Name:	

• Instructions:

Signature:

- Show your work to receive partial credit.
- Keep your eyes on your own paper and do your best to prevent anyone else from seeing your work.
- Do NOT communicate with anyone other than the professor/proctor for ANY reason in ANY language in ANY manner.
- This exam is closed notes, closed books, no calculator.
- Turn all mobile devices off and put them away now. You cannot have them on your desk.
- Write neatly and clearly indicate your answers. What I cannot read, I will assume to be incorrect.
- Stop writing when told to do so at the end of the exam. I will take 5 points off your exam if I
 have to tell you multiple times.
- Academic misconduct will not be tolerated. Suspected academic misconduct will be immediately referred to the Rollins Honor Council. Penalties for misconduct will be a zero on this exam, an F grade in the course, and/or other disciplinary action that may be applied by the Rollins Honor Council.
- Time: This exam has 6 questions on 9 pages including the title page. Please check to make sure all pages are included. You will have 75 minutes to complete this exam.

On my honor, I have not given, nor received, nor witnessed any unauthorized assistance on this work. Also, I have	ve
read and understand the above policies for this exam.	

Question:	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
Points:	23	11	11	7	7	11	70
Score:							

1.

		ns: Convert the following numbers. 52_{10} to 8 bit binary (base 2)
(b)	(2 points)	-52_{10} to 8 bit sign-magnitude binary.
(c)	(2 points)	-52_{10} to 8 bit 2's complement binary.
(-)	(P)	
(1)	(2 : +)	011010110100 + + 1 (1 + 0)
(d)	(2 points)	011010110100_2 to octal (base 8)
(e)	(3 points)	$E7D_{16}$ to binary (base 2)
(f)	(4 points)	Encode "Zu@" as a C-style string. Give your answer as either hex or binary.

2

2.

(g)	(4 points) -31.75_{10} to IEEE single precision (32 bit) floating point decimal number.
(h)	(4 points) 108_{10} to base 4.
func	e Snippets. For each of the following prompts, write a snippet of code (no need for a complete tion or program) which accomplishes the task. You can choose variable names unless otherwise ified in the prompt.
	(2 points) Write the code to initialize a character array containing all digits needed ($0 \text{ thru } F$) to convert a number to hexadecimal.
(b)	<pre>(1 point) Rewrite the following code using a character string: char word[] = {'H','e','l','l','o','!','\0'};</pre>

 $_{\rm v1}$

3.

(c)	(4 points) Write the code to initialize all the elements in the following array to zeros. int matrix[3][3];
(d)	(4 points) Write code to prompt the user to enter their first name. Then read and store their name into a character array.
Expl	ain things to me.
	(6 points) The C programming language is both criticized and praised for the freedom it gives the programmer. List 2 specific examples of how C gives the programmer "freedom" and how the programmer must program defensively to avoid errors. You can include code snippets to illustrate your examples if you feel the need.

store? int* ptr;	<pre>int * ptr;</pre>	<pre>int *ptr;</pre>
	into three regions: co	program's address space, which is conceptually a de and static data, heap, and stack. Draw a pictur he three regions.

4. Professor Summet is trying to write a method which will increment a variable's value by a specified value. Unfortunately, her program isn't doing what she wants:

```
//** Prof. Summet's version **//
void incrementVariable1(int x, int y) {
  x = x + y;
}
int main() {
  int var = 5;
  incrementVariable1(var, 2);
  printf("result of incrementVariable1 is %d\n", var);
  return 0;
}
(a) (1 point) What value for var will the program display when run as currently written?
(b) (4 points) Time for you to take over. Complete the version below so that it will function as de-
    scribed.
    void incrementVariable2(
                                                                  ) {
    }
(c) (2 points) Add a call in main (after Prof. Summet's call to incrementVariable1) which would
    correctly use your function to increase var's value by 4.
```

 $_{
m v1}$

5. (7 points) Assume the following program compiles and runs to completion. Give the output of the following program. If output is unknown, you can simply describe as much as you can about the data or why it is unknown.

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
   char str[] = "Hello\0CMS230\0";
   int num = -5;

   printf("1: %s\n", str);
   printf("2: %c\n", str[6]);
   printf("3: %c\n", str[15]);

   printf("4: %p\n", &num);
   printf("5: %d\n", *(&num));

   if(num) {
      printf("6: Halloween\n");
   } else {
      printf("6: Boo!\n");
   }

   printf("7: Free points!\n");
   return 0;
}
```

v1

7

6. (11 points) Write a function named printNums which takes a single int as a parameter. This function should print a pyramid as shown below which is the number of rows high as specified by the parameter.

 ${\bf Examples:}$

<pre>printNums(5) outputs:</pre>	<pre>printNums(3) outputs:</pre>	<pre>printNums(7) outputs:</pre>
1	1	1
22	.22	22
333	333	333
.4444		4444
55555		55555
		.666666
		7777777

Reference Material

Excess-127 Encoding

Encos 12. Encoung				
Bit Pattern	Value Encoded			
00000000	-127			
0000001	-126			
01111111	0			
10000000	1			
10000001	2			
11111111	128			

Fractions and decimal equivalents

Fraction	Decimal Value
$\frac{1}{2}$.5
$\frac{1}{4}$.25
$\frac{1}{8}$.125
$\frac{1}{16}$.0625
$\frac{1}{32}$.03125

printf format strings:

Syntax	Datatype
%i, %d	integer
%f	double, float
%с	char
%s	string
%x, %X	hex rep.
%р	pointer

ASCII chart

Dec	Hex	Char
000	00	(nul)
001	01	(soh)
002	02	(stx)
003	03	(etx)
004	04	(eot)
005	05	(enq)
006	06	(ack)
007	07	(bel)
800	80	(bs)
009	09	(tab)
010	OA	(lf)
011	OB	(vt)
012	OC	(np)
013	OD	(cr)
014	0E	(so)
015	OF	(si)
016	10	(dle)
017	11	(dc1)
018	12	(dc2)
019	13	(dc3)
020	14	(dc4)
021	15	(nak)
022	16	(syn)
023	17	(etb)
024	18	(can)
025	19	(em)
026	1A	(eof)
027	1B	(esc)
028	1C	(fs)
029	1D	(gs)
030	1E	(rs)
031	1F	(us)

Dec	Hex	Char
032	20	1
033	21	!
034	22	"
035	23	#
036	24	\$
037	25	%
038	26	&
039	27	1
040	28	(
041	29)
042	2A	*
043	2B	+
044	2C	,
045	2D	-
046	2E	
047	2F	/
048	30	0
049	31	1
050	32	2
051	33	3
052	34	4
053	35	5
054	36	6
055	37	7
056	38	8
057	39	9
058	ЗА	:
059	3B	;
060	3C	<
061	3D	= >
062	3E	>
063	3F	?

Hov	Char
	@
	A
	В
	C
	D
	E
	F
	G
48	H
49	I
4A	J
4B	K
4C	L
4D	M
4E	N
4F	0
50	Р
51	Q
52	R
53	S
54	T
55	U
56	V
57	W
58	Х
59	Y
5A	Z
5B	[
5C	\
]
	^
5F	_
	49 4A 4B 4C 4D 4E 4F 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 5A 5B 5C 5D 5E

		~ 1
Dec	Hex	Char
096	60	ć
097	61	a
098	62	Ъ
099	63	С
100	64	d
101	65	е
102	66	f
103	67	g
104	68	h
105	69	i
106	6A	j
107	6B	k
108	6C	1
109	6D	m
110	6E	n
111	6F	0
112	70	р
113	71	q
114	72	r
115	73	s
116	74	t
117	75	u
118	76	v
119	77	W
120	78	х
121	79	У
122	7A	z
123	7B	{
124	7C	1
125	7D	}
126	7E	~
127	7F	DEL