

403 series

Variable displacement axial piston bent-axis hydraulic motors



Purpose:

Hydraulic motors convert the working fluid energy into the shaft rotation mechanical energy. Hydraulic motors are intended for operation in stationary and mobile installations.



Working displacement: 55, 107, 160 ccm/rev



Technical characteristics:

Size		55	107	160
Working displacement				
- max V_g max	ccm	55	107	160
- min V_g min		0	0	0
Max rotation speed n_{max} at:				
- V_g max	rpm	4450	3550	3100
- V_g min		7000	5600	4900
Consumed flow rate (at n_{max}), Q_{max}	l/min	275	428	522
Power, N				
at V_g max and $\Delta p=450$ bar		184	286	
at V_g max and $\Delta p=400$ bar	kW	164	255	
at V_g max and $\Delta p=350$ bar		143	223	
at V_g max and $\Delta p=250$ bar		102	159	
Torque, T				
at V_g max and $\Delta p=450$ bar		351	684	
at V_g max and $\Delta p=400$ bar	Nm	312	608	
at V_g max and $\Delta p=350$ bar		273	532	
at V_g max and $\Delta p=250$ bar		195	380	
Weight, m	kg	24	40	

Special features:

- variable displacement axial piston bent-axis hydraulic motors
- reinforced bearing unit
- bimetal steel cylinder block
- increased lifetime at high pressure operation conditions

Types of regulators:

- proportional
- constant pressure regulator
- pressure regulator on hyperbole
- functioning only from outer force

Types of control:

- hydraulic direct
- hydraulic proportional
- mechanical
- electrical discrete
- electrical proportional

Analogues:

A6V, A6VM, A6VE (Bosch Rexroth)
51D (Sauer Danfoss)
V14 (Parker Hannifin)
H2V (Sam Hydraulics)