

# Respimatic 100



# *Setting the Context*

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The Motivation

The Problem Statement

# RESPIMATIC 100

*(Patent Pending)*

*Is it right for you?*

*Need adult respiratory support?*

*Support from Initiation to Weaning?*

*No compressed air or piped Oxygen?*

*Connect to O<sub>2</sub> Cylinder or Concentrator?*

*Full range of Respiration parameters?*

*Breath Synchronization for Patient Comfort?*

*Remote monitoring capability?*

*Handle harsh-uncontrolled Environment?*

*Easy-to-use System?*

*Budget Friendly?*

# Respiration Assist Devices

Categories – Usage and Pricing

Features

Less than Rs 50,000



CPAP

Less than Rs 1 Lakh



BiPAP

**AFFORDABLE**  
feature set for PHC,  
Small Clinic, and  
Ambulance Use?

Big Hole

Rs 12 Lakhs ++



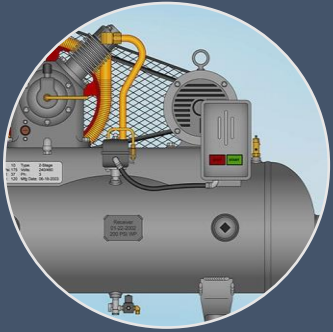
ICU Ventilator

# CPAP v/s BiPAP v/s RESPIMATIC 100 v/s ICU-VENTILATOR

| CPAP   | BiPAP  | Respimatic 100   | ICU Ventilator   |
|--|--|--|--|
| Continuous Positive Airway Pressure  | Continuous Bi-Level Airway Positive Pressure   | Mechanical Ventilation with 4 most-used ventilation modes and controls | Mechanical Ventilation with very sophisticated modes and controls      |
| Non-invasive   | Non-invasive   | Non-invasive + Invasive  | Non-invasive + Invasive  |
| High Flow + PEEP   | Inspiratory Pressure + PEEP  | Tidal Volume + Support Pressure + PEEP                                 | Tidal Volume + Support Pressure + PEEP                                 |
| Useful for Type 1 respiratory Failure (Hypoxemic)  | Useful for Type 2 respiratory Failure (Hypercapnic)  | Useful for Hypoxemic and Hypercapnic respiratory failure               | Useful for Hypoxemic and Hypercapnic respiratory failure               |
| Continuous flow of air at a constant pressure. Increases mean airway pressure to recruit collapsed alveoli | Continuous flow of air at different constant pressures during inspiration and expiration breathing phase | Independent control over the volume, the respiration rate and pressure | Independent control over the volume, the respiration rate and pressure |
| Useful only when patient can breathe on his own  | Useful only when patient can breathe on his own  | Useful when patient can or CANNOT breathe on his own                   | Useful when patient can or CANNOT breathe on his own                   |
| Only Spontaneous breaths that are patient triggered.   | Only Spontaneous breaths that are patient triggered.   | Spontaneous breaths + Mandatory breaths controlled by RR and I:E       | Spontaneous breaths + Mandatory breaths controlled by RR and I:E       |
| External FiO2 control  | External FiO2 control  | System assisted FiO2 control   | Direct FiO2 control  |
| Breath Synchronization N/A   | Breath Synchronization N/A   | Full Breath Synchronization  | Full Breath Synchronization  |
| No Tidal Volume control  | Indirect Tidal Volume control (IPAP-EPAP)  | Direct Tidal Volume control  | Direct Tidal Volume control  |
| No Respiration Rate control  | No Respiration Rate control  | Direct Respiration Rate control  | Direct Respiration Rate control  |
| No Inspiration:Expiration ratio control  | No Inspiration:Expiration ratio control  | Direct Inspiration:Expiration control                                  | Direct Inspiration:Expiration control                                  |
| External Humidity control  | External Humidity control  | External Humidity control  | Direct Humidity control  |
| No display of Peak, Plateau or PEEP  | No display of Peak, Plateau or PEEP  | Full display of Peak, Plateau and PEEP                                 | Full display of Peak, Plateau and PEEP                                 |
| Minimal alarm signals  | Minimal alarm signals  | Full set of Alarm signals  | Full set of Alarm signals  |
| No remote monitoring   | No remote monitoring   | Sophisticated Remote WEB Dashboard                                     | Minimal Remote monitoring (if any)                                     |



# Observations on Ventilator Evolution



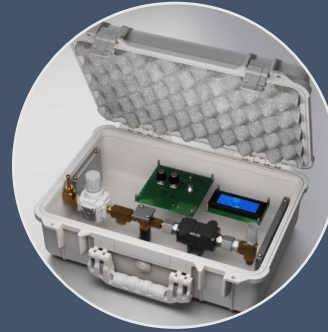
Iron Lung  
Age



Pneumatic  
Age



$\mu$ Controller  
Age



Smart  
“E”-Age

## Most-used Ventilation Modes have not changed

- Volume and Pressure Control
- Control BPM, I/E, VT and PS
- Monitor pressures and flow
- Safety Alarm systems

## Diminishing Returns from what has evolved ...

- Exotic Ventilation modes
- Multitude of Sensors
- Fancy Touch-screen LCD Displays

# *Respimatic 100 Details*

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System Components

Technical Details

# US and INDIA IP Protection

(19) **United States**  
(12) **Patent Application Publication** (10) **Pub. No.: US 2023/0001126 A1**  
Nanda et al. (43) **Pub. Date: Jan. 5, 2023**

(54) **VENTILATOR** 2205/52 (2013.01); A61M 2016/0027 (2013.01); A61M 2205/70 (2013.01)

(71) Applicants: **Sunil Nanda**, Bangalore (IN); **Pankaj Kumar Porwal**, Udaipur (IN)

(72) Inventors: **Sunil Nanda**, Bangalore (IN); **Pankaj Kumar Porwal**, Udaipur (IN)

(21) Appl. No.: **17/557,752**

(22) Filed: **Dec. 21, 2021**

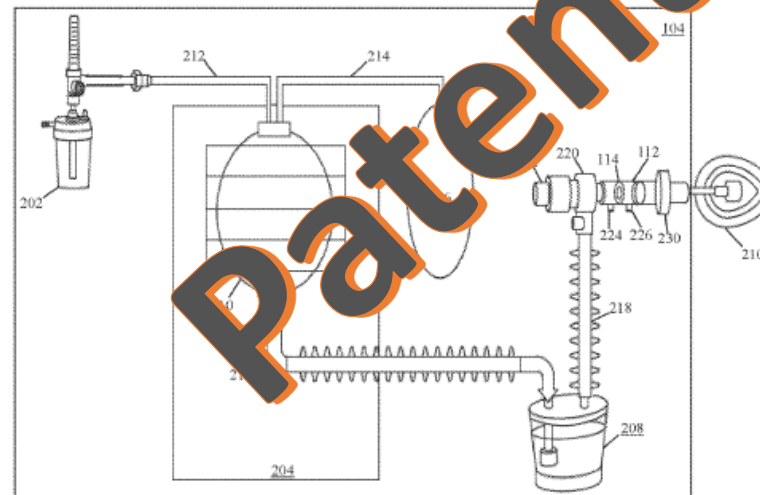
(30) **Foreign Application Priority Data**  
Jul. 1, 2021 (IN) ..... 202141029551

**Publication Classification**

(51) **Int. Cl.**  
**A61M 16/20** (2006.01)  
**A61M 16/00** (2006.01)

(52) **U.S. Cl.**  
CPC ..... **A61M 16/204** (2014.02); **A61M 16/0078** (2013.01); **A61M 16/0003** (2014.02); **A61M**

(57) **ABSTRACT**  
Provided is a ventilator that includes a breathing system, a mechanical system coupled to breathing system, and a control system coupled to breathing system and mechanical system. The control system includes pressure sensors, processing circuitry, and memory configured to store a look-up table. The processing circuitry receives a set of values for plurality of parameters, identifies a compression value from a plurality of compression values in the look-up table based on the received set of values. The processing circuitry causes the mechanical system to compress a bag valve of the breathing system in accordance with the identified compression value. The compression of the bag valve causes gaseous inhalant to flow through the breathing system with a time-interval. The processing circuitry identifies an actual volume of the gaseous inhalant and iteratively adjusts the compression value of the bag valve to achieve a desired volume of the gaseous inhalant.



Respicmatic 100 - Preliminary and Confidential

$$Q \propto \sqrt{\frac{(P_{G1} - P_{G2})}{(P_{G1} + P_{G2}) + 2 * Patmosphere}}$$

An important and necessary simplification in the  $P_{G1}$  and  $P_{G2}$  encountered in our system are of the order of tens of cmH<sub>2</sub>O while  $Patmosphere$  is of the order of a thousand cmH<sub>2</sub>O of pressure. At sea level,  $Patmosphere$  is approximately 1000 cmH<sub>2</sub>O. Even at an altitude of 15,000 feet,  $Patmosphere$  is approximately 600 cmH<sub>2</sub>O. On the other hand, the  $P_{G1}$  and  $P_{G2}$  in the system range from 1 cmH<sub>2</sub>O to 60 cmH<sub>2</sub>O.

The term  $(P_{G1} - P_{G2})$  is negligible compared to  $(2 * Patmosphere)$ , even more so since it is divided by a square root. The flow equation can be simplified to the one below.

$$Q \propto \sqrt{\frac{(P_{G1} - P_{G2})}{Patmosphere}}$$

Recalling Equation 2 from the theory section above, this equation can be recast as below given that the orifice characteristics and pressure tap locations are the same for every system.

$$Q = C * \frac{\sqrt{(P_{G1} - P_{G2})}}{\sqrt{(Patmosphere)}} \quad \text{where } C = f(Re) \text{ Reynold's number}$$

At a given geographical location,  $Patmosphere$  is also a constant. So, the above equation further reduces to the one below.

$$Q = \left( \frac{C}{\sqrt{(Patmosphere)}} \right) * \sqrt{(P_{G1} - P_{G2})}$$

The equation needs further simplification to ease the computation burden of the square root computation for an inexpensive micro-controller. The constraints are as below.



# Our Solution *RESPIMATIC 100*

4 Commonly Used  
Ventilation Modes  
CMV, ACV, SIMV, PSV

Respiration Rate, Tidal  
Volume, PEEP, Pressure  
Support & FiO<sub>2</sub> Controls

Volume Controlled and  
Pressure Supported  
Breaths

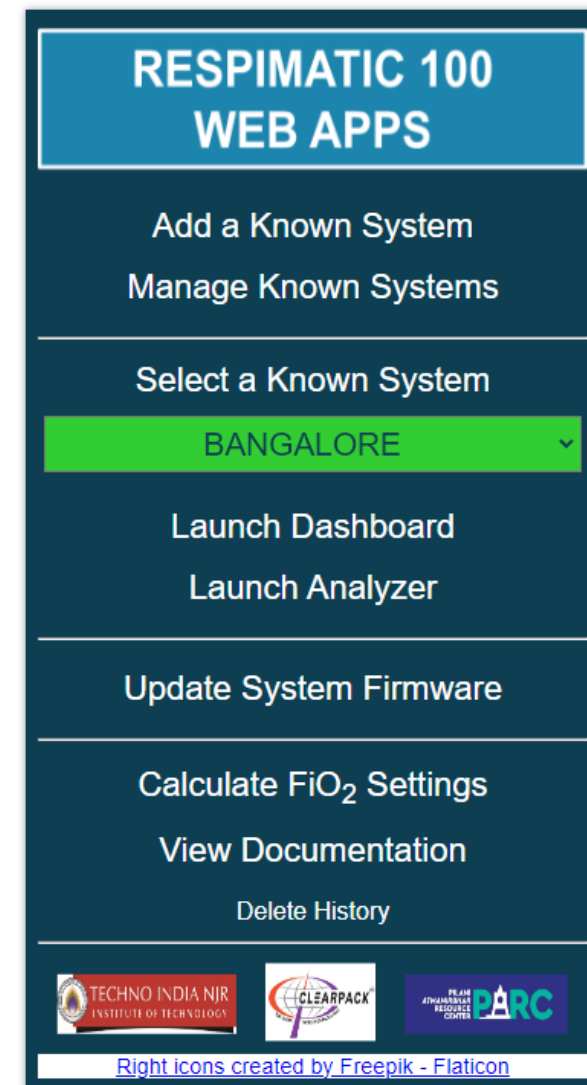
Mandatory &  
Spontaneous Breaths  
with Full Breath  
Synchronization

Complete set of WEB Apps  
Remote Dashboard  
Remote Recorder  
Remote Analyzer

Low-speed Wi-Fi sufficient  
Phone Hot-spot sufficient

Uses secure HTTPS protocol

Field upgradable with new  
Firmware releases



<https://www.respimatic.com>

# Breathing Circuit

Proprietary, patent-pending Pressure line connector with Orifice plate

COTS single-limb Breathing Circuit with NRBM

BVM or Ambu Bag with Reservoir

Pressure sensing lines

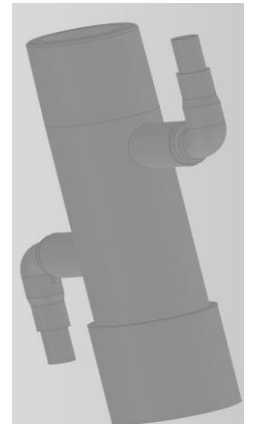
PEEP valve

HME Filter

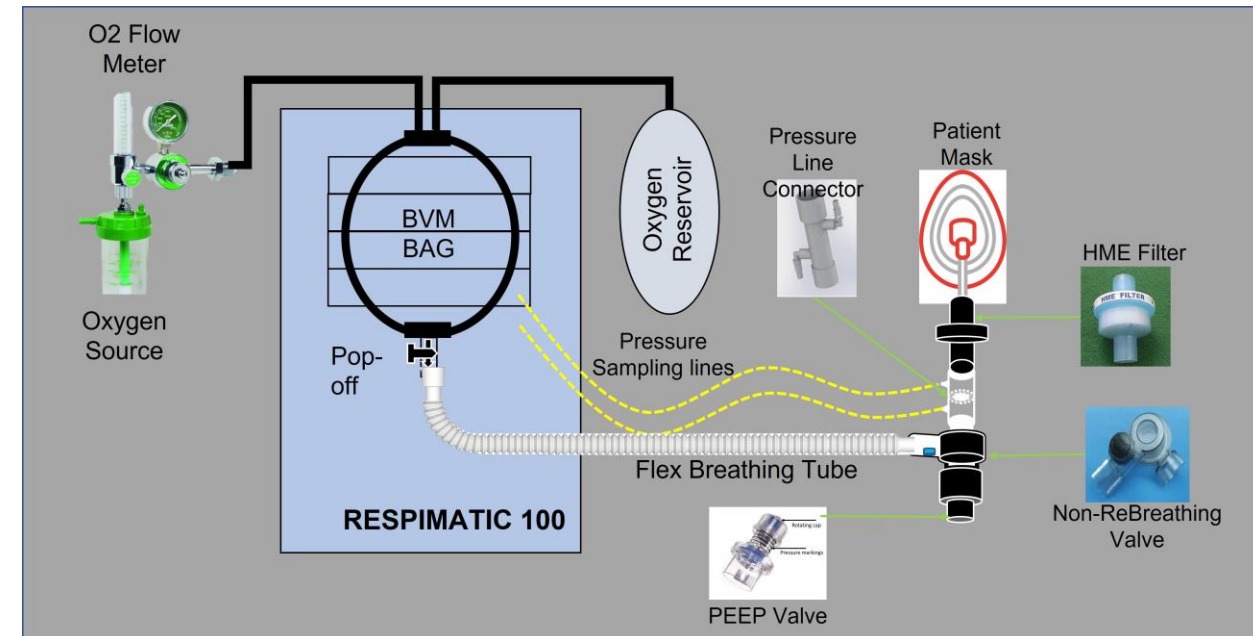
Oxygen Source



Off-the-Shelf Single limbed Circuit with NRBM



Proprietary Dual Pressure line Connector



# Front Panel

## The Human-Machine Interface

Simple Tactile buttons  
No delicate touch screen etc.

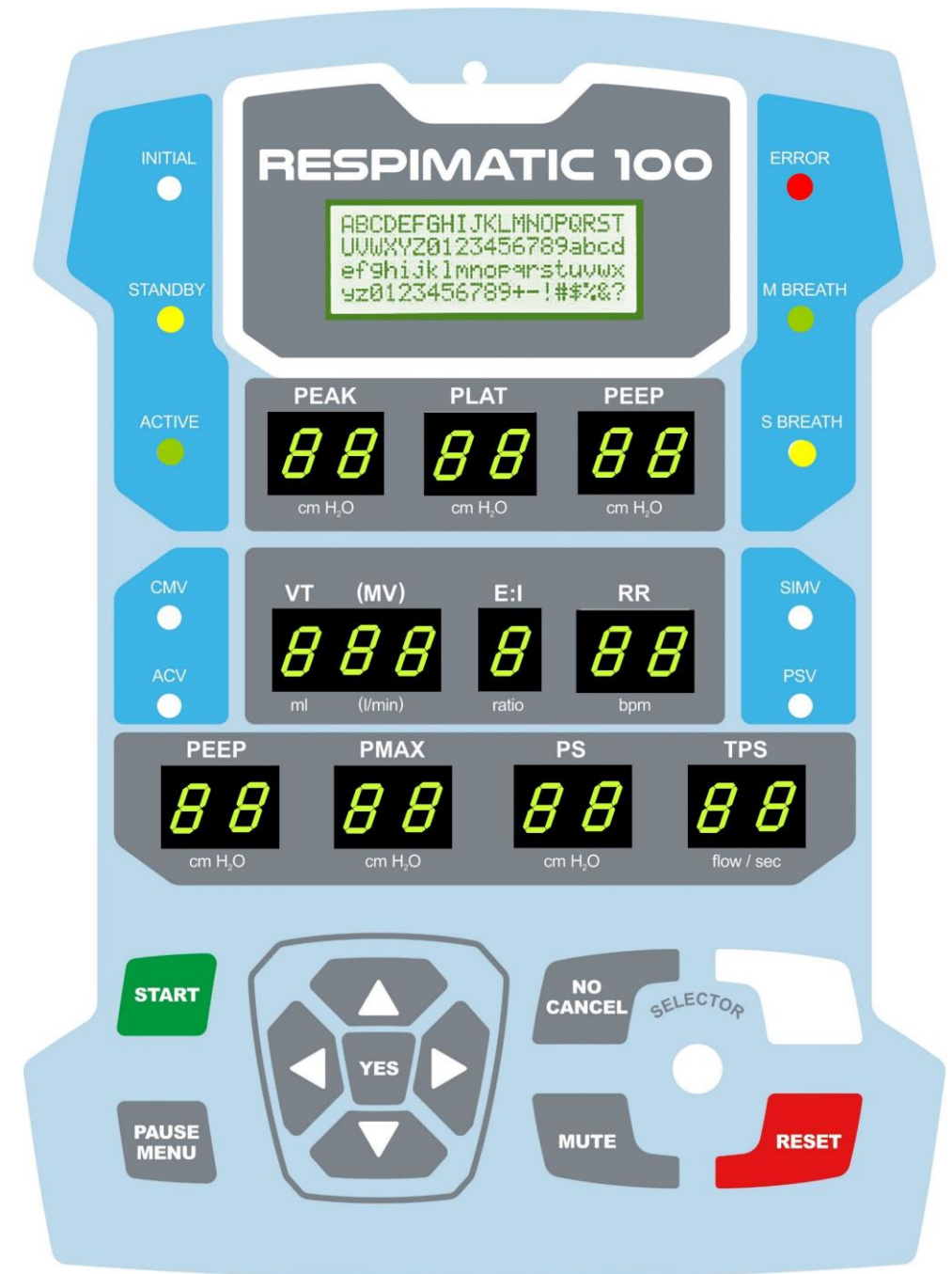
Easy to read 7-seg LED Parameters Display

Parameter selection using navigation arrow buttons

4-line LCD Display for displaying Messages and Menus

Peak, Plateau, PEEP pressures displayed after each breath

Shows Delivered Volumes, Lung Compliances, Breath types etc.



# Dashboard Snapshot View

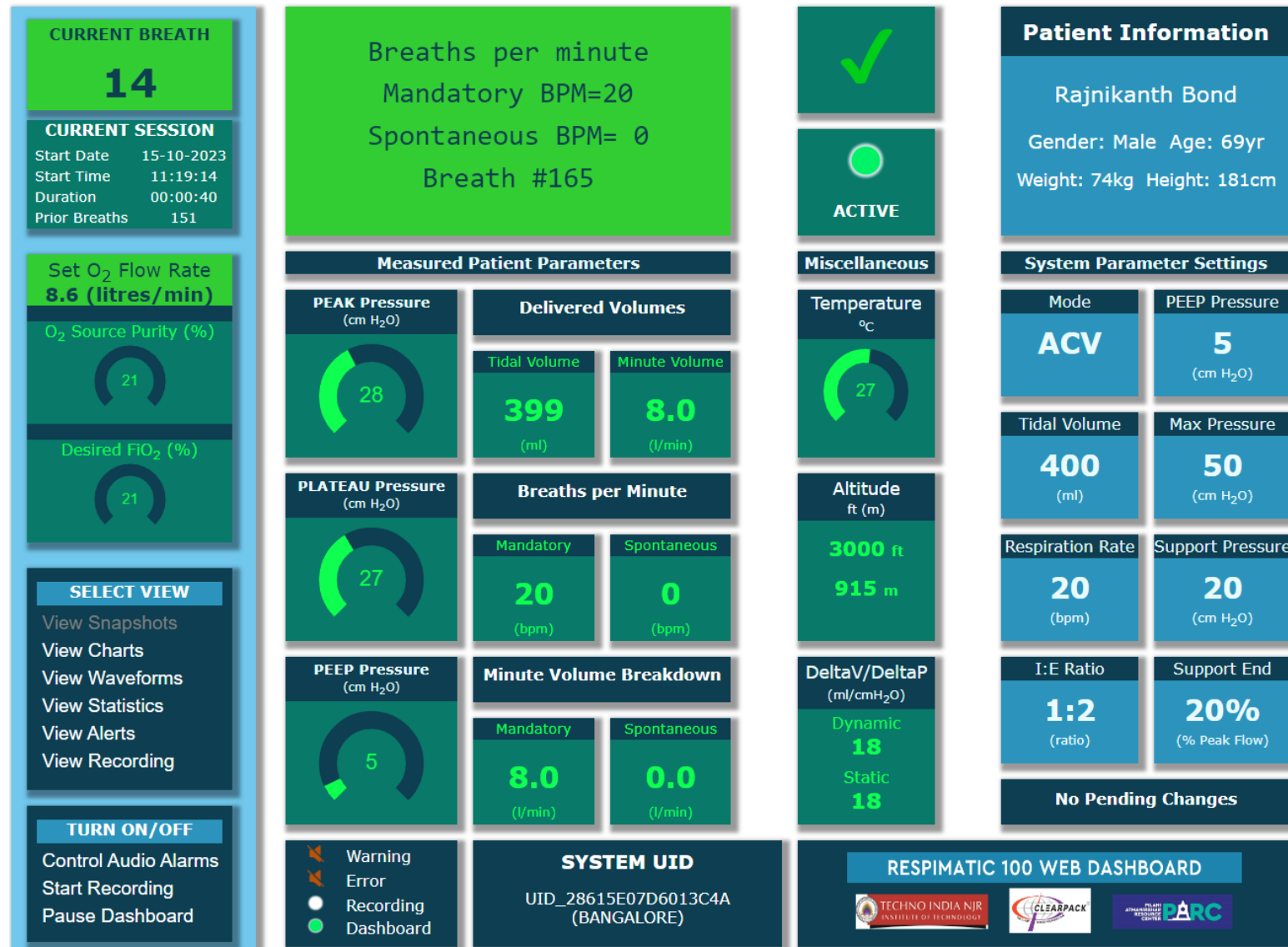
Anyone can monitor any patient via the WEB  
One-to-many and many-to-one monitoring

5 Dashboard views

- Snapshots
- Breath Waveforms
- Charts
- Statistics
- Alerts (Audible or not)

Breath Range Selector on every view to display data for different breath ranges

- For instance, use to compare the statistics for the first hour of ventilation against the second hour.



<https://www.respimatic.com>

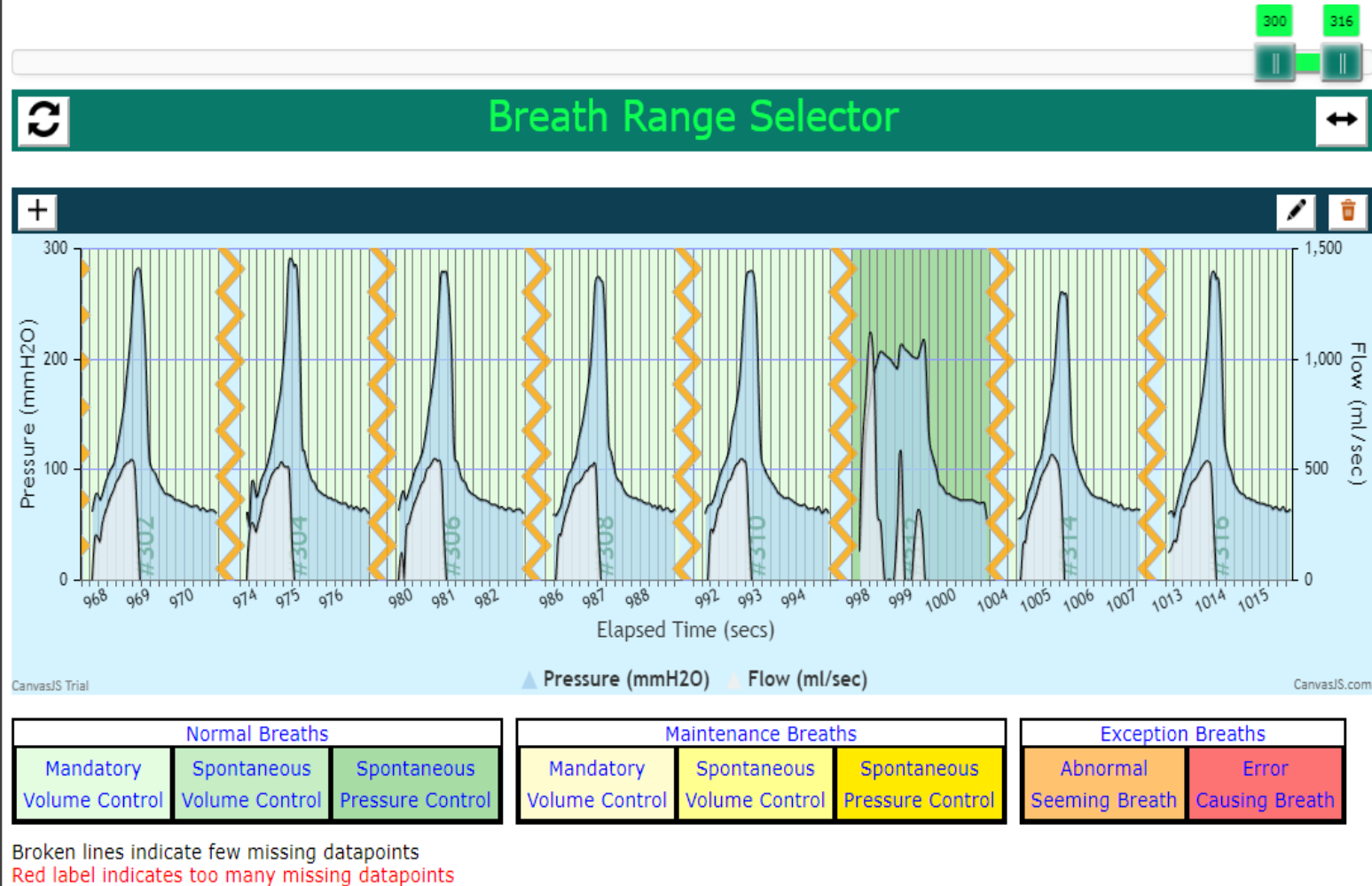
# Dashboard Waveforms View

Pressure and  
Flow Graphs

For Selected  
Breaths

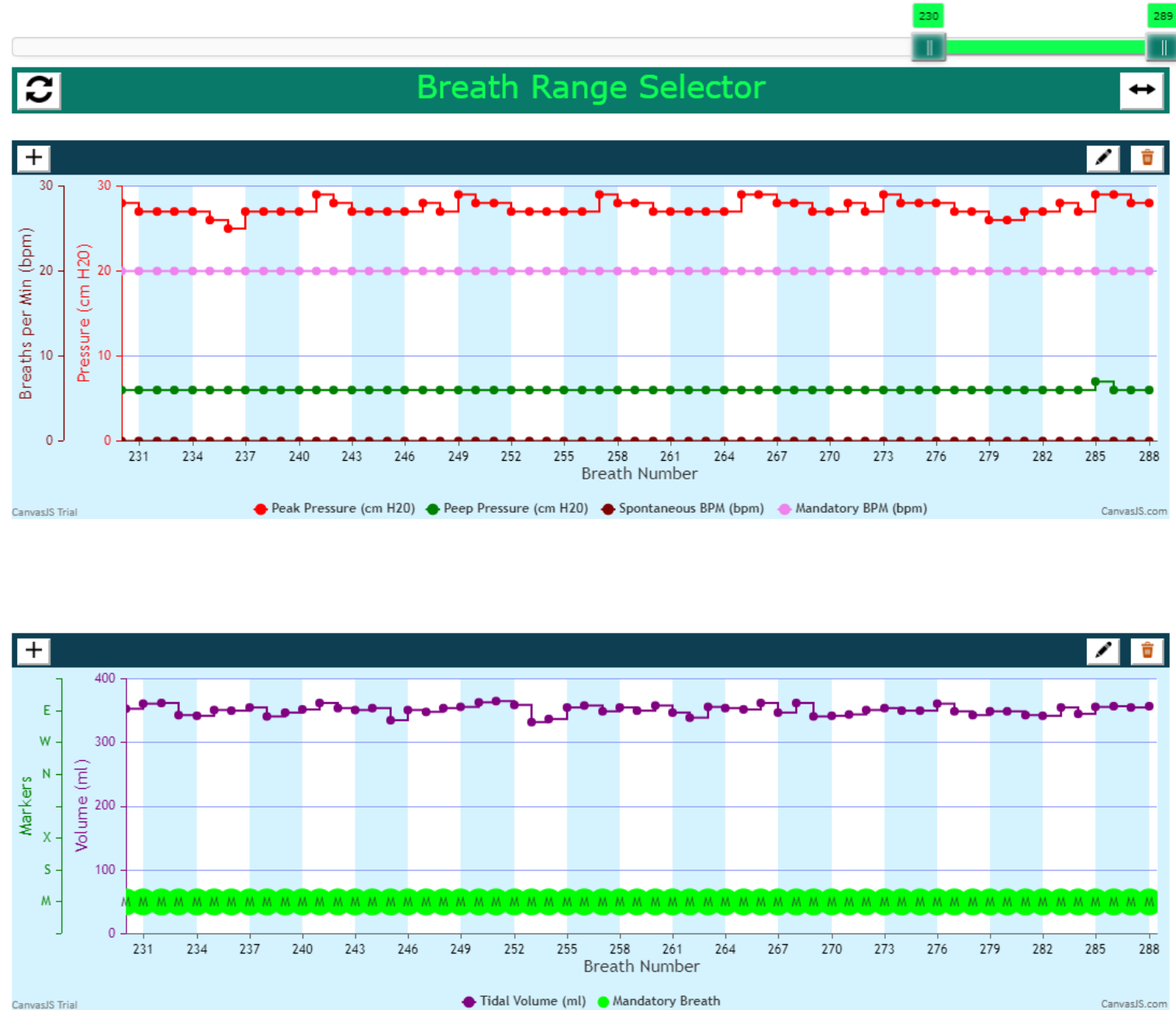
Periodic  
Display

Display on  
demand





# Dashboard Charts View





# Dashboard Statistics View

Breath Range Selector

Parameters Measured

| Parameter                 | Units      | Min   | Max   | Avg   |
|---------------------------|------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Peak Pressure             | cmH2O      | 27.0  | 30.0  | 28.6  |
| Plateau Pressure          | cmH2O      | 17.0  | 29.0  | 27.1  |
| PEEP Pressure             | cmH2O      | 5.0   | 5.0   | 5.0   |
| Tidal Volume Delivered    | ml         | 384.0 | 412.0 | 399.8 |
| Total Minute Volume       | litres/min | 8.0   | 8.1   | 8.0   |
| Mandatory Minute Volume   | litres/min | 8.0   | 8.1   | 8.0   |
| Spontaneous Minute Volume | litres/min | ----  | ----  | ----  |
| Mandatory BPM             | bpm        | 20.0  | 20.0  | 20.0  |
| Spontaneous BPM           | bpm        | ----  | ----  | ----  |
| FIO2                      | %          | 21.0  | 21.0  | 21.0  |
| Static DeltaV/DeltaP      | ml/cmH2O   | 17.0  | 32.0  | 18.3  |
| Dynamic DeltaV/DeltaP     | ml/cmH2O   | 16.0  | 18.0  | 17.0  |
| System Temperature        | degC       | 27.0  | 27.0  | 27.0  |

Miscellaneous Information

| Information                               | Value |
|---|-------|
| Number of Breaths                         | 73    |
| Number of Mandatory Breaths               | 73    |
| Number of Spontaneous Breaths             | 0     |
| Number of Maintenance Breaths             | 0     |
| Number of CMV-mode Spontaneous Breaths    | 0     |
| Number of Missing Intervals (Packet loss) | 0     |
| Number of WiFi or Server Disconnects      | 0     |
| Number of Notifications                   | 0     |
| Number of Warnings                        | 0     |
| Number of Errors                          | 0     |

Static Information

Patient Name: Rajnikanth Bond  
Gender: Male Age: 69yr  
Weight: 74kg Height: 181cm  
  
System Location: Namma Bengaluru  
Location Altitude: 3000 ft (915 mtrs)  
Location Atmospheric Oxygen: 19%

Parameter Settings Used

| Parameter                    | Units      | Values |
|------------------------------|------------|--------|
| Ventilation Mode             | mode       | ACV    |
| Tidal Volume                 | ml         | 400    |
| Minute Volume                | l/min      | 10     |
| Respiration Rate             | bpm        | 20     |
| I:E Ratio                    | ratio      | 1:2    |
| PEEP Pressure                | cmH2O      | 5      |
| Maximum Pressure             | cmH2O      | 50     |
| Support Pressure             | cmH2O      | 20     |
| Support Pressure Termination | %flow,secs | 20%    |
| FIO2                         | %          | 21     |

Sequence of Parameter Combinations

| MODE | VT/MV | RR | I:E | PEEP | PMAX | PS | TPS | FIO2 | # of BREATHS | Before BREATH# |
|------|-------|----|-----|------|------|----|-----|------|--------------|----------------|
| ?    | ?     | ?  | ?   | ?    | ?    | ?  | ?   | ?    | 1            | 0              |
| ACV  | 400   | 20 | 1:2 | 5    | 50   | 20 | 20% | ?    | 2            | 2              |
| ACV  | 400   | 20 | 1:2 | 5    | 50   | 20 | 20% | 21   | 70           | 4              |

# Dashboard Alerts View

## Session Errors

ERROR #1 DateTime: [09-12-2022]06:55:16

Leakage in  
Breathing Circuit  
Switching to  
Maintenance Breaths

ERROR #2 DateTime: [09-12-2022]06:55:21

[ERROR] state  
Press PAUSE to show  
the System state  
leading to ERROR

ERROR #3 DateTime: [09-12-2022]06:55:25

Leakage in  
Breathing Circuit  
Maintenance mode  
Deliver safe breaths

ERROR #4 DateTime: [09-12-2022]06:55:29

[ERROR] state

## Session Warnings

WARNING #1 DateTime: [09-12-2022]06:43:16

PEEP delta measured  
up to -0.8 cm H2O  
Adjust valve/setting  
YES -> Commit

WARNING #2 DateTime: [09-12-2022]06:43:19

PEEP delta measured  
up to -1.0 cm H2O  
Adjust valve/setting  
YES -> Commit

WARNING #3 DateTime: [09-12-2022]06:43:21

PEEP delta measured  
up to -0.9 cm H2O  
Adjust valve/setting  
YES -> Commit

WARNING #4 DateTime: [09-12-2022]06:55:14

PEEP delta measured

## Session Information

INFO #1 DateTime: [09-12-2022]06:45:23

1 Breath(s) missed  
Info not received by  
Dashboard due to  
Internet packet loss

INFO #2 DateTime: [09-12-2022]06:46:26

1 Breath(s) missed  
Info not received by  
Dashboard due to  
Internet packet loss

INFO #3 DateTime: [09-12-2022]06:47:17

1 Breath(s) missed  
Info not received by  
Dashboard due to  
Internet packet loss

INFO #4 DateTime: [09-12-2022]06:47:28

1 Breath(s) missed

# Analyzer

Any patient Session can be recorded locally or remotely.

The recorded Session can then be analyzed off-line using the Analyzer.

The screenshot displays the Respimatic 100 Web Analyzer interface. On the left, a sidebar contains two green boxes: 'RECORDED DATA' showing Breaths: 36, Duration: 00:01:55, and PriorBreaths: 42; and 'ANALYSIS WINDOW' showing BreathRange: 1-36 and Duration: 00:01:55. Below these is a 'Select Recording' button and a menu with options: View Charts, View Waveforms, View Statistics, View Alerts, and View Raw Data. The main area features a table titled 'RESPIMATIC-100 Recordings' with columns for Recording Name, Created, and Actions. The table lists three recordings: New Recording (06-07-2023 09:06:04), Mickey Mouse (27-06-2023 12:59:55), and Demo Recording (24-06-2023 10:37:09). The 'Mickey Mouse' recording is highlighted. At the bottom, the 'SYSTEM UID' is displayed as UID\_28615E07D6013C4A (BANGALORE), and the 'RESPIMATIC 100 WEB ANALYZER' title is shown above logos for Techno India NIR, Clearpack, and PARC.

**RECORDED DATA**

Breaths 36  
Duration 00:01:55  
PriorBreaths 42

**ANALYSIS WINDOW**

BreathRange 1-36  
Duration 00:01:55

Select Recording

View Charts  
View Waveforms  
View Statistics  
View Alerts  
View Raw Data

**RESPIMATIC-100 Recordings**

| Recording Name | Created             | Actions |
|----------------|---------------------|---------|
| New Recording  | 06-07-2023 09:06:04 | ✓ ↗ 🗑   |
| Mickey Mouse   | 27-06-2023 12:59:55 | ✓ ↗ 🗑   |
| Demo Recording | 24-06-2023 10:37:09 | ✓ ↗ 🗑   |

**SYSTEM UID**  
UID\_28615E07D6013C4A  
(BANGALORE)

**RESPIMATIC 100 WEB ANALYZER**

TECHNO INDIA NIR INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY  
CLEARPACK  
PARC

# *Updating Firmware*

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Firmware releases available on the WEB.

Step-by-step menu driven update procedure

## RESPIMATIC 100 Update Firmware

Step-by-step Instructions

One-time Download  
Arduino Builder

Select and Download Release

| Version | Release Date | Get   |
|---------|--------------|---|
| 1.0.1   | 16-May-2023  |  |



# Ventilation Modes

*The 4 most frequently used*

## ***Continuous Mandatory Ventilation (CMV)***

Volume Controlled  
Mandatory Breaths

Ignore spontaneous  
breaths

## ***Synchronized Assist Control Ventilation (Sync ACV)***

Volume Controlled  
Mandatory Breaths

Volume controlled  
breaths in response  
to spontaneous  
breaths

Breath  
Synchronization

## ***Synchronized Intermittent Mandatory Ventilation (SIMV)***

Volume Controlled  
Mandatory Breaths

Pressure supported  
breaths in response  
to spontaneous  
breaths

Breath  
Synchronization

## ***Pressure Support Ventilation (PSV)***

Pressure supported  
breaths in response  
to spontaneous  
breaths

Monitoring of Minute  
Volume

Fallback to SIMV if  
insufficient Minute  
volume

# ***Volume Controlled Breaths***

## ***(All modes)***

### ***Tidal Volume (ml)***

200 to 600 ml  
increments of 50 ml

### ***Respiratory Rate (bpm)***

10 to 30 bpm  
increments of 1 bpm

### ***Inspiration/Expiration Ratio (I:E)***

1:1   1:2   1:3

### ***PEEP (cmH<sub>2</sub>O)***

4 to 15 cmH<sub>2</sub>O  
increments of 1 cmH<sub>2</sub>O

### ***Max Pressure (cmH<sub>2</sub>O)***

15 to 50 cmH<sub>2</sub>O  
increments of 5 cmH<sub>2</sub>O

### ***FiO<sub>2</sub> Support***

System Managed  
Externally Controlled  
21% to 100%



# *Pressure Supported Breaths*

*(SIMV & PSV modes)*

## *Support Pressure (PS)*

5 cmH<sub>2</sub>O to 35 cmH<sub>2</sub>O in increments of 5 cmH<sub>2</sub>O

## *Support Pressure Termination (TPS)*

### Flow-dependent

Terminate when flow falls to 10%, 20%, 30%, 40%, 50%  
or 60% of peak flow

### Time dependent

Terminate after 1.0 to 2.5 secs in increments of 0.5 secs

## *Both ACV and SIMV modes*

- A must for patient comfort
- Synchronize Mandatory breaths with Spontaneous breaths
- Prevent breath stacking

# *Breath Synchronization*

# $FiO_2$ Settings

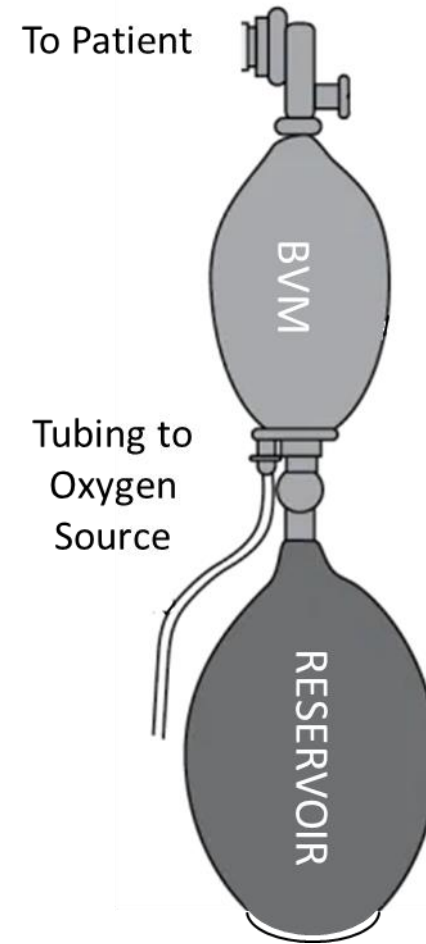
Without the Reservoir bag,  $FiO_2$  delivered is the Atmospheric  $O_2$  content at site

$FiO_2$  delivery with the Reservoir bag is mathematically modelled, calibrated and verified in the Lab to provide  $\pm 5\%$  accuracy

Front-panel guides the user in setting the appropriate input  $O_2$  flow rate from the  $O_2$  source for a given  $FiO_2$

The mathematical model provides for a possible  $O_2$  concentrator as an  $O_2$  source (purity  $< 100\%$ )

Online Web-accessible  $FiO_2$  calculator is also provided for exploration purposes



## $O_2$ Flow Rate Calculator RESPIMATIC 100

Required Incoming  $O_2$  Flow  
**6.8 (litres/min)**

Altitude:  feet

Desired VT(ml)      Desired RR(bpm)

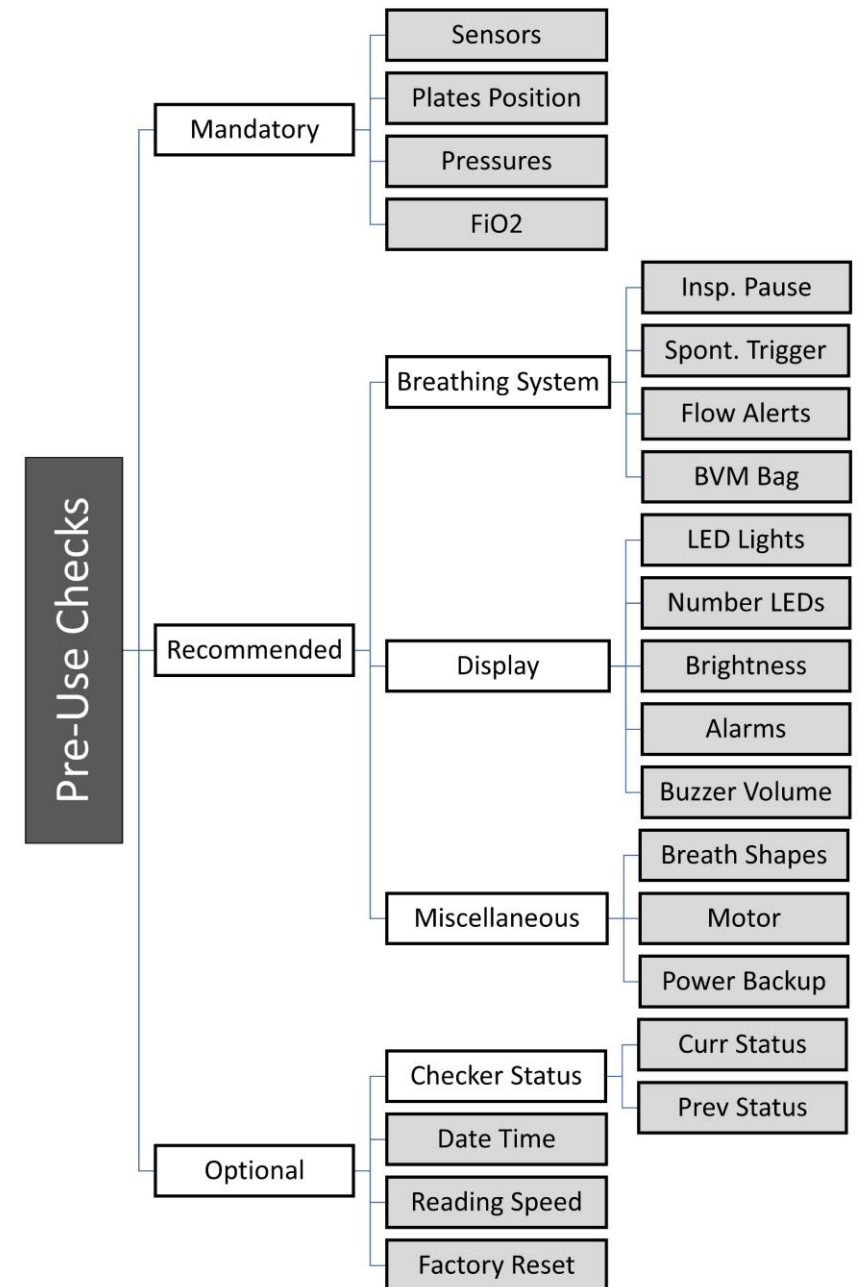


$O_2$  Source Purity(%)      Desired  $FiO_2$ (%)



# Alarms and Safety Features

- **Enforcement of Pre-use checks**
- **Alarms, Warnings and Notifications**
- **Maintenance Breaths till Alarm situation rectified**
  - Max Pressure Alarm
  - Pressure Leak Alarm
  - Mask OFF Alarm
  - System Temperature Alarm
  - Sensor failure Alarm
  - Breathing Circuit Failure Alarm
  - Detect coughing/hiccuping fits
  - Inconsistent input parameters
  - Extreme parameter combination warnings
  - And many more ...



*Thank you*

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