Step 2: Create the Task Model

- 1. Right-click on the Models folder in the Solution Explorer > Add > Class.
- 2. Name it Task.cs.

Task.cs:

Step 3: Create a Task Service (In-Memory Data Store)

To simulate storing tasks, we will create an in-memory data store. This will allow us to manage tasks without needing a database.

- 1. **Right-click** on the **Services** folder (if it doesn't exist, create it) > **Add** > **Class**.
- 2. Name it TaskService.cs.

TaskService.cs:

```
csharp
Copy code
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Ling;
using TaskApp.Models;
namespace TaskApp.Services
   public class TaskService
        private static List<Task> _tasks = new List<Task>();
       private static int _nextId = 1;
        public TaskService()
            // Seed with some data (optional)
            if (! tasks.Any())
                tasks.Add(new Task { Id = nextId++, Title = "Sample
Task", Description = "This is a sample task", IsCompleted = false });
           }
        }
```

```
// Add a task
        public Task AddTask(Task task)
            task.Id = nextId++;
            tasks.Add(task);
            return task;
        // Get all tasks with pagination
        public List<Task> GetTasks(int page = 1, int limit = 5)
            return _tasks.Skip((page - 1) * limit).Take(limit).ToList();
        }
        // Get a task by Id
        public Task GetTaskById(int id)
            return tasks.FirstOrDefault(t => t.Id == id);
        }
        // Update a task
        public bool UpdateTask(int id, Task updatedTask)
            var task = tasks.FirstOrDefault(t => t.Id == id);
            if (task == null) return false;
            task.Title = updatedTask.Title;
            task.Description = updatedTask.Description;
            task.IsCompleted = updatedTask.IsCompleted;
            return true;
        }
        // Delete a task
        public bool DeleteTask(int id)
        {
            var task = tasks.FirstOrDefault(t => t.Id == id);
            if (task == null) return false;
            tasks.Remove(task);
           return true;
        }
   }
}
```

Step 4: Register the Service in Startup

You need to add the TaskService to the dependency injection container so that it can be used in controllers.

- 1. Open Startup.cs (or Program.cs in .NET 6+).
- 2. In the ConfigureServices method, add:

In Startup.cs (for .NET Core 3.1 or .NET 5):

```
csharp
Copy code
public void ConfigureServices(IServiceCollection services)
```

```
{
    services.AddControllersWithViews();
    services.AddSingleton<TaskService>(); // Register the TaskService
}

In Program.cs (for .NET 6+):

csharp
Copy code
var builder = WebApplication.CreateBuilder(args);

// Add services to the container.
builder.Services.AddControllersWithViews();
builder.Services.AddSingleton<TaskService>(); // Register the TaskService
var app = builder.Build();
```

Step 5: Create the Controller

- 1. Right-click on the Controllers folder > Add > Controller.
- 2. Select MVC Controller Empty.
- 3. Name the controller TaskController.

TaskController.cs:

```
csharp
Copy code
using Microsoft.AspNetCore.Mvc;
using TaskApp.Models;
using TaskApp.Services;
namespace TaskApp.Controllers
    public class TaskController : Controller
        private readonly TaskService taskService;
        public TaskController(TaskService taskService)
            _taskService = taskService;
        }
        // GET: /task
        public IActionResult Index(int page = 1, int limit = 5)
            var tasks = taskService.GetTasks(page, limit);
            return View(tasks);
        // GET: /task/details/{id}
        public IActionResult Details(int id)
            var task = taskService.GetTaskById(id);
            if (task == null)
                return NotFound();
            return View(task);
        }
```

```
// GET: /task/create
public IActionResult Create()
   return View();
}
// POST: /task/create
[HttpPost]
public IActionResult Create(Task task)
   if (ModelState.IsValid)
        taskService.AddTask(task);
       return RedirectToAction("Index");
   return View(task);
}
// GET: /task/edit/{id}
public IActionResult Edit(int id)
   var task = _taskService.GetTaskById(id);
   if (task == null)
       return NotFound();
   return View(task);
}
// POST: /task/edit/{id}
[HttpPost]
public IActionResult Edit(int id, Task task)
   if (ModelState.IsValid)
       bool updated = taskService.UpdateTask(id, task);
        if (!updated) return NotFound();
       return RedirectToAction("Index");
   return View(task);
}
// GET: /task/delete/{id}
public IActionResult Delete(int id)
{
   var task = taskService.GetTaskById(id);
   if (task == null)
       return NotFound();
   return View(task);
}
// POST: /task/delete/{id}
[HttpPost, ActionName("Delete")]
public IActionResult DeleteConfirmed(int id)
   bool deleted = _taskService.DeleteTask(id);
   if (!deleted) return NotFound();
   return RedirectToAction("Index");
```

```
} }
```

Step 6: Create the Views

- 1. Index View (List all tasks with pagination)
 - Right-click the Views/Task folder > Add > View.
 - Name it Index.cshtml.

Index.cshtml:

```
html
Copy code
@model List<TaskApp.Models.Task>
@ {
   ViewBag.Title = "Tasks";
}
<h2>Tasks</h2>
<thead>
      Title
         Description
         Status
         Actions
      </thead>
   @foreach (var task in Model)
         @task.Title
             @task.Description
             @(task.IsCompleted ? "Completed" : "Pending") 
             @Html.ActionLink("Edit", "Edit", new { id = task.Id })
@Html.ActionLink("Delete", "Delete", new { id = task.Id
})
             }
   <div>
   @Html.ActionLink("Create New Task", "Create")
</div>
2. Create View (Form to create a new task)
```

- - Right-click the Views/Task folder > Add > View.
 - Name it Create.cshtml.

Create.cshtml:

```
html
Copy code
@model TaskApp.Models.Task
@ {
    ViewBag.Title = "Create Task";
<h2>Create Task</h2>
@using (Html.BeginForm())
    <div class="form-group">
        @Html.LabelFor(m => m.Title)
        @Html.TextBoxFor(m => m.Title, new { @class = "form-control" })
    </div>
    <div class="form-group">
        @Html.LabelFor(m => m.Description)
        @Html.TextBoxFor(m => m.Description, new { @class = "form-control"
})
    </div>
    <div class="form-group">
        @Html.LabelFor(m => m.IsCompleted)
        @Html.CheckBoxFor(m => m.IsCompleted)
    <button type="submit" class="btn btn-primary">Create</button>
```

- 3. Edit View (Form to edit a task)
 - Right-click the Views/Task folder > Add > View.
 - Name it Edit.cshtml.

Edit.cshtml:

```
html
Copy code
@model TaskApp.Models.Task
    ViewBag.Title = "Edit Task";
<h2>Edit Task</h2>
@using (Html.BeginForm())
    <div class="form-group">
        @Html.LabelFor(m => m.Title)
        @Html.TextBoxFor(m => m.Title, new { @class = "form-control" })
    </div>
    <div class="form-group">
        @Html.LabelFor(m => m.Description)
        @Html.TextBoxFor(m => m.Description, new { @class = "form-control"
})
    </div>
    <div class="form-group">
        @Html.LabelFor(m => m.IsCompleted)
```

```
@Html.CheckBoxFor(m => m.IsCompleted)
    </div>
    <button type="submit" class="btn btn-primary">Save Changes</button>
}
```

- 4. Delete View (Confirm delete task)
 - Right-click the Views/Task folder > Add > View.
 - Name it **Delete.cshtml**.

Delete.cshtml:

Create ASP.Net MVC Web application for Festivals in India with Master Page and minimum 4 Pages

Step 2: Create the Festival Model

- 1. Right-click on the Models folder > Add > Class.
- 2. Name the class Festival.cs.

Festival.cs:

Step 3: Create a Service to Manage Festivals

We'll create an in-memory service to manage festival data for the sake of this example. You can later extend it to use a database if necessary.

- 1. Right-click on the Services folder (create the folder if it doesn't exist) > Add > Class.
- 2. Name the class FestivalService.cs.

FestivalService.cs:

```
csharp
Copy code
using System.Collections.Generic;
using FestivalApp.Models;
using System.Linq;
namespace FestivalApp.Services
   public class FestivalService
        private static List<Festival> festivals = new List<Festival>();
        private static int nextId = 1;
        public FestivalService()
            // Seed with some data (optional)
            if (! festivals.Any())
                festivals.Add(new Festival { Id = nextId++, Name =
"Diwali", Date = "November", Description = "Festival of lights." });
                festivals.Add(new Festival { Id = _nextId++, Name =
"Holi", Date = "March", Description = "Festival of colors." });
           }
        }
        // Get all festivals
        public List<Festival> GetFestivals()
            return festivals;
        }
        // Get a festival by ID
        public Festival GetFestivalById(int id)
            return festivals.FirstOrDefault(f => f.Id == id);
        // Add a new festival
        public Festival AddFestival(Festival festival)
            festival.Id = nextId++;
            festivals.Add(festival);
            return festival;
        }
        // Update a festival
        public bool UpdateFestival(int id, Festival festival)
```

```
var existingFestival = festivals.FirstOrDefault(f => f.Id ==
id);
            if (existingFestival == null) return false;
            existingFestival.Name = festival.Name;
            existingFestival.Date = festival.Date;
            existingFestival.Description = festival.Description;
            return true;
        // Delete a festival
        public bool DeleteFestival(int id)
            var festival = _festivals.FirstOrDefault(f => f.Id == id);
            if (festival == null) return false;
            festivals.Remove(festival);
            return true;
        }
   }
}
```

Step 4: Register the Service in Startup.cs

You need to register the **FestivalService** class in the DI container.

- 1. Open Startup.cs (or Program.cs for .NET 6+).
- 2. In the ConfigureServices method, add:

```
csharp
Copy code
public void ConfigureServices(IServiceCollection services)
{
    services.AddControllersWithViews();
    services.AddSingleton<FestivalService>(); // Register the
FestivalService
}
```

Step 5: Create the Controller

- 1. Right-click on the Controllers folder > Add > Controller.
- 2. Select MVC Controller Empty.
- 3. Name the controller FestivalController.

FestivalController.cs:

```
csharp
Copy code
using Microsoft.AspNetCore.Mvc;
using FestivalApp.Models;
using FestivalApp.Services;
namespace FestivalApp.Controllers
{
    public class FestivalController : Controller
}
```

```
public FestivalController(FestivalService festivalService)
            _festivalService = festivalService;
        // GET: /Festival
        public IActionResult Index()
            var festivals = festivalService.GetFestivals();
            return View(festivals);
        }
        // GET: /Festival/Details/{id}
        public IActionResult Details(int id)
            var festival = _festivalService.GetFestivalById(id);
if (festival == null)
                return NotFound();
            return View(festival);
        }
        // GET: /Festival/Create
        public IActionResult Create()
            return View();
        }
        // POST: /Festival/Create
        [HttpPost]
        public IActionResult Create(Festival festival)
        {
            if (ModelState.IsValid)
                festivalService.AddFestival(festival);
                return RedirectToAction("Index");
            return View(festival);
        }
        // GET: /Festival/Edit/{id}
        public IActionResult Edit(int id)
            var festival = festivalService.GetFestivalById(id);
            if (festival == null)
                return NotFound();
            return View(festival);
        }
        // POST: /Festival/Edit/{id}
        [HttpPost]
        public IActionResult Edit(int id, Festival festival)
            if (ModelState.IsValid)
                var updated = festivalService.UpdateFestival(id,
festival);
                if (!updated) return NotFound();
```

private readonly FestivalService festivalService;

```
return RedirectToAction("Index");
            return View(festival);
        }
        // GET: /Festival/Delete/{id}
        public IActionResult Delete(int id)
            var festival = _festivalService.GetFestivalById(id);
            if (festival == null)
                return NotFound();
            return View(festival);
        }
        // POST: /Festival/Delete/{id}
        [HttpPost, ActionName("Delete")]
        public IActionResult DeleteConfirmed(int id)
            bool deleted = festivalService.DeleteFestival(id);
            if (!deleted) return NotFound();
            return RedirectToAction("Index");
        }
   }
}
```

Step 6: Create the Views

You will need to create views for the **Index**, **Details**, **Create**, **Edit**, and **Delete** actions.

1. Index View (List of festivals)

- Right-click on Views/Festival > Add > View.
- Name it Index.cshtml.

Index.cshtml:

```
@foreach (var festival in Model)
          @festival.Name
             @festival.Date
             @festival.Description
             @Html.ActionLink("Details", "Details", new { id =
festival.Id }) |
                @Html.ActionLink("Edit", "Edit", new { id = festival.Id
}) |
                @Html.ActionLink("Delete", "Delete", new { id =
festival.Id })
             <div>
   @Html.ActionLink("Create New Festival", "Create")
</div>
```

- 2. Details View (Festival details)
 - Right-click on Views/Festival > Add > View.
 - Name it **Details.cshtml**.

Details.cshtml:

- 3. Create View (Form to create a festival)
 - Right-click on Views/Festival > Add > View.
 - Name it Create.cshtml.

Create.cshtml:

```
html
Copy code
```

```
@model FestivalApp.Models.Festival
@ {
    ViewBag.Title = "Create Festival";
<h2>Create Festival</h2>
@using (Html.BeginForm())
    <div class="form-group">
        @Html.LabelFor(m => m.Name)
        @Html.TextBoxFor(m => m.Name, new { @class = "form-control" })
    </div>
    <div class="form-group">
        @Html.LabelFor(m => m.Date)
        @Html.TextBoxFor(m => m.Date, new { @class = "form-control" })
    </div>
    <div class="form-group">
        @Html.LabelFor(m => m.Description)
        @Html.TextAreaFor(m => m.Description, new { @class = "form-control"
})
    </div>
    <button type="submit" class="btn btn-primary">Create</button>
4. Edit View (Edit festival details)
```

- Right-click on Views/Festival > Add > View.
- Name it Edit.cshtml.

Edit.cshtml:

```
html
Copy code
@model FestivalApp.Models.Festival
@ {
    ViewBag.Title = "Edit Festival";
<h2>Edit Festival</h2>
@using (Html.BeginForm())
{
    <div class="form-group">
        @Html.LabelFor(m => m.Name)
        @Html.TextBoxFor(m => m.Name, new { @class = "form-control" })
    </div>
    <div class="form-group">
        @Html.LabelFor(m => m.Date)
        @Html.TextBoxFor(m => m.Date, new { @class = "form-control" })
    </div>
    <div class="form-group">
        @Html.LabelFor(m => m.Description)
        @Html.TextAreaFor(m => m.Description, new { @class = "form-control"
})
    </div>
    <button type="submit" class="btn btn-primary">Save Changes</button>
}
```

5. Delete View (Confirm deletion)

- Right-click on Views/Festival > Add > View.
- Name it **Delete.cshtml**.

Delete.cshtml:

```
html
Copy code
@model FestivalApp.Models.Festival
9 {
    ViewBag.Title = "Delete Festival";
}
<h2>Delete Festival</h2>
<div>
    <h3>Are you sure you want to delete this festival?</h3>
    @Model.Name
    <form method="post">
        <button type="submit" class="btn btn-danger">Delete</button>
        @Html.ActionLink("Cancel", "Index", null, new { @class = "btn btn-
secondary" })
    </form>
</div>
```