

Primary_And_Secondary_Analysis

Questions from the available data (Primary)

1. Top and Bottom Performing Cities
 - Identify the top 3 and bottom 3 cities by total trips over the entire analysis period.
2. Average Fare per Trip by City
 - Calculate the average fare per trip for each city and compare it with the city's average trip distance. Identify the cities with the highest and lowest average fare per trip to assess pricing efficiency across locations.
3. Average Ratings by City and Passenger Type
 - Calculate the average passenger and driver ratings for each city, segmented by passenger type (new vs. repeat). Identify cities with the highest and lowest average ratings.
4. Peak and Low Demand Months by City
 - For each city, identify the month with the highest total trips (peak demand) and the month with the lowest total trips (low demand). This analysis will help Goodcabs understand seasonal patterns and adjust resources accordingly.
5. Weekend vs. Weekday Trip Demand by City
 - Compare the total trips taken on weekdays versus weekends for each city over the six-month period. Identify cities with a strong preference for either weekend or weekday trips to understand demand variations.
6. Repeat Passenger Frequency and City Contribution Analysis
 - Analyse the frequency of trips taken by repeat passengers in each city (e.g., % of repeat passengers taking 2 trips, 3 trips, etc.). Identify which cities contribute most to higher trip frequencies among repeat passengers, and examine if there are distinguishable patterns between tourism-focused and business-focused cities.

7. Monthly Target Achievement Analysis for Key Metrics

- For each city, evaluate monthly performance against targets for total trips, new passengers, and average passenger ratings from targets_db. Determine if each metric met, exceeded, or missed the target, and calculate the percentage difference. Identify any consistent patterns in target achievement, particularly across tourism versus business-focused cities.

8. Highest and Lowest Repeat Passenger Rate (RPR%) by City and Month

- Analyse the Repeat Passenger Rate (RPR%) for each city across the six-month period. Identify the top 2 and bottom 2 cities based on their RPR% to determine which locations have the strongest and weakest rates.
- Similarly, analyse the RPR% by month across all cities and identify the months with the highest and lowest repeat passenger rates. This will help to pinpoint any seasonal patterns or months with higher repeat passenger loyalty.

Further analysis & recommendations:

1. Factors Influencing Repeat Passenger Rates

- What factors (such as quality of service, competitive pricing, or city demographics) might contribute to higher or lower repeat passenger rates in different cities? Are there correlations with socioeconomic or lifestyle patterns in these cities?

2. Tourism vs. Business Demand Impact

- How do tourism seasons or local events (festivals, conferences) impact Goodcabs' demand patterns? Would tailoring marketing efforts to these events increase trip volume in tourism-oriented cities?

3. Emerging Mobility Trends and Goodcabs' Adaptation

- What emerging mobility trends (such as electric vehicle adoption, green energy use) are impacting the cab service market in tier-2 cities? Should Goodcabs consider integrating electric vehicles or eco-friendly initiatives to stay competitive?

4. Partnership Opportunities with Local Businesses

- Are there opportunities for Goodcabs to partner with local businesses (such as hotels, malls, or event venues) to boost demand and improve customer loyalty? Could these partnerships drive more traffic, especially in tourism-heavy or high-footfall areas?

5. Data Collection for Enhanced Data-Driven Decisions

- To make Goodcabs more data-driven and improve its performance across key metrics (such as repeat passenger rate, customer satisfaction, new passengers and trip volume), what additional data should Goodcabs collect? Consider data that could provide deeper insights into customer behaviour, operational efficiency, and market trends.

Note: The above questions are intended to jump-start your analysis. You are encouraged to dig deeper and broaden the scope of your analysis to discover even more valuable findings.