

PROJECT -2

MARKET SEGMENTATION ON ELECTRIC VEHICLE CARS

DATASET SOURCE: <https://www.kaggle.com/geoffnel/evs-one-electric-vehicle-dataset>

Brand	Model	AccelSec	TopSpeed	Range_Km	Efficiency	FastCharge	RapidCharge	PowerTrain	PlugType	BodyStyle	Segment	Seats	PriceEuro
Tesla	Model 3 Long Range Dual Motor	4.6	233	450	161	940	Yes	AWD	Type 2 CCS	Sedan	D	5	55480
Volkswagen	ID.3 Pure	10	160	270	167	250	Yes	RWD	Type 2 CCS	Hatchback	C	5	30000
Polestar	2	4.7	210	400	181	620	Yes	AWD	Type 2 CCS	Liftback	D	5	56440
BMW	iX3	6.8	180	360	206	560	Yes	RWD	Type 2 CCS	SUV	D	5	68040
Honda	e	9.5	145	170	168	190	Yes	RWD	Type 2 CCS	Hatchback	B	4	32997
Lucid	Air	2.8	250	610	180	620	Yes	AWD	Type 2 CCS	Sedan	F	5	105000
Volkswagen	e-Golf	9.6	150	190	168	220	Yes	FWD	Type 2 CCS	Hatchback	C	5	31900
Peugeot	e-208	8.1	150	275	164	420	Yes	FWD	Type 2 CCS	Hatchback	B	5	29682
Tesla	Model 3 Standard Range Plus	5.6	225	310	153	650	Yes	RWD	Type 2 CCS	Sedan	D	5	46380
Audi	Q4 e-tron	6.3	180	400	193	540	Yes	AWD	Type 2 CCS	SUV	D	5	55000
Mercedes	EQC 400 4MATIC	5.1	180	370	216	440	Yes	AWD	Type 2 CCS	SUV	D	5	69484
Nissan	Leaf	7.9	144	220	164	230	Yes	FWD	Type 2 CH	Hatchback	C	5	29234
Hyundai	Kona Electric	7.9	167	400	160	380	Yes	FWD	Type 2 CCS	SUV	B	5	40795
BMW	i4	4	200	450	178	650	Yes	RWD	Type 2 CCS	Sedan	D	5	65000
Hyundai	IONIQ Electric	9.7	165	250	153	210	Yes	FWD	Type 2 CCS	Liftback	C	5	34459
Volkswagen	ID.3 Pro S	7.9	160	440	175	590	Yes	RWD	Type 2 CCS	Hatchback	C	4	40936
Porsche	Taycan Turbo S	2.8	260	375	223	780	Yes	AWD	Type 2 CCS	Sedan	F	4	180781
Volkswagen	e-Up!	11.9	130	195	166	170	Yes	FWD	Type 2 CCS	Hatchback	A	4	21421
MG	ZS EV	8.2	140	220	193	260	Yes	FWD	Type 2 CCS	SUV	B	5	30000
Mini	Cooper SE	7.3	150	185	156	260	Yes	FWD	Type 2 CCS	Hatchback	B	4	31681
Opel	Corsa-e	8.1	150	275	164	420	Yes	FWD	Type 2 CCS	Hatchback	B	5	29146
Tesla	Model Y Long Range	5.1	217	425	171	930	Yes	AWD	Type 2 CCS	SUV	D	7	58620
Skoda	Enyaq iV S	10	160	290	179	230	Yes	RWD	Type 2 CCS	SUV	C	5	35000
Audi	e-tron GT	3.5	240	425	197	850	Yes	AWD	Type 2 CCS	Sedan	F	4	125000
Tesla	Model 3 Long Range	3.4	261	435	167	910	Yes	AWD	Type 2 CCS	Sedan	D	5	61480
Volkswagen	ID.4	7.5	160	420	183	560	Yes	RWD	Type 2 CCS	SUV	C	5	45000

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

df=pd.read_csv("ev_car.csv")

df.head()

df.isnull().sum()

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
```

IMPORTING REQUIRED LIBRARIES

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

READING THE DATASET AND CHECKING THE NULL VALUES

```
[2] df=pd.read_csv("ev_car.csv")
[3] df.head()
```

	Brand	Model	AccelSec	TopSpeed_KmH	Range_Km	Efficiency_WhKm	FastCharge_KmH	RapidCharge	PowerTrain	PlugType	BodyStyle	Segment	Seats	PriceEuro
0	Tesla	Model 3 Long Range Dual Motor	4.6	233	450	161	940	Yes	AWD	Type 2 CCS	Sedan	D	5	55480
1	Volkswagen	ID.3 Pure	10.0	160	270	167	250	Yes	RWD	Type 2 CCS	Hatchback	C	5	30000
2	Polestar	2	4.7	210	400	181	620	Yes	AWD	Type 2 CCS	Liftback	D	5	56440
3	BMW	iX3	6.8	180	360	206	560	Yes	RWD	Type 2 CCS	SUV	D	5	68040
4	Honda	e	9.5	145	170	168	190	Yes	RWD	Type 2 CCS	Hatchback	B	4	32997

```
df.isnull().sum()
Brand      0
Model      0
AccelSec   0
TopSpeed_KmH 0
Range_Km   0
Efficiency_WhKm 0
FastCharge_KmH 0
RapidCharge 0
PowerTrain 0
PlugType   0
BodyStyle  0
Segment    0
Seats      0
PriceEuro  0
dtype: int64
```

CONVERTING CATEGORICAL VARIABLES INTO NUMERICAL VARIABLES USING LABELENCODING

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
le=LabelEncoder()
categorical_cols=["RapidCharge","PowerTrain","PlugType","BodyStyle","Segment"]
for col in categorical_cols:
    df[col] = le.fit_transform(df[col])
```

```
[6] df.head(2)
```

	Brand	Model	AccelSec	TopSpeed_KmH	Range_Km	Efficiency_WhKm	FastCharge_KmH	RapidCharge	PowerTrain	PlugType	BodyStyle	Segment	Seats	PriceEuro
0	Tesla	Model 3 Long Range Dual Motor	4.6	233	450	161	940	1	0	2	7	3	5	55480
1	Volkswagen	ID.3 Pure	10.0	160	270	167	250	1	2	2	1	2	5	30000

```
df.FastCharge_KmH.unique()
array(['940', '250', '620', '560', '190', '220', '420', '650', '540',
       '440', '230', '380', '210', '590', '780', '170', '260', '930',
       '850', '910', '490', '470', '270', '450', '350', '710', '240',
       '390', '570', '610', '340', '730', '920', '-', '550', '980', '520',
       '430', '890', '410', '770', '460', '360', '810', '480', '290',
       '330', '740', '510', '320', '500'], dtype=object)
```

CHOOSING THE ATTRIBUTES FOR MODEL-1

Selecting Top speed and Efficiency attributes

```
+ Code + Text
Choosing the TopSpeed_KmH and Efficiency_WhKm Attributes
```

```
[8] x = df.iloc[:,[3,5]].values
```

```
print(x)
```

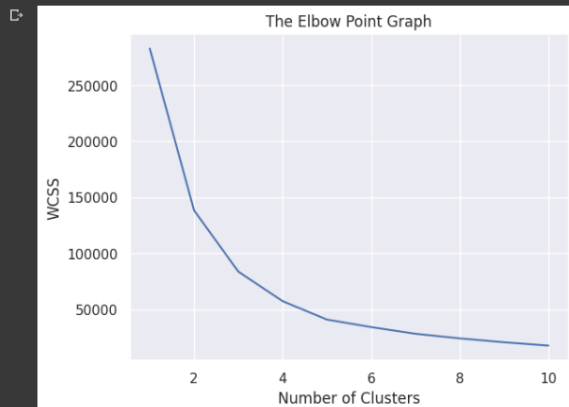
```
[[140 160]
 [200 171]
 [250 184]
 [155 154]
 [200 228]
 [130 166]
 [130 166]
 [167 175]
 [150 173]
 [250 195]
 [150 184]
 [150 180]
 [200 237]
 [410 206]
 [150 176]
 [160 183]
 [220 213]
 [145 168]
 [150 180]
 [135 164]
 [150 180]
 [201 189]
 [135 161]
 [241 177]
 [160 140]
 [200 232]
 [180 200]
 [250 197]
 [121 200]]
```

APPLYING K-MEANS ALGORITHM

MODEL FITTING

```
2s 1 # finding wcss value for different number of clusters
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
wcss = []
for i in range(1,11):
    kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=i, init='k-means++', random_state=0)
    kmeans.fit(X)
    wcss.append(kmeans.inertia_)
```

```
0s 2 sns.set()
plt.plot(range(1,11), wcss)
plt.title('The Elbow Point Graph')
plt.xlabel('Number of Clusters')
plt.ylabel('WCSS')
plt.show()
```



```
0s 3 kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=3, init='k-means++', random_state=0)

# return a label for each data point based on their cluster
Y = kmeans.fit_predict(X)

print(Y)
```

```
[2 0 2 1 0 2 0 0 2 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 2 0 2 2 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0
0 0 0 2 0 1 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 1 2 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 2 0 2 0 1 1 2 0 1 0 1 0 0 2 1
0 0 0 0 1 2 0 2 0 0 1 0 1 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 0 1 1 1 1]

/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870: FutureWarning: The default value of 'n_init' will change from 10 to 'auto' in 1.4. Set the value of 'n_init' explicitly to suppress the warn
warnings.warn()
```

```
2s 4 plt.figure(figsize=(8,8))
plt.scatter(X[Y==0,0], X[Y==0,1], s=50, c='green', label='Cluster 1')
plt.scatter(X[Y==1,0], X[Y==1,1], s=50, c='red', label='Cluster 2')
plt.scatter(X[Y==2,0], X[Y==2,1], s=50, c='yellow', label='Cluster 3')
# plot the centroids
plt.scatter(kmeans.cluster_centers_[0,0], kmeans.cluster_centers_[0,1], s=100, c='cyan', label='Centroids')
plt.title('EV MARKET FOR CARS')
plt.xlabel('TopSpeed_KmH')
plt.ylabel('Efficiency_WhKm')
plt.show()
```



```
83004*0341087053
02 [J4] K06902*1061719-
```

APPLYING PRINCIPAL COMPONENT ANALYSIS

Considering n_components as 2(PC1,PC2)

APPLYING PRINCIPLE COMPONENT ANALYSIS

```
[16] features = ['AccelSec', 'TopSpeed_KmH', 'Efficiency_WhKm', 'RapidCharge', 'Range_Km', 'Seats', 'PowerTrain', 'PriceEuro']
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
# Separating out the features
scale = df.loc[:, features].values
scale= StandardScaler().fit_transform(scale)

from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
pca = PCA(n_components=2)
t = pca.fit_transform(scale)
data2 = pd.DataFrame(t, columns=['PC1', 'PC2'])
data2
```

	PC1	PC2
0	1.511285	0.211975
1	-1.740644	-0.582778
2	1.292997	0.020945
3	0.021276	-0.115449
4	-2.327960	0.244931
...
98	-0.338325	-0.462721
99	2.279502	0.230222
100	0.815126	-0.164293
101	1.617635	-0.089687
102	1.277082	-0.221299

103 rows x 2 columns

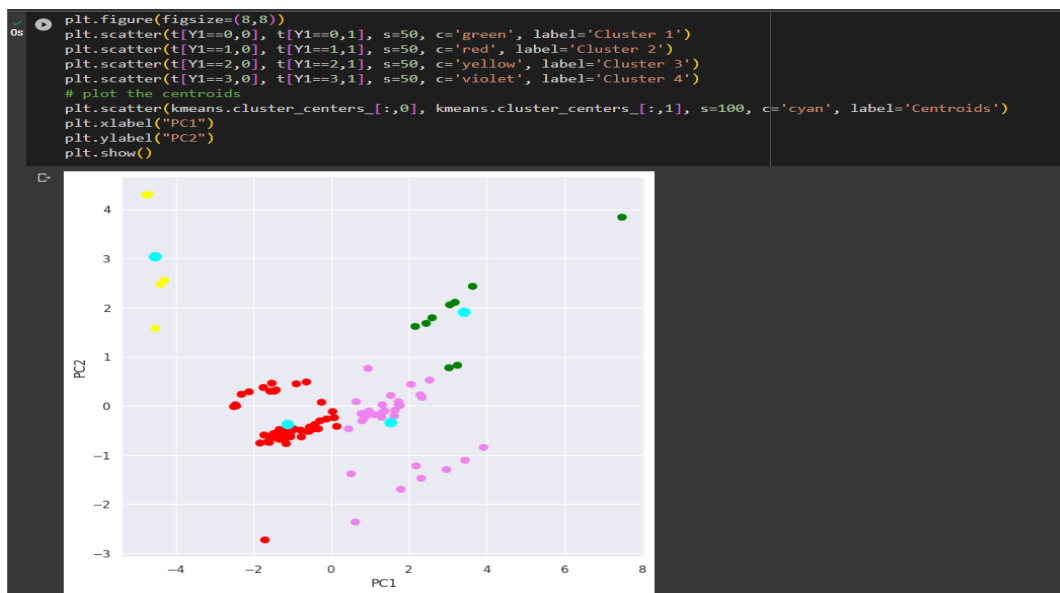
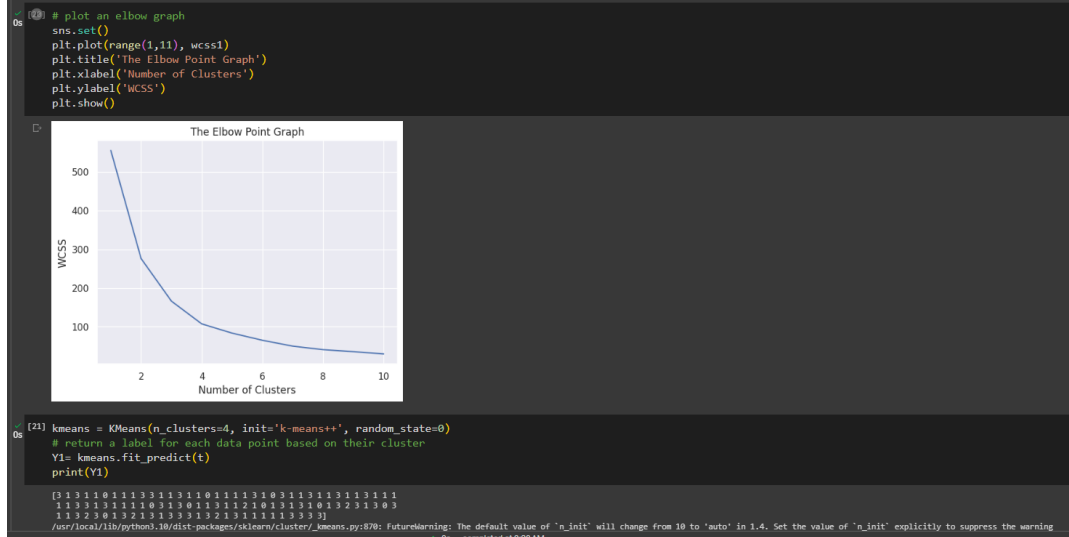


APPLYING K-MEANS ALGORITHM FOR MODEL-2

```
3s 3s wcscs1 = []

for i in range(1,11):
    kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=i, init='k-means++', random_state=42)
    kmeans.fit(t)
    wcscs1.append(kmeans.inertia_)
```

MODEL FITTING



```
0s [23] kmeans.inertia_

107.08971916002179
```

CHECKING THE K-MEANS ALGORITHM FOR DIFFERENT ATTRIBUTES

Considering the Segment and Price Euro attributes

```
CHECKING THE KMEANS ACCURACY BY CONSIDERING DIFFERENT ATTRIBUTES
```

```
df.sample(2)
```

	Brand	Model	AccelSec	TopSpeed_Kmh	Range_Km	Efficiency_Mh/Km	FastCharge_KWh	RapidCharge	PowerTrain	PlugType	BodyStyle	Segment	Seats	PriceEuro
1	Volkswagen	ID.3 Pure	10.0	160	270	167	250	1	2	2	1	2	5	30000
61	Tesla	Model Y Long Range Performance	3.7	241	410	177	900	1	0	2	6	3	7	65620

```
x3=df.iloc[:,[11,13]].values
```

```
x3
```

```
array([[ 3, 55480],
       [ 2, 30000],
       [ 3, 56440],
       [ 3, 60900],
       [ 1, 32997],
       [ 5, 185000],
       [ 2, 31800],
       [ 1, 29652],
       [ 3, 46380],
       [ 3, 55000],
       [ 1, 50493])
```

APPLYING KMEANS ALGORITHM FOR MODEL-3

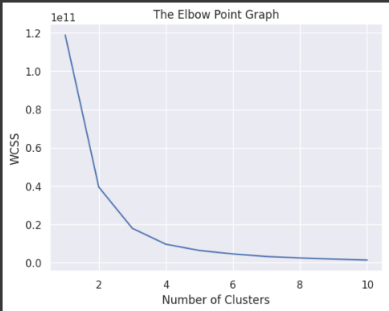
```
CHOOSING THE NUMBER OF CLUSTERS
```

```
[26] wcss3 = []
      for i in range(1,11):
          kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=i, init='k-means++', random_state=42)
          kmeans.fit(x3)
          wcss3.append(kmeans.inertia_)
```

MODEL FITTING

```
+ Code + Text
```

```
[27] sns.set()
      plt.plot(range(1,11), wcss3)
      plt.title('The Elbow Point Graph')
      plt.xlabel('Number of Clusters')
      plt.ylabel('WCSS')
      plt.show()
```



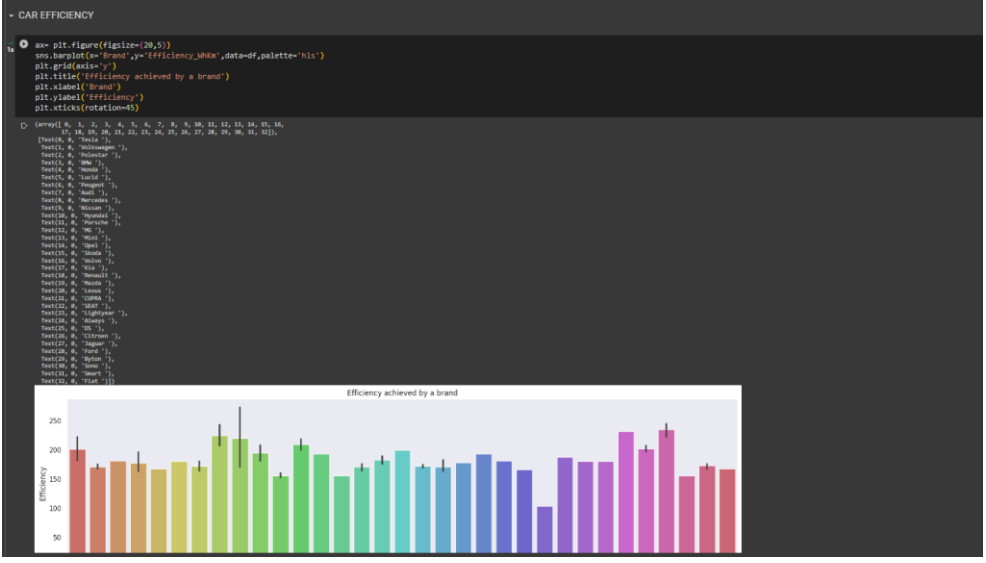
```
[28] kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=4, init='k-means++', random_state=0)
      # return a label for each data point based on their cluster
      Y3 = kmeans.fit_predict(x3)
      print(Y3)
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/cluster/_kmeans.py:870: FutureWarning: The default value of 'n_init' will change from 10 to 'auto' in 1.4. Set the value of 'n_init' explicitly to suppress the warning
  warnings.warn(
[[0 2 0 0 3 2 2 0 0 2 2 0 2 2 1 2 2 2 0 2 3 0 2 2 0 2 2 0 2 2 0
 2 2 0 2 0 2 2 2 3 1 2 0 1 2 2 3 2 2 2 2 3 2 0 0 0 0 3 2 0 2 0 2 1 0
 2 2 0 2 0 1 2 3 2 0 2 2 0 2 2 3 2 2 0 2 2 0 2 3 0 0 0 0])
```

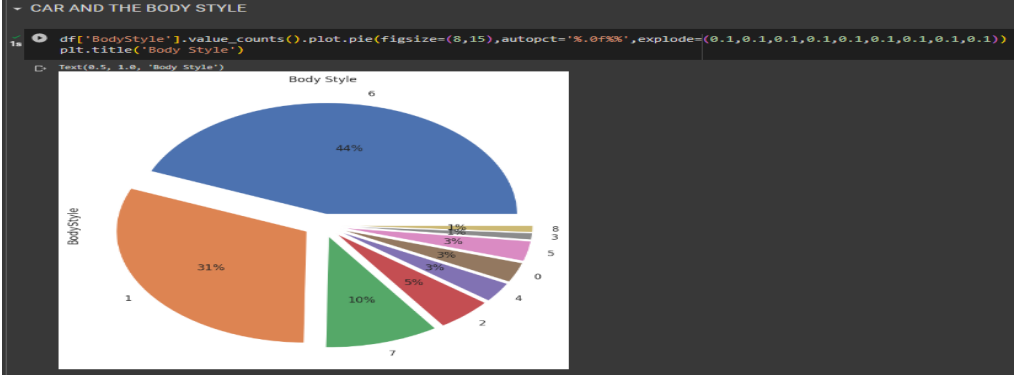


VISUALIZATIONS USING SEABORN LIBRARY

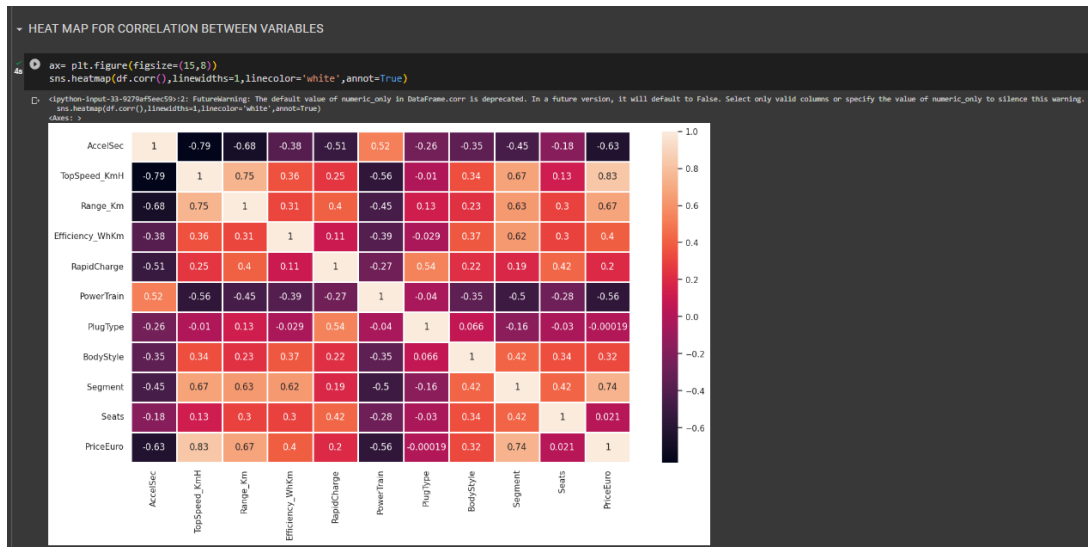
Car Efficiency



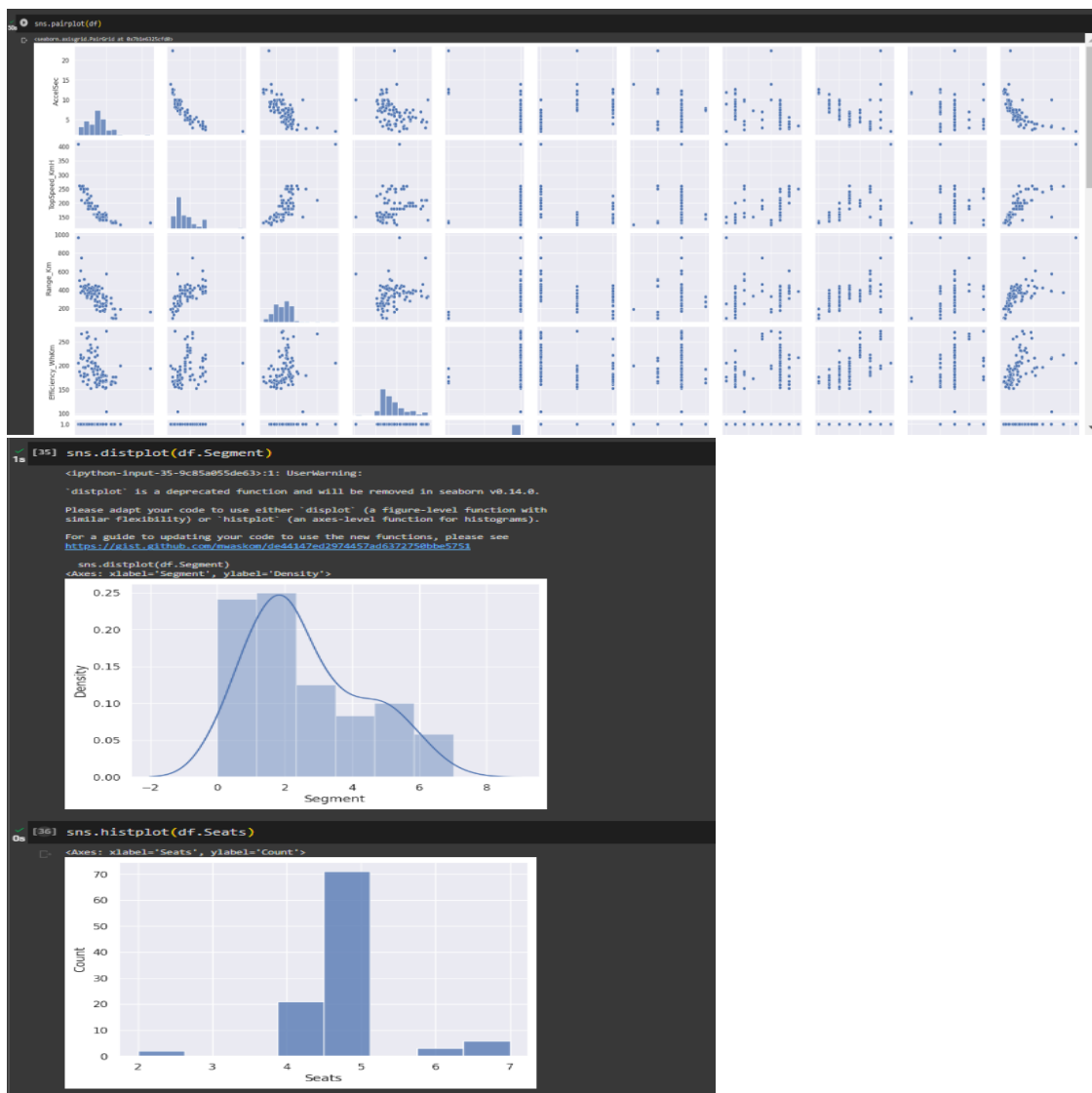
Car and the BodyStyle



Heat map for corr between variables



Pair plot



QUESTIONS:

Which vehicle has max range (km) under 50,000 Euros?

```
+ Code + Test

QUESTIONS:

- Which vehicle has max range (km) under 50,000 Euros?

[38] df['FullName'] = df['Brand'] + '-' + df['Model']
df_1 = df.loc[df['PriceEuro'] <= 50000]
df_2 = df.loc[df['PriceEuro'] > 50000]
t1 = 'Less than 50,000 Euros'
t2 = 'More than 50,000 Euros'

pd.set_option('display.max_columns', None)
top_range_1 = df.sort_values(by= 'Range_Km', ascending= False)
print(top_range_1[['FullName', 'Range_Km', 'PriceEuro', 'RapidCharge']])

┌┐
51      Tesla -Roadster      970      215000      1
33  Tesla -Cybertruck Tri Motor      750      75000      1
5         Lucid -Air      610      105000      1
48      Lightyear -One      575      149000      1
40  Tesla -Model S Long Range      515      79990      1
...
68  Renault -Kangoo Maxi ZE 33      150      38000      0
57      Renault -Twingo ZE      130      24790      0
82      Smart -EQ fortwo coupe      100      21367      0
77      Smart -EQ fortwo      95      22839      0
91      Smart -EQ fortwo cabrio      95      24565      0

[103 rows x 4 columns]
```

Which vehicle has max range (Km) costing more than 50,000 Euros?

```
- Which vehicle has max range(Km) costing more than 50,000 Euros?

pd.set_option('display.max_columns', None)
top_range_2 = df_2.sort_values(by= 'Range_Km', ascending= False)
print(top_range_2[['FullName', 'Range_Km', 'PriceEuro', 'RapidCharge']])

┌┐
51      Tesla -Roadster      970      215000      1
33  Tesla -Cybertruck Tri Motor      750      75000      1
5         Lucid -Air      610      105000      1
48      Lightyear -One      575      149000      1
40  Tesla -Model S Long Range      515      79990      1
59  Tesla -Model S Performance      505      96990      1
67  Tesla -Cybertruck Dual Motor      460      55000      1
64      Ford -Mustang Mach-E ER RWD      450      54475      1
54  Tesla -Model X Long Range      450      85990      1
0      Tesla -Model 3 Long Range Dual Motor      450      55480      1
13      BMW -i4      450      65000      1
81  Tesla -Model X Performance      440      102990      1
24  Tesla -Model 3 Long Range Performance      435      61480      1
69      Ford -Mustang Mach-E ER AMD      430      62900      1
23      Audi -e-tron GT      425      125000      1
21  Tesla -Model Y Long Range Dual Motor      425      58620      1
65      Porsche -Taycan 4S Plus      425      109302      1
93      Nissan -Ariya e-4ORCE 87kWh      420      57500      1
61  Tesla -Model Y Long Range Performance      410      65620      1
76      Audi -Q4 Sportback e-tron      410      57500      1
9      Audi -Q4 e-tron      400      55000      1
102  Byton -M-Byte 95 kWh 2WD      400      62000      1
2      Polestar -2      400      56440      1
73  Byton -M-Byte 95 kWh 4WD      390      64000      1
79      Porsche -Taycan Turbo      390      148301      1
72      Porsche -Taycan Cross Turismo      385      150000      1
42      Audi -e-tron Sportback 55 quattro      380      81639      1
16      Porsche -Taycan Turbo S      375      180781      1
101  Nissan -Ariya e-4ORCE 87kWh Performance      375      65000      1
27      Volvo -XC40 P8 AWD Recharge      375      60437      1
10      Mercedes -EQC 400 4MATIC      370      69484      1
63      Jaguar -I-Pace      365      75351      1
50      Audi -e-tron 55 quattro      365      79445      1
47      Porsche -Taycan 4S      365      102945      1
3      BMW -iX3      360      68040      1
78      Ford -Mustang Mach-E SR AWD      340      54000      1
99      Audi -e-tron S Sportback 55 quattro      335      96050      1
84      Mercedes -EQV 300 Long      330      70631      1
97      Byton -M-Byte 72 kWh 2WD      325      53500      1
90      Audi -e-tron S 55 quattro      320      93800      1
87      Audi -e-tron Sportback 50 quattro      295      69551      1
30      Audi -e-tron 50 quattro      280      67358      1
```

Vehicles with best acceleration under 50,000 Euros?

```

Vehicles with best acceleration under 50,000 Euros?

[41] pd.set_option('display.max_columns', None)
acceleration_1 = df_1.sort_values(by= 'AccelSec')
print(acceleration_1[['FullName','AccelSec', 'Range_Km', 'PowerTrain' ,'PriceEuro']])

```

	FullName	AccelSec	Range_Km	PowerTrain	\
39	Mercedes -EQA	5.0	350	0	
8	Tesla -Model 3 Standard Range Plus	5.6	310	2	
100	Nissan -Ariya e-40RCE 63kwh	5.9	325	0	
88	Skoda -Enyaq iV vRS	6.2	400	0	
37	CUPRA -el-Born	6.5	425	2	
..	
43	Skoda -CITIGOe iV	12.3	195	1	
57	Renault -Twingo ZE	12.6	130	2	
77	Smart -EQ forfour	12.7	95	2	
66	Nissan -e-NV200 Evalia	14.0	190	1	
68	Renault -Kangoo Maxi ZE 33	22.4	160	1	

	PriceEuro
39	45000
8	46380
100	50000
88	47500
37	45000
..	...
43	24534
57	24790
77	22030
66	33246
68	38000

[61 rows x 5 columns]

GITHUB LINK: https://github.com/rohithreddy999/Feynn-lab/blob/main/ev_cars_FEYNN.ipynb