# Assignment 2 Design

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## 1 Purpose

The purpose of this program is to implement user-built trigonometric functions such as sin, cosine, arcsin, arccosine, arctangent, and log. It also compares our user-built functions to the corresponding implementation to the standard library <math.h> with a test harness. The test harness passes the functions and outputs the results into a table.

### 2 Mathlib-test.c

#### 2.1 headers: needed to use some commands

#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h> in order to run getopt
#include <math.h> to get M\_PI
#include <stdlib.h> to get exit()
#include "mathlib.h" to get my functions
define the "ascSCTL" flags

## 2.2 sin function: prints the table for the sin function

#### define the test function for sin()

print the x, sin, Library, Difference header print the lining under headers

a for loop initializing the double float i as 0, evaluating the expression until as long as i is less than or equal to 2\*pi, and updating i by incrementing it by 0.05\*pi

printing x,  $\sin(x)$ , the official  $\sin(x)$  value, and the difference print a newline character for readability return

## 2.3 cos function: prints the table for the cos function

#### define the test function for cos()

print the x, cos, Library, Difference header print the lining under headers

a for loop initializing the double float i as 0, evaluating the expression until as long as i is less than or equal to 2\*pi, and updating i by incrementing it by 0.05\*pi

printing x,  $\cos(x)$ , the official  $\cos(x)$  value, and the difference print a newline character for readability return

## 2.4 arcsin function: prints the table for the arcsin function

#### define the test function for arcsin()

print the x, arcsin, Library, Difference header print the lining under headers

a for loop initializing the double float i as -1, evaluating the expression until as long as i is less than 1, and updating i by incrementing it by 0.05

 $printing \ x, \ arcsin(x), the \ official \ arcsin(x) \ value, \ and \ the \ difference$   $print \ a \ newline \ character \ for \ readability$  return

## 2.5 arccos function: prints the table for the arccos function

#### define the **test function for arccos()**

print the x, arccos, Library, Difference header print the lining under headers

a for loop initializing the double float i as -1, evaluating the expression until as long as i is less than 1, and updating i by incrementing it by 0.05

 $printing \ x, \ arccos(x), \ the \ official \ arccos(x) \ value, \ and \ the \ difference$   $print \ a \ newline \ character \ for \ readability$  return

#### 2.6 arctan function: prints the table for the arctain function

#### define the **test function for arctan()**

print the x, arctan, Library, Difference header

print the lining under headers

a for loop initializing the double float i as 1, evaluating the expression until as long as i is less than 10, and updating i by incrementing it by 0.05

 $printing \ x, \ arctan(x), \ the \ official \ arctan(x) \ value, \ and \ the \ difference$   $print \ a \ newline \ character \ for \ readability$  return

#### 2.7 log function: prints the table for the log function

## define the **test function for log()**

print the x, log, Library, Difference header

print the lining under headers

a for loop initializing the double float i as 1, evaluating the expression until as long as i is less than 10, and updating i by incrementing it by 0.05

 $printing \ x, log(x), the \ official \ log(x) \ value, and the \ difference$   $print \ a \ newline \ character \ for \ readability$  return

## 2.8 main function: determines what calling certain flags would run

define the  ${\bf main\ function}$  which accepts \*\*argv as a character and argc as an integer defining the opt variable as 0

a while loop which runs as long as one of the flags are called

case 's' where the test function for sin runs

case 'c' where the test function for cos runs

case 'S' where the test function for arcsin runs

case 'C' where the test function for arccos runs

case 'I' where the test function for log runs

case 'a' where all of the test functions are called then exits

return 0 to prove that the program ran successfully

#### 3 Mathlib.c

#### 3.1 headers: needed to run some commands and define variables

#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h> to get M\_PI
#include <assert.h> to use assert
#include "mathlib.h" to get my functions
#define EPSILON as 1xE-10

#### 3.2 absolute value function: needed to compare values against epsilon

define the **my\_abs** function accepting x as a double float define the variable y as an integer if x < y, return negative x else, return x

#### 3.3 square root function: needed for the arctan function

define the **my\_sqrt** function accepting x as a double float making sure that x is greater than or equal to 0 defining the f and y variables as a doubles a while loop that compares x to 4

```
assigning x to itself divided by 4 assigning f to itself multiplied by 2 defining the guess variable as a double float a for loop initializing the guess double float variable, evaluating if the absolute value of (y - guess) is greater than EPSILON, and updating y by dividing (y + x / y) by 2 assigning guess to y return f * y
```

## 3.4 sin function: computes the sin of a value

```
define the my_sin function accepting x as a double float
define the variable total, num, denom and previous as double floats
defining the variable de_var as an integer
assigning num/denom to previous
a while loop that compares the absolute value of previous to EPSILON
assigning num to itself * x * x * -1
assigning denom to itself * de_var + 1 * de_var + 2
assigning previous to num/denom
assigning total to itself + previous
incrementing de_var by 2
return the total
```

#### 3.4.1 cos function: computes the cos of a value

```
define the my_cos function accepting x as a double float
define the total, num, denom and previous variable as double floats
define the de_var variable as an integer
assigning num/denom to previous
a while loop that compares the absolute value of previous to EPSILON
assigning num to itself * x * x * -1
assigning denom to itself * (2 * de_var) * (2 * de_var - 1)
assigning previous to num/denom
assigning total to itself + previous
incrementing de_var by 1
return the total
```

## 3.5 arcsin function: computes the arcsin of a value

```
define the my_arcsin function accepting x as a double float
define the previous and current variable as double floats
define the i variable as an int
if x is negative, make x positive and set i as negative
a while loop that compares the absolute value of ((sin(previous) - x)/ cos(previous)) to EPSILON
```

```
assign current to previous - ((\sin(previous) - x) / \cos(previous)) assigning previous to current returning previous * i
```

## 3.6 arccos function: computes the arccos of a value

define the  $my\_arccos$  function accepting x as a double float return ((pi/2) - sin(x))

## 3.7 arctan function: computes the arctan of a value

define the **my\_arctan** function accepting x as a double float return  $\arccos(1 / \operatorname{sqrt}(x * x + 1))$ 

## 3.8 exponential function: needed for the log function

define the static Exp function accepting x as a double float define the t and y variables as double floats a for loop initializing the k double float variable as 1, evaluating that t is greater than EPSILON, and updating k by incrementing it by 1 assigning t to itself multiplied by x / k assigning y to itself multiplied by t return y

#### 3.9 log function: computes the log of a value

define the my\_log function accepting x as a double float
define the variable excess as an integer
define the total and e variables as double floats
a while loop that runs if x is greater than e
assigning x to itself divided by e
assigning excess to itself plus an increment by 1
define the variable diff as a double float with (x - Exp(total))/Exp(total)
a while loop which compares the absolute value of (x - Exp(total)) with EPSILON
assigning total to itself plus diff
assigning diff with (x - Exp(total))/Exp(total)
return total + excess