

Advanced Model Predictive Control

Recitation 3

Nonlinear robust MPC - Part I

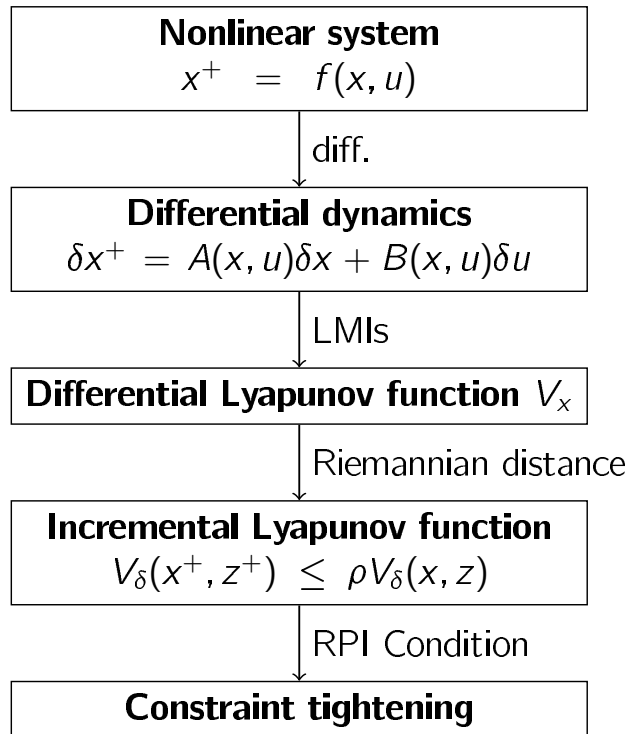
Alexandre Didier and Jérôme Sieber

ETH Zurich

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Nonlinear robust MPC

$$\begin{aligned} V_N^*(x(k)) = \min_{V, z_0} \quad & \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} l(z_i, v_i) + l_f(z_N) \\ \text{s.t.} \quad & z_{i+1} = f(z_i, v_i), \quad i \in [0, N-1], \\ & (z_i, v_i) \in \overline{\mathcal{Z}}, \quad i \in [0, N-1], \\ & z_N \in \mathcal{X}_f, \\ & (x(k), z_0) \in \Omega \end{aligned}$$



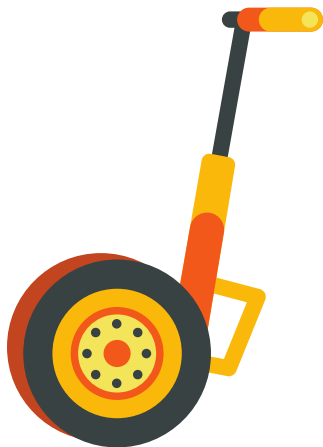
Segway

Dynamics:

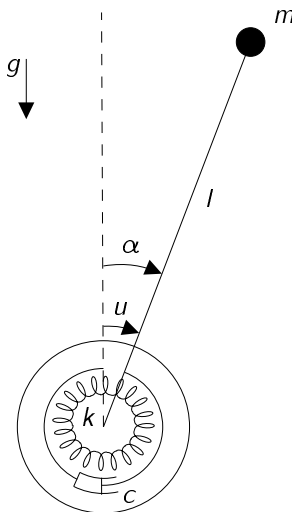
$$\begin{bmatrix} x_1^+ \\ x_2^+ \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 + \delta t \cdot x_2 \\ x_2 + \delta t \left(-kx_1 - cx_2 + \frac{g}{l} \cdot \sin x_1 + u \right) \end{bmatrix} + w$$

Nonlinear system

$$x^+ = f(x, u)$$



[freepik.com]



Nonlinear robust MPC

Differential dynamics:

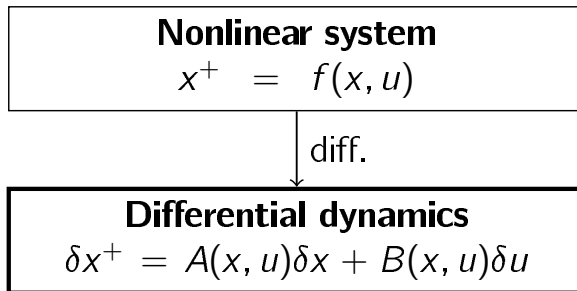
$$\delta x(k+1) = A(x, u)\delta x(k) + B(x, u)\delta u(k),$$

with $A(x, u) = \left. \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right|_{(x, u)}$ and $B(x, u) = \left. \frac{\partial f}{\partial u} \right|_{(x, u)}$

Exercise: Derive the differential dynamics for the segway system.

$$A(x, u) = \left. \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right|_{(x, u)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \delta t \\ -\delta t k + \delta t \frac{g}{l} \cos(x_1) & 1 - \delta t c \end{bmatrix}$$

$$B(x, u) = \left. \frac{\partial f}{\partial u} \right|_{(x, u)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \delta t \end{bmatrix}$$



Nonlinear robust MPC

Use $\delta_u(k) = K(x)\delta_x(k)$, $A_K(x, u) = A(x, u) + B(x, u)K(x)$:

$$\delta_x(k+1) = \underbrace{A_K(x, u)}_{\text{diff.}} \delta_x(k)$$

Conditions on diff. Lyapunov function $V_x(x, \delta_x) = \|\delta_x\|_{M(x)}$:

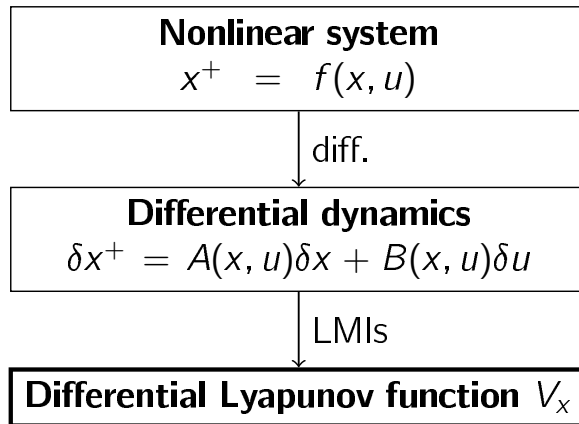
$$c_1 \|\delta_x\| \leq V_x(x, \delta_x) \leq c_2 \|\delta_x\|$$

$$V_x(f(x, u), A_K(x, u)\delta_x) \leq \rho V_x(x, \delta_x)$$

Conditions on contraction metric:

$$\underline{M} \preceq M(x) \preceq \overline{M}, \quad \underline{M}, \overline{M} \succ 0$$

$$\underbrace{A_K(x, u)^T M(x) A_K(x, u)}_{\text{diff.}} \preceq \rho^2 M(x)$$



$$\underbrace{(\delta_x^+)^T}_{\text{diff.}} M(x) \delta_x^+ \leq \rho^2 \delta_x^T M(x) \delta_x$$

Nonlinear robust MPC

Use constant $P := M(x)$ and K :

$$P \succ 0$$

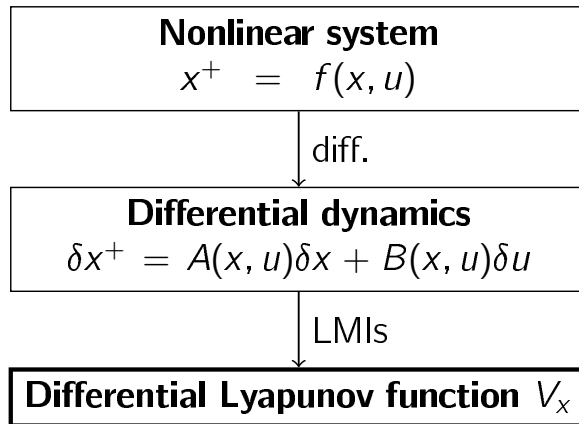
$$(A(x) + BK)^T P (A(x) + BK) \preceq \rho^2 P$$

Exercise: Use Schur's complement to rewrite the conditions as an LMI in $E := P^{-1}$ and $Y := KE$.

$$\rho^2 P - (A(x) + BK)^T P (A(x) + BK) \succeq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \rho^2 P & (A(x) + BK)^T \\ A(x) + BK & P^{-1} \end{bmatrix} \succeq 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} E & 0 \\ 0 & I \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \rho^2 P & (A(x) + BK)^T \\ A(x) + BK & E \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} E & 0 \\ 0 & I \end{bmatrix} \succeq 0$$



$$\begin{aligned} &\Leftrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \rho^2 & (A(x)E + BKE)^T \\ A(x) + BK & E \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} E & 0 \\ 0 & I \end{bmatrix} \succeq 0 \\ &\Leftrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} \rho^2 E & (A(x)E + BKE)^T \\ A(x)E + BK & E \end{bmatrix} \succeq 0 \end{aligned}$$

Nonlinear robust MPC

We have differential Lyapunov function $V_x = \|\delta_x\|_P$.
Riemannian distance and path integral controller:

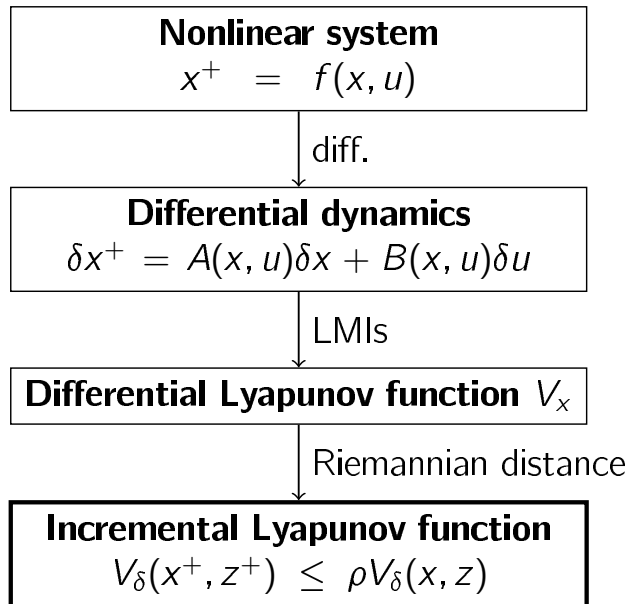
$$V_\delta(x, z) = \inf_{\gamma \in \Gamma(x, z)} \left(\int_0^1 \sqrt{\left. \frac{\partial \gamma}{\partial s} \right|_s^\top M(\gamma(s)) \left. \frac{\partial \gamma}{\partial s} \right|_s} ds, \right.$$

$$\kappa(x, z, v) = v + \int_0^1 K(\gamma^*(s)) \left. \frac{\partial \gamma^*}{\partial s} \right|_s ds$$

With constant contraction metric and constant differential controller:

$$V_\delta(x, z) = \|x - z\|_P$$

$$\kappa(x, z, v) = K(x - z) + v$$



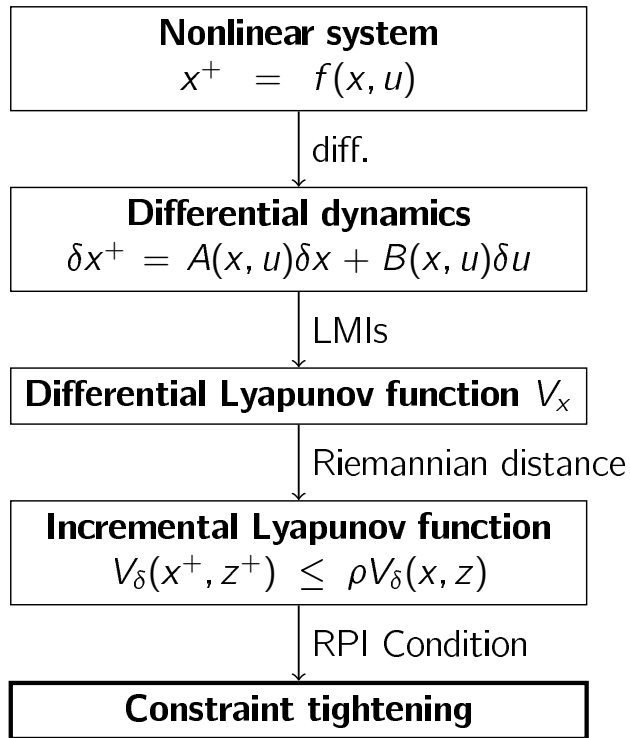
Nonlinear robust MPC

RPI Condition for $\Omega = \{x, z \mid V_\delta(x, z) \leq \delta\}$:

$$(f(x, \kappa(x, z, v) + w, f(z, v)) \in \Omega, \forall w \in \mathcal{W}, (x, z) \in \Omega$$

Exercise: Using the incremental Lyapunov function $V_\delta(x, z) = \|x - z\|_P$, show i-ISS.

$$\begin{aligned} V_\delta(x^+, z^+) &= \|f(x, \kappa(x, z, v) + w) - f(z, v)\|_P \\ &\leq \|f(x, \kappa(x, z, v)) - f(z, v)\|_P + \|w\|_P \\ &\leq \underbrace{\rho \|x - z\|_P}_{\text{decrease}} + \underbrace{\alpha_w(\|w\|)}_{\text{decrease}} \end{aligned}$$



Nonlinear robust MPC

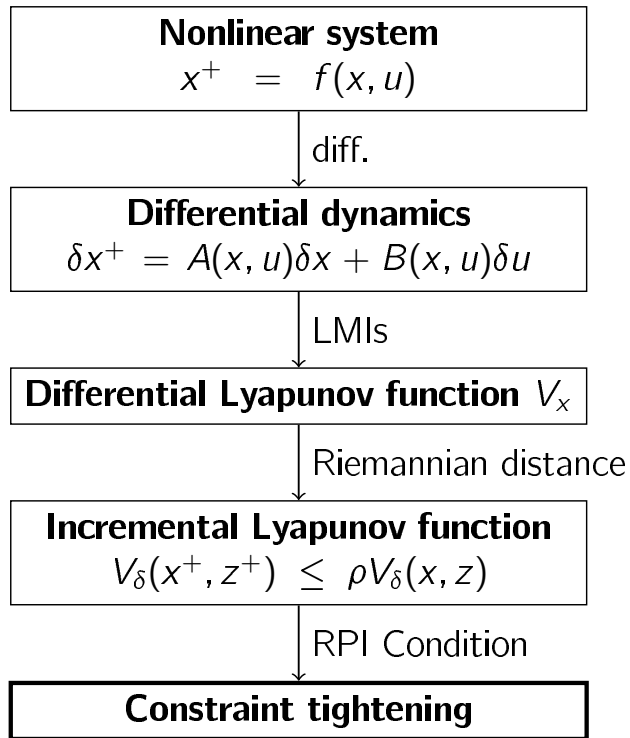
RPI Condition for $\Omega = \{x, z \mid V_\delta(x, z) \leq \delta\}$:

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Exercise: Using the incremental Lyapunov function $V_\delta(x, z) = \|x - z\|_P$, show i-ISS.

$$\begin{aligned} V_\delta(x^+, z^+) &= \|f(x, \kappa(x, z, v)) + w - f(z, v)\|_P \\ &\leq \|f(x, \kappa(x, z, v)) - f(z, v)\|_P + \|w\|_P \\ &\leq \underbrace{\rho \|x - z\|_P}_{\text{decrease}} + \underbrace{\alpha_w(\|w\|)}_{\alpha_w(\|w\|)} \end{aligned}$$

Using $\bar{\alpha}_w = \max_{w \in \mathcal{W}} \alpha_w(\|w\|)$, choose $\delta = \frac{\bar{\alpha}_w}{1-\rho}$ for RPI.



Nonlinear robust MPC

State Constraints: $\mathcal{X} = \{x \mid A_x x \leq b_x\}$

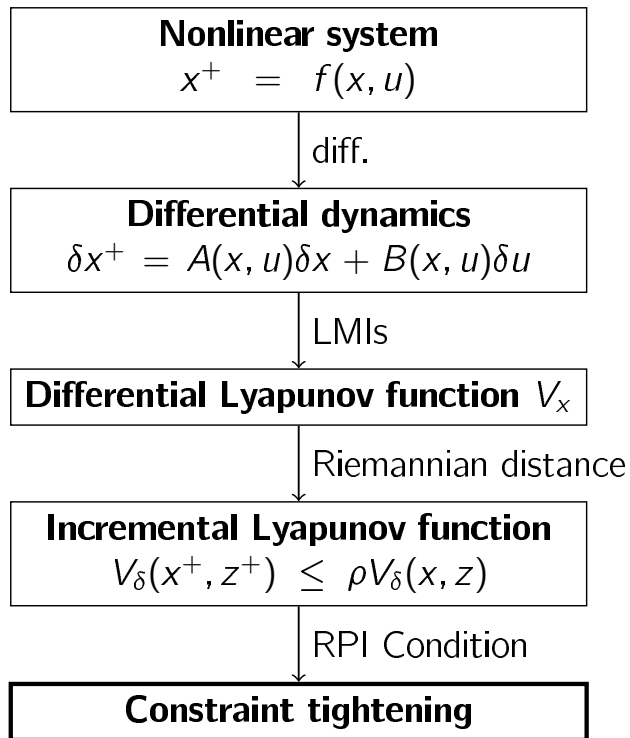
$$\begin{aligned} [A_x]_i x &= [A_x]_i (z + e) \leq [b_x]_i \\ \Rightarrow [A_x]_i z &\leq [b_x]_i - \underbrace{[A_x]_i e}_{\text{tightening}} \end{aligned}$$

Using $y := P^{\frac{1}{2}} e$, we have

$$\begin{aligned} [A_x]_i e &= [A_x]_i P^{-\frac{1}{2}} y \\ &\leq \|P^{-\frac{1}{2}} [A_x]_i^T\|_2 \|y\|_2 \quad (\text{Cauchy-Schwarz}) \\ &\leq \|P^{-\frac{1}{2}} [A_x]_i^T\|_2 \delta \quad (\Omega = \{y \mid \|y\|_2 \leq \delta\}) \end{aligned}$$

Homework: Derive the input constraint tightening.

Tightening: $[A_u]^T K(x-z)$
 $\leq \|P^{1/2} K^T [A_u]^T\|_2 \delta$



Nonlinear robust MPC

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As terminal ingredients, use $\mathcal{X}_f = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \right\}^1$ and $l_f(z_N) = 0$.

¹Terminal equality can be used for ISS if the system is weakly controllable, see MPC book p.116.

Nonlinear robust MPC

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_N^*(x(k)) = \min_{V, z_0} \quad & \sum_{i=0}^{N-1} z_i^T Q z_i + v_i^T R v_i \\
 \text{s.t.} \quad & z_{i+1} = f(z_i, v_i), \quad i \in [0, N-1], \\
 & [A_x]_j z_i \leq [b_x]_j - \|P^{-\frac{1}{2}} [A_x]_j^T\|_2 \frac{\bar{\alpha}_w}{1-\rho}, \quad i \in [0, N-1], j \in [1, n_x], \\
 & [A_u]_j v_i \leq [b_u]_j - \|P^{-\frac{1}{2}} K^T [A_u]_j^T\|_2 \frac{\bar{\alpha}_w}{1-\rho}, \quad i \in [0, N-1], j \in [1, n_u], \\
 & z_N = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \\
 & \|x(k) - z_0\|_P \leq \delta
 \end{aligned}$$