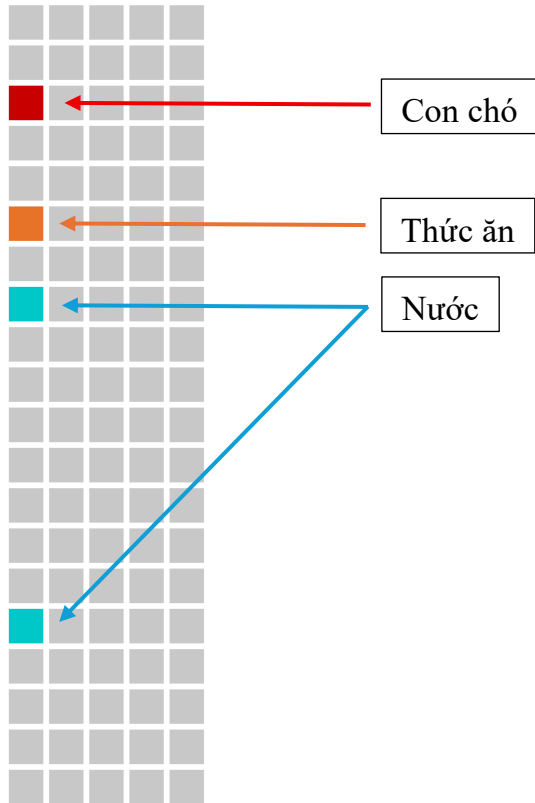


TRÍ TUỆ NHÂN TẠO

LAB 02 – AGENTS 2D

Trong bài thực hành này, chúng ta muốn xây dựng một tác nhân (Agent) là một con Chó, tuy nhiên con Chó này bị mù.



BlindDog decided to move down at location: [0, 2]

Chúng ta bổ sung thêm một vài đối tượng như vật cản (Obstacle), tường (Wall):

```
class Obstacle(Thing):  
    """Something that can cause a bump, preventing an agent from  
    moving into the same square it's in."""  
    pass  
  
class Wall(Obstacle):  
    pass
```

Lớp **Direction** – để các Agents có thể di chuyển trong mặt phẳng 2D.

```
class Direction:
    R = "right"
    L = "left"
    U = "up"
    D = "down"

    def __init__(self, direction):
        self.direction = direction

    def __add__(self, heading):
        """
        >>> d = Direction('right')
        >>> l1 = d.__add__(Direction.L)
        >>> l2 = d.__add__(Direction.R)
        >>> l1.direction
        'up'
        >>> l2.direction
        'down'

        >>> d = Direction('down')
        >>> l1 = d.__add__('right')
        >>> l2 = d.__add__('left')
        >>> l1.direction == Direction.L
        True
        >>> l2.direction == Direction.R
        True
        """
        if self.direction == self.R:
            return {
                self.R: Direction(self.D),
                self.L: Direction(self.U),
            }.get(heading, None)
        elif self.direction == self.L:
            return {
                self.R: Direction(self.U),
                self.L: Direction(self.D),
            }.get(heading, None)
        elif self.direction == self.U:
            return {
                self.R: Direction(self.R),
                self.L: Direction(self.L),
            }.get(heading, None)
        elif self.direction == self.D:
            return {
                self.R: Direction(self.L),
                self.L: Direction(self.R),
            }.get(heading, None)

    def move_forward(self, from_location):
        """
        >>> d = Direction('up')
        >>> l1 = d.move_forward((0, 0))

```

```

>>> l1
(0, -1)
>>> d = Direction(Direction.R)
>>> l1 = d.move_forward((0, 0))
>>> l1
(1, 0)
"""
# get the iterable class to return
iclass = from_location.__class__
x, y = from_location
if self.direction == self.R:
    return iclass((x + 1, y))
elif self.direction == self.L:
    return iclass((x - 1, y))
elif self.direction == self.U:
    return iclass((x, y - 1))
elif self.direction == self.D:
    return iclass((x, y + 1))

```

Lớp **XYEnvironment** cho môi trường trong mặt phẳng 2D với các vị trí là các điểm (x, y).

```

class XYEnvironment(Environment):
    """This class is for environments on a 2D plane, with locations
    labelled by (x, y) points, either discrete or continuous.

    Agents perceive things within a radius. Each agent in the
    environment has a .location slot which should be a location such
    as (0, 1), and a .holding slot, which should be a list of things
    that are held."""

    def __init__(self, width=10, height=10):
        super().__init__()

        self.width = width
        self.height = height
        self.observers = []
        # Sets iteration start and end (no walls).
        self.x_start, self.y_start = (0, 0)
        self.x_end, self.y_end = (self.width, self.height)

        perceptible_distance = 1

    def things_near(self, location, radius=None):
        """Return all things within radius of location."""
        if radius is None:
            radius = self.perceptible_distance
        radius2 = radius * radius
        return [(thing, radius2 - distance_squared(location,
            thing.location))
                for thing in self.things if distance_squared(
                    location, thing.location) <= radius2]

```

```

def percept(self, agent):
    """By default, agent perceives things within a default radius."""
    return self.things_near(agent.location)

def execute_action(self, agent, action):
    agent.bump = False
    if action == 'TurnRight':
        agent.direction += Direction.R
    elif action == 'TurnLeft':
        agent.direction += Direction.L
    elif action == 'Forward':
        agent.bump = self.move_to(agent,
agent.direction.move_forward(agent.location))
    elif action == 'Grab':
        things = [thing for thing in self.list_things_at(agent.location)
if agent.can_grab(thing)]
        if things:
            agent.holding.append(things[0])
            print("Grabbing ", things[0].__class__.__name__)
            self.delete_thing(things[0])
    elif action == 'Release':
        if agent.holding:
            dropped = agent.holding.pop()
            print("Dropping ", dropped.__class__.__name__)
            self.add_thing(dropped, location=agent.location)

def default_location(self, thing):
    location = self.random_location_inbounds()
    while self.some_things_at(location, Obstacle):
        # we will find a random location with no obstacles
        location = self.random_location_inbounds()
    return location

def move_to(self, thing, destination):
    """Move a thing to a new location. Returns True on success or False
if there is an Obstacle.
    If thing is holding anything, they move with him."""
    thing.bump = self.some_things_at(destination, Obstacle)
    if not thing.bump:
        thing.location = destination
        for o in self.observers:
            o.thing_moved(thing)
        for t in thing.holding:
            self.delete_thing(t)
            self.add_thing(t, destination)
            t.location = destination
    return thing.bump

def add_thing(self, thing, location=None,
exclude_duplicate_class_items=False):
    """Add things to the world. If (exclude_duplicate_class_items) then
the item won't be
    added if the location has at least one item of the same class."""
    if location is None:
        super().add_thing(thing)
    elif self.is_inbounds(location):
        if (exclude_duplicate_class_items and

```

```

        any(isinstance(t, thing.__class__) for t in
self.list_things_at(location)):
        return
        super().add_thing(thing, location)

    def is_inbounds(self, location):
        """Checks to make sure that the location is inbounds (within walls
if we have walls)"""
        x, y = location
        return not (x < self.x_start or x > self.x_end or y < self.y_start
or y > self.y_end)

    def random_location_inbounds(self, exclude=None):
        """Returns a random location that is inbounds (within walls if we
have walls)"""
        location = (random.randint(self.x_start, self.x_end),
                    random.randint(self.y_start, self.y_end))
        if exclude is not None:
            while location == exclude:
                location = (random.randint(self.x_start, self.x_end),
                            random.randint(self.y_start, self.y_end))
        return location

    def delete_thing(self, thing):
        """Deletes thing, and everything it is holding (if thing is an
agent)"""
        if isinstance(thing, Agent):
            del thing.holding

        super().delete_thing(thing)
        for obs in self.observers:
            obs.thing_deleted(thing)

    def add_walls(self):
        """Put walls around the entire perimeter of the grid."""
        for x in range(self.width):
            self.add_thing(Wall(), (x, 0))
            self.add_thing(Wall(), (x, self.height - 1))
        for y in range(1, self.height - 1):
            self.add_thing(Wall(), (0, y))
            self.add_thing(Wall(), (self.width - 1, y))

        # Updates iteration start and end (with walls).
        self.x_start, self.y_start = (1, 1)
        self.x_end, self.y_end = (self.width - 1, self.height - 1)

    def add_observer(self, observer):
        """Adds an observer to the list of observers.
An observer is typically an EnvGUI.

        Each observer is notified of changes in move_to and add_thing,
        by calling the observer's methods thing_moved(thing)
        and thing_added(thing, loc)."""
        self.observers.append(observer)

    def turn_heading(self, heading, inc):
        """Return the heading to the left (inc=+1) or right (inc=-1) of

```

```
heading."""
    return turn_heading(heading, inc)
```

Lớp GraphicEnvironment để hiển thị ra giao diện:

```
from ipythonblocks import BlockGrid
from IPython.display import HTML, display, clear_output
from time import sleep

from agents import XYEnvironment

class GraphicEnvironment(XYEnvironment):
    def __init__(self, width=10, height=10, boundary=True, color={},
display=False):
        """Define all the usual XYEnvironment characteristics,
        but initialise a BlockGrid for GUI too."""
        super().__init__(width, height)
        self.grid = BlockGrid(width, height, fill=(200, 200, 200))
        if display:
            self.grid.show()
            self.visible = True
        else:
            self.visible = False
        self.bounded = boundary
        self.colors = color

    def get_world(self):
        """Returns all the items in the world in a format
        understandable by the ipythonblocks BlockGrid."""
        result = []
        x_start, y_start = (0, 0)
        x_end, y_end = self.width, self.height
        for x in range(x_start, x_end):
            row = []
            for y in range(y_start, y_end):
                row.append(self.list_things_at((x, y)))
            result.append(row)
        return result

    """
    def run(self, steps=1000, delay=1):
        """ "Run the Environment for given number of time steps,
        but update the GUI too." """
        for step in range(steps):
            sleep(delay)
            if self.visible:
                self.reveal()
            if self.is_done():
                if self.visible:
                    self.reveal()
                return
            self.step()
```

```

        if self.visible:
            self.reveal()
    """

    def run(self, steps=1000, delay=1):
        """Run the Environment for given number of time steps,
        but update the GUI too."""
        for step in range(steps):
            self.update(delay)
            if self.is_done():
                break
            self.step()
        self.update(delay)

    def update(self, delay=1):
        sleep(delay)
        self.reveal()

    def reveal(self):
        """Display the BlockGrid for this world - the last thing to be added
        at a location defines the location color."""
        self.draw_world()
        # wait for the world to update and
        # apply changes to the same grid instead
        # of making a new one.
        clear_output(1)
        self.grid.show()
        self.visible = True

    def draw_world(self):
        self.grid[:] = (200, 200, 200)
        world = self.get_world()
        for x in range(0, len(world)):
            for y in range(0, len(world[x])):
                if len(world[x][y]):
                    self.grid[y, x] = self.colors[world[x][y][-
1].__class__.__name__]

    def conceal(self):
        """Hide the BlockGrid for this world"""
        self.visible = False
        display(HTML(''))

```

Lớp Công viên trong mặt phẳng 2 chiều (Park2D):

```

class Park2D(GraphicEnvironment):
    def percept(self, agent):
        '''return a list of things that are in our agent's location'''
        things = self.list_things_at(agent.location)
        return things

    def execute_action(self, agent, action):

```

```

        '''changes the state of the environment based on what the agent
        does.'''
        if action == "move down":
            print('{} decided to {} at location: {}'.format(str(agent)[1:-
1], action, agent.location))
            agent.movedown()
        elif action == "eat":
            items = self.list_things_at(agent.location, tclass=Food)
            if len(items) != 0:
                if agent.eat(items[0]): # Have the dog eat the first item
                    print('{} ate {} at location: {}'.format(str(agent)[1:-1], str(items[0])[1:-1],
agent.location))
                    self.delete_thing(items[0]) # Delete it from the Park
after.
            elif action == "drink":
                items = self.list_things_at(agent.location, tclass=Water)
                if len(items) != 0:
                    if agent.drink(items[0]): # Have the dog drink the first
item
                        print('{} drank {} at location: {}'.format(str(agent)[1:-1], str(items[0])[1:-1],
agent.location))
                        self.delete_thing(items[0]) # Delete it from the Park
after.

        def is_done(self):
            '''By default, we're done when we can't find a live agent,
            but to prevent killing our cute dog, we will stop before itself -
            when there is no more food or water'''
            no_edibles = not any(isinstance(thing, Food) or isinstance(thing,
Water) for thing in self.things)
            dead_agents = not any(agent.is_alive() for agent in self.agents)
            return dead_agents or no_edibles

```

Lớp BlindDog

```

class BlindDog(Agent):
    location = [0, 1] # change location to a 2d value
    direction = Direction("down") # variable to store the direction our dog
is facing

    def movedown(self):
        self.location[1] += 1

    def eat(self, thing):
        '''returns True upon success or False otherwise'''
        if isinstance(thing, Food):
            return True
        return False

    def drink(self, thing):

```



```
''' returns True upon success or False otherwise'''  
if isinstance(thing, Water):  
    return True  
return False
```

Chạy trên Colab:

```
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    park = Park2D(5, 20, color={'BlindDog': (200, 0, 0), 'Water': (0, 200, 200),  
                               'Food': (230, 115, 40)}) # park width is set to 5, and height to 20  
    dog = BlindDog(program)  
    dogfood = Food()  
    water = Water()  
    park.add_thing(dog, [0, 1])  
    park.add_thing(dogfood, [0, 5])  
    park.add_thing(water, [0, 7])  
    morewater = Water()  
    park.add_thing(morewater, [0, 15])  
    print("BlindDog starts at (1,1) facing downwards, lets see if he can find any food!")  
    park.run(20)
```