

## Project Title: Uber Trip Analysis

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### Objective

This project aims to identify **spatial clusters of Uber pickups** using unsupervised machine learning (KMeans) and analyze **demand patterns by time and zone**. The final goal is to provide recommendations for **optimal vehicle allocation** per cluster.

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### Dataset Used

- **Source:** uber-raw-data-apr14.csv
  - **Records:** Over 200,000 Uber pickup records for April 2014
  - **Features:**
    - Date/Time: Timestamp of pickup
    - Lat: Latitude of pickup
    - Lon: Longitude of pickup
    - Base: Uber base code (not used in this analysis)
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### 1. Data Preprocessing

- **Datetime Conversion:** The Date/Time column was converted to datetime format to extract time-based features.
  - **Extracted Features:**
    - hour — hour of day (0–23)
    - day — day of the month (1–31)
    - weekday — day of the week (0=Monday)
    - month — constant value (April = 4)
  - **Filtering:** Latitude and longitude values were filtered to fall within realistic NYC bounds:
    - Latitude: 40 to 41
    - Longitude: -75 to -72
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## 2. 🗺️ Clustering Analysis (KMeans)

- A **random sample of 10,000 pickup coordinates** was taken from the dataset.
- Standardized the data using StandardScaler.
- Applied **KMeans clustering** with **6 clusters**.
- Visualized the clusters using seaborn.scatterplot, colored by cluster ID.

### 📊 Visualization:

A clear spatial separation of clusters shows distinct high-demand pickup zones across NYC.

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## 3. 🕒 Hourly Demand Analysis

- Each pickup was assigned to one of the 6 clusters using the trained KMeans model.
- Grouped pickup counts by cluster and hour to assess hourly demand trends.

### 📉 Insights:

- Clusters have distinct peak hours.
  - Some zones are busiest in morning hours, while others peak in the evening or late night.
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## 4. 🚗 Fleet Allocation Strategy

- Calculated the **average hourly demand** per cluster.
- Interpreted these as a proxy for **minimum recommended vehicle allocation** per cluster to meet average demand.

### 📋 Recommended Fleet Allocation:

#### Cluster Suggested Vehicles

0	182
1	150
2	171
3	165

## Cluster Suggested Vehicles

4          159

5          138

*(Note: These values are hypothetical; actual numbers will vary based on full dataset.)*

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### Conclusion

- **KMeans clustering** successfully identified meaningful zones of Uber activity.
- **Hourly analysis** revealed temporal patterns of ride demand across zones.
- **Fleet allocation strategy** based on average demand can help Uber optimize driver deployment and minimize wait times.

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### Recommendations & Future Work

- Include **multiple months** of data to capture seasonality.
- Incorporate **external data** (weather, holidays, events) for deeper insights.
- Use **geo-fencing techniques** to refine cluster boundaries.
- Consider dynamic clustering per day or per hour for real-time optimization.