### **UML** class diagrams

- What is a UML class diagram?
  - UML class diagram: a picture of the classes in an OO system, their fields and methods, and connections between the classes that interact or inherit from each other

### Diagram of one class

- class name in top of box
- attributes
- operations / methods

### Rectangle

- width: int
- height: int

/ area: double

- + Rectangle(width: int, height: int)
- + distance(r: Rectangle): double

#### Student

- -name:String
- -id:int
- <u>+totalStudents:int</u>

#getID():int

- +getNam e():String
- ~getEmailAddress():String
- +qetTotalStudents():int

### Class attributes

- attributes (fields, instance variables)
  - visibility: + public# protected- private/ derived
  - underline static attributes

### Rectangle

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#### Student

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#getID();int

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- ~getEmailAddress()String
- +qetTotalStudents();int

# Class operations / methods

- operations / methods
  - visibility name (parameters): return\_type
  - visibility: + public
    - # protected
    - private
    - ~ package (default)
  - underline static methods
  - parameter types listed as (name: type)
  - omit return\_type on constructors and when return type is void
  - method example:
    - + distance(p1: Point, p2: Point): double

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#### Student

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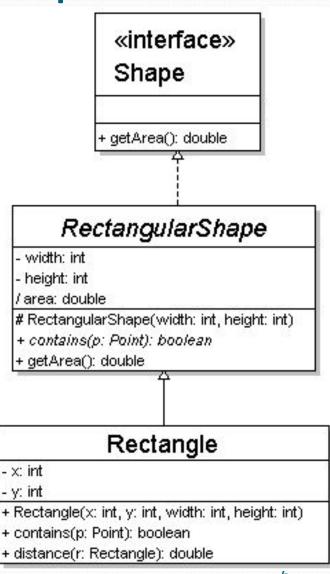
- +getNam e():String
- ~getEmailAddress()String
- +qetTotalStudents():int

# Relationships btwn. classes

- **generalization**: an inheritance relationship
  - inheritance between classes
  - interface implementation
- association: a usage relationship
  - dependency
  - aggregation
  - composition

### Generalization relationships

- generalization (inheritance) relationships
  - hierarchies drawn top-down with arrows pointing upward to parent
  - line/arrow styles differ, based on whether parent is a(n):
    - <u>class</u>: solid line, black arrow
    - <u>abstract class</u>: solid line, white arrow
    - <u>interface</u>: dashed line, white arrow

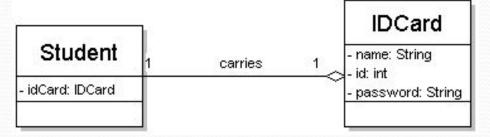


# Associational relationships

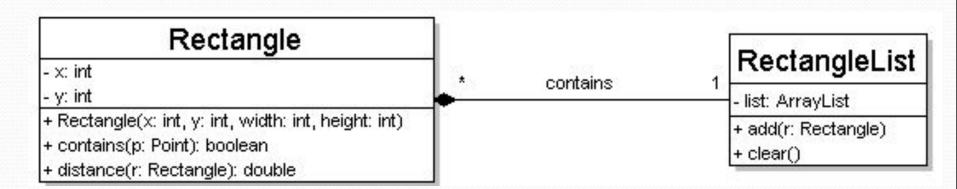
- associational (usage) relationships
  - 1. multiplicity (how many are used)
    - \*  $\Rightarrow$  0, 1, or more
    - 1  $\Rightarrow$  1 exactly
    - 2..4  $\Rightarrow$  between 2 and 4, inclusive
    - $3..* \Rightarrow 3$  or more

# Multiplicity of associations

- one-to-one
  - each student must carry exactly one ID card

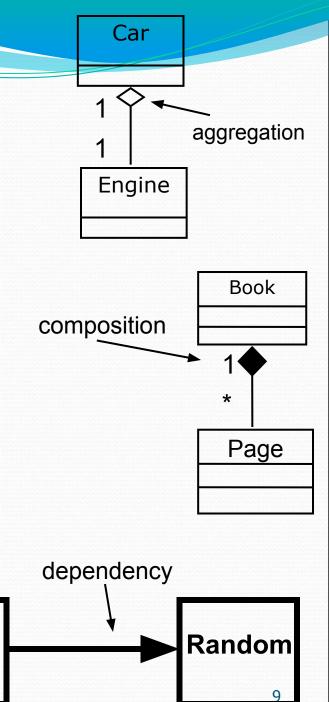


- one-to-many
  - one rectangle list can contain many rectangles



## Association types

- aggregation: "is part of"
  - symbolized by a clear white diamond
- **composition**: "is entirely made of"
  - stronger version of aggregation
  - the parts live and die with the whole
  - symbolized by a black diamond
- dependency: "uses temporarily"
  - symbolized by dotted line
  - often is an implementation detail, not an intrinsic part of that object's state



Lottery

**Ticket** 

# Class diagram example

