

$$\left(\frac{n-m}{2}\right) 2^{-n}$$

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Markov Space

Prove, that $P(S_n=m) = \left(\frac{n}{n+m}\right) 2^{-n}$

Since we assume that m is reachable,
we should have some $k \in \mathbb{Z}$ & $l \in \mathbb{Z}$, where $k = \text{num of paths } (+1)$ &
 $l = \text{num of paths } (-1)$. Since their order doesn't
matter, we may find $\binom{k+l}{l}$ or $\binom{k+l}{k}$ paths for a given

reachable m , Note that $k+l=m$.

$$\text{thus } N(n,m) = \binom{k+l}{l} = \binom{\frac{t}{2}}{\frac{t+m}{2}} = \binom{n}{\frac{n+m}{2}} = \binom{n}{\frac{n-m}{2}}$$

Since
 $\frac{n-m}{2}$

$$\boxed{n - \frac{n+m}{2} = \frac{n-m}{2}}$$

As we have 2^{-n} paths,

$$P(S_n=m) = \frac{N(n,m) \cdot 2^{-n}}{2^n} = \frac{\binom{n}{\frac{n-m}{2}}}{2^n}$$

