Workshop Overview

This workshop provides a comprehensive exploration of code complexity, transitioning from traditional metrics to the modern, more intuitive concept of Cognitive Complexity.

Learning Objectives

Upon completion, you will be able to:

- Articulate the difference between Cyclomatic and Cognitive Complexity
- Analyze Python code for cognitive complexity using the complexipy CLI and library
- Implement automated complexity checks in a CI/CD pipeline using GitHub Actions
- Develop strategies for refactoring high-complexity code to improve readability
- Generate and interpret complexity reports to guide code quality improvements

Prerequisites

- ✓ Basic Python Knowledge: Familiarity with Python syntax and data structures
- **Laptop with Python**: Python 3.8+ installed
- **vuv (Optional)**: Have uv installed
- Code Editor: Your preferred code editor (e.g., VS Code)
- ✓ **Git**: Required to clone the workshop repo
- **GitHub Account**: For the GitHub Actions section

Workshop Structure

- Module 1: Foundations of Code Complexity
- Module 2: Introducing complexipy
- Module 3: Workflow Integration
- Module 4: Practical Refactoring & Conclusion

Module 1

Foundations of Code Complexity

1.1: The Business Case for Readable Code

Why does code complexity matter?

- Reduced Maintenance Costs: Complex code is expensive to maintain
- Faster Onboarding: New team members can understand code faster
- Fewer Bugs: Simpler code has fewer edge cases and failure modes
- **Better Collaboration**: Teams can work together more effectively

1.2: Beyond Cyclomatic Complexity

Limitations of Cyclomatic Complexity

- Created 1976: Useful for test coverage, not readability.
- Path-focused: Counts execution paths, ignores comprehension.
- False alarms: Penalizes obvious patterns, misses subtle ones.
- Ignores modern Python: try/except , async, lambdas, pattern matching.
- Scale issues: Totals grow with lines of code, not true complexity.

Takeaway: Cyclomatic Complexity remains useful for test coverage planning, but it is an unreliable proxy for readability or maintainability.

1.3: Introduction to Cognitive Complexity

Created by G. Ann Campbell, primary author of the Cognitive Complexity metric

Why Cognitive Complexity?

A score for the mental effort required to read code.

- Understands modern Python (exceptions, lambdas, async, etc.)
- Scales up smoothly from line → function → module → app
- Feels right numbers match our gut sense of readability

1.3: Introduction to Cognitive Complexity

How It's Scored

- 1. Skip simple language shortcuts.
- 2. +1 for every control-flow break (if, loops, &, ||).
- 3. +1 for each extra level of nesting.

Increment Types

- **Nesting** inside another control-flow block.
- Structural starts a new block.
- Fundamental breaks flow without starting a block (break, continue).
- **Hybrid** shifts nesting for what follows (else, finally).

Bottom line: Mirrors how we read code and flags genuinely hard-to-read sections.

Code Sample Analysis

```
def sumOfPrimes(max: int) → int: # +1
  total = 0
  for i in range(1, max+1): # +1
    should_add = True
  for j in range(2, i): # +1
    if i%j = 0: # +1
    should_add = False

if should_add: # +1
    total += i
```

```
def getWords(number: int) → str:
                                     # +1
 match number:
   case 1:
                                     # +1
     return "one"
   case 2:
                                     # +1
    return "a couple"
   case 3:
                                     # +1
     return "a few"
                                     # +1
   case 4:
     return "some more values"
   case :
     return "lots!"
```

Cyclomatic Complexity: 5

Cyclomatic Complexity: 5

Code Sample Analysis

```
def sumOfPrimes(max: int) → int:
  total = 0
  for i in range(1, max + 1):# +1
    should_add = True
    for j in range(2, i):  # +2 (+1 itself, +1 nesting)
        if i % j = 0:  # +3 (+1 itself, +2 nesting)
            should_add = False

    if should_add:  # +2 (+1 itself, +1 nesting)
        total += i
```

```
def getWords(number: int) → str:
  match number:
    case 1:
       return "one"
    case 2:
       return "a couple"
    case 3:
       return "a few"
    case 4:
       return "some more values"
    case _:
       return "lots!"
```

Cognitive Complexity: 8

Cognitive Complexity: 0

Module 2: Introducing complexipy

2.1: **complexipy** - A Modern Solution

Project Goals & Architecture

Why complexipy?

- Performance: Rust-based
- Accuracy: Implements the Cognitive Complexity specification
- Usability: Simple CLI and Python library
- Integration: Works with existing tools and workflows

Architecture

- Core Engine: Written in Rust for performance
- Python Bindings: Easy integration with Python projects
- CLI Interface: Command-line analysis tool
- Library API: Programmatic access for custom tools

2.2: Command-Line Interface Deep Dive

Basic Usage

```
# Analyze a specific file
complexipy path/to/file.py
# Analyze specific directory
complexipy path/to/directory
# Ignore complexity threshold and show all functions
complexipy path/to/file.py -i
# Output results to a CSV file
complexipy path/to/directory -c
# Show only files exceeding maximum complexity
complexipy path/to/directory -d low
# Sort results in descending order
complexipy path/to/directory -s desc
```

2.3: Hands-On Lab: First Complexity Audit

Your Tasks

Setup

Go to https://github.com/rohaquinlop/complexipy-workshop and fork it.

```
git clone https://github.com/$your_user/complexipy-workshop.git
cd complexipy-workshop
```

If you have installed uv

```
uv venv
source .venv/bin/activate
uv sync --frozen
```

If not

```
python -m venv .venv
source .venv/bin/activate
pip install -r requirements.txt
```

2.3: Hands-On Lab: First Complexity Audit

Task 1: Install complexipy

```
uv add complexipy  # If you're using uv
pip install complexipy # If you're using pip
```

Task 2: Basic Analysis

complexipy .

Module 3: Integrating complexipy into Your Workflow

3.1: Visual Studio Code Integration

The complexipy VS Code Extension

Features

- Real-time Analysis: See complexity as you type
- Visual Indicators: Color-coded complexity levels

Installation & Setup

- 1. Search: complexipy at VS Code marketplace
- 2. Install

3.2: Automating Quality with GitHub Actions

The complexipy-action

```
name: Check Code Complexity
on: [push, pull_request]

jobs:
    complexity:
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest
    steps:
    - uses: actions/checkout@v4
    - name: complexipy
    uses: rohaquinlop/complexipy-action@v2
    with:
        paths: src
```

Benefits

- Automated Quality Gates: Block PRs with high complexity
- **Team Awareness**: Everyone sees complexity trends
- Historical Tracking: Monitor complexity over time

3.3: Hands-On Lab: Development Workflow Integration

Lab Objectives

Part 1: VS Code Extension

- 1. Install the complexipy extension
- 2. Open a Python file with complex functions
- 3. Observe real-time complexity indicators
- 4. Try the quick-fix suggestions

Part 2: GitHub Actions Setup

- 1. Add the complexipy-action workflow
- 2. Push the changes and create a PR to the original repo
- 3. Observe the CI check failure

Module 4: Practical Refactoring & Conclusion

4.1: From Analysis to Action

Live Refactoring Session

Common Refactoring Patterns

Strategies for Reducing Complexity

1. Guard Clauses

- Return early for invalid conditions
- Reduces nesting levels
- Makes the happy path clearer

2. Extract Methods

- Break complex functions into smaller ones
- Each method has a single responsibility
- Improves readability and testability

3. Simplify Conditionals

- Use helper methods for complex boolean logic
- Replace nested ifs with early returns
- Consider using data structures instead of conditionals

4. Reduce Nesting

- Flatten nested structures where possible
- Consider alternative control flow patterns

4.2: The Future of complexipy

Roadmap & Future Features

- Language Support: Extending beyond Python
- **IDE Integration**: More editor plugins

Open Discussion

Questions to Consider

- How will you integrate complexity analysis into your workflow?
- How can complexity analysis improve your code review process?
- What challenges do you anticipate in adoption?

4.3: Q&A and Wrap-up

Key Takeaways

What We Covered

- Cognitive vs Cyclomatic Complexity:Understanding the difference
- complexipy Tool: CLI, library, and integrations
- Workflow Integration: VS Code and CI/CD automation
- Practical Refactoring: Real techniques for reducing complexity

Resources for Continued Learning

- complexipy Documentation
- Cognitive Complexity Whitepaper

Next Steps

- Install complexipy and start analyzing your code
- Set up VS Code extension for real-time feedback
- Share knowledge with your team

Thank You!

Questions & Discussion



Resources available at: github.com/rohaquinlop/complexipy-workshop

Slides available at: github.com/rohaquinlop/pycon-col-2025-slides