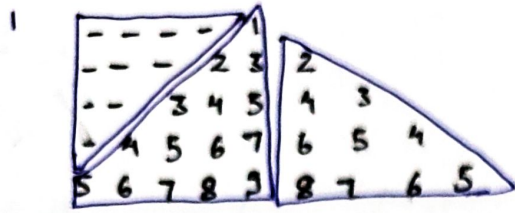


## Numeric Full Pyramid:-

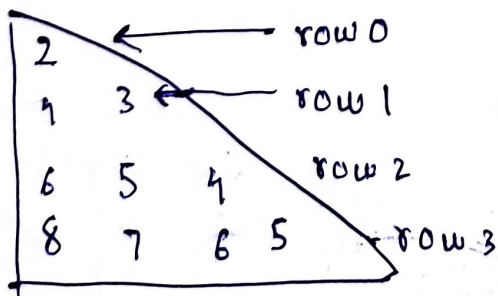


row 0  $\rightarrow$  4      space  
 row 1  $\rightarrow$  3  
 row 2  $\rightarrow$  2  
 row 3  $\rightarrow$  1  
 row 4  $\rightarrow$  0  
                      $n - \text{row} - 1$

```

// spaces
for(int row = 0; row < n; row = row + 1){
    cout << " ";
}
// numbers
for(

```



reverse k iye

2\* row

```
for (int row=0; row<n; row++) {
```

```
    // spaces
```

```
    for (int col=0; col<n-row-1; col++) {
```

```
        cout << " ";
```

```
    }
```

```
    // numbers
```

```
    for (int col=0; col<row+1; col++) {
```

```
        cout << row+col+1;
```

```
    }
```

```
    // reverse counting
```

```
    int start = 2 * row;
```

```
    for (int col=0; col<row; col++) {
```

```
        cout << start;
```

```
        start = start - 1;
```

```
    }
```

```
    cout << endl;
```

```
}
```

2)

-----1	→ row 0	1
---1-2	row 1	3
--1--3	row 2	5
-1-----4	row 3	7
1 2 3 4 5	row 4	<u>2 * n + 1</u>

```

for (int row=0; row<n; row=row+1) {
    //spaces
    for (int col=0; col<n-row-1; col++) {
        cout<<" ";
    }

    // numbers with spaces in b/w
    for (int col=0; col<2*n+1; col++) {
cout<<" "
        // first row or last row
        if (col==0 || col==2*n)
            if (row==0 || row==n-1) {
                if (col%2==0) {
                    // even
                    cout<<start;
                    start+=1;
                }
            }
        else {
            // odd
            cout<<" ";
        }
    }
}

```

// first col

if (col == 0) {

cout << 1;

} else if (col == 2 \* row + 1 - 1) {

cout << row + 1;

}

else {

cout << " ";

}

}

}

cout << endl;

}

row \ col	0	1	2
0	0	1	0
1	0	1	1
2	0	1	1

## Bitwise operators

- AND
- OR
- NOT
- XOR

Bits

a	b	O/P
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

OR

a	b	O/P
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

NOT

a	~
0	1
1	0



XOR (1)

a	b	XOR
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

1)

```
int main(){
```

```
    bool a = false;
```

```
    bool b = false;
```

```
    cout << (~a);
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

O/P

-1

(2's complement)

2)

```
int main() {
```

```
    bool a = true;
```

```
    bool b = false;
```

```
    cout << (a ^ b);
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

3 or 4 → 7

7

910

51

05 = 0 101

1 << 0 = 0

1 >> 100

## left shift and right shift operators:-

<<

>>

00 - - - 011011

010000 - - - 0101010

left shift

10

0000 - - - 0001  $\rightarrow a = 1$

<<  $\downarrow \times 2$

0000 - - - 0010  $\rightarrow$  2

<< 1  $\downarrow \times 2$

0000 - - - 00100  $\rightarrow$  4

<<  $\downarrow \times 2$

```
int a = 12;
```

```
a = a << 1;
```

```
cout << a << endl;
```

O/P

24

## Right shift

```
int a = 24;
```

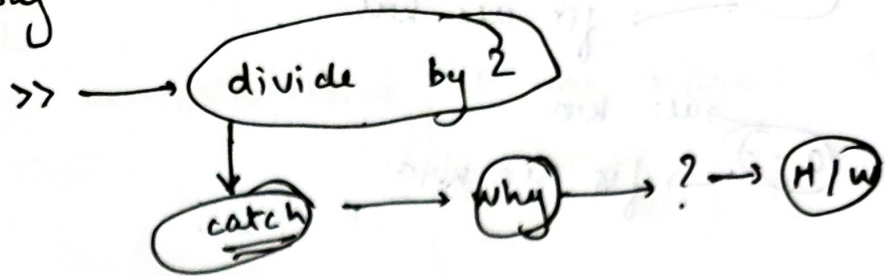
```
a = a >> 1;
```

```
cout << a;
```

O/P

12

Can i say



Pre / Post → Increment / Decrement operator

++a

↓  
pehle hi a ko increment karke uske baad use krsktte ho.

int a = 5		a = 6
cout << ++a;		

a++

↓  
pehle use krlo uske baad hi increment karleina

1) 

```
int a = 6;
c = ++a + 1;
cout << c;
```

8

2) 

```
main() {
    int a = 6;
    int c = a++ + 1;
    cout << c;
}
```

7



dec kro  
fir use kro

use kro  
fir dec kro

```
int a = 5;  
cout << (++a) * (++a) << endl;
```

40

### Break and Continue Keywords:-

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)  
{  
    cout << "Babbar";  
    break;  
}  
cout << "Hi";
```

5

Babbar

Hi

```
for (  
{  
    _____  
    break;  
    _____  
}  
}
```

not run

X

```

for (i = 0; i < 5; i++)
{
    continue;
    cout << i;
}

```

O/P

## Variable scoping:-

```

int main() {
    // variable scoping

    // declaration
    int a;

    // initialisation
    int b = 5;

    // updation
    b = 10;

    int b = 10;

    if (true) {
        cout << b << endl;
    }

    cout << b << endl;
}

```

O/P

10  
10  
10

Note → Variable should not be redefined.

global variable

→ which can be access anywhere  
in same file.

H.

5

Operator Precedence :-

→ Apply Brackets

$a + b * c / d + e$

$(a + (b * c / d) + e)$

2)

Switch case :- (readability is more)

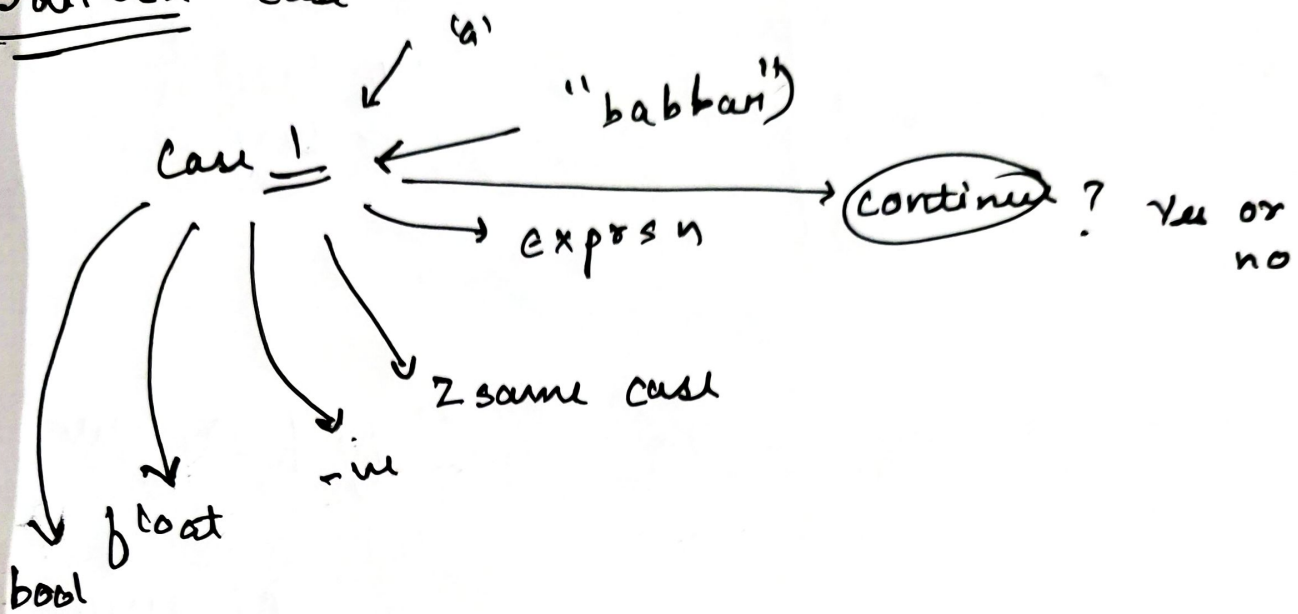
3)

```
switch (val)
{
    case 1: cout << "Lone";
            break;
    case 2: cout << "Balhian";
            break;
    case 3: cout << "Ramesh";
            break;
    default: cout << "Suresh";
}
```

O/P  
Enter the value  
1  
Lone

H.W.

Switch case



2)  $a = 4a$   
 $a = 2a$  } — Ton kya koi frk pdga?

3) why using global variable is bad?