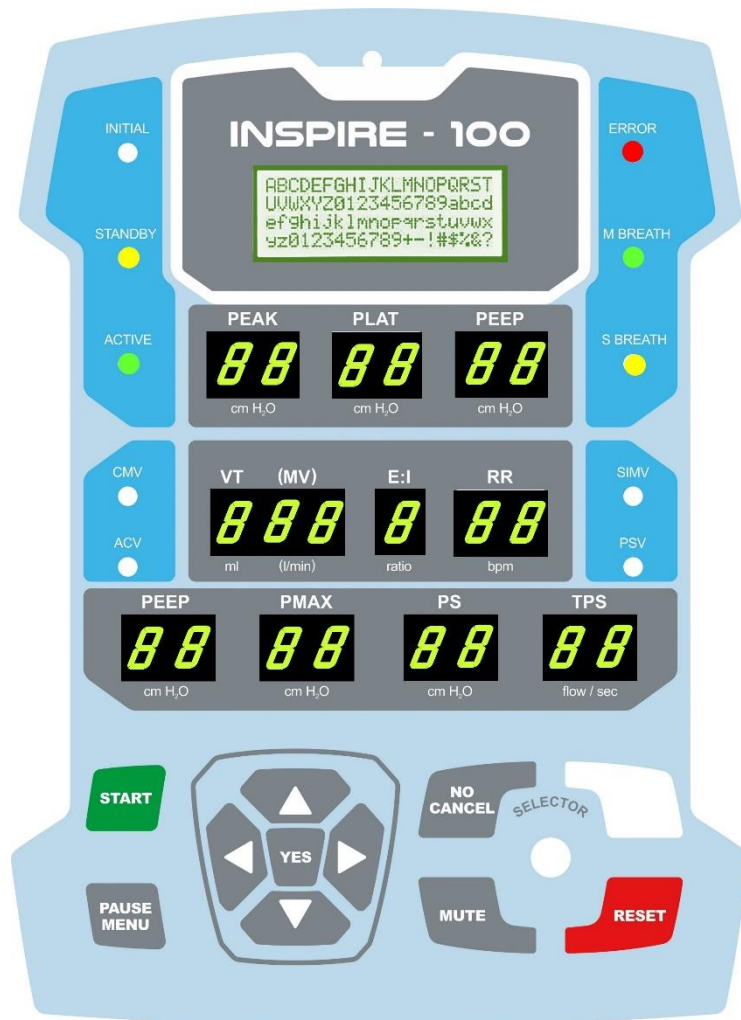


INSPIRE-100 Emergency Respiration Assist Device



Frequently Asked Questions

What is Non-invasive ventilation?

Using a face mask to get air from the ventilator into your lungs is called non-invasive ventilation. The face mask fits tightly over the patient's nose and mouth to help the patient breathe. This method is recommended if the patient's breathing problems are not severe enough to require a breathing tube. This method is also used to help the patient get used to breathing on his own after the breathing tube is removed.

The benefits of this type of ventilation are as below.

- It can be more comfortable than a breathing tube.
- It allows the patient to cough.
- The patient may be able to talk and swallow.
- The patient may need less sedative and pain medicines.
- It lowers some risks, such as pneumonia, that are associated with a breathing tube.

What is Invasive ventilation?

In more serious cases, a breathing tube is placed into the patient's windpipe, and the breathing tube (also called an endotracheal tube) is connected to a ventilator that blows air directly into the patient's airways. The process of putting the tube into your windpipe is called intubation.

Usually, the breathing tube is inserted into the patient's nose or mouth. The tube is then moved down into the throat and windpipe. The endotracheal tube is held in place by tape or a strap that fits around the patient's head.

What is "weaning"?

"Weaning" is the process of slowly decreasing ventilator support to the point when the patient can start breathing on his own. Once the patient shows that he can successfully breathe on his own, he is disconnected from the ventilator.

What is a BVM bag?

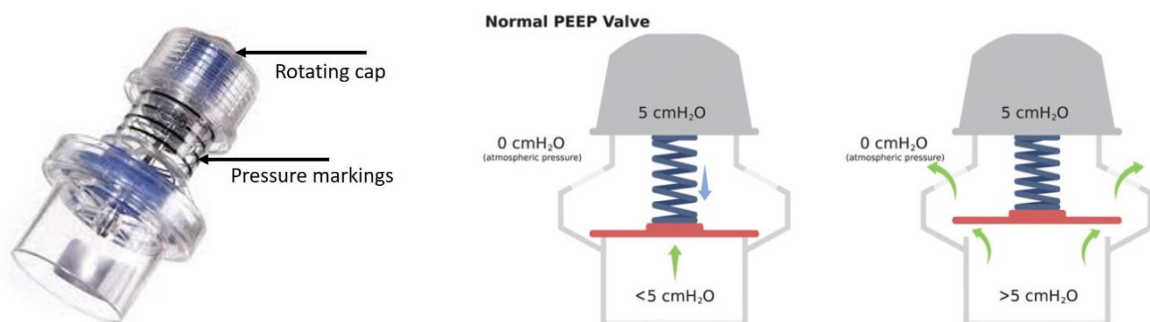
A bag valve mask (BVM), sometimes referred to as an Ambu bag or a Manual Resuscitator Bag, is a self-inflating bag used to provide ventilation to the person not breathing normally. It consists of a self-inflating bag, one-way valve, mask, and an oxygen reservoir.



What is an oxygen reservoir?

A bag valve mask can be used without being attached to an oxygen tank to provide "room air" (21% oxygen) to the patient. However, BVM devices also can be connected to a separate bag reservoir, which can be filled with pure oxygen from a compressed oxygen source, thus increasing the amount of oxygen delivered to the patient.

What is a PEEP valve?



PEEP valves are adjustable pressure release valves. They are commonly used in conjunction with bag valve masks (BVMs) and vent exhaled gases to the atmosphere. When the pre-valve pressure exceeds the valve setpoint, a diaphragm opens and allows flow. When pre-valve pressure drops below the valve setpoint, the diaphragm closes and flow across the valve stops.

What is a Non-Rebreathing valve?



Non-rebreathing valves prevent rebreathing of the gases by ensuring unidirectional flow of gases. The inhaled and exhaled gases follow different paths, and the exhaled gas never finds its way into the inhalation tube.

What is a HME filter?



Heat and Moisture Exchanger Filter (HMEF) is usually incorporated with a microbiological filter that provides passive humidification.

HME Filter provides adequate humidification of inspired gas reduces the airway resistance, and lowers the incidence of infections and maintains the respiratory loads.

When should the BVM bag be replaced?

BVM bags have a limited lifetime, and the system issues a warning when it is time to replace the one in use. In addition, the BVM bag should be monitored for signs of fatigue every 4 hours of use. Replace the BVM bag if it fails to deliver the desired pressures or volumes, as this may be a sign of fatigue. Always replace the BVM bag between patients. Inspire-100 has been tested with the Surginatal Disposable Resuscitator.

Why is the target pressure or volume not achievable sometimes?

It depends upon the size of the BVM bag and whether it is fatigued. Adjust the respiratory rate (RR) or inspiratory to expiratory time ratio (I:E). Check the breathing system for obstructions or kinks. Replace the resuscitator bag.

Does INSPIRE-100 monitor FiO₂?

INSPIRE-100 doesn't have an internal oxygen sensor. You can use an accessory FiO₂ monitor, and SpO₂ pulse oximetry to monitor patient oxygenation. See the Inspire-100 Operating Manual for more information on FiO₂ flow and minute ventilation.

Which INSPIRE-100 parts should be replaced or cleaned between patients?

Replace all parts outside of the INSPIRE-100 chassis, which are the ventilator tubings, filters, HME, patient valve assembly, and pressure sensing tubings, between patients. You should also replace the BVM bag inside the chassis between patients.

What patient monitoring is recommended with INSPIRE-100?

It is recommended to monitor patient arterial blood gases and SpO₂, at a minimum. If you use Assist Control, it is also recommended that you conduct CO₂ monitoring as well.

Where is the WEB dashboard recording saved?

INSPIRE-100 dashboard saves the recording database in the browser on the computer being used. Thus, the recording saved on one browser is not directly available on another browser even though it may be on the same computer. Use the import/export feature to transfer the recording database between browsers or between computers.