PostgreSQL Practical Test - SQL Skills **Assessment**

This test is designed to assess your **SQL skills**, covering topics from **basic** database operations to advanced queries.

Instructions:

- ✓ Read each question carefully and enter your SQL query in the provided. space.
- ✓ Ensure correct **syntax and formatting** for your queries.
- ✓ Queries should be optimized for **efficiency and best practices**.
- √ You may use pgAdmin or any PostgreSQL environment to test your queries before submission.
 - Test Details:
- Total Marks: 100
- Duration: 60 minutes
- **Topics Covered:** Database Basics, DML Operations, Filtering, Joins, Aggregations, String & Date Functions, and Set Operations.
- Note: Plagiarism or direct copy-pasting from external sources will result in disqualification.

Best of luck!



Section A: Basic Concepts (20 Marks)

- 1. Write a command to create a database named company db.
- 2. Create a table employees & departments with the following structure:
- 3. Difference between Drop, Truncate & Delete.
- 4. List all the **numeric** and **string** data types available in PostgreSQL.
- 5. Explain the difference between VARCHAR, TEXT, and CHAR data types.

Section B: Data Manipulation (20 Marks)

- 1. Insert the following records into the employee's table:
- 2. Write a query to increase the salary of all employees by 10%.
- 3. Write a query to delete employees hired before 2022.
- 4. Retrieve all employees who earn between 50000 and 80000.
- 5. Select employees whose first name **starts with 'J'** using the LIKE operator.
- 6. Explain the RETURNING clause in PostgreSQL with an example.

Section C: Sorting & Aggregation (20 Marks)

- 1. Retrieve all employees and sort them by salary in descending order.
- 2. Retrieve the top 3 highest-paid employees.
- 3. Find the total salary expense of the company.
- 4. Find the **average salary** of employees and filter only those with an average salary greater than 70000 using the HAVING clause.

Section D: String & Date Functions (15 Marks)

- 1. Concatenate the first_name and last_name with a space in between.
- 2. Extract the **year** from the hire date column.
- 3. Convert all first name values to **uppercase**.
- 4. Find the difference in **years** between the current date and hire_date.
- 5. Use DATE TRUNC to round off hire date to the nearest **month**.

Section E: Advanced Filtering & Conditional Logic (10 Marks)

- 1. Use COALESCE to replace NULL salaries with 50000.
- Find the highest and lowest salaries using GREATEST and LEAST.
- 3. Use NULLIF to prevent division by zero when calculating salary percentages.

Section F: Joins & Set Operations (15 Marks)

- 1. Given a departments table with dept_id and dept_name, write a query to **join employees and departments** on dept_id using an INNER JOIN.
- 2. Retrieve all employees, ensuring that those without a department are also included (use LEFT JOIN).
- 3. Find employees who are not present in another table using EXCEPT.
- 4. Explain the difference between UNION and UNION ALL with an example.