

SOLUTIONS

1. (d) Required number of students

$$= \left[\left(\frac{80}{100} \times 120 \right) + \left(\frac{78}{100} \times 135 \right) \right] \times 1000$$

$$\Rightarrow (96 + 105.3) \times 1000$$

$$\Rightarrow 201300$$

2. (d) Failed candidates in city D = $\frac{6}{10} \times 2.35 = 1.41$ lakhs

3. (c) Children in P and Q together:-

$$= \frac{20}{100} \times 10,000 + \frac{30}{100} \times 20,000$$

$$= 2000 + 6000 = 8000$$

4. (d) Total students in 2010 = 200

$$\text{Students with 2nd division} = 60$$

$$\therefore \text{Required}\% = \frac{60}{200} \times 100 = 30\%$$

5. (d) Total Expenditure =

$$5425 + 5250 + 6125 + 7525 + 6475 + 4200$$

$$= 35000$$

$$\text{Expenditure on education} = 5425$$

$$\text{Required angle} = \frac{360^\circ}{35000} \times 5425$$

$$\frac{90 \times 4 \times 25 \times 217}{35000} = \frac{9 \times 217}{35}$$

$$= \frac{9 \times 31 \times 2}{5 \times 2}$$

$$= \frac{558}{10} = 55.8^\circ$$

6. (b) Maths $\rightarrow 100\% \rightarrow 360^\circ$

$$20\% \rightarrow \frac{360}{100} \times 20\%$$

$$\text{Science} \rightarrow 100 \rightarrow 360^\circ$$

$$30\% \rightarrow \frac{360}{100} \times 30\%$$

$$\text{Now, required ratio} = \frac{360}{100} \times 20\% : \frac{360}{100} \times 30\%$$

$$= \frac{20}{30} = 2 : 3$$

7. (b) In 2003 = $\frac{6.5 - 5.2}{5.2} \times 100 = 25\%$

$$\text{In 2004} = \frac{7.8 - 6.5}{6.5} \times 100 = 20\%$$

$$\text{In 2005} = \frac{9.9 - 7.8}{9.8} \times 100 = 27\%$$

$$\text{In 2006} = \frac{10.8 - 9.9}{9.9} \times 100 = 9.09\%$$

$$\text{In 2008} = \frac{11.4 - 9.5}{9.5} \times 100 = 20\%$$

\therefore Max increase in 2005

$$8. \quad (b) \quad \frac{\text{A during March}}{\text{A during April}} = \frac{\frac{3}{5} \times 20}{\frac{8}{15} \times 25}$$

$$= \frac{12 \times 3}{40} = \frac{9}{10} \Rightarrow 9 : 10$$

$$9. \quad (b) \text{ Required}\% = \frac{8200 - 8000}{8000} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{20000}{8000} = \frac{20}{8} = \frac{5}{2} = 2.5\%$$

10. (a) Products sold by A on Thursday = $3000 - (2300)$

$$= 700$$

$$\text{Products sold by B on Tuesday} = 3500 - (3000)$$

$$= 500$$

$$\text{Required sale} = 700 - 500 = 200 \text{ less}$$

11. (d) ATQ,

$$6 + 62 = 68\% \rightarrow 850$$

$$\text{total expenditure} = 100\% \rightarrow \frac{850}{68} \times 100 = 1250$$

12. (b) Required% = $\frac{15}{18} \times 100 = \frac{5}{6} \times 100 \approx 83\%$

13. (b) Required% = $\frac{1342}{1666} \times 100$

$$= \frac{671}{833} \times 100 = 80.55\%$$

14. (b) Required average = $\frac{85 + 80 + 75 + 70}{4} = \frac{310}{4} = 77.5$

$$\text{Now, required percentage} = \frac{77.5}{100} \times 100 = 77.5\%$$

15. (a) Required percentage = $\frac{45 + 65}{360} \times 100$

$$= \frac{1100}{36} = \frac{275}{9} = 30\frac{5}{9}\%$$

16. (a) Clearly from given table, Car S Shows continuous increase
17. (a) Clearly from given table, Car R shows continuous decrease.
18. (c) Total cakes by Q and S in september = $189 + 154 = 343$
Total cakes by P and R in November = $168 + 168 = 336$
 \therefore difference = $343 - 336 = 7$
19. (b) From given table average percentage of passing students is least in college A.
 $= 68 + 72 + 78 + 80 = 298$
20. (c) In 2015, highest earning is of R, ie, 68.
21. (a) Clearly, from given table wheat has continuous increase.
22. (c) 12% of total expenditure spent on education
Now, the required sum = $\frac{12}{100} \times 100000 = 12000$
23. (c) Required percentage = $100 \times \frac{\text{boys in B}}{\text{girl in E}} = \frac{30}{55} \times 100$
 $= 54.54 = 55\%$
24. (d) Required ratio = $\frac{206 + 326}{350 + 420} = \frac{532}{770} = \frac{76}{110} = \frac{38}{55}$
25. (a) UK : Australia = $125^\circ - 75^\circ = 50^\circ$
 $\Rightarrow \frac{50^\circ}{360^\circ} \times 14400 = 2000$
26. (c) According to given graph minimum employees in C organisation.
27. (a) Students in Y and Z = 55%
Student in X and Y = 75%
 \therefore Difference = $75 - 55 = 20\%$
 $\frac{3600}{100} \times 20 = 720$
28. (d) Addicated males in Channai:-
 $= \frac{11}{20} \times 2,00,000 = 110000$
29. (c) Male in P = $4560 - 2210 = 2350$
Male in R = $3052 - 1280 = 1772$
 \therefore Required difference = $2350 - 1772 = 578$
30. (b) $\frac{\text{books in C1}}{\text{avg. books}} = \frac{\frac{10}{100} \times 60}{\frac{60}{4}} = \frac{4}{10} = \frac{2}{5}$
31. (c) From given table:-
Bicycle has maximum students = $280 + 190 = 470$
32. (c) Required% = $\frac{846}{1880} \times 100$
 $= \frac{4230}{94} = \frac{2115}{47} = 45\%$
33. (c) The highest total sale is battery 32 AH
 $114 + 102 + 75 + 150 + 135 + 165 + 160 = 901$

34. (b) Clearly from table maximum number of students are in Class VI = $160 + 166 + 152 + 142 + 144 + 160 = 924$
35. (c) Runs in New Zealand and Pakistan = $14\% + 16\%$
 $= 30\% = \frac{30}{100} \times 4000 = 1200$
Runs against Srilanka and Pakistan = $20\% + 15\% = 35\%$
 $= \frac{35}{100} \times 5000 = 1750$
 \therefore Difference = $1750 - 1200 = 550$
36. (c) Bananas sold = $\frac{30}{100} \times 1200 = 360$
37. (b) Avg. of A and C = $\left(\frac{55+13}{2}\right) \times \frac{2000}{100} \Rightarrow \frac{68000}{100} = 680$
38. (a)
- | | P | Q |
|--------------------|-----|------------|
| 2002 \rightarrow | 120 | 130 (more) |
| 2005 \rightarrow | 205 | 240 (more) |
- From table, it is clear that company Q produce more than company P in 2002 and 2005.
39. (a) Required difference = $S - Q = 205 - 198 = 7$
40. (a) Total = 24h
Sleep = 8 hour
Required percentage = $\frac{8}{24} \times 100 = 33.33\%$
41. (d) Required number of students are:-
 $\frac{(73-27)}{100} \times 350$
 $= \frac{46}{100} \times 350 = 23 \times 7 = 161$
42. (c) Total people = $28 + 32 + 46 = 106$
Required% = $\frac{9+7+13}{106} \times 100$
 $= \frac{29}{106} \times 100 = 27.36\%$
43. (d) Required number of students = $\frac{22+10+8}{100} \times 6700 = 2680$
44. (b) Required females = $\frac{3}{8} \times \frac{80}{100} \times 8000 = 2400$
45. (d) Required ratio = $\frac{5000}{9000} = \frac{5}{9}$
46. (a) Required% = $\frac{50+12}{20+10} = \frac{62}{30} \times 100$
 $= \frac{620}{3} = 206.66\%$

47. (d)
- $$\text{Average production of milk} = \frac{40 + 50 + 30 + 20 + 25 + 30 + 40 + 30 + 20 + 20 + 30 + 25}{4}$$
- $$= \frac{360}{4} = 90$$
48. (b) Required average = $\frac{800 + 600 + 900 + 1100 + 1200}{5}$
- $$= \frac{4600}{5} = 920$$
49. (a) Required% = $\frac{(830 + 501 + 1330) - (650 + 450 + 1008)}{650 + 450 + 1008} \times 100$
- $$= \frac{2661 - 2108}{2108} \times 100$$
- $$= \frac{55300}{2108} = 26.23\%$$
50. (c) Required female:-
- $$= \frac{3}{6} \times \frac{76}{100} \times 26000 = 9880$$
51. (b) Clearly, from graph leagal department has least number of employess in each organisation.
52. (b) Required difference = $(280 + 365) - (350 + 260)$
- $$= 645 - 610 = 35$$
53. (d) Total expenditure = $8000 + 2000 + 6000 + 4000 = 20000$
- Clothing = 2000
- $$\text{Required\%} = \frac{2000}{20,000} \times 100 = 10\%$$
54. (b) Difference = $30\% - 15\% = 15\%$
- $$\text{Required amount} = \frac{15}{100} \times 300000 = \text{Rs.}45000$$
55. (d) Required% = $\frac{30}{33 + 30 + 36 + 21} \times 100$
- $$= \frac{30}{120} \times 100 = 25\%$$
56. (b) Required difference = $115 - 60 = 55$ lakh
57. (b) Required number = $\frac{3}{4} \times 4000 - \frac{1}{3} \times 6000$
- $$= 3000 - 2000 = 1000$$
58. (c) Required amount = $\frac{20 + 13}{100} \times 7500000$
- $$= 33 \times 75000 = 24,75,000$$
59. (d) Required% = $\frac{380 - 150}{380} \times 100$
- $$= \frac{230}{380} \times 100 = \frac{1150}{19} = 60\frac{10}{19}\%$$

60. (b) Clearly, from the graph class IX has manimum no. of students.
61. (b) Required difference:-
- $$\frac{320 + 240}{2} - \frac{320 + 200}{2} = 280 - 260 = 20$$
62. (b) Required angle = $\frac{30}{100} \times 360^\circ = 108^\circ$
63. (a) Total respondents = 200
- Those who own a car = $25 + 15 + 10 + 5 = 55$
- Those who not own a car = $200 - 55 = 145$
- $$\Rightarrow \text{Required\%} = \frac{145}{200} \times 100 = 72.5\%$$
64. (a) Required ratio:-
- $$= \frac{7000 + 6600}{8000 + 7600} = \frac{13600}{15600} = \frac{34}{39}$$
65. (a) Required difference:-
- $$(15 - 10)\% = 5\% \text{ of } 1200 \text{ kg} = \frac{1}{20} \times 1200 = 60 \text{ kg}$$
66. (d) Required marks = $88 + 80 + 90 + 82 + 85 = 425$
67. (c) Required% = $\frac{162 \times 100}{933} = 17.36\%$
68. (d) Required percentage = $\frac{20}{45} \times 100 = 44.44\%$
69. (d) From table it is clear that, lowest sale combination is:- B, 2010
70. (a) From the table it is clear that A has maximum employees.
71. (d) Required% = $\frac{(20 - 10)}{10} = \frac{10}{10} \times 100 = 100\%$
72. (c) Required difference = $(45 - 40) \times 100 = 500$
73. (d) Required difference = $(15 - 5)\% = 10\% \text{ of } 100000$
- $$= 10,000$$
74. (d) Overall avg. increament of Kamal:-
- $$\frac{65 + 55 + 75}{3} = \frac{195}{3} = \text{Rs.}65$$
75. (b) Required ratio = $\frac{212 + 168}{255 + 245} = \frac{380}{500} \Rightarrow 19 : 25$
76. (a) 2017 \rightarrow expenditure $\rightarrow 80$
- 2018 \rightarrow expenditure $\rightarrow 100$
- $$\text{Required\%} = \frac{100 - 80}{80} \times 100 = 25\%$$
77. (d) Required ratio = $\frac{69 + 63}{74 + 90} = \frac{132}{164} = \frac{33}{41}$
78. (a) Clearly, from table required city is:- 'B'
79. (d) Required average:-
- $$\frac{(4 \times 0) + (22 \times 1) + (15 \times 2) + (6 \times 3) + (4 \times 2)}{4 + 22 + 15 + 6 + 2} = \frac{22 + 30 + 18 + 8}{49} = \frac{78}{49}$$
- $$= 1.59$$

80. (b) Required amount = $\frac{79.2^\circ}{360^\circ} \times 56800 = 12496$
81. (d) Required difference = Production of company & in 2018
– Production of company C in 2015
= 55,00,000 – 45,00,000 = 10,00,000 tonnes
82. (d) Average production of company X
= $\frac{30 + 45 + 25 + 50 + 40}{5} = 38$
Average production of company Y
= $\frac{25 + 35 + 35 + 40 + 50}{5} = 37$
Average production of company Z
= $\frac{35 + 40 + 45 + 35 + 35}{5} = 38$
Hence, Required Answer = X and Z
83. (d) From 2016 to 2017,
Required percentage increment
= $\frac{10}{25} \times 100\% = 40\%$
Rise in the productin of cars for
company Y from 2016 to 2017 is 40 percent which is
highest.
84. (b) Total production of model A mobiles in 2020 and
model E mobiles in 2019
= 40% of 6500000 + 15% of 4000000
= 2600000 + 600000 = 3200000
85. (c) No. of trees are axed in 2016
= 18 + 25 + 18 + 20 = 81
No. of trees are axed in 2017
= 25 + 23 + 18.5 + 18 = 84.5
No. of trees are axed in 2018
= 23 + 24 + 18.4 + 17.6 = 83
No. of trees are axed in 2019
= 24.4 + 19.5 + 19 + 16 = 78.9
No. of trees are axed in 2020
= 22.5 + 21 + 20 + 17.5 = 81
Hence, The least number of trees are axed in 2019
86. (b) The student who got the highest marks in subject
P1 = Vishal(82)
The student who got the highest marks in subject
P2 = Viraj(89)
The student who got the highest marks in subject
P3 = Viraj(86)
Hence, Required Answer = (b) Vishal, Viraj, Viraj
87. (c) Average Percentage marks obtained by all the
students in Geography
= $\frac{88 + 92 + 64 + 80 + 88 + 72}{6} = \frac{484}{6} = 80.66\%$
Average Marks = 80.66% of 75 = 60.495 = 60.5

88. (a) Total Marks of student Q in Physics and Hindi
= 90% of 80 + 54% of 100
= 72 + 54 = 126
Total Marks of student T in Geography and History
= 88% of 75 + 42% of 50
= 66 + 21 = 87
Required percentage = $\frac{39}{87} \times 100\%$
= 44.82% = 45% (Approx)
89. (b) Total Maximum Marks
= 80 + 150 + 100 + 75 + 120 + 50 = 575
Marks obtained by student T
= 65% of 80 + 60% of 150 + 45% of 100 + 88% of 75
+ 50% of 120 + 42% of 50
= 52 + 90 + 45 + 66 + 60 + 21 = 334
Required percentage
= $\frac{334}{575} \times 100\% = 58\%$
90. (c) Maximum marks
= 300 + 300 + 200 + 100 + 100 = 1000
Marks scored by X = (70% of 300) + (90% of 300) +
(95% of 200) + (80% of 100) + (75% of 100)
= 210 + 270 + 190 + 80 + 75 = 825
Percentage marks obtained by X
= $\frac{825}{1000} \times 100\% = 82.5\%$
91. (b) Total number of students in Activity II
= 50 + 150 + 150 + 50 + 50 + 50 + 50 = 550
Total number of students in Activity IV
= 250 + 125 + 350 + 275 + 250 + 150 + 150 = 1550
Required percent = $\frac{550}{1550} \times 100\% = 35.48\%$
92. (b) Marks of students after deduction of 5 marks,
50, 85, 70, 75, 85
Mean = $\frac{50 + 85 + 70 + 75 + 85}{5} = 73$
Mode = 85
Median = 75
Net Average
= $\frac{\text{Mean} + \text{Mode} + \text{Median}}{3} = \frac{73 + 85 + 75}{3} = \frac{233}{3} = 77.67$
93. (a) Total contribution in corpus fund,
= 74.30 + 75.00 + 77.50 + 69.05 + 70.00 + 67.52
= 433.37
Contribution of Rakesh in Corpus fund = 75.00
Percentage contribution of Rakesh
= $\frac{75}{433.37} \times 100 = 17.30\%$

94. (d) Total population of village = 60000
In percentage, population of village D = 17%
In percentage, population of village E = 18%
Difference between population of village D and E
 $= 1\% \text{ of Total population} = 60000 \times \frac{1}{100} = 600$
95. (c) Total population = 50000
Population of Village D
 $= 50000 \times \frac{17}{100} = 8500$
96. (d) Combined highest score in Accounts and Business studies
 $= 96 + 96 = 192$
Combined highest score in Economics and English
 $= 100 + 100 = 200$
Hence, Answer (d) Economics and English by 8
97. (c) Average Export of rice
 $= \frac{10.4 + 13 + 15.6 + 21.6 + 18.8}{5} = \frac{79.4}{5} = 15.88$
98. (c) Average Export of Rice
 $= \frac{10.4 + 13 + 15.6 + 21.6 + 18.8}{5} = \frac{79.4}{5} = 15.88$
In 2010, 2011 and 2012 there was less export than the average export.
99. (b) Total Production of wheat
 $= 113 + 96 + 42 + 47 + 32 + 25 + 18 + 38 = 411$
% Production of P's Alone
 $= \frac{113}{411} \times 100 = 27.49\% = 27.50\% \text{ (Approx)}$
100. (b) Total production of rice in the country—
 $= 55 + 58 + 69 + 51 + 47 + 78 + 67 + 48 = 473$
Total production of wheat in the country—
 $= 113 + 96 + 42 + 47 + 32 + 25 + 18 + 38 = 411$
Hence Required ratio = 473 : 411
101. (a) Given,
Total population of State B = 3000
Population below poverty line
 $= 60\% \text{ of } 3000$
 $= 1800$
Number of girls below poverty line
 $= 1800 \times \frac{4}{6} = 1200$
102. (b) Population of village A in 2018 = 12381
Population of village A in 2021 = 13256
Increment = 13256 - 12381 = 875
Percentage Increment
 $= \frac{\text{Increment}}{\text{Population in 2018}} \times 100\%$
 $= \frac{875}{12381} \times 100\% = 7.07\%$

103. (c) Average Population of village D
 $= \frac{5152 + 5230 + 5346 + 5500}{4} = \frac{21228}{4} = 5307$
104. (b) Combined production of A and D for the year 2014 to 2016.
 $= 1350 + 570 + 420 + 810 + 990 + 580$
 $= 4720$
Combined production of B and C for the year 2014 to 2016,
 $= 750 + 520 + 1170 + 630 + 1280 + 650$
 $= 5000$
Required Difference
 $= 5000 - 4720 = 280$
105. (c) Appeared in 1991 = 8562
Appeared in 1992 = 8139
Reduction = 8562 - 8139 = 423
Required Drop % = $\frac{423}{8562} \times 100\%$
 $= 4.940\%$
 $= 5\% \text{ (Approx)}$
106. (d) The number of person who speaks English and Bhojpuri
 $= (15 + 10)\% \text{ of } 120$
 $= 25\% \text{ of } 120 = 30$
and, The number of person wh speaks Tamil = 5% of 120 = 6
Required Ratio = 30 : 6
 $= 5 : 1$
107. (a) In 1995
No. of worker in category B is 15% = 1500
Therefore, No. of worker in Category D is 25% = 2500
In 1996
No. of worker is increased by 10% in category B
 $= 110\% \text{ of } 1500 = 1650$
No. of worker is decreased by 5% in category D
 $= 95\% \text{ of } 2500 = 2375$
Hence, Required Sum
 $= 1650 + 2375$
 $= 4025$
108. (c) The number of empolyee of company B in 2019 = 18 lakh
The number of empolyee of company C in 2021 = 17 lakh
Required percentage
 $= \frac{18}{17} \times 100\% = 105.88\%$
109. (b) The length of mountains in Punjab = 40
The length of rivers in odisha = 10
Difference between the mountains and rivers lengths
 $= 40 - 10 = 30$
Required percentage = $\frac{30}{10} \times 100\% = 300\%$

110. (c) The average of appeared students

$$= \frac{2500 + 3000 + 4500 + 1200}{4}$$

$$= \frac{11200}{4} = 2800$$

The average of passed students

$$= \frac{1350 + 2500 + 3900 + 850}{4}$$

$$= \frac{8600}{4} = 2150$$

Hence, difference between average

$$= 2800 - 2150 = 650$$

111. (d) Total marks = 300 + 300 + 150 + 300 + 200 = 1250

Marks obtained by Mohan:

In Chemistry - 70% of 300 = 210

In Mathematics - 75% of 300 = 225

In Physics - 80% of 150 = 120

In Hindi - 65% of 300 = 195

In English - 85% of 200 = 170

Total obtained marks = 210 + 225 + 120 + 195 + 170 = 920

Average marks percentage

$$= \frac{\text{Obtained marks}}{\text{Total marks}} \times 100\%$$

$$= \frac{920}{1250} \times 100\% = 73.6\%$$

112. (c) Average consumption of wheat

$$= \frac{162 + 196 + 187 + 189}{4} = 183.5$$

Average consumption of oats

$$= \frac{131 + 116 + 103 + 101}{4} = 112.75$$

Difference = 183.5 - 112.75 = 70.75

113. (b) No. of students who opted Biology in School D = 20% of 800 = 160

114. (c) Number of students in school B who opted biology

$$400 \times \frac{36}{100} = 144$$

Number of students in school D who opted biology

$$800 \times \frac{18}{100} = 144$$

Required Ratio = 1 : 1

115. (b) By option-

No. of vehicles sold in the following combinations:

in A, 2011 = 700000

in B, 2014 = 710000

in C, 2014 = 690000

in D, 2012 = 700000

Maximum in combination - B, 2014

Hence, Required answer is (b)

116. (a) Money spent on Food and Rent

= (25 + 12)% of Total Expenditure

= 37% of 65000

= 24050

117. (b) Central angle for Anil's expenses on Power and fuel-

$$= \frac{15}{100} \times 360^\circ$$

= 54°

118. (c) Check By option:

Number of Books issued in January = 4500

Number of Books issued in April = 4800

Number of Books issued in May = 6800

Number of Books issued in February = 6000

Maximum number of books were issued in May

$$119. (a) J = \frac{1500 + 1460 + 1105}{3} = \frac{4065}{3} = 1355$$

$$K = \frac{1320 + 1180 + 1170}{3} = \frac{3670}{3}$$

Average of J and K

$$= \frac{1355 + 1223.33}{2} = \frac{2578.33}{2} = 1289.165 = 1289.17$$

120. (c) Total number of male in all village

= 1500 + 1460 + 1105 + 1305

= 5370

Total number of female in all village

= 1220 + 1320 + 1180 + 1170

= 4890

Required ratio = 5370 : 4890

= 179 : 163

121. (b) Total sale of Type D geyser

= 98 + 112 + 109 + 102 + 124 + 134 = 679

Total sale of Type A geyser

= 75 + 100 + 105 + 100 + 95 + 85 = 560

Total sale of Type C geyser

= 103 + 103 + 112 + 123 + 102 + 134 = 677

Total sale of Type B geyser

= 122 + 102 + 108 + 189 + 123 + 145 = 789

Hence Required Answer is (b).

$$122. (c) \text{Average \% of History} = \frac{90}{200} \times 100 = 45\%$$

$$\text{Average \% of Geography} = \frac{35}{100} \times 100 = 35\%$$

$$\text{Average \% of Mathematics} = \frac{88}{200} \times 100 = 44\%$$

$$\text{Average \% of Science} = \frac{120}{200} \times 100 = 60\%$$

$$\text{Average \% of English} = \frac{90}{150} \times 100 = 60\%$$

Hence, Required answer is (c) Science and English.

123. (b) Given,
People below the age of 36 years = 30 million
 $\Rightarrow (15.00 + 20.25 + 16.75)\%$
= 30 million
 $\Rightarrow 52\% = 30$ million

$$\Rightarrow 1\% = \frac{30}{52} \text{ million}$$

The number of people to the age group 56 – 65 is:

$$\Rightarrow 5.50\% = \frac{30}{52} \times 5.5 = 3.17 \text{ million}$$

124. (b) Number of students scoring less than 50% marks
= 270 + 120 + 300 + 220 + 200 = 1110

Number of students scoring more than 50% marks
= 55% of 600 + 40% of 400 + 20% of 375 + 10% of 350 + 25% of 300

$$= 330 + 160 + 75 + 35 + 75 = 675$$

Total number of students

$$= 600 + 400 + 375 + 350 + 300 = 2025$$

Exactly 50% scoring students

$$= 2025 - (1110 + 675) = 240$$

$$\text{Required Ratio} = 1110 : 240 = 111 : 24$$

125. (c) Increment% production in sprite

$$= \frac{5800 - 5400}{5400} \times 100\% = 7.40\%$$

Increment% production in Cocacloa

$$= \frac{5600 - 5300}{5300} \times 100\% = 5.66\%$$

Increment% production in Pepsi

$$= \frac{6800 - 6000}{6000} \times 100\% = 13.33\%$$

Increment% production in Fanta

$$= \frac{2700 - 1800}{1800} \times 100\% = 50\%$$

Thus maximum % increment in 'Fanta'.

126. (d) Average sales of companies B and D in 2012

$$= \frac{18 + 21}{2} = \frac{39}{2} = 19.5$$

Average sales of companies A and E in 2011

$$= \frac{11 + 18}{2} = \frac{29}{2} = 14.5$$

$$\text{Required percentage} = \frac{14.5}{19.5} \times 100\% = 74.36\%$$

127. (c) Maximum number of centuries scored in 2019 = 5

128. (c) We can see in the figure

Cricketer B has scored maximum number of centuries = 5

129. (d) Number of centuries scored by A = 3

Number of centuries scored by E = 3

Hence, Answer (d).

130. (b) Overall Average % of Chemistry

$$= \frac{90 + 75 + 65 + 85 + 95 + 90}{6} = \frac{500}{6} = 83.33\%$$

Overall Average % of Geography

$$= \frac{80 + 85 + 95 + 95 + 95 + 90}{6} = \frac{540}{6} = 90\% = 90\%$$

Overall Average % of History

$$= \frac{70 + 85 + 90 + 90 + 90 + 90}{6} = \frac{515}{6} = 85.83\%$$

Overall Average % of CS

$$= \frac{95 + 90 + 80 + 85 + 80 + 90}{6} = \frac{520}{6} = 86.67\%$$

Hence, Answer (b) Geography.

131. (c) Revenue in year 2016

$$= 50 \text{ lakhs} + 30\% \text{ of } 50 \text{ lakhs} = 50 \text{ lakhs} + 15 \text{ lakhs} = 65 \text{ lakhs}$$

132. (c) Average Export from the year 2000 to 2004–

$$= \frac{60 + 110 + 120 + 120 + 150}{5} = \frac{560}{5} = 112$$

133. (a) Average wages for task T1

$$= \frac{4 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5 + 3}{6} = \frac{21}{6}$$

Average wages for task T3

$$= \frac{3 + 4 + 5 + 4 + 3 + 4}{6} = \frac{23}{6}$$

$$\text{Difference} = \frac{23}{6} - \frac{21}{6} = \frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$$

134. (a) In the given table, you can see that the production of barley is continuously increasing.

135. (a) Production of Activated Carbon Masks in month of April and June = 250

Hence Answer (a) April and June

136. (b) The average number of patients visiting the dental clinic for Cleaning and polishing of teeth, Fixing crowns and bridging and Teeth whitening.

$$= \frac{(410 + 880 + 360) + (160 + 970 + 270) + (520 + 680 + 530) + (440 + 590 + 280)}{12}$$

$$= \frac{1650 + 1400 + 1730 + 1310}{12} = \frac{6090}{12} = 507.5$$

The average number of patients visiting the dental clinic or Orthodontic treatment

$$= \frac{680 + 790 + 460 + 1020}{4} = \frac{2950}{4} = 737.5$$

$$\text{Now, Difference} = 737.5 - 507.5 = 230$$

$$\text{The percentage of patients} = \frac{230}{737.5} \times 100\% = 31.2\%$$

Answer (b) Less by 31.2%

137. (c) $75\% = \frac{3}{4} \rightarrow$ Female
 $\frac{1}{4} \rightarrow$ Total

Male : Female = 1 : 3

138. (a) Number of Male Teachers in Hindi
 = 20% of 50 = 10

Number of Male Teachers in English

= 10% of 40 = 4

Number of Male Teachers in Mathematics

= 65% of 60 = 39

Number of Male Teachers in Science

= 50% of 30 = 15

Number of Male Teachers in Social Science

= 25% of 40 = 10

Hence, the maximum number of male teachers are in Mathematics.

139. (b) Total Marks of student A

= 60 + 70 + 80 = 210

Total Marks of student B

= 50 + 45 + 55 = 150

Total Marks of student C

= 70 + 60 + 55 = 185

Total Marks of student D

= 75 + 80 + 75 = 230

Hence, D has secured first rank.

140. (a)

Scores	Frequency (f)	x	fx
0-10	2	5	10
10-20	4	15	60
20-30	12	25	300
30-40	21	35	735
40-50	6	45	270
50-60	3	55	165
60-70	2	65	130
Total	50		1670

Mean = $\frac{\sum fx}{\sum f} = \frac{1670}{50} = 33.4$

141. (d) Required percentage = $\frac{31}{20} \times 100\% = 155\%$

142. (d) Required percentage = $\frac{22}{21} \times 100\% = 104.76\%$

143. (a) Average of students playing rugby, hockey, badminton and squash -

= $\frac{30+60+20+10}{4} = \frac{120}{4} = 30$

Average of students playing tennis and football-

= $\frac{20+80}{2} = \frac{100}{2} = 50$

Required percentage = $\frac{30}{50} \times 100\% = 60\%$

144. (b) Number of students opting Economics = 75

Number of students opting Physical Education = 125

Hence, Required Ratio = 75 : 125 = 3 : 5

145. (b) Total number of students of all subjects in 2020 and only Geography in 2021

= 75 + 100 + 60 + 125 + 75 + 75 = 510

146. (b) Total distance covered by the first employee during the first three days

= 200 + 300 + 200 = 700

Total distance covered by the second employee during the last three days-

= 250 + 350 + 100 = 700

Hence, Required Ratio = 1:1

147. (a) The number of students participated in science olympiad-

= 100 + 100 + 150 + 200 + 80 = 630

The number of students participated in GK olympiad-

= 182 + 200 + 120 + 130 + 183 = 815

Increment = 815 - 630 = 185

Required Increment Percentage

= $\frac{185}{630} \times 100\% = 29.365\%$ i.e. 29.37%

148. (a) In Entertainment Sector-

Successful Startup : Total Startup

= 175 : 560 = 5 : 16

149. (d) The ratio of the number of successful start-ups to that of unsuccessful start-ups in Fintech sector

= 104 : (256 - 104)

= 104 : 152 = 13 : 19

150. (c) Income from Market Tax, 26%

= 260 Crore

Income from other Taxes

= (40 + 12 + 16 + 6)%

= 74%

Hence, Required Income - 74%

= 740 Crore

151. (d) Money spent on Basketball

= $12000000 \times \frac{25}{100} = 3000000$

152. (b) Given,

Total Marks = 1800

Difference b/w the marks of Maths and Science

= $1800 \times \frac{84-82}{360} = 1800 \times \frac{2}{360} = 10$

153. (c) In 1996, the percentage increase in FDI over the previous year was the highest.

154. (b) Population in 2006 = 9.5

Population in 2007 = 11.4

Percentage increase

= $\frac{1.9}{9.5} \times 100\% = 20\%$

155. (d) Total Production in 1994 = 237

Total Production in 1998 = 334

Increase Percentage

$$= \frac{97}{237} \times 100\% = 40.92\% = 41\%$$

156. (c) Required Ratio = $31\% : \frac{69}{4}\%$

$$= 124 : 69$$

157. (c) Average number of units sold by the company per year

$$= \frac{1.7 + 1.5 + 1.0 + 1.4 + 2.1}{5} = \frac{7.7}{5} = 1.54$$

Since, The given data is in hundreds.

Required Answer = $1.54 \times 100 = 154$

158. (a) The quantity of E used in month of March = 308

Total quantity used in month of May

$$= 270 + 390 + 280 + 250 + 350 = 1540$$

Required percentage

$$= \frac{308}{1540} \times 100\% = 20\%$$

159. (b) In 2007, the percentage of type E cars sold out of the total numbers of cars sold was minimum.

160. (b) The average number of delivery partners who joined Twiggy in the last 6 years

$$= \frac{1.2 + 1.5 + 2.4 + 2.8 + 3.2 + 3.6}{6} = 2.45$$

Since, the given data is in Thousands.

So,

$$\text{Required Average} = 2.45 \times 1000 = 2450$$

161. (a) Total number of passed students = 112

