3. Program Set 2

1. Test out relational operators

```
#include <iostream>
int main() {
    int x, y;
    std::cout << "Enter x y: ";
    if (!(std::cin >> x >> y)) return 0;

std::cout << "(x > y) = " << (x > y) << "\n";
    std::cout << "(x < y) = " << (x < y) << "\n";
    std::cout << "(x == y) = " << (x == y) << "\n";
    std::cout << "(x != y) = " << (x != y) << "\n";
    std::cout << "(x != y) = " << (x != y) << "\n";
    std::cout << "(x > 0 && y > 0) = " << (x > 0 && y > 0) << "\n";
    std::cout << "!(x == 0) = " << !(x == 0) << "\n";
}</pre>
```

2. Truthiness in single values

```
#include <iostream>
int main() {
   int n;

   std::cout << "Enter any integer: ";
   std::cin >> n;

   if (n)
      std::cout << "This counts as TRUE (non-zero)." << std::endl;
   else
      std::cout << "This counts as FALSE (zero)." << std::endl;
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

3. Switch-case example

```
#include <iostream>
int main() {
    int choice;
    std::cout << "1) Tea 2) Coffee 3) Juice 9) Exit";</pre>
    std::cout << std::endl << "Choice: ";</pre>
    std::cin >> choice;
    switch (choice) {
         case 1:
             std::cout << "Tea selected\n";</pre>
             break;
         case 2:
         case 3:
             std::cout << "Coffee or Juice!\n";</pre>
             break;
         case 9:
             std::cout << "Goodbye!\n";</pre>
             break;
         default:
             std::cout << "Unknown option\n";</pre>
    }
    return 0;
}
4. while example
#include <iostream>
int main() {
    int x = 0;
    while (x < 5)
    {
      x = x + 1;
    std::cout << "x is " << x << "\n";</pre>
}
```

5. do-while example

```
#include <iostream>
int main() {
    int n;
    do {
        std::cout << "Enter a number between 1 and 10: ";</pre>
        std::cin >> n;
    } while (n < 1 || n > 10);
    std::cout << "You chose " << n << "\n";</pre>
    return 0;
}
6. for-loop example
#include <iostream>
int main() {
    for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
      std::cout << i << (i == 9 ? '\n' : ' ');
}
7. Nested if example
#include <iostream>
int main() {
    int x, y;
    std::cout << "x y: ";</pre>
    std::cin >> x >> y;
    if (x > y)
        std::cout << "x > y\n";
        if (x == 6)
          std::cout << "Also, x == 6\n";
          std::cout << "Also, x != 6 n";
    }
    else
        std::cout << "x <= y\n";
```

```
return 0;
}
8. Rock-paper-scissors
#include <iostream>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <ctime>
int main() {
    std::srand(static_cast<unsigned>(std::time(nullptr)));
    std::cout << "Enter your move (r/p/s): ";</pre>
    char you;
    std::cin >> you;
    int comp = std::rand() % 3;
    std::cout << std::rand() << std::endl;</pre>
    char mv[3] = {'r', 'p', 's'};
    char c = mv[comp];
    std::cout << "Computer: " << c << std::endl;</pre>
    if (you == c)
      std::cout << "Draw" << std::endl;</pre>
    else if ((you=='r' && c=='s') || (you=='p' && c=='r') ||
             (you=='s' && c=='p'))
        std::cout << "You win!" << std::endl;</pre>
    else
        std::cout << "You lose!" << std::endl;</pre>
    return 0;
}
9. Number guess
#include <iostream>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <ctime>
int main() {
    std::srand(static_cast<unsigned>(std::time(nullptr)));
    int target = 1 + std::rand() % 100;
    std::cout << "Guess my number (1..100)" << std::endl;</pre>
```

```
int tries = 0, x;
    for (std::cout << "Your guess: "; std::cin >> x; std::cout <<</pre>
"Your guess: ")
    {
      ++tries;
      if (x < target)</pre>
        std::cout << "Too low!" << std::endl;</pre>
      else if (x > target)
        std::cout << "Too high!" << std::endl;</pre>
      else
        std::cout << "Correct in " << tries << " tries." << std::endl;</pre>
        break:
      }
    }
}
10. Number base converter
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
int main()
    unsigned long n;
    int base;
    std::cout << "Enter a non-negative integer and base (2, 8, or 16):</pre>
    std::cin >> n >> base;
    if (!(base == 2 || base == 8 || base == 16))
        std::cout << "Base must be 2, 8, or 16.\n";</pre>
        return 0;
    }
    if (n == 0)
        std::cout << "0\n"; return 0;</pre>
    }
    std::string out;
    while (n > 0)
        int r = int(n % base);
```

```
char ch = r < 10 ? char('0' + r) : char('A' + (r - 10));
  out += ch; // build the result in reverse
  n /= base;
}

// print the reverse resuult which is itself in reverse
for (int i = int(out.size()) - 1; i >= 0; --i)
    std::cout << out[i];

std::cout << "\n";

return 0;
}</pre>
```