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Homework 11

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Problem 1 (5 points): Using **Smith-Waterman** (not Needleman-Wunsch!), align the following two sequences by hand:

```
CCAGT
ACAAGT
```

Draw out a score matrix, with the back-tracing arrows, using the following scoring function:

```
Match: +2
Mismatch: -1
Gap: -1
```

After I filled out the score matrix, I wrote out the final alignment.

Problem 2 (5 points): I modify the code from the Lab 13 Worksheet, Part 1 so that it runs the **Smith-Waterman** algorithm. The function final produce the matrix of scores only. I Use the same scoring function as in Problem 1.

I ran the sequences from Problem 1 through the function and print the output using print matrix().

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```
In [1]: | # Values to calculate scores
        match award = 2
        mismatch penalty = -1
        gap_penalty = -1
        # Make a score matrix with these two sequences
        seq1 = "CCAGT"
        seq2 = "ACAAGT"
        # Here is a helper function to print out matrices
        def print matrix(mat):
            # Loop over all rows
            for i in range(0, len(mat)):
                print("[", end = "")
                # Loop over each column in row i
                for j in range(0, len(mat[i])):
                     # Print out the value in row i, column j
                    print(mat[i][j], end = "")
                    # Only add a tab if we're not in the last column
                     if j != len(mat[i]) - 1:
                        print("\t", end = "")
                print("]\n")
        # A function for making a matrix of zeroes
```

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```
def zeros(rows, cols):
    # Define an empty list
    retval = []
    # Set up the rows of the matrix
    for x in range(rows):
        # For each row, add an empty list
        retval.append([])
        # Set up the columns in each row
        for y in range(cols):
            # Add a zero to each column in each row
            retval[-1].append(0)
    # Return the matrix of zeros
    return retval
# A function for determining the score between any two bases in alignmen
def match_score(alpha, beta):
    if alpha == beta:
        return match_award
    elif alpha == '-' or beta == '-':
        return gap penalty
    else:
        return mismatch penalty
# The function that actually fills out a matrix of scores
def smith waterman(seq1, seq2):
    # length of two sequences
    n = len(seq1)
    m = len(seq2)
    # Generate matrix of zeros to store scores
    score = zeros(m+1, n+1)
    #Fill Out First Column
    for i in range(0, m + 1):
        score[i][0] = 0
    #Fill Out First Row
    for j in range(0, n + 1):
        score[0][j] = 0
    # Fill out all other values in the score matrix
    for i in range(1, m + 1):
        for j in range(1, n + 1):
            # Calculate the score by checking the top, left, and diagona
1 cells
            match = score[i - 1][j-1] + match_score(seq1[j-1], seq2[i-
11)
            delete = score[i - 1][j] + gap penalty
            insert = score[i][j - 1] + gap_penalty
            # Record the maximum score from the three possible scores ca
lculated above
            score[i][j] = max(0, match, delete,insert)
```