

# CSE-5319 - SPECIAL TOPICS THEORY ALGORITHMS

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- 1.) List three winning moves given  $(10, 13, 24, 46, 53)$  as a NIM position

ans Step-1 Let's convert the positions in binary so we can perform XOR

	number	binary
$n_1$	10	$\rightarrow 001\ 010$
$n_2$	13	$010\ 010$
$n_3$	24	$011\ 000$
$n_4$	46	$101\ 110$
$n_5$	53	$110\ 101$
XOR		$011\ 011$ $\rightarrow$ to achieve 0 we can do it by

making 53 ie  $110\ 101$  to  $101\ 110$  ie  $\rightarrow 46$

So. binary XOR is $\rightarrow$	number	binary
$n_1$	10	$001\ 010$
$n_2$	13	$010\ 010$
$n_3$	24	$011\ 000$
$n_4$	46	$101\ 110$
$n_5$	46	$101\ 110$
		<hr/>
		$000\ 000 \rightarrow$ is 0

So 46 is ~~not~~ <sup>win</sup> move ie remove 6 from 53.

(ii) Lets change ~~18~~ to 010010 to 001001 i.e. 9

So here XOR is

$x_1$	10	001010
$x_2$	9	001001
$x_3$	24	011000
$x_4$	46	101110
$x_5$	53	110101
$x_1 \oplus x_2 \oplus x_3 \oplus x_4 \oplus x_5$ XOR		000000 $\rightarrow$ is 0 so here it is a winning move

18 - 9 is remove 9 from 18

(iii) Lets change 24 011000 to 000011  $\rightarrow$  3

i.e. remove 21 in 24

the XOR is

10	001010
18	010010
3	000011
46	101110
53	110101
<hr/>	
000000 is 0	

So removing 21 in 24 is a winning move



2.) ~~The~~  $A = \{2, 3\}$  for player ①  
 $B = \{2, 3\}$  for player ②

pay off matrix is for player ①  $\rightarrow$

	2	3
2	-4	+6
3	+6	-9

as for player ① where  $(2, 2) \rightarrow A \text{ loses so } = -4$   
 if  $(2, 3) \rightarrow A \text{ win and } = +6$   
 $(3, 2) \rightarrow A \text{ win and } = +6$   
 $(3, 3) \rightarrow A \text{ lose and } = -9$

for player ② where  $(2, 2) \rightarrow B \text{ win } = +4$   
 $(2, 3) \rightarrow B \text{ lose } = -6$   
 $(3, 2) \rightarrow B \text{ lose } = -6$   
 $(3, 3) \rightarrow A \text{ lose } = +9$

pay off matrix  $\rightarrow$

	2	3
2	4	-6
3	-6	9

for player ②

refer correct and incorrect for files. and for .dat file  
 refer gambit for files.  $\rightarrow$  Q2.gbt and Q2-epus08sum.dat  
 refer

3.) ~~The~~ ~~matrix~~  
 matrix is  $\rightarrow$

		player II	
		C	D
player I	A	(6, -10)	(0, 10)
	B	(4, 1)	(1, 0)

So let  $p$  is probability of Player 1  
 $1-p$  is other chance of Player 1

Let  $q$  be probability of player I  
 $1-q$  be prob of player II

	$(q)$	$(1-q)$
P	$(6, -10)$	$(0, 10)$
$1-P$	$(4, 1)$	$(1, 0)$

Expected pay off from 'A' is

$$\begin{aligned} E_1(A) &= 6 \times q + 0 \times (1-q) \\ &= 6q + 0 \\ &= 6q \end{aligned}$$

$$E_1(A) = 6q$$

Expected pay off from 'B' is

$$\begin{aligned} E_1(B) &= 4 \times q + 1 \times (1-q) \\ &= 4q + 1 - q \\ &= 3q + 1 \end{aligned}$$

$E_1(A)$  and  $E_1(B)$  are same as expected payoff are same

$$E_1(A) = E_1(B)$$

$$6q = 3q + 1$$

$$q = \frac{1}{3}$$



So player II when playing 'C'

$$\begin{aligned} E_2(C) &= -10(P) + 1(1-P) \\ &= -10 + 1 - P \\ &= -11P + 1 \end{aligned}$$

3/4 When player II playing 'D'

$$\begin{aligned} &= 10P + 0(1-P) \\ E_2(D) &= 10P \end{aligned}$$

As  $E_2(C)$  and  $E_2(D)$  are same so  $E_2(C) = E_2(D)$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow 10P &= -11P + 1 \\ 21P &= 1 \\ \boxed{P} &= \boxed{1/21} \end{aligned}$$

So by looking at  $q = 1/3$ .

$$P = 1/21$$

we can confirm  
that game has unique  
Nash equilibrium

refer file for correlated and coarse correlated equilibrium  
Q3-2nd .dat file to calculate  
correlated coin strategy.

3.

Coreq Correlated equilibrium

	1	2
1	0.015873	0.031746
2	0.31746	0.634921

{Q6. Coreq} in files

Coare Correlated equilibrium

	1	2
1	0.015873	0.031746
2	0.31746	0.634921

{Q6. CoCoreq} in files

4). Refer Q4.gbt for gambit file and for equilibrium

refer Q4-a-equilibrium.png for files for a)  
refer Q4-b for b)  
refer Q4-c for c).

5). 4 buyers with indicated budgets : a/\$300, b/\$400, c/\$200,  
d/\$100

4 goods with indicated 0/20, 1/10, 2/30, 3/40

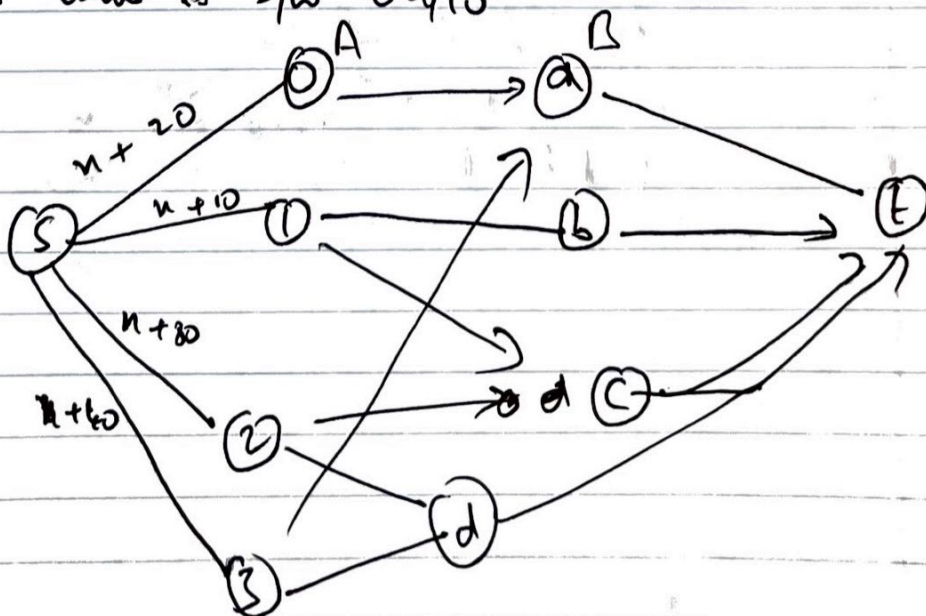
• Access to goods

a) 0, 3 b) 0, 1 c) 1, 2 d) 2, 3

ans. Binary search (between 0 &  $\frac{300+400+200+100}{20+10+30+40} = 10$ )

So  $n^* = 10$  market clearing price (per unit)

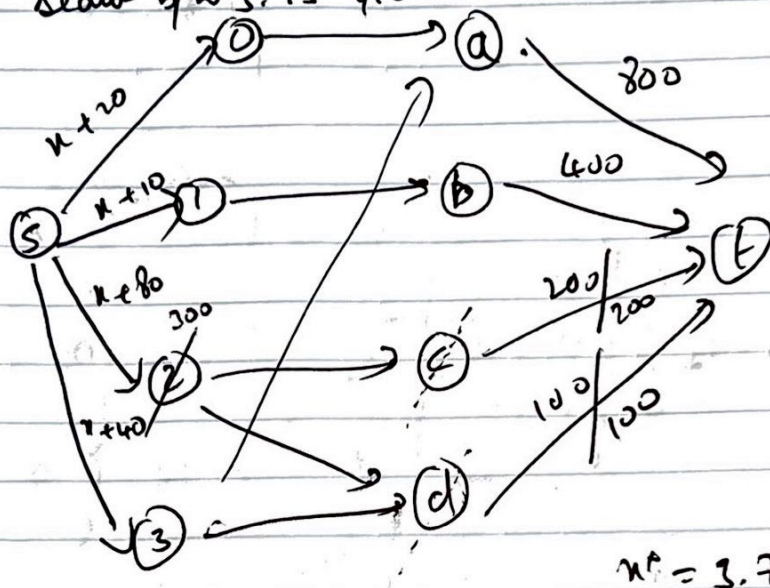
So, value is b/w 0 & 10





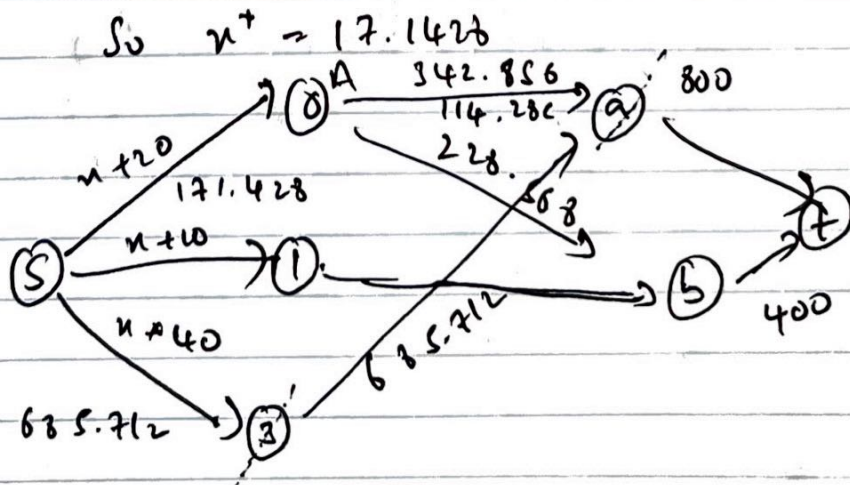
It does not fit as it does not saturate at anything interpolates again b/w 0 & 5  
 $n^* \rightarrow 2.5$

Binary search b/w 3.75 & 10



So as it saturates  $2^{nd}$  c.q.d.  $n^* = 3.75$

Now, we do binary search b/w  $(3.75 \text{ \& } (300 + 400 + 200 + 100))$   
 $\approx 3.75 \text{ \& } 17.1428$



It is saturating every market at  $n = 17.1428$



A	Prime	B	Units
①	17.1428	a	6.67 of 0
1	17.1428	b	11.33 of 0, 10 of 1
2	3.75	c	53.33 of 2
		d	26.666 of 2
3		a	40 of 3.

6.) cong equilibrium

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

	1	2	3
1	0	0	0
2	0	1	0

Coase cong equilibrium

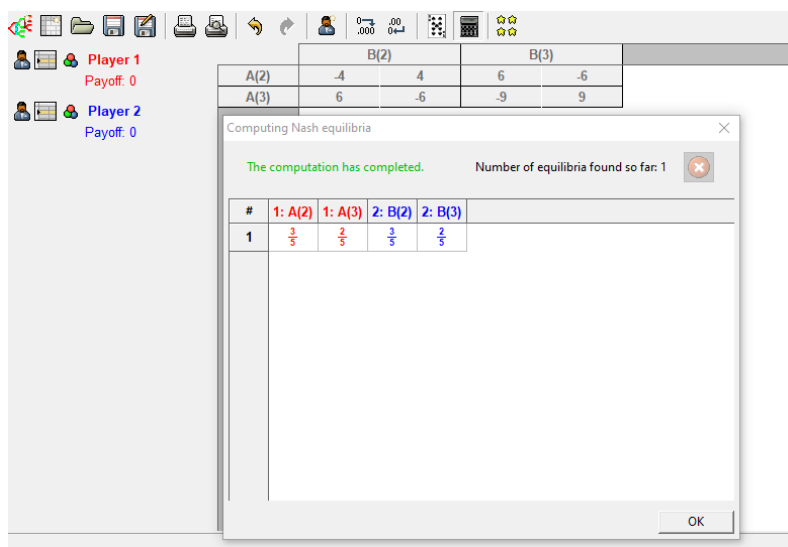
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0.5 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & 0.5 \\ 2 & 3 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

	1	2	3
1	0.5	0	0
2	0	0.5	0



## Q2. Gambit equilibrium

```
# run glpsol --model CorrEq.mod --data Q2_2per0sum.dat
# run glpsol --model coarseCorrEq.mod --data Q2_2per0sum.dat
in cmd
```



## Coarse and Coarse correlated equilibria

```
Generating zprob...
Generating aconstraint...
Generating bconstraint...
Generating computeasum...
Generating computebsum...
Generating oconstraint...
Generating obj...
Model has been successfully generated
GLPK Simplex Optimizer, v4.65
9 rows, 7 columns, 26 non-zeros
Preprocessing...
5 rows, 4 columns, 12 non-zeros
Scaling...
A: min|aij| = 1.000e+00 max|aij| = 1.500e+01 ratio = 1.500e+01
GM: min|aij| = 8.589e-01 max|aij| = 1.164e+00 ratio = 1.355e+00
EQ: min|aij| = 7.567e-01 max|aij| = 1.000e+00 ratio = 1.321e+00
Constructing initial basis...
Size of triangular part is 5
0: obj = -0.000000000e+00 inf = 1.135e+00 (1)
3: obj = -0.000000000e+00 inf = 0.000e+00 (0)
OPTIMAL LP SOLUTION FOUND
Time used: 0.0 secs
Memory used: 0.1 Mb (126549 bytes)

a payoff      0 b payoff      0 objective is      0
z distribution is:
(1 1      0.36)
(1 2      0.24)
(2 1      0.24)
(2 2      0.16)
Model has been successfully processed
```

```

Model has been successfully generated
GLPK Simplex Optimizer, v4.65
13 rows, 7 columns, 26 non-zeros
Preprocessing...
5 rows, 4 columns, 12 non-zeros
Scaling...
  A: min|aij| = 1.000e+00  max|aij| = 1.500e+01  ratio = 1.500e+01
  GM: min|aij| = 8.589e-01  max|aij| = 1.164e+00  ratio = 1.355e+00
  EQ: min|aij| = 7.567e-01  max|aij| = 1.000e+00  ratio = 1.321e+00
Constructing initial basis...
Size of triangular part is 5
   0: obj = -0.000000000e+00  inf = 1.135e+00 (1)
   3: obj = -0.000000000e+00  inf = 0.000e+00 (0)
OPTIMAL LP SOLUTION FOUND
Time used: 0.1 secs
Memory used: 0.1 Mb (126575 bytes)

a payoff      0 b payoff      0 objective is      0
z distribution is:
(1 1      0.36)
(1 2      0.24)
(2 1      0.24)
(2 2      0.16)
Model has been successfully processed

```

Q3

Obtained by

# run `glpsol --model CorrEq.mod --data Q3_2nd.dat`

# run `glpsol --model coarseCorrEq.mod --data Q3_2nd.dat`

in cmd

Coarse and Coarse correlated equilibria

```

a payoff      2 b payoff      0.47619 objective is      2.47619
z distribution is:
(1 1      0.015873)
(1 2      0.031746)
(2 1      0.31746)
(2 2      0.634921)
Model has been successfully processed

```



```

a payoff          2 b payoff    0.47619 objective is    2.47619
z distribution is:
(1 1    0.015873)
(1 2    0.031746)
(2 1    0.31746)
(2 2    0.634921)
Model has been successfully processed

```

Q4

a) # run this as `glpsol --model 2per0sum.mod --Q4_a.dat`

```

v is -0.6
x distribution is: (1 0) (2 0) (3 0) (4 0) (5 0) (6 0.2) (7 0) (8 0.2) (9 0) (10 0.2) (11 0) (12 0.2)
y distribution is: (1 0.2) (2 0) (3 0) (4 0) (5 0) (6 0.2) (7 0.2) (8 0) (9 0.2) (10 0) (11 0) (12 0.2)
Model has been successfully processed

```

One equilibrium found (gambit)

The screenshot shows the Gambit software interface. On the left, a game tree is displayed with two players: 'Cop' (red) and 'Robber' (blue). The Cop's payoff is -2/3 and the Robber's payoff is 2/3. The main window shows a payoff matrix for a game with three players (A, B, C) and three strategies (I, J, K). The matrix is as follows:

	A/I	A/J	A/K	B/I	B/J	B/K
A	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1
B	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1
C	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1

A 'Computing Nash equilibria' window is open, displaying the message 'The computation has completed. Number of equilibria found so far: 1'. Below this, a table shows the equilibrium strategy profile for each player:

#	1: I	1: J	1: K	2: A/I	2: A/J	2: B/I	2: B/J	2: C/I	2: C/J	2: C/K
1	0	0	0	1/6	0	0	1/6	1/6	1/6	1/6

#### 4)b finding all equilibrium

	A/I	A/L	B/G	B/K	C/J	D/H	D/K	E/H	E/J	E/L
A	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1
B	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1
C	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1
D	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1
E	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1
F	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1
G	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1
H	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1
I	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1
J	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1
K	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1
L	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1

Profiles 5 All equilibria by enumeration of mixed strategies in strategic game

#	1: A	1: B	1: C	1: D	1: E	1: F	1: G	1: H	1: I	1: J	1: K	1: L	2: A/I	2: A/L	2: B/G	2: B/K	2: C/J	2: D/H	2: D/K	2: E/H	2: E/J	2: E/L	2: F/G
1	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
2	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
3	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
4	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
5	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	0	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
6	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
7	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
8	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
10	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$

Computing Nash equilibria

The computation has completed. Number of equilibria found so far: 10

#	1: A	1: B	1: C	1: D	1: E	1: F	1: G	1: H	1: I
1	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	0
2	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	0
3	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	0
4	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	0	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	0
5	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	0
6	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	0	0
7	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	0
8	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	$\frac{1}{8}$	0	0
9	0	0	0	0	0	0	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$	$\frac{1}{8}$

OK

#### 4)c minimum line-cover (player 1) and a maximum matching (player 2)

	A/I	B/K	C/J	D/H	E/L	F/G
A	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1
D	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1
E	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1
G	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1
H	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1
J	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1
K	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1



