

## ASSIGNMENT – 1 INTERNSHIP

### MCQ

1 What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
def func(a, b): return b if a == 0 else func(b % a, a)
print(func(30, 75))
```

- a) 10
- b) 20
- c) 15**
- d) 0

2 . numbers = (4, 7, 19, 2, 89, 45, 72, 22) sorted\_numbers = sorted(numbers) even = lambda a: a % 2 == 0 even\_numbers = filter(even, sorted\_numbers) print(type(even\_numbers))

- a) Int
- b) Filter**
- c) List
- d) Tuple

3) As what datatype are the \*args stored, when passed into

- a) Tuple**
- b) List
- c) Dictionary
- d) none

4) set1 = {14, 3, 55} set2 = {82, 49, 62} set3={99,22,17}  
print(len(set1 + set2 + set3))

- a) 105
- b) 270
- c) 0
- d) Error**

5) What keyword is used in Python to raise exceptions?

- a) raise**
- b) try
- c) goto
- d) except

6) Which of the following modules need to be imported to handle date time computations in Python?

- a) timedate
- b) date
- c) datetime**
- d) time

7) What will be the output of the following code snippet?

```
print(4**3 + (7 + 5)**(1 + 1))
```

- a) 248
- b) 169
- c) 208
- d) 233

8) Which of the following functions converts date to corresponding time in Python?

- a) **strptime**
- b) strftime

c) both a) and b)

d) None

9) The python tuple is \_\_\_\_\_ in nature.

- a) mutable
- b) **immutable**
- c) unchangeable

d) none

10)

The \_\_\_\_ is a built-in function that returns a range object that consists series of integer numbers, which we can iterate using a for loop.

- A. **range()**
- B. set()
- C. dictionary{}
- D. None of the mentioned above

#### Question 11

Amongst which of the following is a function which does not have any name?

- A. Del function
- B. Show function
- C. **Lambda function**
- D. None of the mentioned above

#### Question 12

The module Pickle is used to \_\_\_\_.

- A. Serializing Python object structure
- B. De-serializing Python object structure
- C. **Both A and B**
- D. None of the mentioned above

Amongst which of the following is / are the method of convert Python objects for writing data in a binary file?

- A. set() method
- B. dump() method**
- C. load() method
- D. None of the mentioned above

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Amongst which of the following is / are the method used to unpickling data from a binary file?

- A. load()**
- B. set() method
- C. dump() method
- D. None of the mentioned above

15.

A text file contains only textual information consisting of \_\_\_\_.

- A. Alphabets
- B. Numbers
- C. Special symbols
- D. All of the mentioned above**

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Which Python code could replace the ellipsis (...) below to get the following output? (Select all that apply.) captains = {

"Enterprise": "Picard",

"Voyager": "Janeway",

"Defiant": "Sisko", }

Enterprise Picard,

Voyager Janeway

Defiant Sisko

a) for ship, captain in captains.items():

print(ship, captain)

b) for ship in captains:

print(ship, captains[ship])

c) for ship in captains:

print(ship, captains)

**d) both a and b**

17)

Which of the following lines of code will create an empty dictionary named `captains` ?

- a) `captains = {dict}`
- b) `type(captains)`
- c) `captains.dict()`
- d) `captains = {}`

18) Now you have your empty dictionary named `captains`. It's time to add some data!

Specifically, you want to add the key-value pairs `"Enterprise": "Picard"`, `"Voyager": "Janeway"`, and `"Defiant": "Sisko"`.

Which of the following code snippets will successfully add these key-value pairs to the existing `captains` dictionary?

- a) `captains{"Enterprise" = "Picard"} captains{"Voyager" = "Janeway"} captains{"Defiant" = "Sisko"}`
- b) `captains["Enterprise"] = "Picard" captains["Voyager"] = "Janeway" captains["Defiant"] = "Sisko"`

c) `captains = {  
    "Enterprise": "Picard",  
    "Voyager": "Janeway",  
    "Defiant": "Sisko",  
}`

- d) None of the above

19) You're really building out the Federation Starfleet now! Here's what you have: `captains = {`

`"Enterprise": "Picard",`

`"Voyager": "Janeway",`

`"Defiant": "Sisko",`

`"Discovery": "unknown",`

`}` Now, say you want to display the ship and captain names contained in the dictionary, but you also want to provide some additional context. How could you do it?

- a) `for item in captains.items():  
    print(f"The [ship] is captained by [captain].")`
- b) `for ship, captain in captains.items():  
    print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")`
- c) `for captain, ship in captains.items():  
    print(f"The {ship} is captained by {captain}.")`
- d) All are correct

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You've created a dictionary, added data, checked for the existence of keys, and iterated over it with a for loop. Now you're ready to delete a key from this dictionary:

```
captains = {  
    "Enterprise": "Picard",  
    "Voyager": "Janeway",  
    "Defiant": "Sisko",  
    "Discovery": "unknown",  
}
```

What statement will remove the entry for the key "Discovery"?

- a) `del captains`
- b) `captains.remove()`
- c) `del captains["Discovery"]`
- d) `captains["Discovery"].pop()`