

F-VICE: Forecasting Velocity of Ice in Glaciers Using Machine Learning

Rodrigo S. Cortez-Madrigal*

G.K.M. Tobin*

rcortez@enesmorelia.unam.mx

Institute for Clarity in Documentation

CDMX, CDMX, México

Luis Vicente Ruiz Hernandez†

G.K.M. Tobin*

trovato@corporation.com

Institute for Clarity in Documentation

CDMX, CDMX, México



Figure 1: Seattle Mariners at Spring Training, 2010.

Abstract

El deshielo de los glaciares es un fenómeno natural que ha aumentado en las últimas décadas debido al cambio climático. Este proceso tiene un impacto significativo en el nivel del mar y en los ecosistemas locales. En este trabajo, proponemos un enfoque basado en aprendizaje automático para predecir la serie de tiempo de la velocidad de deshielo de los glaciares. Utilizamos un conjunto de datos del proyecto *ITS_{LIVE}* del Jet Propulsion Laboratory de la NASA, que a partir de imágenes satelitales, proporciona información sobre la velocidad de deshielo de los glaciares. Finalmente comparamos los resultados de distintos modelos de aprendizaje automático y discutimos los resultados obtenidos.

Keywords

Deshielo, Glaciares, Aprendizaje Automático, Predicción, Cambio Climático

*Both authors contributed equally to this research.

†Both authors contributed equally to this research.

Permission to make digital or hard copies of all or part of this work for personal or classroom use is granted without fee provided that copies are not made or distributed for profit or commercial advantage and that copies bear this notice and the full citation on the first page. Copyrights for components of this work owned by others than the author(s) must be honored. Abstracting with credit is permitted. To copy otherwise, or republish, to post on servers or to redistribute to lists, requires prior specific permission and/or a fee. Request permissions from permissions@acm.org.

ML '25, Ciudad de México, México

© 2025 Copyright held by the owner/author(s). Publication rights licensed to ACM.

ACM ISBN 978-1-4503-XXXX-X/2025/06

<https://doi.org/XXXXXXX.XXXXXXX>

ACM Reference Format:

Rodrigo S. Cortez-Madrigal, G.K.M. Tobin, Luis Vicente Ruiz Hernandez, and G.K.M. Tobin. 2025. F-VICE: Forecasting Velocity of Ice in Glaciers Using Machine Learning. In *Proceedings of Aprendizaje Automático (ML '25)*. ACM, New York, NY, USA, 2 pages. <https://doi.org/XXXXXXX.XXXXXXX>

1 Introduction

La predicción de series de tiempo es una tarea importante en el ámbito del aprendizaje automático y la ciencia de datos. Desde la predicción de precios de acciones hasta la predicción del clima, las series de tiempo son una herramienta valiosa para la toma de decisiones y la planificación. En este trabajo, nos enfocamos en la predicción de la velocidad de deshielo de los glaciares, un fenómeno natural que ha aumentado en las últimas décadas debido al cambio climático.

ACM's consolidated article template, introduced in 2017, provides a consistent L^AT_EX style for use across ACM publications, and incorporates accessibility and metadata-extraction functionality necessary for future Digital Library endeavors. Numerous ACM and SIG-specific L^AT_EX templates have been examined, and their unique features incorporated into this single new template.

If you are new to publishing with ACM, this document is a valuable guide to the process of preparing your work for publication. If you have published with ACM before, this document provides insight and instruction into more recent changes to the article template.

The “acmart” document class can be used to prepare articles for any ACM publication — conference or journal,

and for any stage of publication, from review to final “camera-ready” copy, to the author’s own version, with *very* few changes to the source.

2 Antecedentes

Distintos estudios han demostrado que el deshielo de los glaciares es un fenómeno natural que ha aumentado en las últimas décadas debido al cambio climático. Este proceso tiene un impacto significativo en el nivel del mar y en los ecosistemas locales. Por lo tanto, es importante contar con herramientas que permitan predecir la velocidad de deshielo de los glaciares para poder tomar decisiones informadas y planificar acciones para mitigar los efectos del cambio climático.

As noted in the introduction, the “**acmart**” document class can be used to prepare many different kinds of documentation — a double-anonymous initial submission of a full-length technical paper, a two-page SIGGRAPH Emerging Technologies abstract, a “camera-ready” journal article, a SIGCHI Extended Abstract, and more — all by selecting the appropriate *template style* and *template parameters*.

This document will explain the major features of the document class. For further information, the *L^AT_EX User’s Guide* is available from <https://www.acm.org/publications/proceedings-template>.

2.1 Template Styles

The primary parameter given to the “**acmart**” document class is the *template style* which corresponds to the kind of publication or SIG publishing the work. This parameter is enclosed in square brackets and is a part of the **documentclass** command:

```
\documentclass[STYLE]{acmart}
```

Journals use one of three template styles. All but three ACM journals use the **acmsmall** template style:

- **acmsmall**: The default journal template style.
- **acmlarge**: Used by JOCCH and TAP.
- **acmtog**: Used by TOG.

The majority of conference proceedings documentation will use the **acmconf** template style.

- **sigconf**: The default proceedings template style.
- **sigchi**: Used for SIGCHI conference articles.
- **sigplan**: Used for SIGPLAN conference articles.

2.2 Template Parameters

In addition to specifying the *template style* to be used in formatting your work, there are a number of *template parameters* which modify some part of the applied template style. A complete list of these parameters can be found in the *L^AT_EX User’s Guide*.

Frequently-used parameters, or combinations of parameters, include:

- **anonymous,review**: Suitable for a “double-anonymous” conference submission. Anonymizes the work and includes line numbers. Use with the **\acmSubmissionID**

command to print the submission’s unique ID on each page of the work.

- **authorversion**: Produces a version of the work suitable for posting by the author.
- **screen**: Produces colored hyperlinks.

This document uses the following string as the first command in the source file:

```
\documentclass[sigconf]{acmart}
```

3 Metodología

Modifying the template — including but not limited to: adjusting margins, typeface sizes, line spacing, paragraph and list definitions, and the use of the **\vspace** command to manually adjust the vertical spacing between elements of your work — is not allowed.

Your document will be returned to you for revision if modifications are discovered.

4 Experimentos y Resultados

The “**acmart**” document class requires the use of the “Libertine” typeface family. Your T_EX installation should include this set of packages. Please do not substitute other typefaces. The “**lmodern**” and “**ltimes**” packages should not be used, as they will override the built-in typeface families.

5 Conclusiones

The title of your work should use capital letters appropriately - <https://capitalizemytitle.com/> has useful rules for capitalization. Use the **title** command to define the title of your work. If your work has a subtitle, define it with the **subtitle** command. Do not insert line breaks in your title.

If your title is lengthy, you must define a short version to be used in the page headers, to prevent overlapping text. The **title** command has a “short title” parameter:

```
\title[short title]{full title}
```

Received 20 February 2025