

Algorithmic Trading A-Z

with Python and Machine Learning

What is Algorithmic Trading?

Two major aspects of Algo Trading

Clear Strategy / Plan

- Pre-programmed Rules / Algorithms
- Learning Algorithms (Machine Learning / AI)

Automated Trading

- Trades executed by computers not humans
- high-frequency Trading (HFT)
- complex strategies / algorithms

Applications and Use Cases

Transaction cost reduction (VWAP, TWAP, Implementation Shortfall)

→ Break down large orders into small orders to be placed over time.

Portfolio Rebalancing

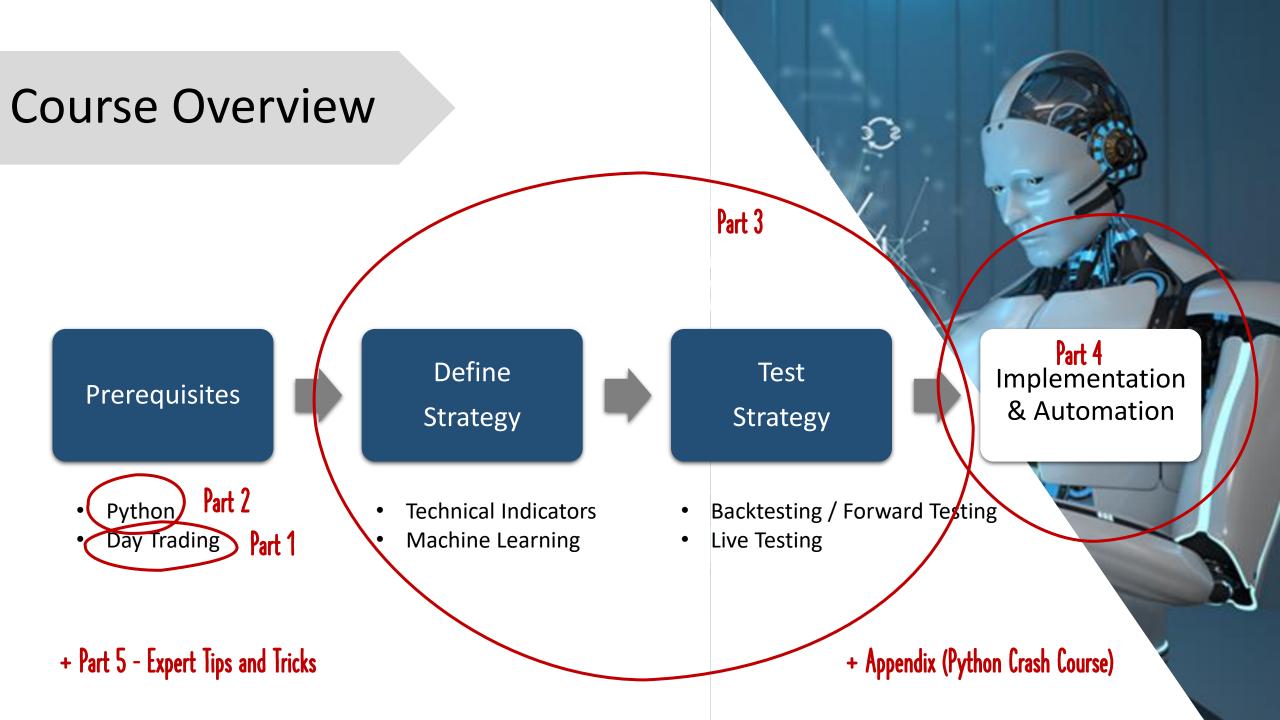
→ Rebalance portfolio constituents to target weights.

Robo Investing / Robo Advising

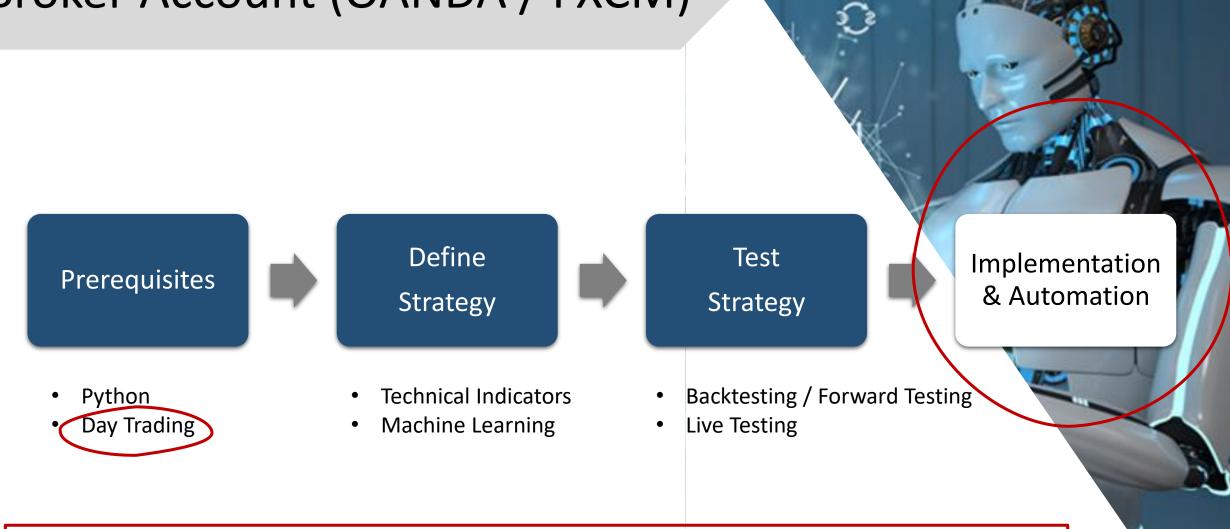
→ Asset Allocation, Portfolio Optimization, Portfolio Management and Rebalancing with minimal human intervention (for long-term Investments)

Market Timing ("alpha-generating strategies")

- Timing trades (long and short positions) to benefit from mispricing / market inefficiencies.
- Independent from general market trends (works in bull and bear markets).
- Technical Indicators (e.g. Moving Averages) and other Pattern Recognition Techniques (Machine Learning / AI) are used. \rightarrow Algorithmic Day Trading







In some Countries, CFD/FOREX Trading is prohibited / Brokers not available (Japan, Korea, Russia, Turkey).