| | DT | IJ | NN | VB | CHECK | | the | old | man | ships |
|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| <s></s> | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 1 | DT | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| DT | 0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0 | 1 | IJ | 0 | 0.8 | 0.2 | 0 |
| IJ | 0 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0 | 1 | NN | 0 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.4 |
| NN | 0.1 | 0 | 0.2 | 0.7 | 1 | VB | 0 | 0 | 0.5 | 0.5 |
| VB | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 1 | | | | | |

<u>STEP - 1</u>

| | the | old | man | the | ships |
|----|----------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| DT | (0.5)(1) | | | | |
| IJ | (0.1)(0) | | | | |
| NN | (0.1)(0) | | | | |
| VB | (0.1)(0) | | | | |

| | the | old | man | the | ships |
|----|-----|-------------|-----|-----|-------|
| DT | 0.5 | 0 | | | |
| IJ | 0 | 0.5*0.5*0.8 | | | |
| NN | 0 | 0.5*0.5*0.2 | | | |
| VB | 0 | 0 | | | |

| | the | old | man | the | ships |
|----|-----|------|--|-----|-------|
| DT | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | | |
| IJ | 0 | 0.2 | Max(0.4*0.2*0.2, 0) = Max(0.016, 0) | | |
| NN | 0 | 0.05 | Max(0.6*0.4*0.2, 0.2*0.4*0.05) = Max(0.048, 0.004) | | |
| VB | 0 | 0 | Max(0, 0.7*0.5*0.05) = Max(0, 0.0175) | | |

| | the | old | man | the | ships |
|----|-----|------|--------|--|-------|
| DT | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | Max(0, 0.1*0.048, 0.4*0.0175) = Max(0, 0.0048, 0.07) | |
| JJ | 0 | 0.2 | 0.016 | 0 | |
| NN | 0 | 0.05 | 0.048 | 0 | |
| VB | 0 | 0 | 0.0175 | 0 | |

| | the | old | man | the | ships |
|----|------------------|------|--------|------|----------------------|
| DT | <mark>0.5</mark> | 0 | 0 | 0.07 | 0 |
| IJ | 0 | 0.2 | 0.016 | 0 | 0 |
| NN | 0 | 0.05 | 0.048 | 0 | 0.5*0.4*0.07 = 0.014 |
| VB | 0 | 0 | 0.0175 | 0 | 0 |

| DT NN | VB | DT | NN |
|-------|----|----|----|
|-------|----|----|----|

CONSTITUENT: Groups of words behaving as a single unit.

Evidences for constituency:

- 1. Appear in similar syntactic environments
- 2. Preposed and postposed constructions.

Identifying constituents in sentences:

- A. The cat walked across the porch with a confident air It is a constituent as we can change it as follows:

 With a confident air, the cat walked across the porch.
- B. They arrived at the concert <u>more quickly than</u> they expected It is not a constituent.

 [REPLACEMENT NO, MOVEMENT NO]
- C. I am <u>very fond of my nephew</u>
 It is not a constituent.
 [REPLACEMENT NO, MOVEMENT NO]

Graph based parser consists of two components:

- 1. Parsing algorithm for inference or searching [Dynamic Programming]
- 2. Parameter estimation [Machine Learning approaches]

FEATURES:

Each edge score is a weighted sum of features extracted. It is the relative order of edges not the numbers that matter here.

In considering features we try to capture information about the relationship between heads and their dependents.

Two words u, w highly dependent in one sense of word u and independent in another sense. Incorporating sense level information in learning weights for arcs can be improve accuracy of the model.

Commonly used features: Wordforms, lemmas, parts of speech of the headword and its dependent. Along with them we also add features:

Unigram head sense Unigram dependent sense Bigram head dependent sense

Linear interpolation between

- 1. Smoothed bigram model using Knesser Ney Smoothing with $\beta\text{=}1$
- 2. Unigram model

| c(u,v) | the | man | saw | dog | with | telescope | in | park | SUM | c(u,v)>0 |
|-----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|-----------|----|------|-----|----------|
| the | 0 | 3 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 9 | 4 |
| man | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 3 | 3 |
| saw | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 1 |
| dog | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 |
| with | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| telescope | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| in | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| park | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | | | | 21 | 13 |

DISCOUNTED COUNTS

| | | | | | | | | | $\lambda(w_{i-1})$ |
|-----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|---------------|----|------|--------------------|
| c(u,v) | the | man | saw | dog | with | telesco pe | in | park | |
| the | 0 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0.44444 |
| man | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| saw | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.33333 |
| dog | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| with | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 |
| telescope | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 |
| in | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| park | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | | | | | | | | | |

| | c(u) | р |
|-----------|------|------|
| the | 9 | 0.38 |
| man | 3 | 0.13 |
| saw | 3 | 0.13 |
| dog | 2 | 0.08 |
| with | 2 | 0.08 |
| telescope | 2 | 0.08 |
| in | 1 | 0.04 |
| park | 2 | 0.08 |
| | 24 | 1 |

```
P(dog|the) \\ = 0.5*[Ps(dog|the)] + 0.5*P(the) \\ = 0.5*[c_discounted(the, dog)/c(the) + \lambda(the) * P_cont(dog)] + 0.5*(9/24) \\ c_discounted(the, dog) = 2-1 = 1 \\ c(the) = 9 \\ \lambda(the) = 4/9 \\ P_cont(dog) = 1/13 \\ = 0.5*[1/9 + (4/9)*(1/13)] + 0.5*(9/24)
```

| | DT | NN | VB | | | the | can | see | |
|---------|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|---|
| <s></s> | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 0 | DT | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| DT | 0 | 0.9 | 0.1 | 0 | NN | 0 | 0.9 | 0.1 | 0 |
| NN | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.4 | VB | 0 | 0.5 | 0.5 | 0 |
| VB | 0.4 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.2 | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |

| | can | the | can | see | |
|----|---------|-----|-----|-----|--|
| DT | 0 | | | | |
| NN | 0.3*0.9 | | | | |
| VB | 0.2*0.5 | | | | |
| | 0 | | | | |

| | can | the | can | see | |
|----|------|---|-----|-----|--|
| DT | 0 | Max(0.1*1*0.27, 0.4*1*0.1) = Max(0.027, 0.04) | | | |
| NN | 0.27 | 0 | | | |
| VB | 0.1 | 0 | | | |
| | 0 | 0 | | | |

| | can | the | can | see | |
|----|------|------|--------------|-----|--|
| DT | 0 | 0.04 | 0 | | |
| NN | 0.27 | 0 | 0.9*0.9*0.04 | | |
| VB | 0.1 | 0 | 0.1*0.5*0.04 | | |
| | 0 | 0 | 0 | | |

| | can | the | can | see | |
|----|------|------|--------|---|--|
| DT | 0 | 0.04 | 0 | 0 | |
| NN | 0.27 | 0 | 0.0324 | Max(0.2*0.1*0.0324, 0.2*0.1*0.002) = Max(0.000648, 0.00004) | |
| VB | 0.1 | 0 | 0.002 | Max(0.3*0.5*0.0324, 0.2*0.5*0.002) = Max(0.00486, 0.0002) | |
| | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |

| | can | the | can | see | |
|----|------|------|--------|----------|--|
| DT | 0 | 0.04 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| NN | 0.27 | 0 | 0.0324 | 0.000648 | 0 |
| VB | 0.1 | 0 | 0.002 | 0.00486 | 0 |
| | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | Max(0.4*0.000648, 0.2*0.00486)= Max(0.0002592, 0.000972) |

| | can | the | can | see | |
|----|------|-------------------|--------|----------|----------|
| DT | 0 | <mark>0.04</mark> | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| NN | 0.27 | 0 | 0.0324 | 0.000648 | 0 |
| VB | 0.1 | 0 | 0.002 | 0.00486 | 0 |
| | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.000972 |

| VB DT NN VB | /B DT NN VB <th></th> | |
|-------------|-----------------------|--|
|-------------|-----------------------|--|

Given rules are not in CNF.

Converting rules to CNF gives us:

NP ---> DT NN 0.4

NP ---> DT NBAR 0.6

NBAR ---> JJ NN 0.12

NBAR ---> NBAR NN 0.096

NBAR ---> NN NBAR

NBAR ---> NN NN

NBAR --> JJ NBAR

NBAR --> NBAR NBAR

| | the | blue | fountain | pen | ink |
|----------|--------|--------|----------|--------|--------|
| the | DT 1.0 | - | | | |
| blue | | JJ 1.0 | | | |
| fountain | | | NN 0.3 | | |
| pen | | | | NN 0.4 | |
| ink | | | | | NN 0.3 |

| | the | blue | fountain | pen | ink |
|----------|--------|--------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| the | DT 1.0 | - | | | |
| blue | | JJ 1.0 | NBAR 0.12*1.0*0.3 | | |
| fountain | | | NN 0.3 | NBAR 0.3*0.4*0.096 | |
| pen | | | | NN 0.4 | NBAR 0.3*0.4*0.096 |
| ink | | | | | NN 0.3 |

| | the | blue | fountain | pen | ink |
|----------|--------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| the | DT 1.0 | - | NP 0.6*0.12*0.3 | NP, NP | |
| blue | | JJ <mark>1.0</mark> | NBAR 0.12*1.0*0.3 | NBAR, NBAR | |
| fountain | | | NN <mark>0.3</mark> | NBAR <mark>0.3*</mark> 0.4*0.096 | NBAR, NBAR |
| pen | | | | NN 0. <mark>4</mark> | NBAR 0.3*0.4*0.096 |
| ink | | | | | NN 0.3 |

| | the | blue | fountain | pen | ink |
|----------|--------|---------------------|---------------------------------|--|--------------------|
| the | DT 1.0 | - | NP 0.6*0.12*0.3 | NP, NP | |
| blue | | JJ <mark>1.0</mark> | NBAR <mark>0.12*</mark> 1.0*0.3 | <mark>NB</mark> AR, <mark>NB</mark> AR | NBAR, NBAR, NBAR |
| fountain | | | NN <mark>0.3</mark> | NBAR <mark>0.3*</mark> 0.4*0.096 | NBAR, NBAR |
| pen | | | | NN 0. <mark>4</mark> | NBAR 0.3*0.4*0.096 |
| ink | | | | | NN 0.3 |

| | the | blue | fountain | pen | ink |
|----------|--------|---------------------|---------------------------------|--|--------------------|
| the | DT 1.0 | - | NP 0.6*0.12*0.3 | NP, NP | NP, NP, NP, NP |
| blue | | JJ <mark>1.0</mark> | NBAR <mark>0.12*</mark> 1.0*0.3 | <mark>NB</mark> AR, <mark>NB</mark> AR | NBAR, NBAR, NBAR |
| fountain | | | NN <mark>0.3</mark> | NBAR <mark>0.3*</mark> 0.4*0.096 | NBAR, NBAR |
| pen | | | | <mark>NN</mark> 0. <mark>4</mark> | NBAR 0.3*0.4*0.096 |
| ink | | | | | NN 0.3 |

There are 4 possible parses for the above sentence.

Phrase based Machine Translation with the help of Word Sense Disambiguation.

- 1. In translation, different senses of a word in source language may have different translations in a target language depending on the particular context.
- 2. So, WSD system can help Machine Translation system to determine the correct translation for ambiguous word.

WSD system for lexical selection in MT by aligning target language words as sense tags.

EM to update parameters and find t(cheval|horse)

INITIAL PARAMETERS: [Initialized uniformly]

| t | grand | cheval |
|-------|-------|--------|
| big | 1/2 | 1/2 |
| horse | 1/2 | 1/2 |

We have two sentences :

For k = 1: (m = 2, l=2)For k = 2: (m = 1, l=1)

q(j|i,l,m)

j - ENGLISH WORD

i - FRENCH WORD

| q(1 1,1,1) | 1 | | |
|------------|-----|------------|-----|
| q(1 1,2,2) | 1/2 | q(2 1,2,2) | 1/2 |
| q(1 2,2,2) | 1/2 | q(2 2,2,2) | 1/2 |

NEXT STEP:

$\delta(k,i,j)$

| 5/0 4 4) | | |
|-----------------|--|-----|
| $\delta(2,1,1)$ | 1 | |
| δ(1,1,1) | $ \begin{array}{l} q(1 1,2,2) \ t(grand big) \ / \ [(q(1 1,2,2) \ t(grand big) \ + \ q(2 1,2,2) \ t(grand horse))] \\ = (1/2)(1/2)/ \ [\ (1/2)(1/2) \ + (1/2)(1/2)] \end{array} $ | 1/2 |
| δ(1,1,2) | q(2 1,2,2) t(grand horse) / [(q(1 1,2,2)t(grand big) + q(2 1,2,2)t(grand horse))] = (1/2)(1/2) / [(1/2)(1/2) + (1/2)(1/2)] | 1/2 |
| δ(1,2,1) | q(1 2,2,2) t(cheval big) / [q(1 2,2,2) t(cheval big) + q(2 2,2,2) t(cheval horse))] = $(1/2)(1/2)/[(1/2)(1/2) + (1/2)(1/2)]$ | 1/2 |
| δ(1,2,2) | $ q(2 2,2,2) \ t(\text{cheval} \text{horse}) \ / \ [q(1 2,2,2) \ t(\text{cheval} \text{big}) + q(2 2,2,2) \ t(\text{cheval} \text{horse}))] $ | 1/2 |

| c(big, grand) | 1/2 + 1 | c(big) | 2 | t(cheval horse) | c(horse,cheval)/c(horse) |
|------------------|---------|----------|---|-----------------|--------------------------|
| c(big, cheval) | 1/2 | c(horse) | 1 | | 1/2 |
| c(horse, grand) | 1/2 | | | | |
| c(horse, cheval) | 1/2 | | | | |

| | the | can | can | see | the | can |
|-----|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------|----------------|
| the | DT 1.0 | | | | | |
| can | | NN 0.9, VB 0.5 | | | | |
| can | | | NN 0.9, VB 0.5 | | | |
| see | | | | NN 0.1, VB 0.5 | | |
| the | | | | | DT 1.0 | |
| can | | | | | | NN 0.9, VB 0.5 |

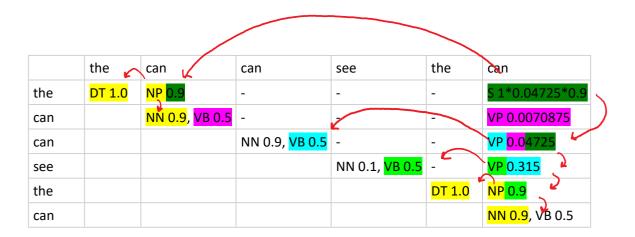
| | the | can | can | see | the | can |
|-----|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------|----------------|
| the | DT 1.0 | NP 0.9 | | | | |
| can | | NN 0.9, VB 0.5 | - | | | |
| can | | | NN 0.9, VB 0.5 | - | | |
| see | | | | NN 0.1, VB 0.5 | - | |
| the | | | | | DT 1.0 | NP 0.9 |
| can | | | | | | NN 0.9, VB 0.5 |

| | the | can | can | see | the | can |
|-----|--------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------|----------------|
| the | DT 1.0 | NP 0.9 | - | | | |
| can | | NN 0.9, VB 0.5 | - | - | | |
| can | | | NN 0.9, VB 0.5 | - | - | |
| see | | | | NN 0.1, VB 0.5 | - | VP 0.7*0.5*0.9 |
| the | | | | | DT 1.0 | NP 0.9 |
| can | | | | | | NN 0.9, VB 0.5 |

| | the | can | can | see | the | can |
|-----|--------|----------------|-----------------------------|----------------|--------|------------------|
| the | DT 1.0 | NP 0.9 | - | - | | |
| can | | NN 0.9, VB 0.5 | - | - | _ | |
| can | | | NN 0.9, <mark>VB 0.5</mark> | - | _ | VP 0.3*0.315*0.5 |
| see | | | | NN 0.1, VB 0.5 | - | VP 0.315 |
| the | | | | | DT 1.0 | NP 0.9 |
| can | | | | | | NN 0.9, VB 0.5 |

| | the | can | can | see | the | can |
|-----|--------|----------------|-----------------------------|----------------|--------|--------------------------|
| the | DT 1.0 | NP 0.9 | - | - | - | |
| can | | NN 0.9, VB 0.5 | - | - | - | VP 0.3*0.04725*0.5 |
| can | | | NN 0.9, <mark>VB 0.5</mark> | - | - | <mark>VP </mark> 0.04725 |
| see | | | | NN 0.1, VB 0.5 | - | VP 0.315 |
| the | | | | | DT 1.0 | NP 0.9 |
| can | | | | | | NN 0.9, VB 0.5 |

| | the | can | can | see | the | can |
|-----|--------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|--------|--------------------------|
| the | DT 1.0 | NP 0.9 | - | - | _ | S 1*0.04725*0.9 |
| can | | NN 0.9, <mark>VB 0.5</mark> | - | - | - | VP 0.0070875 |
| can | | | NN 0.9, <mark>VB 0.5</mark> | - | - | VP <mark>0.0</mark> 4725 |
| see | | | | NN 0.1, <mark>VB 0.5</mark> | - | VP 0.315 |
| the | | | | | DT 1.0 | NP 0.9 |
| can | | | | | | NN 0.9, VB 0.5 |



| Rules to be added for parsing |
|---|
| "I think I like black cats" "I heard cats like dogs" |
| X> think X> heard |
| Considering S as the Simple Declarative Clause of Penn Tree bank tagset : |
| VB> think VB> heard |
| VP> VB Y Y> S |
| If S is considered as a start symbol and can only occur at the start : |
| VB> think VB> heard |

Naïve Bayes Classifier using skip gram features:

$$P(A) = P(B) = P(C) = 1/3$$

 $P(A|\text{the cat in the hat}) \propto P(\text{the cat in the hat} \mid A)$

SKIP GRAM FEATURES: General notation k-skip-n-grams

For simpler calculations we assume features to be bigrams. So, we include 1-skip-2-grams :

This includes all the bigrams + few sub sequences :

So all bigram features with counts for each class can be represented as a matrix as follows:

| Α | the | cat | sat | on | mat | in | hat | dog | log | fish | dish |
|------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|
| the | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| cat | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| sat | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| on | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| mat | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| in | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| hat | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| dog | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| log | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| fish | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| dish | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

SMOOTHED FEATURE PROBABILITIES GIVEN CLASS A

| Α | the | cat | sat | on | mat | in | hat | dog | log | fish | dish |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| the | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| cat | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| sat | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| on | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| mat | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| in | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| hat | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| dog | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| log | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| fish | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| dish | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |

| В | the | cat | sat | on | mat | in | hat | dog | log | fish | dish |
|------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|
| the | 0 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| cat | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| sat | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| on | 2 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| mat | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| in | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| hat | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| dog | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| log | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| fish | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| dish | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

SMOOTHED PROBABILITIES FOR FEAURES GIVEN CLASS B

| В | the | cat | sat | on | mat | in | hat | dog | log | fish | dish |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| the | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| cat | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| sat | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| on | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| mat | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| in | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| hat | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| dog | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| log | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| fish | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| dish | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |

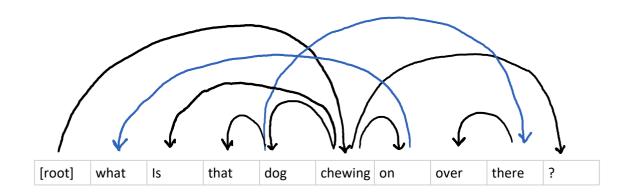
| С | the | cat | sat | on | mat | in | hat | dog | log | fish | dish |
|------|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|
| the | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |
| cat | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| sat | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| on | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| mat | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| in | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| hat | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| dog | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| log | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| fish | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| dish | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

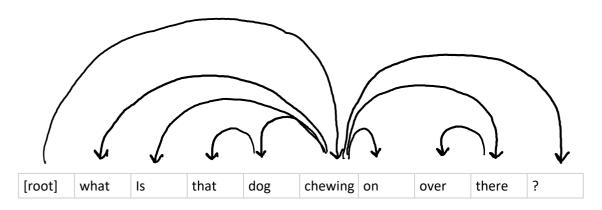
SMOOTHED PROBABILITIES OF FEATURES GIVEN CLASS C

| В | the | cat | sat | on | mat | in | hat | dog | log | fish | dish |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| the | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.02 |
| cat | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| sat | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| on | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| mat | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| in | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 |
| hat | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| dog | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| log | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| fish | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.02 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| dish | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0.01 |

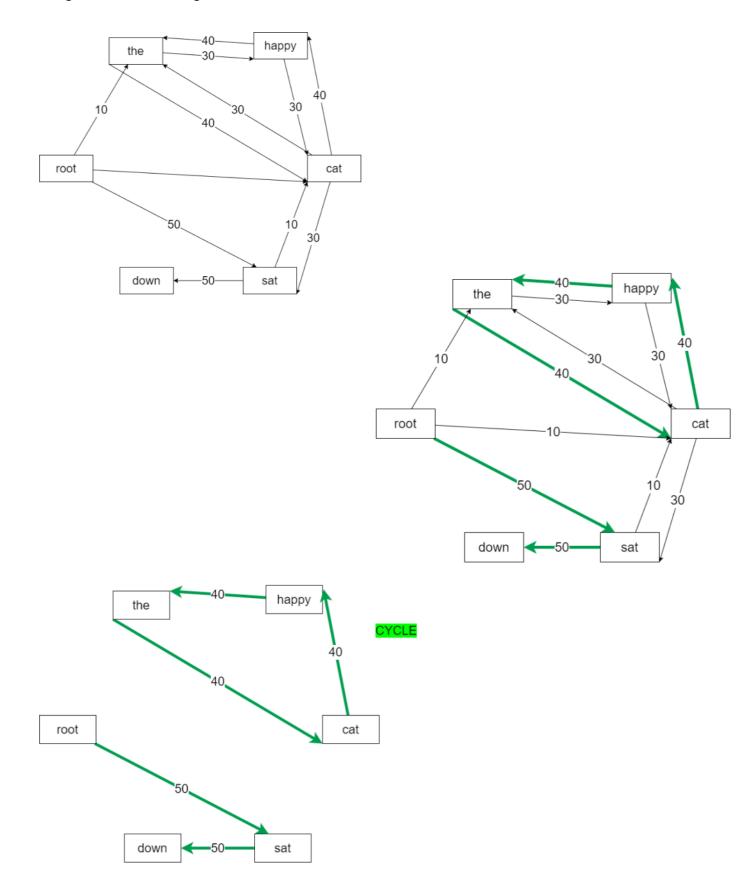
Features in the sentence "the cat in the hat"

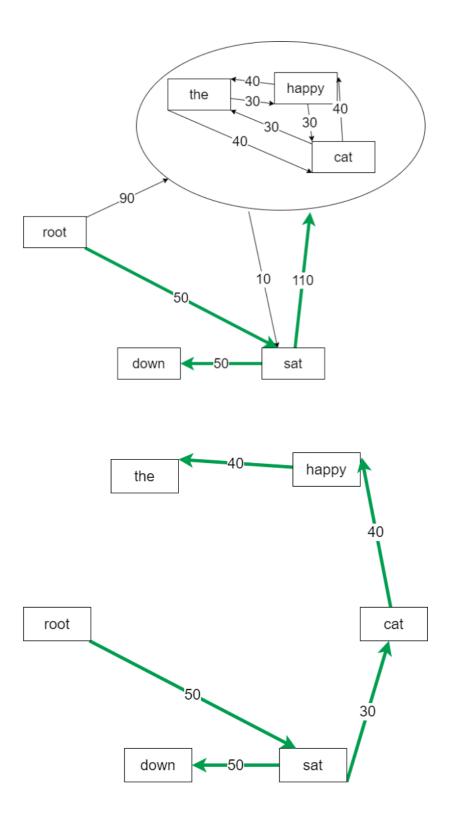
| | Α | В | С | log(A) | log(B) | log(C) |
|---------|------|-------|---|--------|--------|--------|
| the,cat | 0.02 | 0.02 | | | | |
| cat,in | 0.02 | 0.008 | | | | |
| in,the | 0.02 | 0.008 | | | | |
| the,hat | 0.02 | 0.008 | | | | |
| the,in | 0.01 | 0.008 | | | | |
| cat,the | 0.01 | 0.008 | | | | |
| in,hat | 0.02 | 0.008 | | | | |
| | | | | | | |





Using Chu-Liu Edmonds algorithm we find the tree with Max score





TOTAL SCORE: 50 + 50 + 30 + 40 + 40 = 210

Linear interpolation to handle rare/out-of-vocabulary words:

This strategy is not sufficient.

Linear interpolation extends for cases where higher n-gram probabilities are zeros. It backs off and helps to generalize to more contexts that the model hasn't learned about.

This strategy falls short for words we haven't seen before.

In open vocabulary system these potential unknown words are modelled using <UNK>.

| <\$> | DT | NN | VB | PP | DT | NN |
|---------|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| <s></s> | DT | NN | VB | PP | DT | NN |
| <s></s> | DT | JJ | NN | VB | | |

TRANSITION PROBABILITIES

| | DT | NN | VB | PP | JJ |
|---------|----|-----|-----|------|-----|
| <s></s> | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| DT | 0 | 0.8 | 0 | 0 | 0.2 |
| NN | 0 | 0 | 0.6 | 0 | 0 |
| VB | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.67 | 0 |
| PP | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| JJ | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |

UNIGRAM TRANSITION PROBABILITIES

| | С | Р |
|---------|----|----------|
| <s></s> | 3 | 0.157895 |
| DT | 5 | 0.263158 |
| NN | 5 | 0.263158 |
| VB | 3 | 0.157895 |
| PP | 2 | 0.105263 |
| JJ | 1 | 0.052632 |
| | 19 | |

SMOOTHED TRANSITION PROBABILITIES

| | DT | NN | VB | PP | JJ |
|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| <s></s> | 0.578947 | 0.078947 | 0.078947 | 0.078947 | 0.078947 |
| DT | 0.131579 | 0.531579 | 0.131579 | 0.131579 | 0.231579 |
| NN | 0.131579 | 0.131579 | 0.431579 | 0.131579 | 0.131579 |
| VB | 0.078947 | 0.078947 | 0.078947 | 0.413947 | 0.078947 |
| PP | 0.552632 | 0.052632 | 0.052632 | 0.052632 | 0.052632 |
| JJ | 0.026316 | 0.526316 | 0.026316 | 0.026316 | 0.026316 |

EMISSION PROBABILITIES

| | the | cat | is | in | box | sat | on | mat | black |
|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| DT | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| NN | 0 | 0.6 | 0 | 0 | 0.2 | 0 | 0 | 0.2 | 0 |
| VB | 0 | 0 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| PP | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 | 0.5 | 0 | 0 |
| JJ | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |

HMM TO DO POS TAGGING

| | the | black | box | cat |
|----|-------|-------|-----|-----|
| DT | 0.578 | | | |
| NN | 0 | | | |
| VB | 0 | | | |
| PP | 0 | | | |
| JJ | 0 | | | |

| | the | black | box | cat |
|----|-------|---------------------|-----|-----|
| DT | 0.578 | 0 | | |
| NN | 0 | 0 | | |
| VB | 0 | 0 | | |
| PP | 0 | 0 | | |
| IJ | 0 | 0.07*1*0.578=0.0405 | | |

| | the | black | box | cat |
|----|-------|--------|-------------------------|-----|
| DT | 0.578 | 0 | 0 | |
| NN | 0 | 0 | 0.526*0.2*0.0405=0.0043 | |
| VB | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| PP | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| JJ | 0 | 0.0405 | 0 | |

| | the | black | box | cat |
|----|--------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| DT | <mark>0.578</mark> | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| NN | 0 | 0 | 0.0043 | 0.0003 |
| VB | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| PP | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| JJ | 0 | 0.0405 | 0 | 0 |

| DT JJ | NN | NN |
|-------|----|----|
|-------|----|----|

Identify constituents among the following:

Underlined phrases in A, B are not constituents

D. Put it over <u>on the table</u> [It is a constituent]

Can be changed to Put it over there.

EM to update parameters and find t(souris|white)

INITIAL PARAMETERS:

| t | souris | blanche |
|-------|--------|---------|
| white | 1/2 | 1/2 |
| mouse | 3/4 | 1/4 |

We have two sentences:

For k = 1: (m = 2, l=2)For k = 2: (m = 1, l=1)

Initial q's are initialized uniformly

q(j|i,l,m)

j - ENGLISH WORD

i - FRENCH WORD

| q(1 1,1,1) | 1 | | |
|------------|-----|------------|-----|
| q(1 1,2,2) | 1/2 | q(2 1,2,2) | 1/2 |
| q(1 2,2,2) | 1/2 | q(2 2,2,2) | 1/2 |

NEXT STEP:

 $\delta(k,i,j)$

| δ(2,1,1) | 1 | |
|----------|--|-----|
| δ(1,1,1) | q(1 1,2,2) t(souris white) / [(q(1 1,2,2) t(souris white) + q(2 1,2,2) t(souris mouse))] = $(1/2)(1/2)/[(1/2)(1/2) + (1/2)(3/4)]$ | 2/5 |
| δ(1,1,2) | q(2 1,2,2) t(souris mouse) / [(q(1 1,2,2) t(souris white) + q(2 1,2,2) t(souris mouse))] =(1/2)(3/4)/ [(1/2)(1/2) + (1/2)(3/4)] | 3/5 |
| δ(1,2,1) | q(1 2,2,2) t(blanche white) / $[q(1 2,2,2)$ t(blanche white) + $q(2 2,2,2)$ t(blanche mouse))] = $(1/2)(1/2)$ / $[(1/2)(1/2)$ + $(1/2)(1/4)$] | 2/3 |
| δ(1,2,2) | q(2 2,2,2) t(blanche mouse) / [q(1 2,2,2) t(blanche white) + q(2 2,2,2) t(blanche mouse))] = (1/2)(1/4) / [(1/2)(1/2) + (1/2)(1/4)] | 1/3 |

| c(white, souris) | 2/5 | c(white) | 2/5 + 2/3 | t(souris white) | c(white,souris)/c(white) |
|-------------------|---------|----------|---------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| c(white, blanche) | 2/3 | c(mouse) | 3/5 + 1/3 + 1 | | (2/5)/ (2/5) + (2/3) |
| c(mouse, souris) | 3/5 + 1 | | | | (6/16) |
| c(mouse, blanche) | 1/3 | | | | |

PROBLEM:

Perform sentiment analysis on unlabelled dataset of restaurant reviews given movie review corpus with gold standard labels.

APPROACH:

- 1. Consider seed information in the form of keywords associated with gold standard labels from movie review corpus.
- 2. Bootstrapping initializes a learner with the above seed information.
- 3. Apply the learner in order to generate labels for the unlabelled restaurant review corpus.
- 4. Build a new learner from these bootstrapped labels.
- 5. Repeat 3-4