

## MACHINE LEARNING

In Q1 to Q11, only one option is correct, choose the correct option:

1. Which of the following methods do we use to find the best fit line for data in Linear Regression?

- A) Least Square Error
- B) Maximum Likelihood
- C) Logarithmic Loss
- D) Both A and B

**Answer : A**

2. Which of the following statement is true about outliers in linear regression?

- A) Linear regression is sensitive to outliers
- B) linear regression is not sensitive to outliers
- C) Can't say
- D) none of these

**Answer : A**

3. A line falls from left to right if a slope is \_\_\_\_\_?

- A) Positive
- B) Negative
- C) Zero
- D) Undefined

**Answer : B**

4. Which of the following will have symmetric relation between dependent variable and independent variable?

- A) Regression
- B) Correlation
- C) Both of them
- D) None of these

**Answer : B**

5. Which of the following is the reason for over fitting condition?

- A) High bias and high variance
- B) Low bias and low variance
- C) Low bias and high variance
- D) none of these

**Answer : C**

6. If output involves label then that model is called as:

- A) Descriptive model
- B) Predictive modal
- C) Reinforcement learning
- D) All of the above

**Answer : B**

7. Lasso and Ridge regression techniques belong to \_\_\_\_\_?

- A) Cross validation
- B) Removing outliers
- C) SMOTE
- D) Regularization

**Answer : D**

8. To overcome with imbalance dataset which technique can be used?

- A) Cross validation
- B) Regularization
- C) Kernel
- D) SMOTE

**Answer : D**

9. The AUC Receiver Operator Characteristic (AUCROC) curve is an evaluation metric for binary classification problems. It uses \_\_\_\_\_ to make graph?

- A) TPR and FPR
- B) Sensitivity and precision
- C) Sensitivity and Specificity
- D) Recall and precision

**Answer : A**

10. In AUC Receiver Operator Characteristic (AUCROC) curve for the better model area under the curve should be less.

- A) True
- B) False

**Answer : B**

11. Pick the feature extraction from below:
- Construction bag of words from a email
  - Apply PCA to project high dimensional data
  - Removing stop words
  - Forward selection

**Answer : C**

In Q12, more than one options are correct, choose all the correct options:

12. Which of the following is true about Normal Equation used to compute the coefficient of the Linear Regression?

- We don't have to choose the learning rate.
- It becomes slow when number of features is very large.
- We need to iterate.
- It does not make use of dependent variable.

**Answer : A & B**

Q13 and Q15 are subjective answer type questions, Answer them briefly.

13. Explain the term regularization?

**Explanation :** Technique to reduce the error by fitting the function appropriately on the data set and avoid overfitting.

**Overfitting** is a situation when a machine learning model is constraints to data set and not able to perform well on data set.

14. Which particular algorithms are used for regularization?

**Explanation : L1(Lasso-Least absolute shrinkage and selection operator)** : Penalize the model based on the sum of magnitude of the coefficient.

$$\lambda = \sum |\beta_j|$$

$\lambda$  → Shrinkage Factor

(It ignore those column who don't have any relationship with dependent variable)

**L2(Ridge)** : Penalize the model based on the square of the sum of magnitude of the Coefficient.

$$\lambda = \sum |\beta_j^2|$$

(It give much less importance near to zero to those column who don't have any relationship with dependent variable)

15. Explain the term error present in linear regression equation?

**Explanation :** The margin of error within a statistical model. It refers to sum of deviation within the regression line, which provides an explanation for the difference between theoretical value of the model and actual observed results.

$$Y = \alpha X + \beta p + \epsilon$$

$\alpha, \beta$  → Constant parameter

$X, p$  → Independent variable

$\epsilon$  → Error Term