

## Arrays Challenge-Subarray with given sum (Google, Amazon, Facebook, Visa)

### Problem

Given an unsorted array **A** of size **N** of non-negative integers, find a continuous subarray which adds to a given number **S**.

### Constraints

$$1 \leq N \leq 10^5$$

$$0 \leq A_i \leq 10^{10}$$

### Example

Input:

$$N = 5, S = 12$$

$$A[] = \{1, 2, 3, 7, 5\}$$

Output: 2 4

Explanation: The sum of elements from 2nd position to 4th position is 12.

### Solution

Brute Force Solution

- Find sum of all possible subarrays. If any of the sum equates to **S**, output the starting and ending index of the subarray.

Time Complexity :  $O(n^2)$

### Optimized Approach

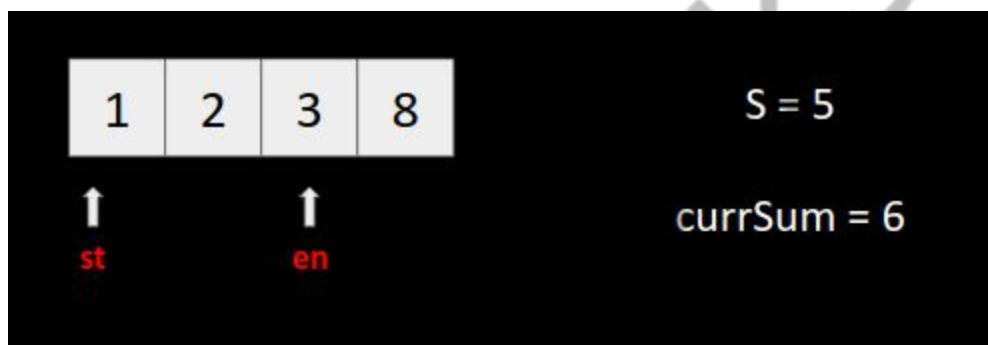
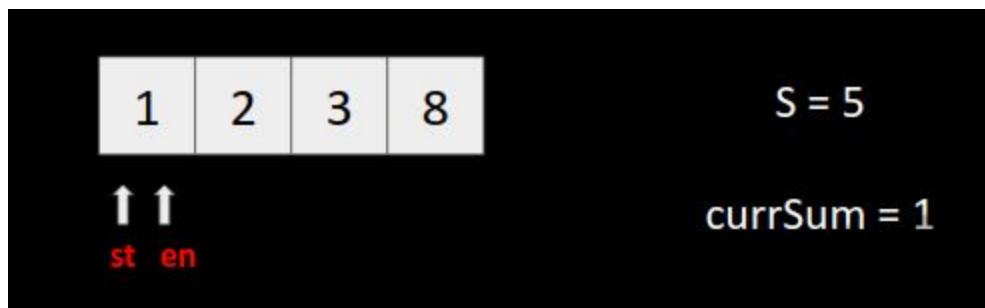
Steps:

- Keep the pointers st and en, and a variable currSum that stores the sum from st to en.
- initialize st = 0, en = 0
- Increment en till currSum + a[en + 1] > S
- When 3rd condition occurs, start increasing st until currSum <= S.

5. Whenever the condition ( $\text{currSum} = S$ ) is satisfied, store  $\text{st}$  and  $\text{en}$  and BREAK from the loop.

Time Complexity:  $O(n)$

#### Iterations



Code:

```
void SubarrayWithGivenSum()
{
    int n,s;
    cin >> n >> s;
    int a[n];
    for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
        cin >> a[i];

    int i=0, j=0; int st=0-1, en=-1; int sum = 0;
    while(j<n && sum + a[j] <= s){
        sum += a[j];
        j++;
    }
    if(sum == s){
        cout << i+1 << " " << j << endl;
        return;
    }
    while(j<n){
        sum += a[j];
        while(sum > s){
            sum -= a[i];
            i++;
        }
        if(sum == s){
            st = i+1;
            en = j+1;
            break;
        }
        j++;
    }
    cout << st << " " << en << endl;
}
```

Apni Kaksha