## 1. Create a list with the names called image\_files

```
In [39]: import os
         import matplotlib.image as mpimg
         import numpy as np
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from PIL import Image
         from sklearn import neighbors
         path = "/Users/roja/Downloads/images2/"
         image_files = os.listdir(path)
         image_files
Out[39]: ['farm8.jpg',
           'desert8.jpg',
           '.DS_Store',
           'city2.jpg',
           'city3.jpg',
           'city1.jpg',
           'city4.jpg',
           'city5.jpg',
           'test1.jpg',
           'test3.jpg',
           'city7.jpg',
           'city6.jpg',
           'test2.jpg',
           'city8.jpg',
           'desert7.jpg',
           '.ipynb checkpoints',
           'farm2.jpg',
           'farm3.jpg',
           'desert6.jpg',
           'desert4.jpg',
           'farm1.jpg',
           'desert5.jpg',
           'farm4.jpg',
           'desert1.jpg',
           'farm5.jpg',
           'farm7.jpg',
           'desert2.jpg',
           'desert3.jpg',
           'farm6.jpg']
```

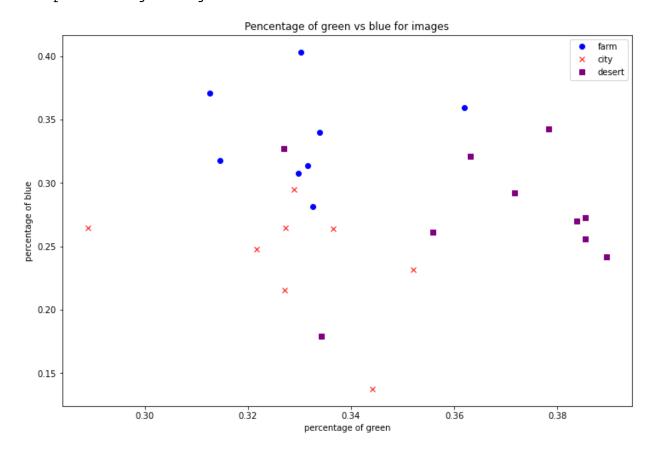
### 2. Create the scatter plot in the first page

```
In [40]: import os
         import matplotlib.image as mpimg
         import numpy as np
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from PIL import Image
         from sklearn import neighbors
         path = "/Users/roja/Downloads/images2/"
         imagefiles = ['city1.jpg', 'city2.jpg', 'city3.jpg', 'city4.jpg',
          'city5.jpg', 'city6.jpg', 'city7.jpg', 'city8.jpg',
          'desert1.jpg', 'desert2.jpg', 'desert3.jpg', 'desert4.jpg',
          'desert5.jpg', 'desert6.jpg', 'desert7.jpg', 'desert8.jpg','farm1.jpg', 'fa
          'farm5.jpg', 'farm6.jpg', 'farm7.jpg', 'farm8.jpg', 'test1.jpg', 'test2.jpg'
         # pernctages of green and blue colors in each catergory of images
         g percent= []
         b_percent= []
         for im in imagefiles:
              img = mpimg.imread(path+im)
              rgb = np.array(img).mean(axis=(0,1))
             t = rgb[0] + rgb[1] + rgb[2]
              g percent.append(rgb[1]/t)
              b_percent.append(rgb[2]/t)
         f_g = g_percent[0:8]
         f b = b percent[0:8]
         print('Percentage of green color in farm images is:', f g)
         print('Percentage of blue color in farm images is:', f b)
         c g = g percent[8:16]
         c_b = b_percent[8:16]
         print('Percentage of green color in city images is:', c g)
         print('Percentage of blue color in city images is:', c b)
         d_g = g_percent[16:26]
         d b = b percent[16:26]
         print('Percentage of green color in desert images is:', d g)
         print('Percentage of blue color in desert images is:', d b)
         #scatter plot
         plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
         plt.plot(f_g, f_b, 'o', color='blue', label ="farm")
plt.plot(c_g, c_b, 'x', color='red', label ="city")
         plt.plot(d_g, d_b, 's', color='purple', label ="desert")
         plt.title("Pencentage of green vs blue for images")
```

```
plt.xlabel("percentage of green")
plt.ylabel("percentage of blue")
plt.legend(["farm","city","desert"])
```

Percentage of green color in farm images is: [0.3338467930412881, 0.31457 98947161084, 0.32982159222616164, 0.3302142216023482, 0.3126774452579913, 0.36200550003320575, 0.3326393074627567, 0.33155647847549335] Percentage of blue color in farm images is: [0.33987007505544775, 0.31740 954537386984, 0.30761097231014695, 0.4032948263728943, 0.370680469352461 8, 0.3592237167477091, 0.2812241449923416, 0.3138749350290284] Percentage of green color in city images is: [0.2889915365854203, 0.32887 46497784961, 0.32171351112006713, 0.3520926067264411, 0.3271851263163745 3, 0.33655681001293364, 0.3441919206452676, 0.32732039192104917] Percentage of blue color in city images is: [0.2647862205478914, 0.294612 8831876114, 0.24749944089149414, 0.2317126103798501, 0.2156491053354232, 0.2638719030231327, 0.1374953806468185, 0.26438328280357887] Percentage of green color in desert images is: [0.38537916213835416, 0.38 947876516901914, 0.37176749098686257, 0.3853494059331435, 0.3836885427597 768, 0.3782235141367888, 0.3557784135089085, 0.36318263603850426, 0.32695 920083037133, 0.3342938446981946] Percentage of blue color in desert images is: [0.2725025827290944, 0.2416 6749580794727, 0.29236929740095713, 0.25567274038089727, 0.26974448694522 92, 0.3424372370985558, 0.2613897337397366, 0.3207925148928169, 0.3268851 262195992, 0.179367888713062281

Out[40]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7fe6c22ba2b0>



### 3. Now create an array of strings called training\_target with the category of each.

```
In [41]: training_target = ['farm', 'farm', 'farm', 'farm', 'farm', 'farm', 'farm', 'farm', 'city', 'city', 'city', 'city', 'city', 'city', 'desert', '
```

# 4. Create an empty array of zeros called training\_data that will eventually store the percent green and percent blue values.

```
In [42]: training data= np.zeros((24,2))
         print(training_data)
         [0.0.]
          [0. 0.]
          [0. 0.]
          [0.0.]
          [0. 0.]
          [0.0.]
          [0.0.]
          [0.0.]
          [0.0.]
          [0.0.]
          [0. 0.]
          [0. 0.]
          [0.0.]
          [0.0.]
          [0.0.]
          [0. 0.]
          [0. 0.]
          [0.0.]
          [0.0.]
          [0.0.]
          [0.0.]
          [0.0.]
          [0.0.]
          [0. 0.]]
```

### 5. Now fill the training\_data array with the proper values for each image and

```
In [43]: for i in range (0,len(training_data)):
             training data[i] = [g percent[i],b percent[i]]
         print(training_data)
         [[0.33384679 0.33987008]
          [0.31457989 0.31740955]
          [0.32982159 0.30761097]
          [0.33021422 0.40329483]
          [0.31267745 0.37068047]
          [0.3620055 0.35922372]
          [0.33263931 0.28122414]
          [0.33155648 0.31387494]
          [0.28899154 0.26478622]
          [0.32887465 0.29461288]
          [0.32171351 0.24749944]
          [0.35209261 0.23171261]
          [0.32718513 0.21564911]
          [0.33655681 0.2638719 ]
          [0.34419192 0.13749538]
          [0.32732039 0.26438328]
          [0.38537916 0.27250258]
          [0.38947877 0.2416675 ]
          [0.37176749 0.2923693 ]
          [0.38534941 0.25567274]
          [0.38368854 0.26974449]
          [0.37822351 0.34243724]
          [0.35577841 0.26138973]
          [0.36318264 0.32079251]]
```

#### 6. Create your classifier.

```
In [44]: #using KNN with n=1
knn = neighbors.KNeighborsClassifier(1,weights='distance')
knn
Out[44]: KNeighborsClassifier(n neighbors=1, weights='distance')
```

#### 7. Train your classifier.

```
In [45]: knn= knn.fit(training_data,training_target)
knn

Out[45]: KNeighborsClassifier(n neighbors=1, weights='distance')
```

8. Now create an empty test\_data array and fill it with the proper values for each test image and observe the filled array and consider if it matches your expectations based on your observations of the images.

### 9. Predict the class of the test images.

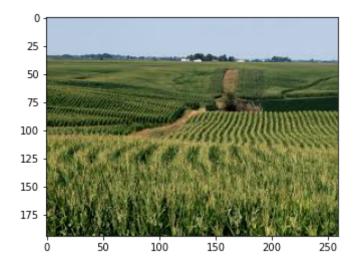
```
In [47]: predict = knn.predict(test_data)
print(predict)

['farm' 'city' 'city']
```

10. Print the prediction from the test images and compare with the actual images shown below. Make this comparison clear in the output of your code (e.g. prepend with 'predicted:' and 'actual:'). Try to explain any errors if you note any.

```
In [48]: actual = ['city','desert','farm']
for i in range(0,3):
    print(" PREDICTED -", predict[i] , " ACTUAL -", actual[i])
    plt.imshow(mpimg.imread(path+image_files[24+i]))
    plt.show()
```

PREDICTED - farm ACTUAL - city



PREDICTED - city ACTUAL - desert



PREDICTED - city ACTUAL - farm

