



**INSPIRE-100** 

# Setting the Context

The Motivation

The Problem Statement

INSPIRE-100 (Patent Pending)

Is it right for you?

Need adult respiratory support?

Support from Initiation to Weaning?

No compressed air or piped Oxygen?

Connect to O, Cylinder or Concentrator?

Full range of Respiration parameters?

Breath Synchronization for Patient Comfort?

Remote monitoring capability?

Handle harsh-uncontrolled Environment?

Easy-to-use System?

**Budget Friendly?** 

## Respiration Assist Devices

Categories - Usage and Pricing











BiPAP Big Hole

**ICU Ventilator** 

## CPAP v/s BiPAP v/s INSPIRE-100 v/s ICU-VENTILATOR

| CPAP   | BiPAP  | Respimatic 100   | ICU Ventilator   |  |  |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Continuous Positive Airway Pressure  | Continuous Bi-Level Airway Positive  | Mechanical Ventilation with 4 most-                                    | Mechanical Ventilation with very                                       |  |  |
| Continuous i ositive All way i ressure   | Pressure   | used ventilation modes and controls                                    | sophisticated modes and controls                                       |  |  |
| Non-invasive   | Non-invasive   | Non-invasive + Invasive  | Non-invasive + Invasive  |  |  |
| High Flow + PEEP   | Inspiratory Pressure + PEEP  | Tidal Volume + Support Pressure + PEEP                                 | Tidal Volume + Support Pressure + PEEP                                 |  |  |
| Useful for Type 1 respiratory Failure (Hypoxemic)  | Useful for Type 2 respiratory Failure (Hypercopnic)  | Useful for Hypoxemic and Hypercopnic respiratory failure               | Useful for Hypoxemic and Hypercopnic respiratory failure               |  |  |
| Continuous flow of air at a constant pressure. Increases mean airway pressure to recruit collapsed alveoli | Continuous flow of air at different constant pressures during inspiration and expiration breathing phase | Independent control over the volume, the respiration rate and pressure | Independent control over the volume, the respiration rate and pressure |  |  |
| Useful only when patient can breathe on his own  | Useful only when patient can breathe on his own  | Useful when patient can or CANNOT breathe on his own                   | Useful when patient can or CANNOT breathe on his own                   |  |  |
| Only Spontaneous breaths that are patient triggered.   | Only Spontaneous breaths that are patient triggered.   | Spontaneous breaths + Mandatory breaths controlled by RR and I:E       | Spontaneous breaths + Mandatory breaths controlled by RR and I:E       |  |  |
| External FiO2 control  | External FiO2 control  | System assisted FiO2 control   | Direct FiO2 control  |  |  |
| Breath Synchronization N/A   | Breath Synchronization N/A   | Full Breath Synchronization  | Full Breath Synchronization  |  |  |
| No Tidal Volume control  | Indirect Tidal Volume control (IPAP-EPAP)  | Direct Tidal Volume control  | Direct Tidal Volume control  |  |  |
| No Respiration Rate control  | No Respiration Rate control  | Direct Respiration Rate control  | Direct Respiration Rate control  |  |  |
| No Inspiration: Expiration ratio control   | No Inspiration: Expiration ratio control   | Direct Inspiration: Expiration control                                 | Direct Inspiration:Expiration control                                  |  |  |
| External Humidity control  | External Humidity control  | External Humidity control  | Direct Humidity control  |  |  |
| No display of Peak, Plateau or PEEP  | No display of Peak, Plateau or PEEP  | Full display of Peak, Plateau and PEEP                                 | Full display of Peak, Plateau and PEEP                                 |  |  |
| Minimal alarm signals  | Minimal alarm signals  | Full set of Alarm signals  | Full set of Alarm signals  |  |  |
| No remote monitoring   | No remote monitoring   | Sophisticated Remote WEB Dashboard                                     | Minimal Remote monitoring (if any)                                     |  |  |

## Observations on Ventilator Evolution



Iron Lung Age



Pneumatic Age



μController Age



Smart "E"-Age

## Most-used Ventilation Modes have not changed

- Volume and Pressure Control
- Control BPM, I/E, VT and PS
- Monitor pressures and flow
- Safety Alarm systems

## Diminishing Returns from what has evolved ...

- Exotic Ventilation modes
- Multitude of Sensors
- Fancy Touch-screen LCD Displays

# INSPIRE-100 Details

**System Components** 

Technical Details

## US and INDIA IP Protection



(19) United States

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(54) VENTILATOR

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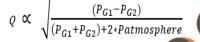
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#### ABSTRACT

Provided is a ventilator that includes a breathing system, a mechanical system coupled to breathing system, and a control system coupled to breathing system and mechanical system. The control system includes pressure sensors, processing circuitry, and memory configured to store a look-up table. The processing circuitry receives a set of values for plurality of parameters, identifies a compression value from a plurality of compression values in the look-up table based on the received set of values. The processing circuitry causes the mechanical system to compress a bag valvabreathing system in accordance with the identify sion value. The compression of the bag gaseous inhalant to flow through the breathi a time-interval. The processing circuitry actual volume of the gaseous inhalant and iter fies the compression value of the bag valve desired volume of the gaseous inhalant.



An important and necess and FG2 encountered in our system are of the order of tens of cmH<sub>2</sub>O wh is of the of a thousand cmH2O of pressure. At sea level, Patmosphere is O. Even at an altitude of 15,000 feet, . On the other hand, the  $P_{G1}$  and  $P_{G2}$  in the system

Patmosphere is appro range from 1

term is negligible compared to (2\*Patmosphere), even more so since it ued a square root. The flow equation can be simplified to the one below.

$$Q \propto \sqrt{\frac{(P_{G1} - P_{G2})}{Patmosphere}}$$

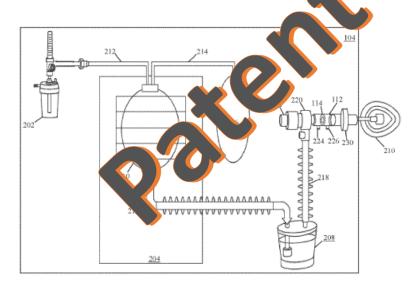
Recalling Equation 2 from the theory section above, this equation can be recast as below given that the orifice characteristics and pressure tap locations are the same for every system.

$$Q = C * \frac{\sqrt{(P_{G1} - P_{G2})}}{\sqrt{(Patmosphere)}}$$
 where  $\underline{C} = f(Re)$  Reynold's number

At a given geographical location, *Patmosphere* is also a constant. So, the above equation further reduces to the one below.

$$Q = \left(\frac{C}{\sqrt{Patmoshpere}}\right) * \sqrt{(P_{G1} - P_{G2})}$$

The equation needs further simplification to ease the computation burden of the square root computation for and inexpensive micro-controller. The constraints are as below.



# Our Solution INSPIRE-100

4 Commonly Used Ventilation Modes CMV, ACV, SIMV, PSV

Respiration Rate, Tidal Volume, PEEP, Pressure Support & FiO2 Controls

Volume Controlled and Pressure Supported
Breaths

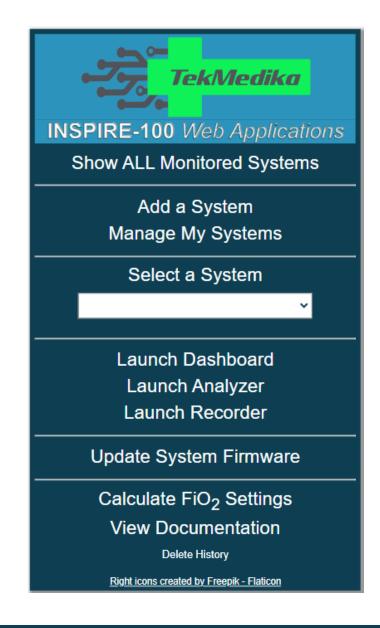
Mandatory &
Spontaneous Breaths
with Full Breath
Synchronization

Complete set of WEB Apps
Remote Dashboard
Remote Recorder
Remote Analyzer

Low-speed Wi-Fi sufficient Phone Hot-spot sufficient

Uses secure HTTPS protocol

Field upgradable with new Firmware releases



https://www.inspire-100.com

## Breathing Circuit

Proprietary, <u>patent-pending</u> Pressure line connector with Orifice plate

COTS single-limb Breathing Circuit with NRBM

BVM or Ambu Bag with Reservoir

Pressure sensing lines

PEEP valve

**HME** Filter

Oxygen Source

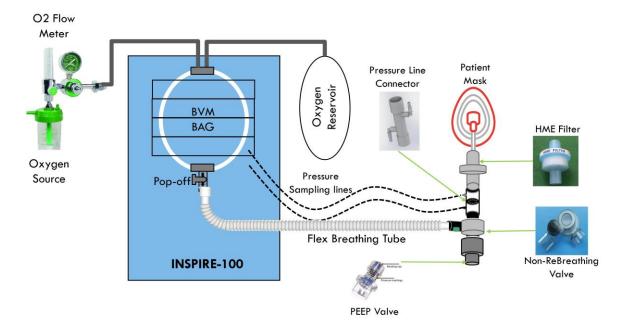




Off-the-Shelf Single limbed Circuit with NRBM



Proprietary Dual
Pressure line Connector



# Front Panel The Human-Machine Interface

No delicate touch screen etc.

Easy to read 7-seg
LED Parameters
Display

Parameter selection using navigation arrow buttons

4-line LCD Display for displaying Messages and Menus

Peak, Plateau, PEEP pressures displayed after each breath

Shows Delivered
Volumes, Lung
Compliances, Breath
types etc.



## Dashboard Snapshot View

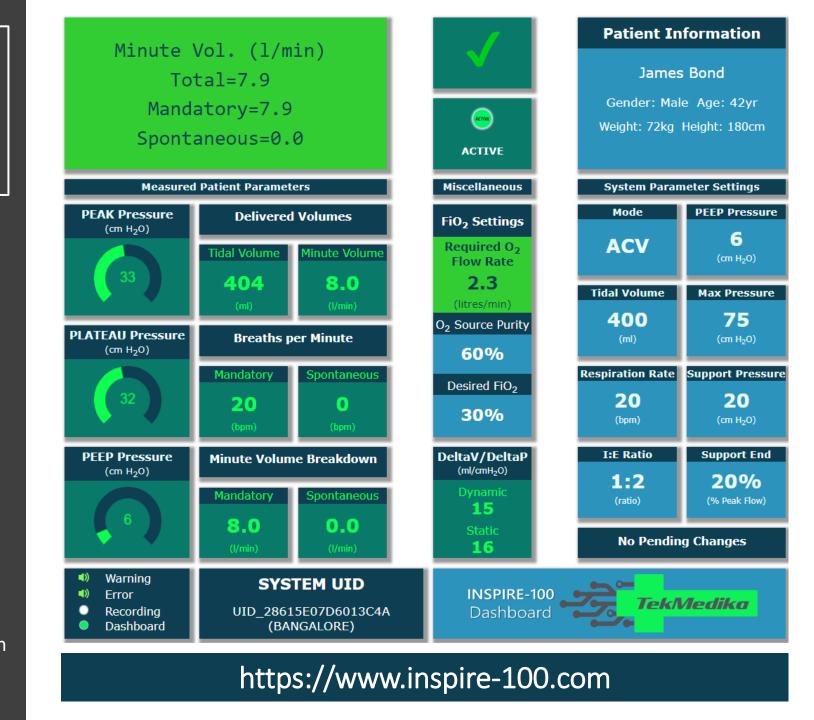
Anyone can monitor any patient via the WEB One-to-many and many-to-one monitoring

### 5 Dashboard views

- Snapshots
- Breath Waveforms
- Charts
- Statistics
- Alerts (Audible or not)

Breath Range Selector on every view to display data for different breath ranges

 For instance, use to compare the statistics for the first hour of ventilation against the second hour.



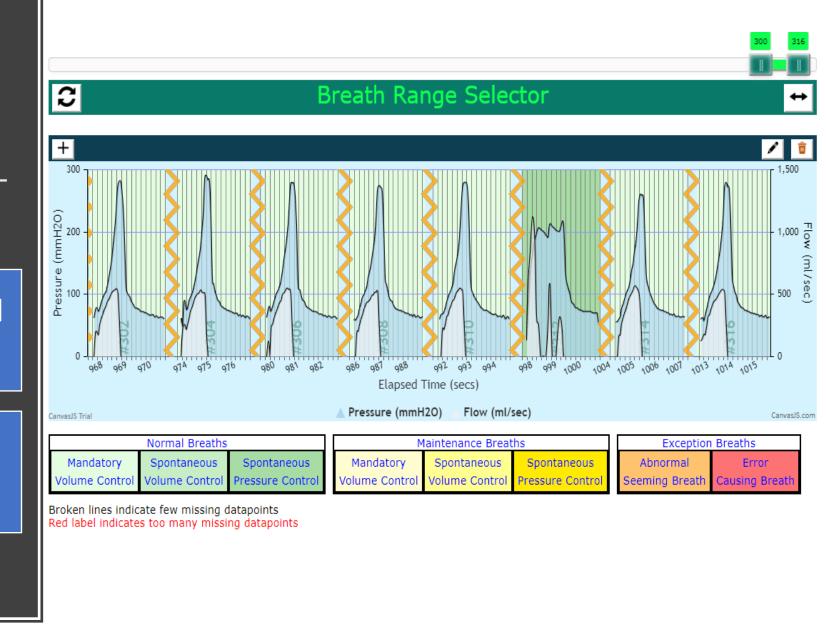
## Dashboard Waveforms View

Pressure and Flow Graphs

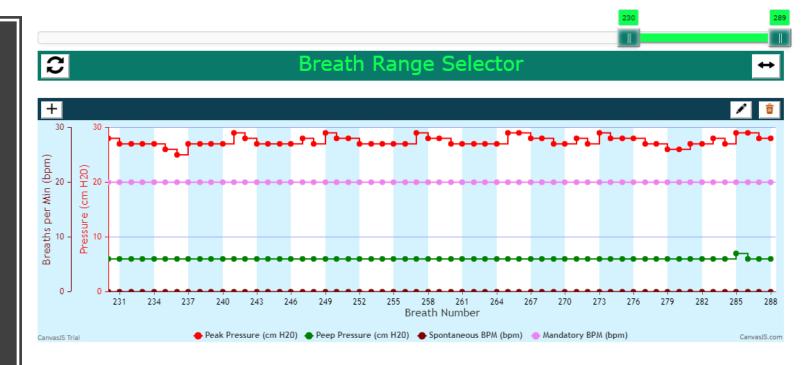
For Selected Breaths

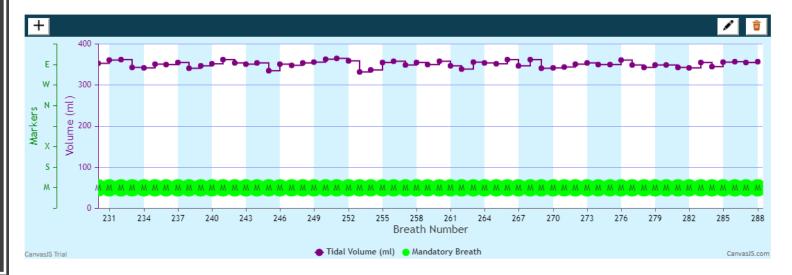
Periodic Display

Display on demand



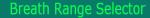
# Dashboard Charts View





# Dashboard Statistics View





### Parameters Measured

| Parameter                 | Units      | Min   | Max   | Avg   |
|---------------------------|------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Peak Pressure             | cmH20      | 27.0  | 30.0  | 28.6  |
| Plateau Pressure          | cmH20      | 17.0  | 29.0  | 27.1  |
| PEEP Pressure             | cmH20      | 5.0   | 5.0   | 5.0   |
| Tidal Volume Delivered    | ml         | 384.0 | 412.0 | 399.8 |
| Total Minute Volume       | litres/min | 8.0   | 8.1   | 8.0   |
| Mandatory Minute Volume   | litres/min | 8.0   | 8.1   | 8.0   |
| Spontaneous Minute Volume | litres/min |       |       |       |
| Mandatory BPM             | bpm        | 20.0  | 20.0  | 20.0  |
| Spontaneous BPM           | bpm        |       |       |       |
| FIO2                      | %          | 21.0  | 21.0  | 21.0  |
| Static DeltaV/DeltaP      | ml/cmH20   | 17.0  | 32.0  | 18.3  |
| Dynamic DeltaV/DeltaP     | ml/cmH20   | 16.0  | 18.0  | 17.0  |
| System Temperature        | degC       | 27.0  | 27.0  | 27.0  |
|                           |            |       |       |       |

### **Miscellaneous Information**

| Information                               | Value |
|---|-------|
| Number of Breaths                         | 73    |
| Number of Mandatory Breaths               | 73    |
| Number of Spontaneous Breaths             | C     |
| Number of Maintenance Breaths             | C     |
| Number of CMV-mode Spontaneous Breaths    | C     |
| Number of Missing Intervals (Packet loss) | C     |
| Number of WiFi or Server Disconnects      | C     |
| Number of Notifications                   | C     |
| Number of Warnings                        | C     |
| Number of Errors                          | C     |

### **Static Information**

Patient Name: Rajnikanth Bond Gender: Male Age: 69yr Weight: 74kg Height: 181cm

System Location: Namma Bengaluru Location Altitude: 3000 ft (915 mtrs) Location Atmospheric Oxygen: 19%

### **Parameter Settings Used**

| Parameter                    | Units      | Values |  |
|------------------------------|------------|--------|--|
| Ventilation Mode             | mode       | ACV    |  |
| Tidal Volume                 | ml         | 400    |  |
| Minute Volume                | l/min      | 10     |  |
| Respiration Rate             | bpm        | 20     |  |
| I:E Ratio                    | ratio      | 1:2    |  |
| PEEP Pressure                | cmH20      | 5      |  |
| Maximum Pressure             | cmH20      | 50     |  |
| Support Pressure             | cmH20      | 20     |  |
| Support Pressure Termination | %flow,secs | 20%    |  |
| FIO2                         | %          | 21     |  |

### **Sequence of Parameter Combinations**

| )<br>) | MODE | VT/MV | RR | I:E | PEEP | PMAX | PS | TPS | FIO2 | # of<br>BREATHS | Before<br>BREATH# |
|--------|------|-------|----|-----|------|------|----|-----|------|-----------------|-------------------|
| )      | ?    | ?     | ?  | ?   | ?    | ?    | ?  | ?   | ?    | 1               | 0                 |
| )      | ACV  | 400   | 20 | 1:2 | 5    | 50   | 20 | 20% | ?    | 2               | 2                 |
| )      | ACV  | 400   | 20 | 1:2 | 5    | 50   | 20 | 20% | 21   | 70              | 4                 |

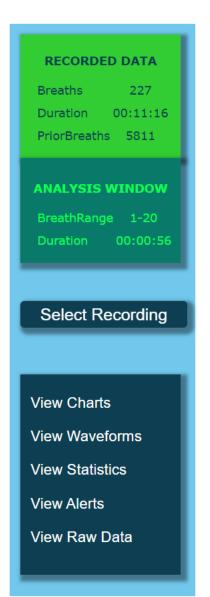
# Dashboard Alerts View

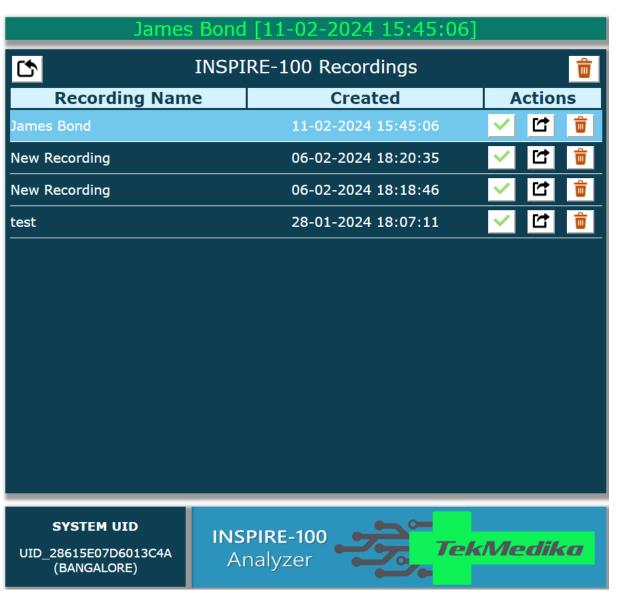


## Analyzer

Any patient Session can be recorded locally or remotely.

The recorded Session can then be analyzed off-line using the Analyzer.

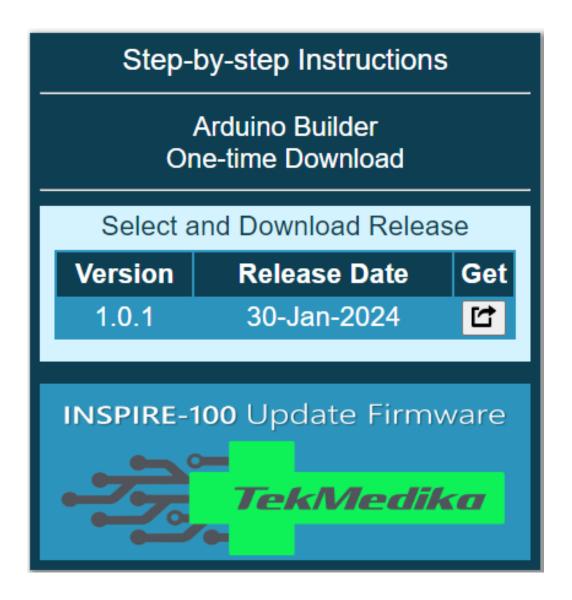




## Updating Firmware

Firmware releases available on the WEB.

Step-by-step menu driven update procedure



## Ventilation Modes

## The 4 most frequently used

### Continuous Mandatory Ventilation (CMV)

Volume Controlled Mandatory Breaths

Ignore spontaneous breaths

### Synchronized Assist Control Ventilation (Sync ACV)

Volume Controlled Mandatory Breaths

Volume controlled breaths in response to spontaneous breaths

Breath Synchronization

# Synchronized Intermittent Mandatory Ventilation (SIMV)

Volume Controlled Mandatory Breaths

Pressure supported breaths in response to spontaneous breaths

Breath Synchronization

## Pressure Support Ventilation (PSV)

Pressure supported breaths in response to spontaneous breaths

Monitoring of Minute Volume

Fallback to SIMV if insufficient Minute volume

## Volume Controlled Breaths (All modes)

### Tidal Volume (ml)

200 to 600 ml increments of 50 ml

### Respiratory Rate (bpm)

10 to 30 bpm increments of 1 bpm

## Inspiration/Expiration Ratio (I:E)

1:1 1:2 1:3

### PEEP (cmH<sub>2</sub>O)

4 to 15 cmH<sub>2</sub>O increments of 1 cmH<sub>2</sub>O

## Max Pressure (cmH<sub>2</sub>O)

15 to 50 cmH<sub>2</sub>O increments of 5 cmH<sub>2</sub>O

## FiO<sub>2</sub> Support

System Managed Externally Controlled 21% to 100%

# Pressure Supported Breaths

(SIMV & PSV modes)

## Support Pressure (PS)

5 cmH<sub>2</sub>O to 35 cmH<sub>2</sub>O in increments of 5 cmH<sub>2</sub>O

## Support Pressure Termination (TPS)

### Flow-dependent

Terminate when flow falls to 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50% or 60% of peak flow

### Time dependent

Terminate after 1.0 to 2.5 secs in increments of 0.5 secs

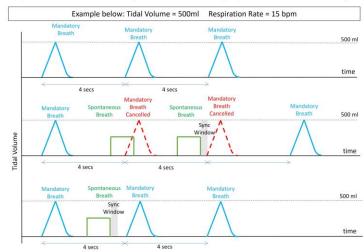
# Breath Synchronization

### **Both ACV and SIMV modes**

- A must for patient comfort
- Synchronize Mandatory breaths with Spontaneous breaths
- Prevent breath stacking

#### **Breath Syncing in SIMV mode**

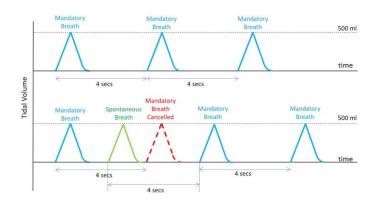
There is a sync-window – the next mandatory breath is rescheduled only if spontaneous breath within the sync-window



### Breath Syncing in Synchronized AC Mode

There is no sync-window - the next mandatory breath is always rescheduled after a spontaneous breath

Example below: Tidal Volume = 500ml Respiration Rate = 15 bpm



## FiO<sub>2</sub> Settings

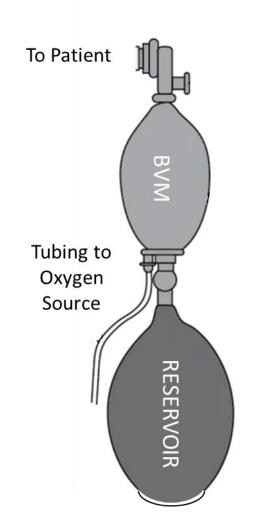
Without the Reservoir bag, FiO<sub>2</sub> delivered is the Atmospheric O<sub>2</sub> content at site

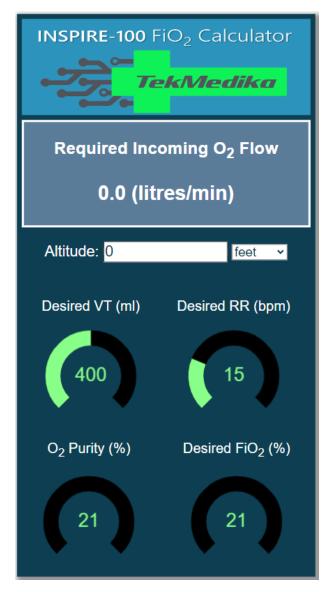
FiO<sub>2</sub> delivery with the Reservoir bag is mathematically modelled, calibrated and verified in the Lab to provide +/- 5% accuracy

Front-panel guides the user in setting the appropriate input  $O_2$  flow rate from the  $O_2$  source for a given  $FiO_2$ 

The mathematical model provides for a possible  $O_2$  concentrator as an  $O_2$  source (purity < 100%)

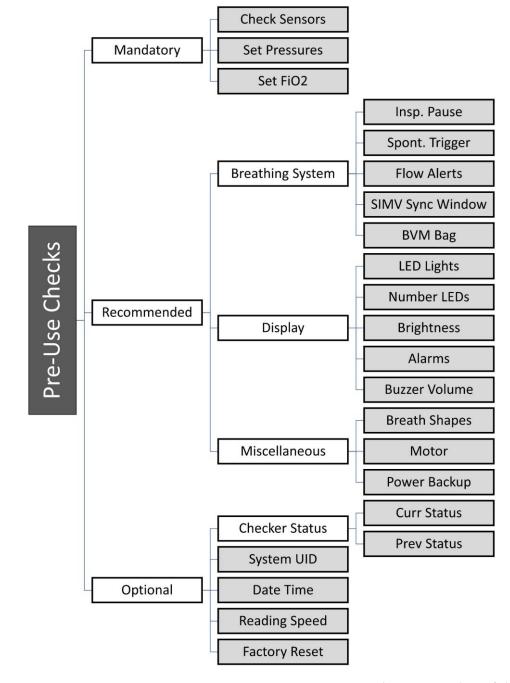
Online Web-accessible FiO<sub>2</sub> calculator is also provided for exploration purposes





## Alarms and Safety Features

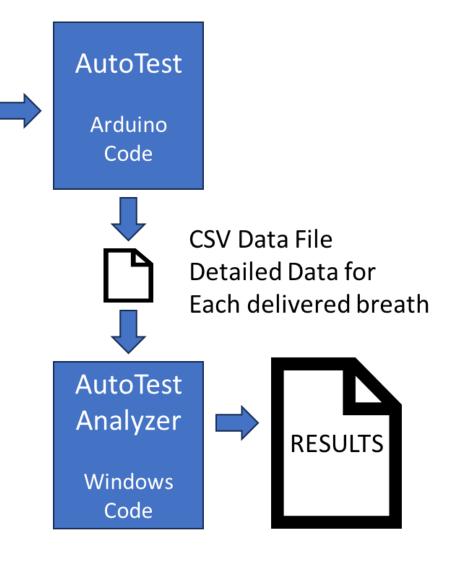
- Enforcement of Pre-use checks
- Maintenance Breaths till Alarm situation rectified
- Alarms, Warnings and Notifications
  - Max Pressure Alarm
  - Pressure Leak Alarm
  - Pressure Loss Alarm
  - Airway Blockage Alarm
  - System Temperature Alarm
  - Sensor Failure Alarm
  - Breathing Circuit Failure Alarm
  - Detect coughing/hiccupping fits
  - Inconsistent input parameters
  - Extreme parameter combination warnings
  - And many more ...



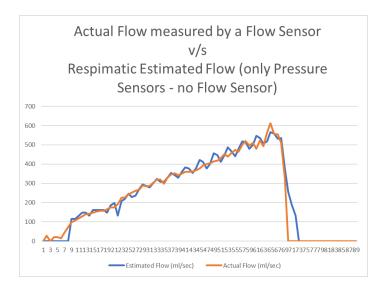
## Automated Testing

### **AutoTest Controls**

- Select PEEP
- Run all combinations of Selected ranges of
  - Ventilation Modes
  - Respiration Rates
  - I:E ratios
- 3. # Breaths per Combo
- 4. % Spontaneous Breaths

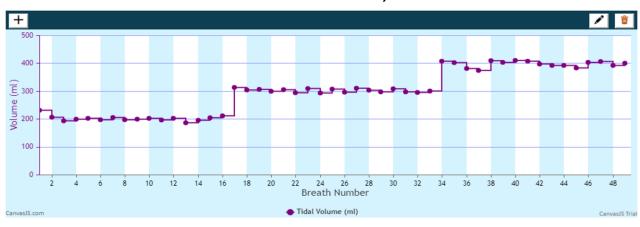


## Some Results

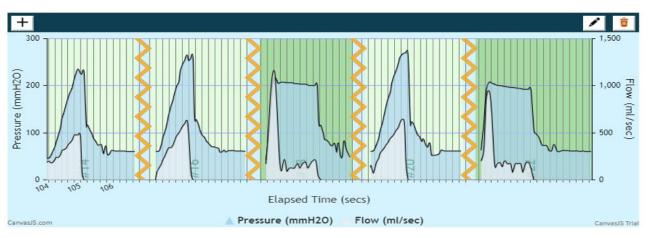


| Sample FiO2 Data |   |            |          |            |       |  |  |  |  |
|------------------|---|------------|----------|------------|-------|--|--|--|--|
|                  |   |            |          |            |       |  |  |  |  |
|                  | PEEP=6,EI=2   | 2          | Measured | Calculated | ERROR |  |  |  |  |
| VT               | RR  | O2 (I/min) | FiO2(%)  | FiO2(%)    | %     |  |  |  |  |
| 400              | 20  | 2          | 40.5     | 39         | 4%    |  |  |  |  |
| 400              | 20  | 2.5        | 45.5     | 43.5       | 4%    |  |  |  |  |
| 400              | 20  | 3 3.5      | 49       | 48         | 2%    |  |  |  |  |
| 400              | 20  |            | 54       | 53.5       | 1%    |  |  |  |  |
| 400              | 20  | 4          | 59.8     | 57         | 5%    |  |  |  |  |
| 400              | 20  | 4.5        | 63.5     | 61.5       | 3%    |  |  |  |  |
| 400              | 400     20       400     30       400     30       400     30 |            | 67.5     | 66         | 2%    |  |  |  |  |
| 400              |   |            | 33       | 33         | 0%    |  |  |  |  |
| 400              |   |            | 36.5     | 36         | 1%    |  |  |  |  |
| 400              |   |            | 38.5     | 39         | 1%    |  |  |  |  |
| 400              | 30  | 3.5        | 41.5     | 42         | 1%    |  |  |  |  |
| 400              | 30  | 4          | 44.5     | 45         | 1%    |  |  |  |  |
| 400              | 30  | 4.5        | 47.1     | 48         | 2%    |  |  |  |  |
| 400              | 30  | 5          | 49.8     | 51         | 2%    |  |  |  |  |

### VT Titration for VT = 200, 300 and 400ml



### A Mix of VC and PS Breaths



# Thank you