

Spring Boot 3.5.7

React 18

MongoDB 8.0

Security

# Kitchensink User Management

Enterprise-Grade Spring Boot Architecture

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PRESENTED BY  
Your Name

DURATION  
45 Minutes

FOCUS  
Architecture & Scale



# Project Overview

## 🎯 Key Objectives

Migration of legacy Jakarta EE to modern Spring Boot architecture.

- Modernize legacy codebase
- Implement enterprise security (JWT/Encryption)
- Ensure production-ready code quality
- Build scalable, maintainable architecture

## 📁 Application Scope

Comprehensive user lifecycle management system.

- User Registration & Management
- OTP-based Authentication (Passwordless)
- Role-Based Access Control (RBAC)
- Profile Workflow & Audit Logging



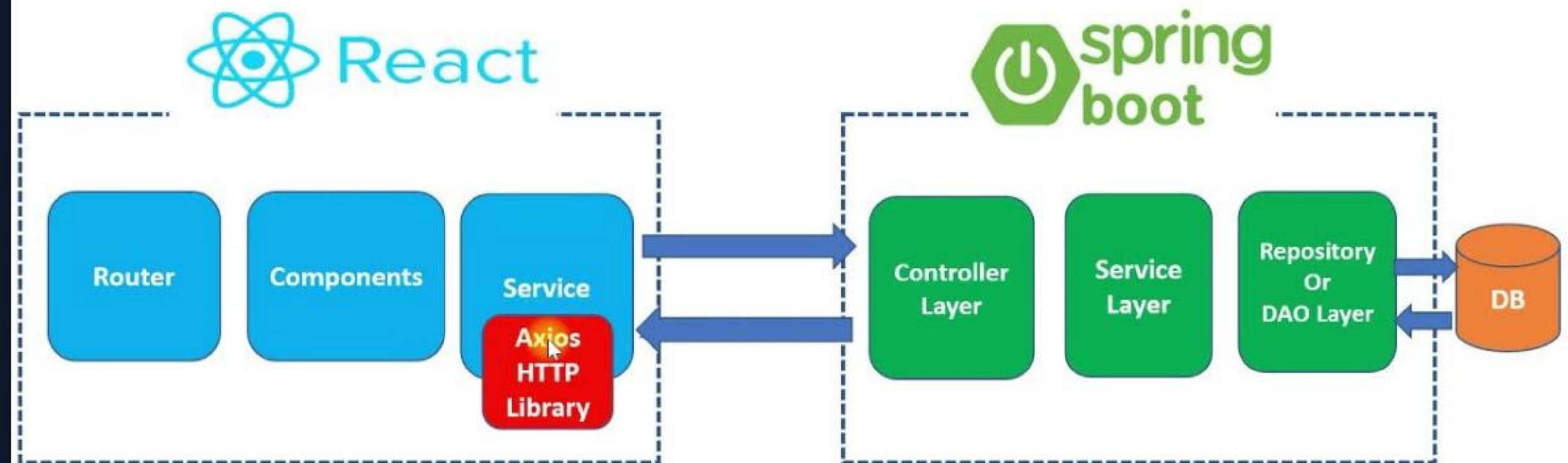
# System Architecture

## Layered Pattern

- 🖥️ **Frontend:** React 18 (Port 3000)
- 🛡️ **Security:** Filter Chain (CORS, JWT, RateLimit)
- 🔧 **Controller:** API Routing (Auth, Profile, Admin)
- ⚙️ **Service:** 11 Core Services (Business Logic)
- 💾 **Data:** 6 Repositories, MongoDB Collections

*Design Principles: Separation of Concerns, Dependency Injection, Event-Driven Architecture.*

## Spring Boot + React Full Stack Application Architecture



By Ramesh Fadatore ( Java Guides)



# Technology Stack

Component	Technology	Why Chosen?
Framework	Spring Boot 3.5.7 / Java 21	Latest LTS support, robust ecosystem
Database	MongoDB 8.0+	Flexible schema for user profiles
Security	Spring Security + JWT	Stateless auth for horizontal scaling
Caching	Caffeine (In-Memory)	Sub-millisecond access times
Frontend	React 18 + Axios	Modern UI, component-based architecture
Quality	JUnit 5 + Mockito + JaCoCo	Ensures 100% test coverage



# Security Architecture



## Request Filter Chain

Sequential processing: CORS → CorrelationId → RateLimit → RequestLog → ApiKey → JWT.



## Data Protection (PII)

AES encryption at rest for email/phone. Hash-based indexing allows searching without decryption.



## Authentication

OTP-based (SHA-256 hashed, 5-min TTL) and JWT (Stateless, Role Claims) for API access.



## Rate Limiting

API Level: 60 req/min. OTP Level: 1000 attempts/15 min. Returns HTTP 429 on breach.



# Database Design

## MongoDB Collections

**users:** Stores PII (Encrypted + Hashed), Status, Dates.

**roles / user\_roles:** RBAC mapping.

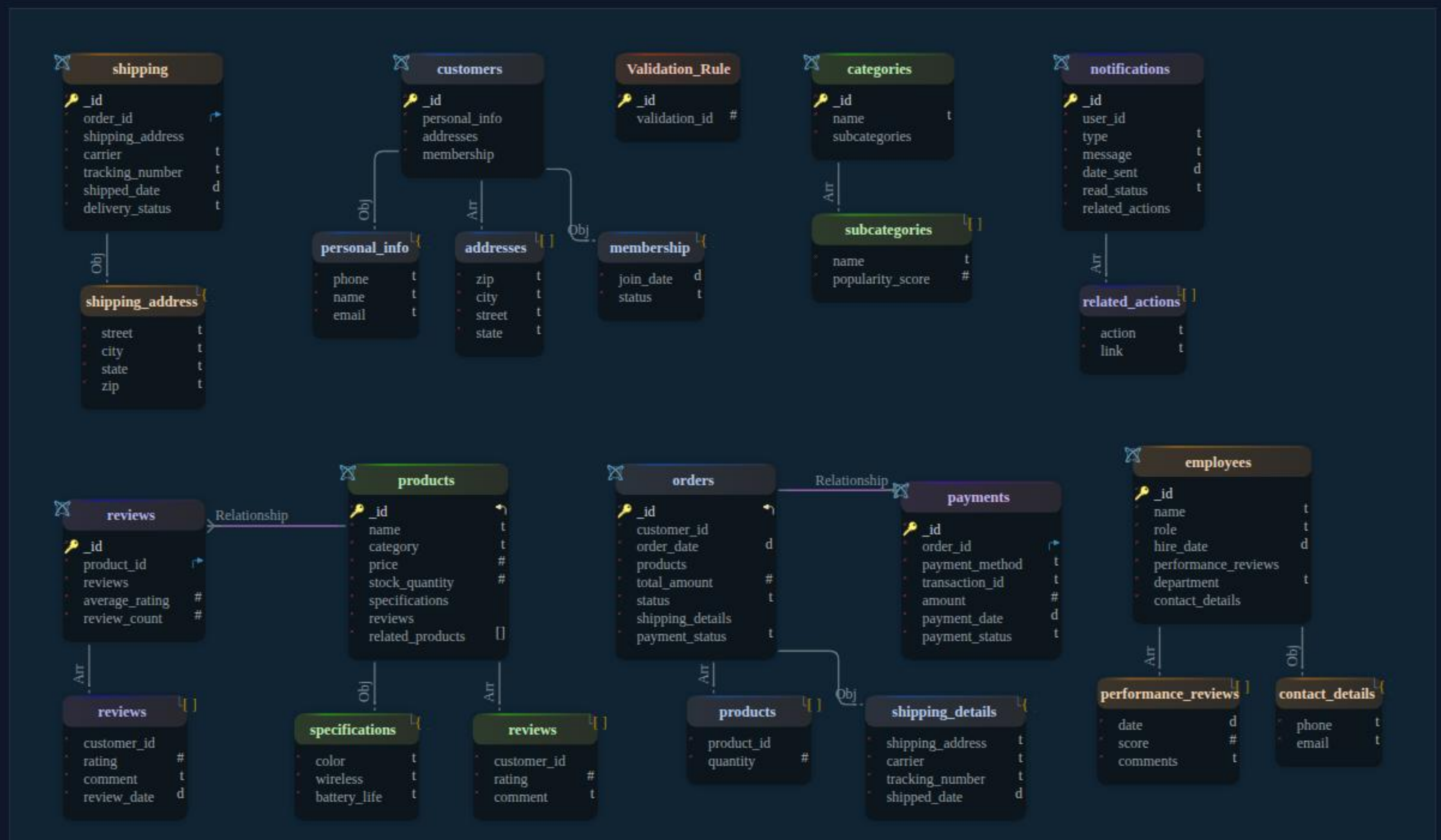
**otps:** Hashed OTPs with TTL indexes.

**update\_requests:** Tracks profile changes for Admin approval.

**audit\_logs:** Entity changes, correlation IDs, timestamps.

### Indexing Strategy:

Unique (emailHash), Compound (userId+roleId), TTL (OTP expiration).





# RESTful API Design

## Core Endpoints

Base URL: /kitchensink/v1/

- POST /auth/login/request-otp
- PUT /profile/{userId} (Triggers approval)
- GET /admin/users?useCursor=true
- POST /admin/update-requests/{id}/approve

## Design Patterns

- **Pagination:** Supports Offset and Cursor-based (for deep scrolling).
- **Error Handling:** Global Exception Handler, Structured JSON responses.
- **Standard Response:**

```
{
  "success": true,
  "data": {...},
  "correlationId": "UUID"
}
```



# Key Features



## OTP Auth

Passwordless login via email.  
Hashed storage and strict rate limiting.



## Approvals

Strict workflow: Admin approval required for sensitive profile updates.



## Audit Log

Async tracking of all field-level changes via MongoDB event listeners.



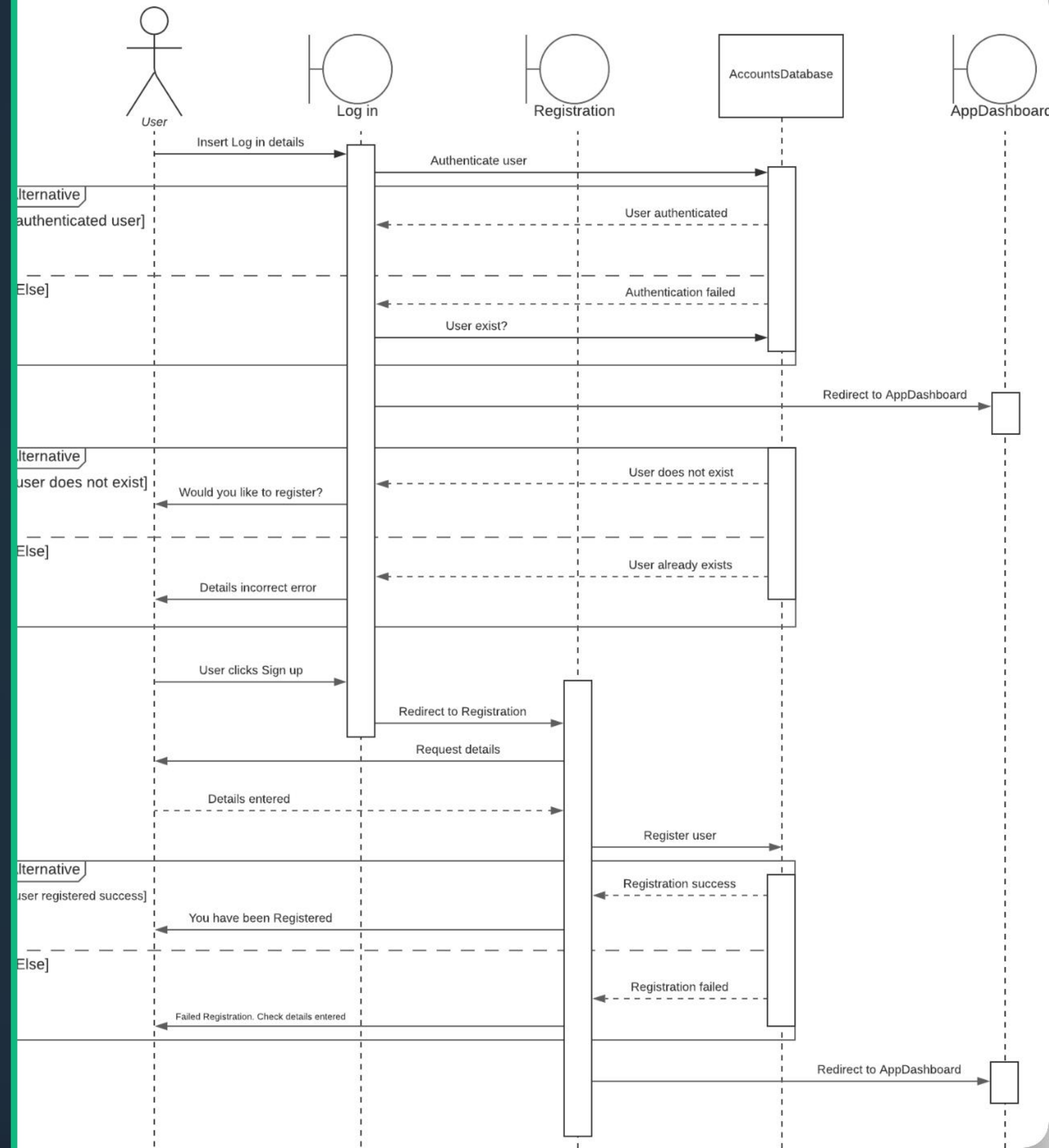
## Cursor Paging

Optimized for large datasets.  
 $O(1)$  complexity for deep pagination.



# Login Request Flow

1. **Filter Chain:** RateLimit → Auth Checks (Skipped for public endpoint).
2. **Controller:** AuthController receives request.
3. **Service:** OtpService generates 6-digit code.
4. **Encryption:** SHA-256 Hashing of OTP.
5. **Persistence:** Store hashed OTP in MongoDB.
6. **Async Action:** EmailService sends email (Non-blocking).
7. **Response:** Return 200 OK immediately.





# Caching Strategy

## Configuration

Engine: **Caffeine Cache** (High-performance, In-memory).

- **User Cache:** Key=UserId, TTL=5 min.
- **Role Cache:** Key=RoleId, TTL=10 min.
- Max Size: 1000 entries (LRU Eviction).

## Operations

- **Write-Through:** Updates DB and Cache simultaneously.
- **Hit Rate Goal:** >80% to reduce DB load.
- **Invalidation:** Auto-expiration (TTL) + Manual eviction on profile updates.
- **Speed:** Sub-millisecond access for Auth checks.



# Testing & Quality Assurance

100%

**Code Coverage**

Line, Branch, & Method (JaCoCo)

150+

**Total Test Cases**

Unit, Integration, & Security Tests



# Scaling to 100M+

## Phase 1: Horizontal (0-1M)

Load Balancer + Stateless App Instances + DB Replica Set. Replace Caffeine with Redis.

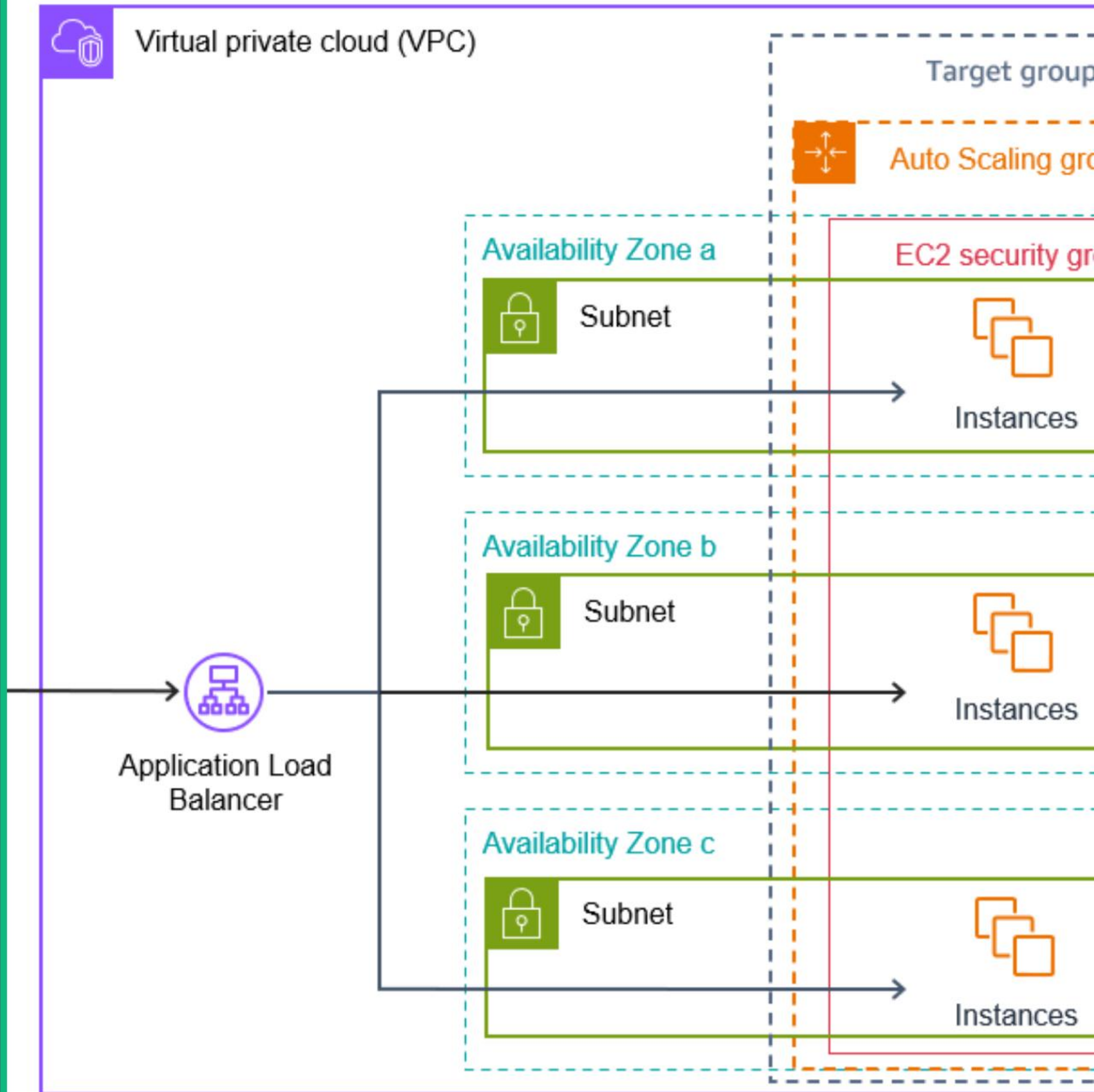
## Phase 2: Sharding (1M-10M)

MongoDB Sharding (Key: userId). Compound & Partial Indexes.

## Phase 3: Microservices (10M+)

Decompose services (Auth, User, Notif). API Gateway + Kafka for Async.

### Amazon Web Services Cloud





# Performance Optimizations



## Cursor-based Pagination

Replaces Offset pagination. Complexity reduces from  $O(n)$  to  $O(1)$  for deep pages.



## Smart Indexing

Compound indexes for frequent queries. Hash-based indexes for encrypted PII lookups.



## Async Processing

Email sending and Audit logging are non-blocking (@Async), reducing API latency.



## Connection Pooling

Optimized pools for MongoDB and HTTP clients to handle concurrent load.



# Key Learnings



## PII Strategy

Hash-based indexing solves the dilemma of securing PII while maintaining search capability.



## Event Audit

Decoupling audit logs via event listeners ensures zero performance overhead on main flow.



## Filter Order

Explicit ordering (RateLimit → Auth) is paramount for robust security.



## Stateless Auth

JWT is the foundation for simple, cost-effective horizontal scaling.

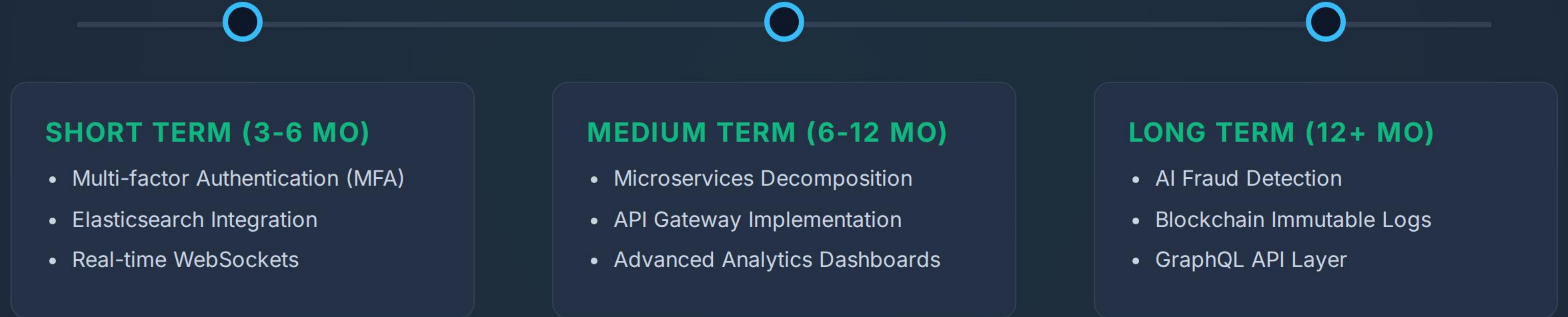


# Challenges & Solutions

Challenge	Solution	Result
Deep Pagination Latency	Implemented <b>Cursor-based Pagination</b>	100x faster for deep pages
Searching Encrypted PII	<b>Hash-based Indexing</b> + Encryption	Secure + Queryable
Audit Blocking API	<b>MongoDB Event Listeners + @Async</b>	Zero performance impact
Cache Consistency	<b>Write-through + TTL Strategy</b>	Balanced speed & freshness



# Future Enhancements





# Q & A

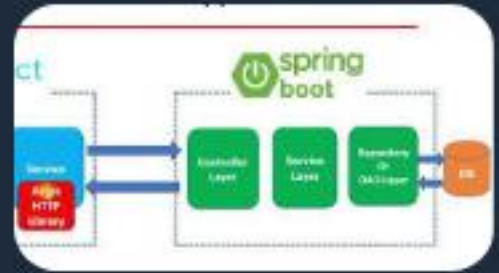
Production-Ready. Scalable. Secure.  
Designed to scale from zero to 100 million users.

**Thank You!**

[github.com/your-repo](https://github.com/your-repo) | [contact@kitchensink.com](mailto:contact@kitchensink.com)



# Image Sources



<https://i.ytimg.com/vi/LCT4LPm5dnl/maxresdefault.jpg?sqp=-oaymwEmCIAKENAF8quKqQMa8AEB-AHUBoAC4AOKAgwIABABGH8gGSgTMA8=&rs=AOOn4CLBUoXhZdvyN8cFxnjZx4b5WcCW-VA>

Source: [www.youtube.com](https://www.youtube.com)

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<https://dbschema.com/blog/mongodb/mongodb-database-diagram/mongodb-diagram.svg>

Source: [dbschema.com](https://dbschema.com)

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<https://i.sstatic.net/RTchP.png>

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<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/images/autoscaling/ec2/userguide/images/elb-tutorial-architecture-diagram.png>

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