ASSGN 7 Lasso

April 7, 2022

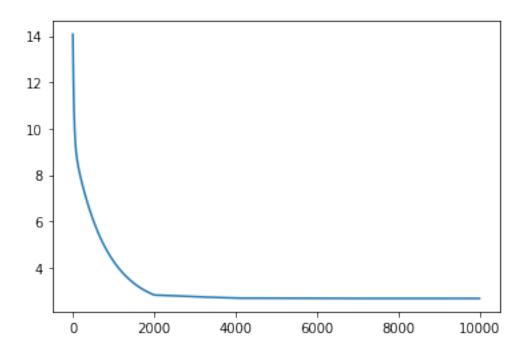
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[1]: # MLFA ASSIGNMENT 7
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[2]: # importing required modules
     import numpy as np
     import pandas as pd
     from tqdm import tqdm
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
     from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
     from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
[3]: # reading the data csv
     df = pd.read_csv('data.csv')
[4]: # inserting a column with value 1 for vectorisation later
     df.insert(0, 'Constant', 1)
[5]: df = df[['Constant', 'age', 'sex', 'cp', 'trestbps', 'chol', 'fbs', 'restecg',
            'thalach', 'exang', 'oldpeak', 'num
                                                       ']]
[6]: df.head(5)
[6]:
        Constant
                  age
                       sex
                            cp trestbps chol fbs restecg thalach exang
                                                                         oldpeak \
               1
                   28
                         1
                             2
                                    130 132
                                                        2
                                                              185
                                                                      0
                                                                              0.0
     1
               1
                   29
                         1
                             2
                                    120
                                         243
                                                0
                                                        0
                                                              160
                                                                       0
                                                                              0.0
     2
               1
                   29
                         1
                             2
                                    140
                                         ?
                                                0
                                                        0
                                                              170
                                                                       0
                                                                              0.0
     3
                         0
                                    170 237
                                                              170
                                                                              0.0
               1
                   30
                             1
                                                0
                                                        1
                                                                       0
                   31
                         0
                             2
                                    100 219
                                                        1
                                                              150
                                                                       0
                                                                              0.0
        num
     0
                 0
                 0
     1
     2
                 0
     3
                 0
                 0
```

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[7]: # removing rows with missing values
      df = df[df[df.columns]!='?']
      df = df.dropna()
      df = df.astype(float)
     /home/tfjuror/anaconda3/lib/python3.7/site-
     packages/pandas/core/ops/array_ops.py:253: FutureWarning: elementwise comparison
     failed; returning scalar instead, but in the future will perform elementwise
     comparison
       res_values = method(rvalues)
 [8]: # all missing values have been dealt with
      np.sum(df.isna())
 [8]: Constant
                    0
      age
                    0
      sex
                    0
                    0
      ср
                    0
      trestbps
      chol
                    0
     fbs
                    0
     restecg
                    0
     thalach
                    0
     exang
                    0
     oldpeak
                    0
     num
      dtype: int64
 [9]: df.columns
 [9]: Index(['Constant', 'age', 'sex', 'cp', 'trestbps', 'chol', 'fbs', 'restecg',
             'thalach', 'exang', 'oldpeak', 'num
                                                       '],
            dtype='object')
[10]: X_columns = ['Constant', 'age', 'sex', 'cp', 'trestbps', 'chol', 'fbs', __
      'exang', 'oldpeak']
      Y_column = 'num
[11]: X = df[X_columns]
      Y = df[Y_column]
      print(X.shape)
      print(Y.shape)
     (261, 11)
     (261,)
```

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[12]: # creating the train test split
      X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size = 0.
       \hookrightarrow2, random_state=43)
[13]: print(X_train.shape)
      print(Y_train.shape)
      print(X_test.shape)
      print(Y_test.shape)
     (208, 11)
     (208,)
     (53, 11)
     (53,)
[14]: # weights randomly initialised
      W = np.random.rand(X_train.shape[1],1)
[15]: # initial weights
      print(W)
     [[0.77406693]
      [0.48471468]
      [0.45808011]
      [0.94479394]
      [0.14039468]
      [0.6485074]
      [0.08192375]
      [0.77692235]
      [0.28227551]
      [0.7133849]
      [0.79360614]]
[16]: # hyperparameters defined here
      epochs = 10000
      lr = 1e-4
      lasso_param = 0.5
      loss_array=[]
[17]: # training loop with inbuilt updates via gradient descent
      for epoch in tqdm(range(epochs),position=0, leave=True):
          if(epoch\%2000 == 0):
              lr/=10
          T. = 0
          del_L = np.zeros((X_train.shape[1],))
          for i in range(len(X_train)):
              row = np.array(X_train.iloc[i,:])
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row = np.reshape(row, (row.shape[0],1))
              H = (row.T.astype(float) @ W.astype(float))
              L += (H - float(Y_train.iloc[i]))**2
              for j in range(len(del_L)):
                  del_L[j]+=(H - float(Y_train.iloc[i]))*row[j]
          L /= 2*len(X_train)
          L += np.sum(np.abs(W))*lasso_param
          del_L /= len(X_train)
          for i in range(1,len(del_L)):
              if (W[j]>0):
                  del_L +=1*lasso_param
                  del_L -=1*lasso_param
          loss_array.append(L.item())
          for j in range(len(del_L)):
              W[j] = W[j] - lr* del_L[j]
     100%|
                | 10000/10000 [16:17<00:00, 10.23it/s]
[18]: # finetuned weights after training
      print(W)
     [[ 0.65966752]
      [ 0.03148896]
      [ 0.34232791]
      [ 0.80420487]
      [-0.03974412]
      [-0.00319577]
      [-0.0299112]
      [ 0.66100976]
      [ 0.00601589]
      [ 0.59315698]
      [ 0.66494104]]
[19]: # decreasing losses visualised
      # first couple losses are removed from plotting to avoid skew due to random_
       \rightarrow initialisation
      plt.plot(loss_array[2:])
```

[19]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f3bf1759ad0>]



```
[20]: # utility function to generate predictions
      def gen_preds(W,X):
          preds = []
          for i in range(len(X)):
              row = np.array(X.iloc[i,:])
              row = np.reshape(row,(row.shape[0],1))
              H = (row.T.astype(float) @ W.astype(float))
              threshed = 1 if H.item()>0.5 else 0
              preds.append(threshed)
          return np.array(preds)
[21]: preds_train = gen_preds(W,X_train)
      preds_test = gen_preds(W,X_test)
[22]: print('RMSE on train set', mean_squared_error(Y_train, np.array(preds_train)))
      print('RMSE on test set',mean_squared_error(Y_test,np.array(preds_test)))
     RMSE on train set 0.22596153846153846
     RMSE on test set 0.2641509433962264
[23]: print('Accuracy on train set',accuracy_score(Y_train,np.array(preds_train)))
      print('Accuracy on test set',accuracy_score(Y_test,np.array(preds_test)))
```

Accuracy on train set 0.7740384615384616 Accuracy on test set 0.7358490566037735