

## DA ASSIGNMENT 4

### TITLE: Twitter Data Analysis

#### PROBLEM STATEMENT:

Use twitter data for sentiment analysis. The dataset is 3mb in size & has 31,962 tweets. Identify the tweets which hate tweets & which are not.

#### OBJECTIVES:

To classify tweets as hate tweets or not.

#### OUTCOMES:

To identify & remove hate tweets from twitter.

#### Slw & H/w REQUIREMENTS:

64 Bit OS, anaconda, jupyter notebook, nltk, pandas, matplotlib, packages, keyboard, mouse, monitor.

#### THEORY:

- i) Natural language processing (NLP) is a subfield of linguistics, computer science, artificial intelligence, concerned with interactions between computer & human language, in particular how to program computers to process & also analyse large amounts of natural language data.
- ii) Stop words are the words that are filtered out before or after the natural language data are processed.



- iii] Stemming for grammatical reasons, text can use different form of a word. There are also families or derivationally related words with similar meanings.
- iv] When applied to a document, the result is like  
ORIGINAL: the boy's cars are different colors.  
STEMMED: the boy car be different color.
- v] Feature selection is the process of selection of a subset of the terms occurring in the training set & using only this subset of features in text classification.
- vi] Vectorization is the process of converting the text data into a machine readable form.
- vii] Accuracy of  $> 95\%$  was achieved.
- viii] The classification methods used were Multinomial Naive Bayes, Random forest, Linear Support Vector classifier.
- ix] Accuracy of tweets were preprocessed to convert them to lowercase, removed the @ mentions, removed numbers & punctuations.

#### CONCLUSION:

Tweets were successfully classified as hate tweets or not.