

DAY 7 – Do While Loop

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★ 1. What is a Do-While Loop?

A do-while loop is similar to a while loop,  
BUT the loop body executes at least once, even if the condition is false.

Syntax

```
do {
    statements;
} while (condition);
```

Key Points

Condition is checked after executing the loop body.

Loop runs minimum once, even with false condition.

★ ★ CLASS PROGRAM – 1

Program: Print numbers from 1 to 10 using do-while loop

Pseudo Code

Start  
i = 1

Do:

Print i

i = i + 1

While i <= 10

End

Flow

1. Start with i = 1
2. Print i
3. Increase i
4. Check condition → repeat

Variables Used

i → loop counter

Program

```
class DoWhile1 {  
    public static void main(String args[]) {  
  
        int i = 1;  
  
        do {  
            System.out.println(i);  
            i++;  
        } while (i <= 10);  
    }  
}
```

Output

1  
2

3  
...  
10

=====

## ★ ★ CLASS PROGRAM – 2

Program: Print even numbers from 1 to 20

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### Pseudo Code

```
Start
i = 1
Do:
    If i % 2 == 0:
        Print i
    i = i + 1
While i <= 20
End
```

### Flow

Begin at 1

Print only even numbers

Continue until 20

### Variables

i → loop counter

### Program

```
class DoWhileEven {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
```

```

int i = 1;

do {
    if (i % 2 == 0)
        System.out.println(i);

    i++;
} while (i <= 20);
}

```

Output

```

2
4
6
...
20

```

---

```

=====
=====

```

★ ★ CLASS PROGRAM – 3

Program: Print sum of numbers from 1 to 10

```

=====
=====

```

Pseudo Code

```

Start
i = 1
sum = 0
Do:
    sum = sum + i
    i = i + 1
While i <= 10
Print sum
End

```

Flow

Add numbers 1 to 10

Print final sum

Variables

i → loop counter

sum → accumulates total

Program

```
class DoWhileSum {
    public static void main(String args[]) {

        int i = 1, sum = 0;

        do {
            sum += i;
            i++;
        } while (i <= 10);

        System.out.println("Sum = " + sum);
    }
}
```

Output

Sum = 55

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★ ★ CLASS PROGRAM – 4

Program: Print digits of a number (e.g., 789 → 9 8 7)

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### Pseudo Code

Start

n = number

Do:

    digit = n % 10

    Print digit

    n = n / 10

While n > 0

End

Flow

Extract last digit

Print it

Remove last digit

Continue until number becomes 0

### Variables

n → input

digit → extracted value

### Program

```
class DoWhileDigits {  
    public static void main(String args[]) {  
  
        int n = 789;  
  
        do {  
            int digit = n % 10;  
            System.out.println(digit);  
            n = n / 10;  
        } while (n > 0);  
    }  
}
```

```
}
}
```

Output

```
9
8
7
```

---

```
=====
=====
```

### ★ ★ ★ ASSIGNMENT PROGRAMS (4)

```
=====
=====
```

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#### ★ Assignment – 1

Program: Print numbers from 20 to 1 using do-while

```
class ReverseDoWhile {
    public static void main(String args[]) {

        int i = 20;

        do {
            System.out.println(i);
            i--;
        } while (i >= 1);
    }
}
```

Output

```
20
19
...
```

1

---

## ★ Assignment – 2

Program: Count digits of a number (example: 12345)

```
class CountDigitsDoWhile {
    public static void main(String args[]) {

        int n = 12345;
        int count = 0;

        do {
            count++;
            n = n / 10;
        } while (n > 0);

        System.out.println("Digit Count = " + count);
    }
}
```

Output

Digit Count = 5

---

## ★ Assignment – 3

Program: Reverse a number (example 654 → 456)

```
class ReverseDoWhile {
    public static void main(String args[]) {

        int n = 654;
        int rev = 0;

        do {
            int digit = n % 10;
            rev = rev * 10 + digit;
```



```
        n = n / 10;
    } while (n > 0);

    System.out.println("Reversed Number = " + rev);
}
}
```

Output

Reversed Number = 456

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#### ★ Assignment – 4

Program: Print multiplication table of 6 using do-while loop

```
class TableDoWhile {
    public static void main(String args[]) {

        int i = 1;

        do {
            System.out.println("6 x " + i + " = " + (6 * i));
            i++;
        } while (i <= 10);
    }
}
```

Output

```
6 x 1 = 6
6 x 2 = 12
...
6 x 10 = 60
```

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