On my honor, I have not given, nor received, nor witnessed any unauthorized assistance on this work.

Print name and sign:

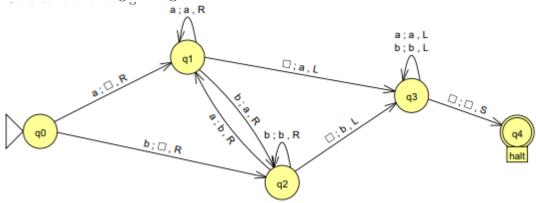
Question:	1	2	3	4	Total
Points:	10	13	4	3	30
Score:					

1. (10 points) Draw the machine described by the tuple:

 $(\{q0, q1, q2, q3\}, \{0, 1\}, \Gamma, \delta, q0, \{q3\})$

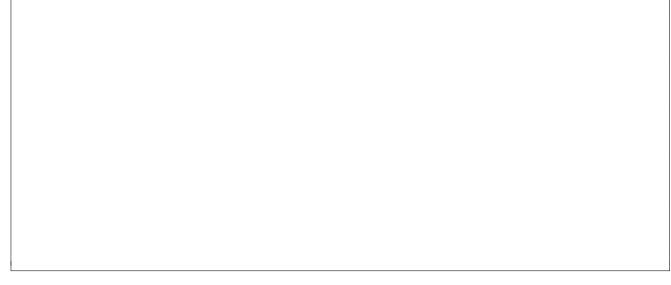
		0	1	
δ :	q0	$ \begin{array}{c} (q1, \square, R) \\ (q1, 0, R) \end{array} $	$(q1, \square, R)$	$(q3, \square, S)$
	q1	(q1, 0, R)	(q1, 1, R)	$(q2, \square, L)$
	$\alpha 2$	$(a2, \square, L)$	$(a2, \square, L)$	$(a3, \square, S)$

2. Consider the following Turing Machine:



(a) (8 points) The tape contains:

and all other squares are blank and ^ indicating the starting position of the machine's head. Give the final configuration of the machine when it halts. A configuration consists of two things: the state (eg. q0, q1, etc) and the symbols currently on the tape. Hint, writing down a sequence of configurations is the way to earn partial credit on this problem.



(b) (5 points) Give a concise English description of what this machine does for any input (not just the one given in the previous part).

(4 points) Design (draw) a Turing Machine which accepts the language defined by the regular expression $ab(a b)*$. It doesn't matter what is on the tape when the machine halts. <i>Hint: what is the shortes</i>
string we need to accept? Do we care about the rest of the string?
(3 points) The Halting Problem is a classic problem in computer science. Concisely explain what the halting problem is. You do not need to give a formal explanation; a clear explanation in plain English is sufficient.