

A New Class of Cosmologically viable $f(R)$ models

Rohin Kumar Y
Department of Physics & Astrophysics, University of Delhi



Background

- 1. Alternative gravity models - to resolve problems of Cosmology?
- 2. $f(R)$ theories - toy-models in exploring alternative gravity cosmologies.
- 3. $f(R)$ theories are generally studied to be fit as the possible candidates for either dark energy, dark matter or both
- 4. Modified gravity models have been successful in explaining the flat rotation curves of galaxies.

Motivation

- ▶ No one definitive $f(R)$ model that possibly satisfies all the required criteria to be an alternative to Λ CDM model.
- ▶ Their viability is always judged based on it's ability to reproduce scale factor evolution as predicted by Λ CDM model.
- ▶ idea!
- ▶ To explore the possible new viable models assuming the universe is evolving with linear scale factor (at least during matter domination).

Linearly Coasting Universe?

- ▶ In general, some form of $f(R)$ is assumed and a fit with Λ CDM is expected/produced as a consequence.
- ▶ Such theories, try to achieve GR limit by giving back standard cosmology with $f(R)$ as the dark energy replacement.
- ▶ Any model of $f(R)$ looking to explain late-time acceleration is expected to give rise to a cosmology which also preserves the evolution sequence of the standard model viz.
 - ▷ early inflation
 - ▷ radiation domination era (during which BBN occurs)
 - ▷ a matter dominated era
 - ▷ and the present accelerated epoch.

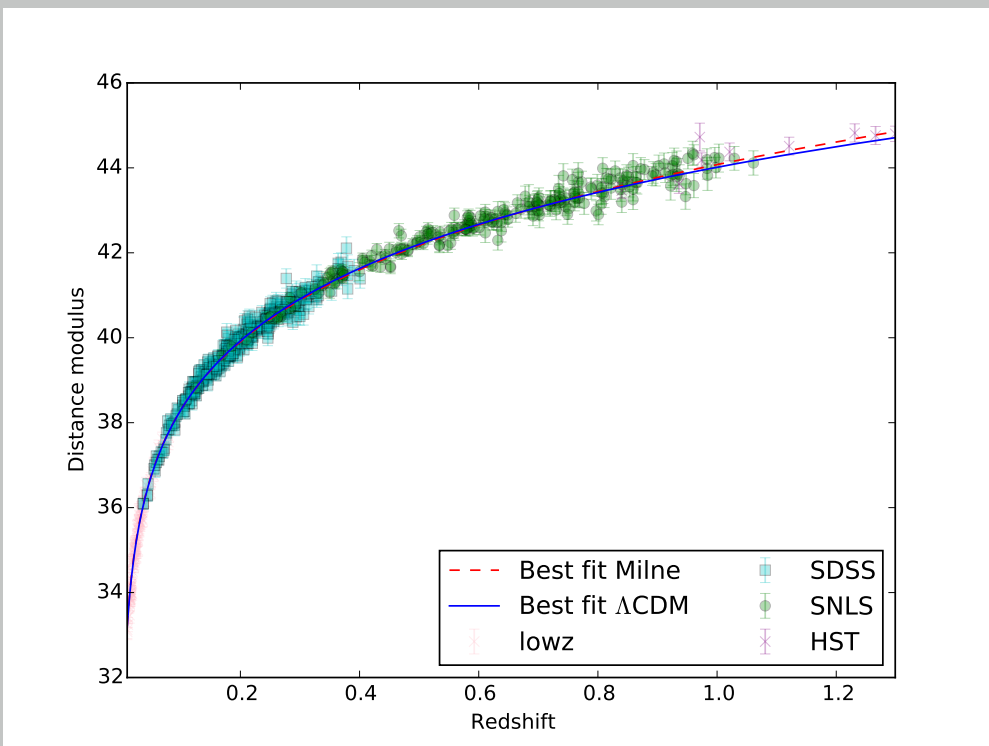


Figure 1: Linearly Coasting Universe vs

Methods

- ▶ Maecenas Vel Nisl Elit
 - ▷ Suspendisse potenti. Fusce a est eget turpis rhoncus varius sed sed dui. Cras justo nibh, bibendum a cursus eget, consequat et dui. Maecenas vel nisl elit, sed dignissim dolor.
 - ▷ In hac habitasse platea dictumst.
- ▶ Viewpoint Matching Constraints
 - ▷ Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus.
 - ▷ Proin in nisi diam.
 - ▷ Nam ultricies pellentesque nunc, ultrices volutpat nisl ultrices a.
- ▶ Volutpat
 - ▷ Duis semper lorem eget dui dignissim porttitor.
 - ▷ Nulla facilisi. In ullamcorper lorem quis dolor.

Mathematical Section

- ▶ Maecenas Ultricies Feugiat Velit Non Mattis.
 - ▷ Duis ante erat, bibendum nec tempus nec, interdum quis est. Nulla at mollis tortor. Phasellus quis leo dolor, aliquam laoreet orci X Donec dapibus sagittis neque eu nec, interdum quis est. $Y_n, n = 1, \dots, N$ ndum nec tempus nec, interd

$$X \rightarrow r(X) = \arg \max_c \left\{ \max_n \left\{ \sum_{x_i \in X} \delta(x_i, Y_{n,c}) \right\} \right\}$$

- ▷ Cras faucibus scelerisque cursus. Proin ut vestibulum augue. $\delta(x_i, Y_{n,c})$
- ▶ Fusce tempus arcu id ligula varius dictum. Donec ut nisl dui, ac consectetur

Results: Table

- ▶ Ased Aliquet Luctus Lectus

Treatments	Response 1	Response 2
Treatment 1	0.0003262	0.562
Treatment 2	0.0015681	0.910
Treatment 3	0.0009271	0.296

Table 1: Table caption

- ▶ Sollicitudin Vel Orci
- ▶ Maecenas Ultricies Feugiat Velit Non Mattis.

Treatments	Response 1	Response 2
Treatment 1	0.0003262	0.562
Treatment 2	0.0015681	0.910
Treatment 3	0.0009271	0.296

Table 2: Table caption

Method of Approach

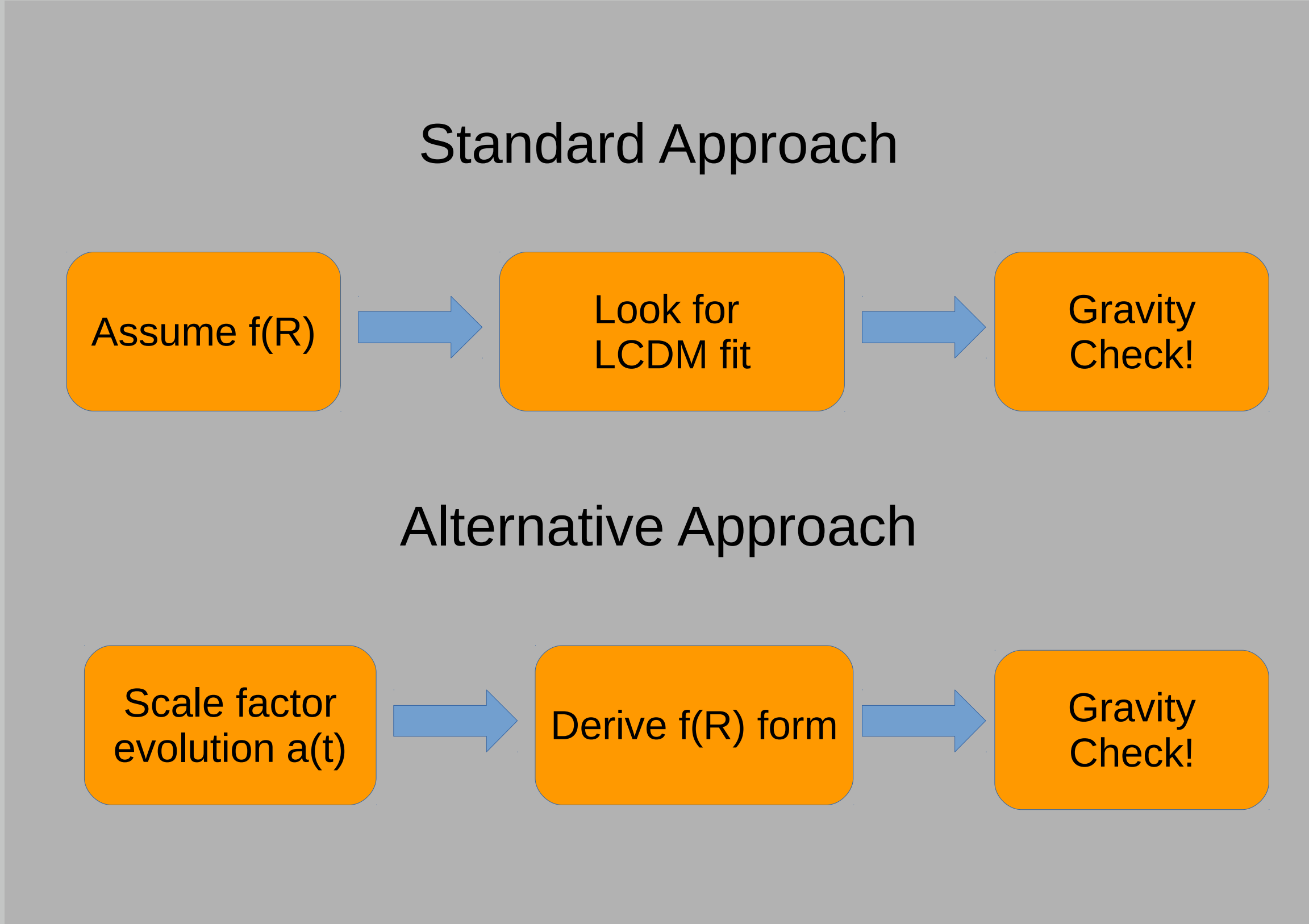


Figure 2: Approach for new 'viable' $f(R)$

Conclusions

- ▶ Assuming a linearly coasting scale factor, we derived a potentially new 'viable' forms of $f(R)$.
- ▶ While some forms may look familiar, they need to be re-evaluated in the light of linear coasting.
- ▶ There are few options on constraining $f(R)$ models other than Cosmology
 - ▷ linear growth rate of structures
 - ▷ gravitational weak lensing (tsujikawa2009dispersion)
 - ▷ CMB and structure formation theories
 - ▷ weak field limit from the solar system tests
 - ▷ gravitational wave observations
- ▶ These areas are to be explored in the subsequent work(s).

References

[1] M Dirar, Ali El-Tahir, MH Shaddad, and Trieste (Italy); International Centre for Theoretical Physics. A new derivation of the generalized field equation with a source term. 1996.

[2] Guido Cognola and Sergio Zerbini. Homogeneous cosmologies in generalized modified gravity. *International Journal of Theoretical Physics*, 47(12):3186–3200, 2008.

[3] Thomas P Sotiriou and Valerio Faraoni. $f(R)$ theories of gravity. *Reviews of Modern Physics*, 82(1):451, 2010.

[4] Valerio Faraoni. $f(R)$ gravity: successes and challenges. *arXiv preprint arXiv:0810.2602*, 2008.

[5] NR Napolitano, S Capozziello, AJ Romanowsky, M Capaccioli, and C Tortora. Testing yukawa-like potentials from $f(R)$ gravity in elliptical galaxies