| Name: | | |
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• Instructions:

Signature:

- Show your work to receive partial credit.
- Keep your eyes on your own paper and do your best to prevent anyone else from seeing your work.
- Do NOT communicate with anyone other than the professor/proctor for ANY reason in ANY language in ANY manner.
- This exam is closed notes, closed books, no calculator.
- Turn all mobile devices off and put them away now. You cannot have them on your desk.
- Write neatly and clearly indicate your answers. What I cannot read, I will assume to be incorrect.
- Stop writing when told to do so at the end of the exam. I will take 5 points off your exam if I have to tell you multiple times.
- Academic misconduct will not be tolerated. Suspected academic misconduct will be immediately referred to the Rollins Honor Council. Penalties for misconduct will be a zero on this exam, an F grade in the course, and/or other disciplinary action that may be applied by the Rollins Honor Council.
- Time: This exam has 5 questions on 9 pages including the title page. Please check to make sure all pages are included. You will have 75 minutes to complete this exam.

| On my honor, I have not given, nor received, nor witnessed any unauthorized assistance on this work. Also, I have |
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| read and understand the above policies for this exam. |
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| Question: | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | Total |
|-----------|----|---|---|----|----|-------|
| Points: | 23 | 8 | 6 | 12 | 21 | 70 |
| Score: | | | | | | |

1.

| | e Conversions: Convert the following numbers. (2 points) 85 ₁₀ to 8 bit binary (base 2) |
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| | |
| b) | (2 points) -57_{10} to 8 bit sign-magnitude binary. |
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| (c) | (2 points) -57_{10} to 8 bit 2's complement binary. |
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| d) | (2 points) 011000111101_2 to octal (base 8) |
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| | |
| e) | (3 points) $C2F_{16}$ to binary (base 2) |

2

| Sample | Midterm Exam (cont.) |
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| (f) | (4 points) -12.875_{10} to IEEE single precision (32 bit) floating point decimal number. |
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| (g) | (4 points) 108_{10} to base 5. |
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| (h) | (4 points) Encode "Hi!" as a C-style string. Give your answer as either hex or binary. |
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 $_{
m v1}$

- 2. For each of the following, select the single best answer.
 - (a) (1 point) Which of the following expressions gives the value stored at the address pointed to by the pointer (reference variable)a?
 - A. a
 - B. *a
 - C. &a
 - D. val(a)
 - E. *(*a)
 - (b) (1 point) Consider the following snippet of code which Dr. Summet has written to print out 20 integer values:

```
int data[20];
int i;
for(i = 0; i <= 20; i++) {
  printf("%i ", data[i]);
}</pre>
```

When Dr. Summet tries to compile her code with gcc -o firstTry firstTry.c and run it, what will happen?

- A. The code will contains a syntax error and not compile.
- B. The code will compile, and print 20 integers.
- C. The code will compile, but will not print all 20 integers.
- D. The code will compile and print too many integers.
- E. There are no errors and the code will run as Dr. Summet expects.
- (c) (1 point) Dr. Summet is trying again. Now she has written the following code and wants to count the number of 1's in her array.

```
int data[] = {1, 2, 1, 1, 2};
int sum = 0;
int i;
for(i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
   if(data[i] = 1) {
      sum++;
   }
}
printf("sum is %d\n", sum);</pre>
```

When Dr. Summet tries to compile her code with gcc -o again again.c and run her code, what will happen?

- A. The code will contains a syntax error and not compile.
- B. The code will compile and print sum is 5.
- C. The code will compile and demonstrate the correct behavior (ie, print sum is 3).
- D. The code will compile and print sum is 7.
- E. The code will compile and print sum is 10.
- (d) (1 point) Which of the following expressions gives the memory address of the integer variable a?
 - A. *a
 - B. a
 - C. &a
 - D. address(a)

```
E. *(*a)
```

- (e) (1 point) Which of the following expressions gives the memory address of a variable pointed to by the pointer (reference variable) a?
 - A. a
 - B. *a
 - C. &a
 - D. address(a)
 - E. *(*a)
- (f) (1 point) Which of the following is the proper declaration of a pointer in C?
 - A. int x;
 - B. int &x;
 - C. ptr x;
 - D. int* x;
 - E. *(int*)x;
- (g) (1 point) Which of the following is the correct way in C to declare an array of three strings and initialize it to contain three strings?
 - A. string animals[3] = {"cat", "dog", "giraffe"};
 - B. string* animals[3] = {"cat", "dog", "giraffe"};
 - C. char animals[3] = {"cat", "dog", "giraffe"};
 - D. char* animals[3] = {"cat", "dog", "giraffe"};
 - E. char** animals[3] = {"cat", "dog", "giraffe"};
- (h) (1 point) How many bytes are allocated by the definition below?

char txt [20] = "Hello world!\0";

- A. 12 bytes
- B. 13 bytes
- C. 14 bytes
- D. 20 bytes
- E. 21 bytes
- 3. (6 points) Give 2 similarities and 2 differences between Java and C. These similarities/differences should be substantial differences, not syntax differences.

| San | Sample Midterm Exam (cont.) | | | | | |
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 $_{
m v1}$

4. (12 points) Write a function named multTable which prints the multiplication table shown below. Hint: there are 2 spaces between 2 digit numbers, but 3 spaces between single digit numbers to maintain the column alignment. Each row begins with 3 spaces.

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 |
| 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 27 |
| 4 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 28 | 32 | 36 |
| 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 |
| 6 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 54 |
| 7 | 14 | 21 | 28 | 35 | 42 | 49 | 56 | 63 |
| 8 | 16 | 24 | 32 | 40 | 48 | 56 | 64 | 72 |
| 9 | 18 | 27 | 36 | 45 | 54 | 63 | 72 | 81 |

5. (10 points) Consider the following program:

```
#include <stdio.h>
void functionOne(int a, int b) {
 a = 10;
 b = 20;
 printf("one: a %i, b %i\n", a, b);
void functionTwo(int *ptr_a, int *ptr_b) {
  *ptr_a = 1000;
  *ptr_b = 2000;
void functionThree(int *ptr_a, int *ptr_b) {
  int c = 10000;
  int d = 20000;
 ptr_a = &c;
 ptr_b = &d;
int main() {
  int a = 100;
  int b = 200;
  printf("main1: a %i,b %i\n", a, b);
  functionOne(a, b);
  printf("main2: a %i, b %i\n", a, b);
  functionTwo(&a, &b);
  printf("main3: a %i, b %i\n", a, b);
  functionThree(&a, &b);
  printf("main4: a %i, b %i\n", a, b);
  return 0;
}
```

(a) (7 points) Give the output which is printed to the screen when the following program is run.

(a) (4 points) Explain why functionThree does not change the values of a and b in main.

Reference Material

Excess-127 Encoding

| | - Lincouning |
|-------------|---------------|
| Bit Pattern | Value Encoded |
| 00000000 | -127 |
| 0000001 | -126 |
| | |
| 01111111 | 0 |
| 10000000 | 1 |
| 10000001 | 2 |
| | |
| 11111111 | 128 |

Fractions and decimal equivalents

| Fraction | Decimal Value |
|----------------|---------------|
| $\frac{1}{2}$ | .5 |
| $\frac{1}{4}$ | .25 |
| $\frac{1}{8}$ | .125 |
| $\frac{1}{16}$ | .0625 |
| $\frac{1}{32}$ | .03125 |

printf format strings:

| Syntax | Datatype |
|--------|---------------|
| %i, %d | integer |
| %f | double, float |
| %с | char |
| %s | string |
| %x, %X | hex rep. |
| %р | pointer |

ASCII chart

| Dec | Hex | Char |
|-----|-----|-------|
| 000 | 00 | (nul) |
| 001 | 01 | (soh) |
| 002 | 02 | (stx) |
| 003 | 03 | (etx) |
| 004 | 04 | (eot) |
| 005 | 05 | (enq) |
| 006 | 06 | (ack) |
| 007 | 07 | (bel) |
| 800 | 80 | (bs) |
| 009 | 09 | (tab) |
| 010 | OA | (lf) |
| 011 | OB | (vt) |
| 012 | OC | (np) |
| 013 | OD | (cr) |
| 014 | ΟE | (so) |
| 015 | OF | (si) |
| 016 | 10 | (dle) |
| 017 | 11 | (dc1) |
| 018 | 12 | (dc2) |
| 019 | 13 | (dc3) |
| 020 | 14 | (dc4) |
| 021 | 15 | (nak) |
| 022 | 16 | (syn) |
| 023 | 17 | (etb) |
| 024 | 18 | (can) |
| 025 | 19 | (em) |
| 026 | 1A | (eof) |
| 027 | 1B | (esc) |
| 028 | 1C | (fs) |
| 029 | 1D | (gs) |
| 030 | 1E | (rs) |
| 031 | 1F | (us) |

| Dec | Hex | Char |
|-----|-----|--------|
| 032 | 20 | ſ |
| 033 | 21 | ! |
| 034 | 22 | " |
| 035 | 23 | # |
| 036 | 24 | \$ |
| 037 | 25 | % |
| 038 | 26 | & |
| 039 | 27 | 1 |
| 040 | 28 | (|
| 041 | 29 |) |
| 042 | 2A | * |
| 043 | 2B | + |
| 044 | 2C | , |
| 045 | 2D | - |
| 046 | 2E | |
| 047 | 2F | / |
| 048 | 30 | 0 |
| 049 | 31 | 0 1 |
| 050 | 32 | 2 |
| 051 | 33 | 3 |
| 052 | 34 | 4 |
| 053 | 35 | 5 |
| 054 | 36 | 6 |
| 055 | 37 | 7 |
| 056 | 38 | 8 |
| 057 | 39 | 9 |
| 058 | ЗА | : |
| 059 | 3B | ; |
| 060 | 3C | < |
| 061 | 3D | = |
| 062 | 3E | > |
| 063 | 3F | ? |

| Dec | Hex | Char |
|-----|-----|------|
| 064 | 40 | 0 |
| 065 | 41 | Α |
| 066 | 42 | В |
| 067 | 43 | C |
| 068 | 44 | D |
| 069 | 45 | E |
| 070 | 46 | F |
| 071 | 47 | G |
| 072 | 48 | H |
| 073 | 49 | I |
| 074 | 4A | J |
| 075 | 4B | K |
| 076 | 4C | L |
| 077 | 4D | M |
| 078 | 4E | N |
| 079 | 4F | 0 |
| 080 | 50 | P |
| 081 | 51 | Q |
| 082 | 52 | R |
| 083 | 53 | S |
| 084 | 54 | T |
| 085 | 55 | U |
| 086 | 56 | V |
| 087 | 57 | W |
| 880 | 58 | Х |
| 089 | 59 | Y |
| 090 | 5A | Z |
| 091 | 5B | [|
| 092 | 5C | \ |
| 093 | 5D |] |
| 094 | 5E | ^ |
| 095 | 5F | _ |

| Dec | Hex | Char |
|-----|-----|------|
| 096 | 60 | (|
| 097 | 61 | a |
| 098 | 62 | b |
| 099 | 63 | С |
| 100 | 64 | d |
| 101 | 65 | е |
| 102 | 66 | f |
| 103 | 67 | g |
| 104 | 68 | h |
| 105 | 69 | i |
| 106 | 6A | j |
| 107 | 6B | k |
| 108 | 6C | 1 |
| 109 | 6D | m |
| 110 | 6E | n |
| 111 | 6F | 0 |
| 112 | 70 | p |
| 113 | 71 | q |
| 114 | 72 | r |
| 115 | 73 | s |
| 116 | 74 | t |
| 117 | 75 | u |
| 118 | 76 | v |
| 119 | 77 | W |
| 120 | 78 | x |
| 121 | 79 | У |
| 122 | 7A | Z |
| 123 | 7B | { |
| 124 | 7C | 1 |
| 125 | 7D | } |
| 126 | 7E | ~ |
| 127 | 7F | DEL |