Module-3 (RDBMS & DATABASE PROGRAMMING WITH JDBC)

• CREATE TABLE 1:-

```
CREATE TABLE table1

(
Empno int(4) PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT,
Ename varchar(10),
Job varchar(9),
Mgr int(4),
Hiredate date,
Sal decimal(7,2),
Comm decimal(7,2),
Deptno int(2),
)
```

• CREATE DEPT TABLE :-

```
REATE TABLE dept

(
Deptno int(2) PRIMARY KEY,
Dname varchar(14),
Loc varchar(13),
)
```

• CREATE STUDENT TABLE :-

```
REATE TABLE student

(
Rno int(2) PRIMARY KEY;
Sname varchar(14);
City varchar(20);
State varchar(20);
)
```

• EMP LOG TABLE:-

```
REATE TABLE emp log

(
Field int(5),
Log_date date ,
New_salary int(10) ,
Action varchar(20) ,
)
```

• DEPT TABLE DATA :-

```
CREATE TABLE

CREATE TABLE dept data(
    Deptno int(10),
    dname varchar(20),
    loc varchar(20),
    loc varchar(20),

INSERT DATA

INSERT INTO deptdata (Deptno,dname,loc) Values(10,ACCOUNTING,NEW YORK);

INSERT INTO deptdata (Deptno,dname,loc) Values(20,RESEARCH,DALLAS);

INSERT INTO deptdata (Deptno,dname,loc) Values(30,SALES,CHICAGO);

INSERT INTO deptdata (Deptno,dname,loc) Values(40,OPERATIONS,BOSTON);
```

• EMP TABLE DATA :-

```
(
EMPNO int(10),
ename varchar(20),
job varchar(20),
mgr varchar(15),
hiredate varchar(20),
sal varchar(15),
comm varchar(15),
deptno int(10),
)
```

1. Select unique job from EMP table

SELECT DISTINCT job FROM EMP;

2. List the details of the emps in asc order of the Dptnos and desc of Jobs?

SELECT * FROM EMP ORDER BY deptno ASC, job DESC;

3. Display all the unique job groups in the descending order?

SELECT DISTINCT job FROM EMP ORDER BY job DESC;

4. List the emps who joined before 1981.

SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE hiredate < '1981-01-01';

5. List the Empno, Ename, Sal, Daily sal of all emps in the asc order of Annsal.

SELECT Empno, Ename, Sal, Sal/365 AS Daily_Sal FROM EMP ORDER BY Sal/365 ASC;

6. List the Empno, Ename, Sal, Exp of all emps working for Mgr 7369.

SELECT Empno, Ename, Sal, (SYSDATE - hiredate) AS Experience

FROM EMP WHERE mgr = 7369;

7. Display all the details of the emps who's Comm. Is more than their Sal?

SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE comm > sal;

8. List the emps who are either 'CLERK' or 'ANALYST' in the Desc order

SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE job IN ('CLERK', 'ANALYST') ORDER BY job DESC;

9. List the emps Who Annual sal ranging from 22000 and 45000.

SELECT *FROM EMP WHERE sal*12 BETWEEN 22000 AND 45000

10. List the Enames those are starting with 'S' and with five characters.

SELECT Ename FROM EMP WHERE Ename LIKE 'S ';

11. List the emps whose Empno not starting with digit78

SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE NOT REGEXP LIKE(Empno, '^78');

12. List all the Clerks of Deptno 20.

SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE job = 'CLERK' AND deptno = 20;

13. List the Emps who are senior to their own MGRS

SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE hiredate < (SELECT hiredate FROM EMP E2 WHERE E1.mgr = E2.empno);

14. List the Emps of Deptno 20 who's Jobs are same as Deptno10

SELECT * FROM EMP E1

WHERE deptno = 20 AND job IN (SELECT DISTINCT job FROM EMP WHERE deptno = 10);

15. List the Emps who's Sal is same as FORD or SMITH in desc order of Sal

SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE sal IN (SELECT sal FROM EMP WHERE ename IN ('FORD', 'SMITH')) ORDER BY sal DESC;

16. List the emps whose jobs same as SMITH or ALLEN.

SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE job IN (SELECT job FROM EMP WHERE ename IN ('SMITH', 'ALLEN'));

17. Any jobs of deptno 10 those that are not found in deptno 20

SELECT DISTINCT job FROM EMP WHERE deptno = 10 AND job NOT IN (SELECT job FROM EMP WHERE deptno = 20);

18. Find the highest sal of EMP table

SELECT MAX(sal) AS highest sal FROM EMP;

19. Find details of highest paid employee.

SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE sal = (SELECT MAX(sal) FROM EMP);

20. Find the total sal given to the MGR

SELECT mgr, SUM(sal) AS total sal FROM EMP GROUP BY mgr;

21. List the emps whose names contains 'A'.

SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE LOWER(ename) LIKE '%a%';

22. Find all the emps who earn the minimum Salary for each job wise in ascending order.

SELECT job, MIN(sal) AS min_sal FROM EMP GROUP BY job ORDER BY min_sal ASC;

23. List the emps whose sal greater than Blake's sal.

SELECT * FROM EMP WHERE sal > (SELECT sal FROM EMP WHERE ename = 'BLAKE');

24. Create view v1 to select ename, job, dname, loc whose deptno are same

CREATE VIEW v1 AS

SELECT e.ename, e.job, d.dname, d.loc

FROM EMP e

JOIN DEPT d ON e.deptno = d.deptno;

25. Create a procedure with dno as input parameter to fetch ename and dname.

CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE GetEmpDetails(p_deptno NUMBER) AS

BEGIN

SELECT ename, dname

INTO OUT_EMP_NAME, OUT_DEPT_NAME

FROM EMP e

JOIN DEPT d ON e.deptno = d.deptno

WHERE e.deptno = p_deptno ;

END;

26. Add column Pin with bigint data type in table student.

ALTER TABLE student ADD pin BIGINT;

- 27. Modify the student table to change the sname length from 14 to 40.
- -- Modify the column length

ALTER TABLE student MODIFY sname VARCHAR2(40);