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1 Basic Test Results

```
Running...
1
    Opening tar file
    Draw2DCharArray.c
    Makefile
4
    PitPlugger.c
   RadiusReader.c
    OK
    Tar extracted O.K.
    Checking files...
9
    OK
    Making sure files are not empty...
11
12
    Importing files
    OK
14
    Compilation check...
15
    Compiling...
16
    gcc -Wall -Wvla -c -std=c99 Draw2DCharArray.c
17
    gcc -Wall -Wvla -c DrawArrayDriver.c
    gcc -Wall -Wvla Draw2DCharArray.o DrawArrayDriver.o -o DrawArrayDriver
19
    ΩK
20
21
    Compiling...
    gcc -Wall -Wvla -c -std=c99 PitPlugger.c
22
    gcc -Wall -Wvla -c RadiusReader.c
23
24
    gcc -Wall -Wvla -lm PitPlugger.o Draw2DCharArray.o RadiusReader.o -o PitPlugger
25
    Compilation went without errors, BUT you must check to see if you got warnings!!!
27
    Check some inputs:
    Running test...
28
29
30
31
    = Checking coding style =
33
34
   _____
    ** Total Violated Rules
35
    ** Total Errors Occurs : 0

** Total Violated Files Count: 0
                                : 0
36
37
```

2 Draw2DCharArray.c

```
2
                                        Ex2 - Draw2DCharArray
    // General : Initialize the given char array to be filled with space and print it to the screen
3
    // Input : arr - 2D char array
// Process : run over the array and fill/print
// Output : print of the array
8
    #include "Draw2DCharArray.h"
9
    #include <stdio.h>
10
11
12
    #define WHITE_SPACE ' '
13
14
15
     * Initialize the given char array to be filled with space (' ') characters.
16
17
    void initializeArray(char arr[ROWS][COLS])
18
         for (int i = 0; i < ROWS; i++)</pre>
19
20
21
             for (int j = 0; j < COLS; j++)
22
                 arr[i][j] = WHITE_SPACE;
23
24
25
         }
    }
26
27
28
    * Draw the char array on the screen.
29
30
     * After each row go down a line ('\n').
31
     * Stop drawing when a nul character ('\0') is met.
32
    void drawArray(char arr[ROWS][COLS])
33
34
         for (int i = 0; i < ROWS; i++)</pre>
35
36
             for (int j = 0; j < COLS; j++)
37
38
                  if (arr[i][j] == '\0')
40
41
                      return;
42
                 printf("%c", arr[i][j]);
43
44
             printf("\n");
45
         }
46
47 }
```

3 Makefile

```
FULL_PATH = /cs/course/2014/slabc/public/ex2/inputOutput
1
    all: PitPlugger DrawArrayDriver
3
4
5
    tar: Draw2DCharArray.c RadiusReader.c PitPlugger.c Makefile
        tar cfv ex2.tar Draw2DCharArray.c RadiusReader.c PitPlugger.c Makefile
6
8
    PitPlugger: PitPlugger.o Draw2DCharArray.o RadiusReader.o
        gcc -Wall -Wvla -lm PitPlugger.o Draw2DCharArray.o RadiusReader.o -o PitPlugger
9
10
    DrawArrayDriver: Draw2DCharArray.o DrawArrayDriver.o
11
        gcc -Wall -Wvla Draw2DCharArray.o DrawArrayDriver.o -o DrawArrayDriver
12
13
    PitPlugger.o: PitPlugger.c Draw2DCharArray.h RadiusReader.h
14
        gcc -Wall -Wvla -c -std=c99 PitPlugger.c
15
16
    Draw2DCharArray.o: Draw2DCharArray.c Draw2DCharArray.h
17
18
        gcc -Wall -Wvla -c -std=c99 Draw2DCharArray.c
19
    RadiusReader.o: RadiusReader.c RadiusReader.h
20
21
        gcc -Wall -Wvla -c RadiusReader.c
22
    DrawArrayDriver.o: DrawArrayDriver.c Draw2DCharArray.h
23
24
        gcc -Wall -Wvla -c DrawArrayDriver.c
25
26
    test1: PitPlugger
        PitPlugger $(FULL_PATH)/pit_radius_1.in $(FULL_PATH)/stone_radius_1.in \
27
        | diff $(FULL_PATH)/map_pit_1_stone_1.out -
28
29
    .PHONY: all tar test1
30
```

4 PitPlugger.c

```
Ex2 - PitPlugger
 2
        //
         \begin{tabular}{lll} \begin{
 3
        // Input : list of the pit radiuses and list of the stones radiuses
        .rocess :
// Output
                                    : Throw the stone into the pit until it closed (or fail to close since no stone left) : Announcement about the success/fail of the mission and detail about the pit and the
                                              stones and draw a side-look of the pit.
 8
 9
10
         #include "RadiusReader.h"
11
         #include "Draw2DCharArray.h"
12
        #include <math.h>
13
14
15
         #define POINTS 3
       #define SUCC 0
16
17
        #define FAIL -1
        #define NUM_OF_ARGS 3
18
        #define ROW(x) (x + topStone)
19
       #define FIXED_ROW(x) (x + 1)
        # define FIXED_DEPTH(x) (x + 1)
21
        #define TOP_STONE 1
22
       #define NO_TOP_STONE 0
        #define TOP_LEVEL -1
24
25
        #define FAIL_MESSEGE "Unable to open file %s.\n"
        #define STAR '*'
26
        #define HYPHEN '-'
27
28
         #define DOT '.'
        #define PLUS '+'
29
        #define STOP '\0'
30
31
32
33
34
                                                        throw the stone into the pit
35
                                                         The function goes over the stones, and every times go over the pit and find the
                                                          deepest the stone can fall before it reach the current bottom or stuck in the
37
                                                         mi.d.d.l.e.
38
                                                          The algorithm stop when no more stone left or when the pit is closed.
                                                          The algorithm use an extra array of size N for the location of the thrown
40
                                                          stones and another 3 int's (for the number of current thrown stones, the current
41
                                                          depth ant the current bottom.
42
                                                          In the worse case the algorithm will run for all the stones(M) and each time
43
                                                          all over the (remaining) pit (N). each time use constant number of operations
44
                                                         So the complexity is O(NM).
45
                                                   pitRadius[MAX\_DEPTH] - an array with the pit radiuses
46
                                                        stonesRadius[MAX_DEPTH] - an array with the stones radiuses
47
                                                        stone[{\it MAX\_DEPTH}] - an empty array for the thrown stones
48
49
           * Return value
50
51
52
53
         void throwStone(unsigned int const pitRadius[MAX_DEPTH],
54
                                           unsigned int const stonesRadius[MAX_DEPTH],
                                           unsigned int stone[MAX_DEPTH],
56
57
                                           unsigned int const maxDepth,
                                           unsigned int const stoneAmount)
58
       4
59
```

```
60
         unsigned int stoneNum = 0;
 61
          int depth;
         int curMaxDepth = maxDepth;
 62
 63
         if (pitRadius[0] == 0)
 64
 65
              curMaxDepth = 0;
 66
         }
 67
 68
         while ((stoneNum < stoneAmount) && (curMaxDepth > 0))
 69
 70
 71
              depth = TOP_LEVEL;
              while ((stonesRadius[stoneNum] <= pitRadius[FIXED_DEPTH(depth)]) && (depth < curMaxDepth-1))
 72
 73
             {
 74
 75
              stone[FIXED_DEPTH(depth)] = stonesRadius[stoneNum];
 76
 77
              curMaxDepth = depth;
              stoneNum++:
 78
         }
 79
 80
         if (curMaxDepth <= 0)</pre>
 81
 82
         {
             printf("Hurrah!! You have successfully plugged that pit ;)\n");
 83
         }
 84
 85
         else
 86
         {
 87
             printf("Oy Vey!! The pit is still open, what will we do now? :(\n");
 88
 89
 90
         printf("This pit is %d levels deep, of which %d levels remain open.\n",
                  maxDepth, (curMaxDepth >= 0 ? curMaxDepth : 0));
 91
         printf("We had %d stones and threw %d of them into the pit.\n\n", stoneAmount, stoneNum);
 92
 93
 94
 95
     }
 96
      /**
97
 98
99
                           change part of the line from 'ptrStart' to 'stop' to the given char(chr)
100
       * Parameters
                           ptrStart - pointer to a cell in the array
101
                             stop - the number of cells
102
                             chr - a char to draw
103
      * Return value
104
105
106
107
108
     void drawLine (unsigned int const length, char const chr, char* const ptrStart)
109
         for (int i = 0; i < length; i++)</pre>
110
111
112
             *(ptrStart + i) = chr;
113
     }
114
115
      /**
116
117
118
119
                            draw the pit array (up to ROWS rows).
                            pit[ROWS][COLS] - the array that represent the pit
120
                            pitRadius[MAX\_DEPTH] - an array with the pit radiuses
121
122
                            stonesRadius[MAX\_DEPTH] - an array with the stones radiuses
      * Return value
123
124
125
126
127
     void drawPit(char pit[ROWS][COLS], unsigned int const pitRadius[MAX_DEPTH],
```

```
128
                   unsigned int const stone[MAX_DEPTH], unsigned int const maxDepth)
129
     {
          unsigned int row = 0;
130
          unsigned int topStone = NO_TOP_STONE;
131
          char* ptr;
132
133
         unsigned int length;
134
          initializeArray(pit);
135
136
          //take care in case the stone at the top of the pit
137
         if (stone[0] != 0)
138
139
              ptr = &pit[row][(stone[0] <= COLS ? COLS / 2 - stone[0] / 2 : 0)];</pre>
140
              length = (stone[0] <= COLS ? stone[0] : COLS);</pre>
141
142
              drawLine(length, HYPHEN, ptr);
              topStone = TOP_STONE; //use to fix the index of the row in the draw pit
143
         }
144
145
         for (; (row < maxDepth) && (row < ROWS); row++)
146
147
              if (pitRadius[row] <= COLS)</pre>
148
149
              {
150
                  //left wall
                  ptr = &pit[ROW(row)][0];
151
152
                  length = (COLS-pitRadius[row]) / 2;
                  drawLine(length, STAR, ptr);
153
154
                  //stone
155
                  ptr = &pit[ROW(row)][(int)(COLS-round((COLS-pitRadius[row]) / 2.0))];
                  length = (int)round((COLS - pitRadius[row]) / 2.0);
156
157
                  drawLine(length, STAR, ptr);
158
                  //right wall
                  ptr = &pit[ROW(row)][COLS / 2 - stone[FIXED_ROW(row)] / 2];
159
160
                  length = stone[FIXED_ROW(row)];
                  drawLine(length, HYPHEN, ptr);
161
              }
162
163
              else
164
              {
                  //left wall(too long)
165
                  ptr = &pit[ROW(row)][0];
166
                  length = POINTS;
167
168
                  drawLine(length, DOT, ptr);
                  //right wall(too long)
169
                  ptr = &pit[ROW(row)][COLS - POINTS];
170
171
                  drawLine(length, DOT, ptr);
172
                  if (stone[FIXED_ROW(row)] > (COLS - 2 * POINTS))
173
174
                      //stone (too long)
175
                      ptr = &pit[ROW(row)][POINTS];
176
                      length = (COLS - 2 * POINTS);
177
                      drawLine(length, HYPHEN, ptr);
178
                  }
179
180
                  else
181
                  {
                      //stone
182
                      ptr = &pit[ROW(row)][COLS / 2 - stone[FIXED_ROW(row)] / 2];
183
184
                      length = stone[FIXED_ROW(row)];
                      drawLine(length, HYPHEN, ptr);
185
                  }
186
              }
187
188
189
190
          //change the pit bottom to '+' if 1 row left
          if (row < ROWS)
191
192
              ptr = &pit[ROW(row)][0];
193
              length = COLS;
194
195
              drawLine(length, PLUS, ptr);
```

```
196
         }
197
          //if 2 row left put '\0' to stop the drawing.
198
199
          if (row++ < ROWS)
200
             pit[ROW(row)][0] = STOP;
201
         }
202
203
204
          drawArray(pit);
     }
205
206
207
208
209
210
      * General
                       : the main function
                            read the files, throw the stone to the pit and draw the pit.
211
212
      * Argument
                         : pitRadius - the pit radiuses
                           stonesRadius - the stones radiuses
213
                       : -1 iff there are problem with the file, else 0.
      * Return value
214
215
216
217
     int main(int argc, char *argv[])
218
219
220
          unsigned int pit[MAX_DEPTH];
         unsigned int usedStone[MAX_DEPTH];
221
         unsigned int stone[MAX_DEPTH];
222
223
          char pitDraw[ROWS][COLS];
224
         unsigned int maxDepth;
225
         unsigned int stoneAmount;
226
         FILE *pitRadius, *stoneRadius;
227
         if (argc != NUM_OF_ARGS)
228
229
              printf("Usage: PitPlugger <Pit Radius input file> <Stone Radius input file>\n");
230
231
              return FAIL;
232
233
          if ((pitRadius = fopen(argv[1], "r")) == NULL)
^{234}
235
         {
              printf(FAIL_MESSEGE, argv[1]);
236
237
             return FAIL;
         }
238
239
         if ((stoneRadius = fopen(argv[2], "r")) == NULL)
240
241
^{242}
             printf(FAIL_MESSEGE, argv[2]);
             fclose(pitRadius);
243
244
             return FAIL;
245
246
^{247}
         maxDepth = readVector(pitRadius, pit);
248
          stoneAmount = readVector(stoneRadius, stone);
249
250
          throwStone(pit, stone, usedStone, maxDepth, stoneAmount);
                                                                                    good_coding_style
251
          drawPit(pitDraw, pit, usedStone, maxDepth);
252
253
254
255
          fclose(pitRadius);
^{256}
257
          fclose(stoneRadius);
258
         return SUCC;
259
     }
260
```

5 RadiusReader.c

```
1
2
                                       Ex2 - RadiusReader
    // General : read the given file. each line contains a single unsigned integer
3
    // Input : file - the given file
// Process : read the file in 2 ways. all the file into vector or one number at a time.
// Output : numbers from the file
4
8
9
10
    #include "RadiusReader.h"
    #include <stdio.h>
11
12
13
    #define SUCC_READ 1
14
15
    * Read a vector of unsigned ints from a given FILE
16
     * each line contains a single unsigned integer
17
18
     * Oreturn number of lines read
19
    unsigned int readVector(FILE * file, unsigned int vec[MAX_DEPTH])
20
21
         unsigned int val;
22
23
        unsigned int floor = 0;
24
         while (readSingleUInt(file, &val) == SUCC_CODE)
25
26
27
             vec[floor++] = val;
28
29
         return floor;
30
    }
31
33
34
     * Read a single unsigned int from a given FILE
    * each line contains a single unsigned integer
35
     * @return SUCC_CODE iff successful, FAIL_CODE otherwise
36
37
    int readSingleUInt(FILE * file, unsigned int * val)
38
39
40
         if (fscanf(file, "%u", val) == SUCC_READ)
41
42
             return SUCC_CODE;
43
         return FAIL_CODE;
44
    }
45
```